UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

X ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fifty-three weeks ended February 2, 2013

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

tο

Commission file number 0-23071

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 31-1241495

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. employer identification number)

500 Plaza Drive

Secaucus, New Jersey

07094

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Zip Code)

(201) 558-2400

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Common Stock, \$0.10 par value

Name of each exchange on which registered: Nasdaq Global Select Market

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes o No x

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company (Do not check if smaller reporting

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

The aggregate market value of common stock held by non-affiliates was \$1,146,189,144 at the close of business on July 28, 2012 (the last business day of the registrant's fiscal 2012 second fiscal quarter) based on the closing price of the common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market. For purposes of this disclosure, shares of common stock held by persons who hold more than 10% of the outstanding shares of common stock and shares held by executive officers and directors of the registrant have been excluded because such persons may be deemed affiliates. This determination of executive officer or affiliate status is not necessarily a conclusive determination for other purposes.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: Common Stock, par value \$0.10 per share, outstanding at March 26, 2013: 23,033,781. Documents Incorporated by Reference: Portions of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. Definitive Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on May 30, 2013 are incorporated by reference into Part III.

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Business section and other parts of this Annual Report on Form 10-K may contain certain forward-looking statements regarding future circumstances. Forward-looking statements provide current expectations of future events based on certain assumptions and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Forward-looking statements can also be identified by words such as "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "predicts," and similar terms. These forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations and assumptions of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "Company") and are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in such forward-looking statements including, but not limited to, those discussed in the subsection entitled "Risk Factors" under Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Actual results, events, and performance may differ significantly from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Readers of this Annual Report on Form 10-K are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to release publicly any revisions to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. The inclusion of any statement in this Annual Report on Form 10-K does not constitute an admission by the Company or any other person that the events or circumstances described in such statement are material.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

PART I

ITEM 1.-BUSINESS

As used in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, references to the "Company", "The Children's Place", "we", "us", "our" and similar terms refer to The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Our fiscal year ends on the Saturday on or nearest to January 31. Other terms that are commonly used in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are defined as follows:

- Fiscal 2012 The fifty-three weeks ended February 2, 2013
- Fiscal 2011 The fifty-two weeks ended January 28, 2012
- Fiscal 2010 The fifty-two weeks ended January 29, 2011
- Fiscal 2013 Our next fiscal year representing the fifty-two weeks ending February 1, 2014
- GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
- Comparable Store Sales Net sales, in constant currency, from stores that have been open for at least 14 consecutive months. Stores that temporarily close for non- substantial remodeling will be excluded from comparable store sales for only the period that they were closed. A store is considered substantially remodeled if it has been relocated or materially changed in size.
- Comparable E-commerce Sales Net sales, in constant currency, from our e-commerce store, excluding postage and handling fees
- Comparable Retail Sales Comparable Store Sales plus Comparable E-commerce Sales
- SEC Securities and Exchange Commission
- FASB- Financial Accounting Standards Board
- FASB ASC FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which serves as the source for authoritative U.S. GAAP, except that rules and interpretive releases by the SEC are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants
- CCPSA Canadian Consumer Product Safety Commission
- CPSA U.S. Consumer Product Safety Act
- CPSC U.S. Consumer Products Safety Commission
- CPSIA U.S. Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008

General

The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. is the largest pure-play children's specialty apparel retailer in North America. We provide apparel, accessories and footwear for children sizes 0-14. We design, contract to manufacture and sell fashionable, high-quality, value-priced merchandise, the majority of which is under the proprietary "The Children's Place" brand name. Our stores offer a friendly and convenient shopping environment. The Children's Place has differentiated departments and serves the wardrobe needs of Girls and Boys (sizes 4-14), Baby Girls and Boys (sizes 6 mos.-4T) and Newborn (sizes 0-12 mos.).

Stores are distinctly merchandised to appeal to each age and gender segment. Our merchandise is also available online at www.childrensplace.com. Our customers are able to shop online, at their convenience, and receive the same high quality, value-priced merchandise and customer service that are available in our physical stores.

The Children's Place was founded in 1969. The Company became publicly traded on the Nasdaq Global Select Market in 1997. As of February 2, 2013, we operated 1,095 stores throughout North America as well as our online store. During Fiscal 2012, we opened 64 stores compared to 88 in Fiscal 2011, and we closed 18 stores in Fiscal 2012, compared to 34 in Fiscal 2011. Our store growth plan for Fiscal 2013 consists of opening approximately 55 new The Children's Place stores. Also in Fiscal 2012, we expanded into international markets through territorial agreements with franchisees.

Jane Elfers, our President and Chief Executive Officer, has outlined four key growth initiatives that we are executing, as follows:

- 1. *Product* The Company delivered strong and consistent product execution during Fiscal 2012 and is now focused on improving all critical elements supporting the end-product, including Product Development, Sourcing, Inventory Management, Logistics and Distribution. The goal is to get the highest quality, lowest cost, trend-right merchandise, and to more quickly and efficiently distribute it to the appropriate channel to drive sales productivity.
- 2. *Brand* The Company is focused both on increasing loyalty and share of wallet among current customers, as well as outreach to potential new customers to build brand equity and drive traffic.
- 3. *Geographic Expansion* The Company increased square footage in North America and began expanding into International markets during Fiscal 2012. We are developing an integrated strategy for e-commerce on a global basis.
- 4. *Operational Excellence* The Company is highly focused on operational excellence to support our other strategic initiatives. Operational excellence includes how we operate our stores, our IT infrastructure, Finance, Legal, Human Resources and Compliance.

Segment Reporting

In accordance with the "Segment Reporting" topic of the FASB ASC, we report segment data based on geography: The Children's Place U.S. and The Children's Place Canada. Each segment includes an e-commerce business located at www.childrensplace.com. Included in The Children's Place U.S. segment are our U.S. and Puerto Rico based stores. Included in The Children's Place Canada segment are our Canadian based stores, as well as revenue from international franchisees. We measure our segment profitability based on operating income, defined as income before interest and taxes. Net sales and direct costs are recorded by each segment. Certain inventory procurement functions such as production and design as well as corporate overhead, including executive management, finance, real estate, human resources, legal, and information technology services are managed by The Children's Place U.S. segment. Expenses related to these functions, including depreciation and amortization, are allocated to The Children's Place Canada segment based primarily on net sales. The assets related to these functions are not allocated. We periodically review these allocations and adjust them based upon changes in business circumstances. Net sales to external customers are derived from merchandise sales and we have no major customers that account for more than 10% of our net sales. The following tables show by segment our net sales and operating income for the past three fiscal years, and total assets as of February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012 (in thousands). Prior years have been adjusted for the accounting method change for inventory (see Note 2 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements):

	Fiscal Year Ended					
	February 2, 2013 January 28, 2012 Jan			nuary 29, 2011		
Net sales:						
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	1,557,549	\$	1,489,795	\$	1,450,116
The Children's Place Canada (1)		251,937		226,067		223,883
Total net sales	\$	1,809,486	\$	1,715,862	\$	1,673,999

(1) Includes approximately \$8.4 million of revenue from international franchisees for Fiscal 2012. There was no revenue from international franchisees prior to Fiscal 2012.

	Fiscal Year Ended					
	Febru	February 2, 2013		January 28, 2012		nuary 29, 2011
Operating income:						
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	68,346	\$	76,531	\$	87,803
The Children's Place Canada		21,369		28,912		41,407
Total operating income	\$	89,715	\$	105,443	\$	129,210
Operating income as a percent of net sales:						
The Children's Place U.S.		4.4%		5.1%		6.1%
The Children's Place Canada		8.5%		12.8%		18.5%
Total operating income as a percent of net sales		5.0%		6.1%		7.7%

	February 2, 2013		January 28, 2012	
Total assets:				
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	746,911	\$	706,014
The Children's Place Canada		176,499		160,238
Total assets	\$	923,410	\$	866,252

See Note 14 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements for further segment financial data.

All foreign net sales are in The Children's Place Canada segment while certain foreign expenses related to our buying operations are allocated between the two segments. Our foreign subsidiaries, primarily in Canada, have operating results based in foreign currencies and are thus subject to the fluctuations of the corresponding translation rates into U.S. dollars.

Key Capabilities

Our objective is to deliver trend-right, high-quality, value-priced assortments for children sizes 0-14. Our expansive assortment offers one stop shopping across apparel, footwear and accessories. Our strategies to achieve this objective are as follows:

Merchandising Strategy

Our merchandising strategy is to offer a compelling assortment of apparel, footwear, and accessories that enable our customer to outfit their child. We strive to ensure that our assortments are modern and colorful, are balanced by category and lifestyle, and are fun and easy to put together. We build our deliveries by season and incorporate basics, key items, and fashion merchandise.

High Quality/Value Pricing

We believe that offering high quality, trend-right, age appropriate merchandise under "The Children's Place" brand name at value prices is our competitive advantage. We design and merchandise our apparel, footwear and accessories to offer a compelling value to our customers.

Brand Image

We strive to build our brand image and customer loyalty for "The Children's Place" by:

- Consistently offering high-quality products and trend-right fashion at value prices in a boutique shopping environment;
- Providing coordinated outfits and accessories for our customers' lifestyle needs;
- · Creating strong merchandising and visual presentations to create a compelling in-store experience;
- Emphasizing our great value and fashion in marketing visuals to convey a consistent brand message across all channels;
- · Leveraging our customer database to frequently communicate with our customers and tailor promotions to maximize customer satisfaction;
- Using our recently launched Loyalty Rewards Program to drive customer engagement; and

Providing exclusive assortments in our e-commerce and outlet channels to further expand the breadth of our offerings and brand recognition.

The Children's Place branded products are sold principally in our stores and on our website.

Low-Cost Sourcing

We control the substantial majority of the design, sourcing and production of The Children's Place branded products. We believe that this control is essential in assuring the consistency and quality of our merchandise, as well as our ability to deliver value to our customers. We are strengthening long-standing relationships with our most important vendors. Through these relationships and our extensive knowledge of low cost sourcing, we are able to offer our customers high-quality products at value prices. Our sourcing offices in Bangladesh, China, Hong Kong and India allow us to capitalize on new sourcing opportunities, increase our control over product quality, communicate efficiently and respond to changing business needs effectively.

Merchandising Process

The strong collaboration between the cross functional teams in Design, Merchandising, Planning and Allocation and Sourcing have enabled us to build and grow our brand. Cross functional teams are aligned by department.

Design

The Design team gathers information from trends, color services, international and domestic shopping trips, and trade shows. Findings and concepts are presented to the Merchandising team to initiate the cross functional building of a seasonal assortment.

Merchandising

Each quarter we develop seasonal strategies for each department and for each category within the department. The cross functional teams review prior season results and set the strategies in place for the future season. Merchandising builds a roadmap of our style needs based on historical information with the Design team's input. The Design and Merchandising teams work collaboratively throughout the sketch and sample reviews to ensure we are developing the appropriate balance of fashion and key items within the line.

Planning and Allocation

The Planning and Allocation organization works collaboratively with the Merchandising, Financial and Sourcing teams to develop annual and seasonal sales and margin plans to support our financial objectives and merchandising strategies. These plans are developed with consideration of our channels to ensure that we are maximizing key programs each season. Further, this team plans the flow of inventory to ensure that we are adequately supporting floor sets and key promotional periods. Special attention is paid to our store types, as they differ in capacity and layout. All allocation methods incorporate visual presentations as well as inventory levels and sales trends.

Production, Quality Assurance and Social Compliance

During Fiscal 2012, we engaged approximately 120 independent manufacturers located primarily in Greater Asia. Raw materials used by these manufacturers are subject to price fluctuations due to global market trends. We continue to pursue global sourcing opportunities to support our inventory needs and to seek to control merchandise costs.

We do not own or operate any manufacturing facilities and depend on independent third parties to manufacture all of our merchandise. Increases in manufacturing costs negatively impact our business, and we seek to carefully manage the risks of operational difficulties posed by contract manufacturers, including the availability of adequate manufacturing capacity, errors in complying with our product specifications, insufficient quality control processes and failures to meet production deadlines.

During Fiscal 2012, we purchased approximately 81% of our total merchandise without the aid of commissioned buying agents. We do maintain agency agreements with commissioned independent agents who assist in sourcing and pre-production approval, oversee production, provide quality inspection and ensure timely delivery of merchandise. We will continue to evaluate our reliance on the use of commissioned buying agents, and only use these commissioned agents for the sourcing of select product categories where we lack either technical competency in our own sourcing offices or when product volume is not sufficient to justify expanding our capabilities.

Our remaining sourcing volume not handled by commissioned independent agents will continue to be managed through our own independent sourcing offices in Bangladesh, China, Hong Kong and India, allowing us to capitalize on new sourcing opportunities, to increase our control over product quality, to communicate efficiently and to respond to changing business needs effectively.

During Fiscal 2012, we sourced approximately 38% of our total goods from China, approximately 15% from Bangladesh, approximately 13% from Cambodia and approximately 12% from Vietnam. We did not source more than 7% from any other country or region.

We do not accept finished goods until each purchase order receives formal certification of compliance from our own quality assurance associates, agents or appointed third party inspectors. Our product testing programs meet the newly adopted testing protocols adopted under the CPSIA.

In addition to our quality control procedures, we administer a social compliance program designed to promote compliance with local legal regulations, as well as ethical and socially responsible business practices. This program is comprised of four components as follows:

- *Vendor Code of Conduct* By formally acknowledging and agreeing to our code of conduct, our vendors affirm their commitment to integrate our corporate compliance standards into their manufacturing and sourcing practices. These standards cover the areas of: child labor, involuntary or forced labor, slavery and human-trafficking, coercion/harassment, discrimination, health and safety, compensation, environment, subcontracting, security practices and undue influence of independent testing laboratories.
- Ongoing Monitoring Program We administer a corporate monitoring program as performed by our internal social compliance team and/or professional third party auditors who visit factory locations to assess the working conditions and other production characteristics in all factories that manufacture The Children's Place products.
- *Corrective Action Plan Acknowledgement Report ("CAPAR")* The CAPAR contains findings from the factory visit for each of the areas covered by our standards, a remediation plan for any violations found (if applicable), as well as a follow-up audit timeframe. If violations are not remediated in accordance with the remediation plan, we reserve the right to cease using that factory or vendor.
- Ongoing Training and Seminars We continually conduct training programs and seminars to communicate with our internal and external partners regarding the requirements of our program. Additionally, our social compliance team attends third party seminars, industry courses and training in the Corporate Social Responsibility area.

We require all entities that produce or manufacture The Children's Place merchandise to undergo a social compliance audit and demonstrate compliance with the requirements of our Vendor Code of Conduct. By requiring our manufacturers and suppliers to participate in our social compliance program, we seek to monitor factories to ensure that they operate using safe and humane working conditions. Additionally, under our social compliance program we strive to be diligent about changes in local laws and other conditions (e.g., political instability) in the countries from which we source, in order to be able to identify and assess potential risks to our sourcing capabilities prior to placing orders, reducing the threat of disruption to our business.

Company Stores

The following section highlights various store information for The Children's Place operated stores as of February 2, 2013.

Existing Stores

As of February 2, 2013, we operated a total of 1,095 The Children's Place stores, most of which are clustered in and around major metropolitan areas, and our internet store at *www.childrensplace.com*. We have 661 stores located in malls, 250 in strip centers, 139 in outlet centers and 45 street stores. The following table sets forth the number of stores in each U.S. state, Puerto Rico and Canadian provinces as of the current and prior fiscal year end:

	Number			Number	
<u>Location</u>	February 2, 2013	January 28, 2012		February 2, 2013	January 28, 2012
United States & Puerto Rico			United States & Puerto Rico (continued)		
Alabama	17	15	North Carolina	24	2
Arizona	18	18	North Dakota	4	;
Arkansas	7	6	Ohio	34	3:
California	103	95	Oklahoma	7	
Colorado	13	13	Oregon	9	ć
Connecticut	17	16	Pennsylvania	45	4
Delaware	3	4	Rhode Island	3	3
District of Columbia	1	1	South Carolina	15	16
Florida	38	41	South Dakota	2	2
Georgia	30	27	Tennessee	20	20
Hawaii	4	4	Texas	90	83
Idaho	4	4	Utah	13	12
Illinois	39	37	Vermont	1	:
Indiana	18	17	Virginia	22	20
Iowa	10	10	Washington	15	15
Kansas	7	7	West Virginia	5	:
Kentucky	13	13	Wisconsin	11	13
Louisiana	17	16	Wyoming	1	1
Maine	5	4	Puerto Rico	16	16
Maryland	24	24	Total United States & Puerto Rico	966	920
Massachusetts	26	23			
Michigan	19	21	Canada		
Minnesota	13	13	Alberta	17	15
Mississippi	14	13	British Columbia	17	17
Missouri	17	16	Manitoba	4	4
Montana	1	1	New Brunswick	3	
Nebraska	3	3	Nova Scotia	4	4
New Hampshire	6	6	Ontario	53	5:
New Jersey	48	48	Prince Edward Island	1	
New Mexico	5	4	Quebec	26	2
New York	81	79	Saskatchewan	3	3
Nevada	8	8	Newfoundland and Labrador	1	(
			Total Canada	129	123
			Total Stores	1,095	1,049

Store Concepts

At The Children's Place, our store concepts consist of "Tech2", "Apple-Maple", "Technicolor" and "Outlet" formats, as follows:

*Tech*² - These stores have the brand aesthetics of a Technicolor with the functionality of an Apple-Maple. The use of color to brand and create shop identifiers was maintained, while creating an open, brightly lit environment for customers. Tech² features crisp white floor-wall fixtures to ensure the product is the focal point. Tech² is a value engineered store which costs approximately 35% less to build than the Technicolor store. The average store is approximately 4,100 square

feet and as of February 2, 2013, approximately 34% of our stores were of this concept. We intend to use this format for new stores for the foreseeable future.

Apple-Maple - These stores feature light wood floors, fixtures and trim. They are brightly lit, featuring floor-to-ceiling glass windows that are open and inviting. A customized grid system throughout the store's upper perimeter displays featured merchandise, marketing photographs and promotions. The average store is approximately 4,300 square feet and as of February 2, 2013, approximately 27% of our stores were of this concept.

Technicolor - These stores were the earlier concept of Tech² and used color to brand and create shop identity. They, however, were more expensive to design, build, maintain and staff. The average store is approximately 5,000 square feet and as of February 2, 2013, approximately 26% of our stores were of this concept.

Outlet - The average outlet store is approximately 7,300 square feet. As of February 2, 2013, approximately 13% of our stores were in this format. Our outlet stores are strategically placed within each market to provide a discount value alternative, including an assortment of "made for outlet" merchandise.

Store Expansion Program

Our store expansion program targets growing and underpenetrated markets where we believe that our brand can be successfully marketed. During Fiscal 2012, we opened 64 stores compared to 88 in Fiscal 2011, and we closed 18 stores in Fiscal 2012, compared to 34 in Fiscal 2011. Our store growth plan for Fiscal 2013 includes opening approximately 55 new The Children's Place stores.

We continuously review the performance of our store fleet. We base our decisions to open, close or remodel stores on a variety of factors, including lease terms, landlord negotiations, market dynamics and projected financial performance. When assessing whether to close a store, we also consider remaining lease life and current financial performance.

Internet Sales ("e-commerce")

E-commerce growth remains one of our top strategic priorities. Over the past five years, e-commerce net sales have grown over 140%, from approximately \$88.9 million in the fiscal year ended January 31, 2009 to approximately \$214.9 million in Fiscal 2012, and now accounts for approximately 12% of our total net sales. We expect our e-commerce business to continue to grow in Fiscal 2013.

We are committed to delivering a world class, end-to-end user experience to our customers; from product assortment and website design to operations, fulfillment and customer service. We are further committed to delivering these experiences to our customers when, where and how they are looking to access the brand, accounting for cross-channel behavior, growth of mobile devices, and the growing interest in our brand from international audiences. As such, we will continue to make required investments in back-end infrastructure, as well as front-end technology to deliver on this commitment. We believe that the critical investments made over the past year in areas such as e-commerce infrastructure and mobile optimization as well as additional front-end website features have improved our customers' experience.

International Franchises

During Fiscal 2012 we began an international franchise business through territorial agreements with franchisees. At February 2, 2013 our franchisees had a total of 16 stores open in the Middle East, and we expect them to end Fiscal 2013 with approximately 40 stores open. For Fiscal 2012, revenue from the international franchise business was less than 1% of total net sales. We generate revenues from our franchisees from the sale of products, sales royalties and territory fees.

Store Operations

The Children's Place U.S. store operations are organized into eight regions. We employ two U.S. Zone Vice Presidents, one U.S. Outlet Vice President and one Canadian Vice President who oversee our operations and to whom regional managers report. A regional manager oversees each region and has between seven and 10 district managers reporting to them. Each district manager is responsible for nine to 17 stores. Our stores are staffed by a store management team and approximately 10 part-time sales associates, with additional part-time associates hired to support seasonal needs. Our store leadership teams spend a high percentage of their time on the store selling floors providing direction, motivation, and development to store personnel. To maximize selling productivity, our teams emphasize greeting, replenishment, presentation standards, procedures and controls. In order to motivate our store leadership, we offer a monthly incentive compensation plan that awards bonuses for achieving certain financial goals.

Seasonality

Our business is subject to seasonal influences, with heavier concentrations of sales during the back-to-school and holiday seasons. Our first quarter results are dependent upon sales during the period leading up to the Easter holiday, third quarter results are dependent upon back-to-school sales, and our fourth quarter results are dependent upon sales during the holiday season. The following table shows the quarterly distribution, as a percentage of the full year, of net sales and operating income (loss):

	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Quarterly net sales as a percentage of full year		_		
Fiscal 2012	24.2%	19.9 %	27.7%	28.1%
Fiscal 2011	25.1%	20.0 %	28.2%	26.7%
Quarterly operating income (loss) as a percentage of full year (1)				
Fiscal 2012	41.4%	(29.9)%	59.6%	28.9%
Fiscal 2011	44.2%	(13.6)%	49.2%	20.1%

Table may not add due to rounding.

For more information regarding the seasonality of our business, refer to Item 7.-Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations-Quarterly Results and Seasonality.

Marketing

The Children's Place is a well recognized brand, with the number one unaided awareness of any children's specialty brand, a strong fashion offering and a compelling value proposition. We attempt to build on our brand recognition through a streamlined, multi-channel marketing campaign that aligns direct mail, store front windows, in-store marketing, internet marketing, and customer loyalty programs. Our direct marketing program is robust, utilizing both off and on-line channels.

Additionally, we promote customer loyalty through The Children's Place private label credit card, a loyalty rewards program launched in October 2012 and other customer loyalty programs. Our private label credit cards, pursuant to a merchant services agreement, are issued to our customers for use exclusively at The Children's Place stores, and credit is extended to such customers through a third-party financial institution on a non-recourse basis to us. Our private label credit card accounted for approximately 12% of our net sales during Fiscal 2012.

Our marketing programs are aligned with one another and planned by geography and channel to ensure consistency and relevance. We believe that our marketing programs promote affinity and loyalty through specialized incentive programs and facilitate communications with our customers through the delivery of coupons and promotional materials.

Distribution

We support the distribution of product to our stores through two strategically located warehouses in North America. In the United States we operate a 700,000 square foot distribution center in Alabama which supports both U.S. retail store operations and U.S. e-commerce operations. In Canada we operate a 95,000 square foot distribution center in Ontario for our Canadian retail store operations. We also use a third-party provider to support our Canadian e-commerce operations. On occasion, we may utilize additional facilities to support seasonal warehousing needs.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2012, our management approved a plan to exit our distribution center in Ontario, California (the "West Coast DC") and move the operations to our distribution center in Fort Payne, Alabama (the "Southeast DC"). We ceased operations at the West Coast DC in May 2012. The lease of the West Coast DC expires in March 2016 and we have subleased most of this facility through March 2016.

In August 2012, our management approved a plan to close our distribution center in Dayton, New Jersey ("Northeast DC") and move the operations to our Southeast DC. We ceased operations in the Northeast DC during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012. The lease of our Northeast DC expires in January 2021 and we are seeking to sublet this facility.

⁽¹⁾ The first three quarters of Fiscal 2012 and interim data for Fiscal 2011 are adjusted due to the change in inventory costing method. See Note 2 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the impact of the change in accounting principle on the quarterly financial information.

See Note 1 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements for further detail on exit costs related to our West Coast DC and Northeast DC.

Competition

The children's apparel and accessories retail markets are highly competitive. Our primary competitors are specialty stores and mass merchandisers including Target Corporation, GapKids, babyGap and Old Navy (each of which is a division of The Gap, Inc.), The Gymboree Corporation, P.S. from Aeropostale, Justice (a division of The Ascena Retail Group, Inc.), Carter's, Inc., J.C. Penney Company, Inc., Kohl's Corporation and other department stores, as well as other discount stores such as Walmart Stores, Inc. There has been an increase in the number of U.S. retailers expanding into Canada which we anticipate will result in a significant increase in competition in the Canadian market. We also compete with regional retail chains, catalog companies and Internet retailers. One or more of our competitors are present in substantially all of the areas in which we have stores.

Trademarks and Service Marks

"The Children's Place," "babyPLACE," "Place," "The Place," "PLC" and certain other marks have been registered as trademarks and/or service marks with the United States Patent and Trademark Office. The registration of the trademarks and the service marks may be renewed to extend the original registration period indefinitely, provided the marks are still in use. We intend to continue to use and protect our trademarks and service marks and maintain their registrations. We have also registered our trademarks in Canada and other countries and we are continuing to take steps to register our trademarks in additional countries. We believe our trademarks and service marks have received broad recognition and are of significant value to our business.

Government Regulation

We are subject to federal, provincial, state and local laws and regulations affecting our business, including product safety, consumer protection, privacy and truth-in-advertising laws and regulations and zoning and occupancy ordinances that regulate retailers generally and/or govern the promotion and sale of merchandise and the operation of retail stores. We also are subject to similar international laws and regulations affecting our business. We believe that we are in material compliance with these laws and regulations.

We are committed to product quality and safety. We focus our efforts to adhere to all applicable laws and regulations affecting our business, including the provisions of the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act, the Federal Hazardous Substances Act, the Flammable Fabrics Act and the Textile Fiber Product Identification Act, the Canada Consumer Product Safety Act, the Canadian Textile Labelling Act, the Canadian Care Labelling Program, and various environmental laws and regulations. Each of our product styles currently covered by the CPSIA and the CCPSA are appropriately tested to meet current standards. The cost of compliance with current requirements and any future requirements of the CPSC and Health Canada, new consumer product safety laws, or changes to existing laws could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. See Item 1A. Risk Factors -- "Product liability costs, related claims, and the cost of compliance with consumer product safety laws such as the CPSIA in the U.S. or the CCPSA in Canada, or our inability to comply with such laws could have a material adverse effect on our business and reputation." for additional information.

Virtually all of our merchandise is manufactured by factories located outside of the United States. These products are imported and are subject to U.S. and Canadian customs laws, which impose tariffs, anti-dumping and countervailing duties on certain imported products including textiles, apparel and footwear. We currently are not restricted by any such duties in the operation of our business. In addition, custom duties and tariffs do not comprise a material portion of the cost of our products.

Employees

As of February 2, 2013, we had approximately 18,300 employees, of whom approximately 1,600 were based at our corporate offices, and had approximately 2,500 full-time store employees and approximately 14,200 part-time and seasonal store employees. None of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement. We believe we have good relations with our employees.

Internet Access to Reports

We are a public company and are subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Accordingly, we file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. Such reports, proxy statements and other information may be obtained by visiting the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, NE, Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549 or by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the SEC maintains a website (http://www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding us and other issuers that file electronically.

Our website address is *www.childrensplace.com*. We make available without charge, through our website, copies of our Proxy Statement, Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act as soon as reasonably practicable after such reports are filed with or furnished to the SEC. References in this document to our website are not and should not be considered part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and the information on our website is not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We also make available our corporate governance materials, including our corporate governance guidelines and our code of business conduct, on our website. If we make any substantive amendments to our code of business conduct or grant any waiver, including any implicit waiver, from a provision of the code for the benefit of our Chief Executive Officer and President and our Chief Financial Officer we will disclose the nature of such amendment or waiver on that website or in a Current Report on Form 8-K.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

Investors in the Company should consider the following risk factors as well as the other information contained herein:

We may suffer adverse business consequences if we are unable to anticipate and respond to merchandise trends, marketing and promotional trends or customer shopping patterns.

The apparel industry is subject to rapidly changing fashion trends and shifting consumer preferences. Our success depends in part on the ability of our design and merchandising team to anticipate and respond to these changes. Our design, manufacturing and distribution process generally takes up to one year, during which time fashion trends and consumer preferences may further change.

In addition, marketing technology is evolving rapidly. We market our brand through various means, including customer research, direct mailings, email, advertising, promotional events, and in-store signage. Our ability to deliver a high customer experience that retains our current customer base and acquires new customers is dependent on our being able to anticipate new innovations in technology and our ability to use them to increase our brand value.

New technological innovations are also expanding ways that retail customers shop, including in-store, online, using tablets, mobile devices and other means. Our success depends in part on the ability of our merchandising and marketing teams to anticipate and respond to these innovations. Our failure to anticipate, identify or respond to these innovations could adversely affect customer acceptance of our products resulting in lower sales, increased inventory levels and/or lower margins, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Changes in our Comparable Retail Sales and/or quarterly results of operations could have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

Numerous factors affect our Comparable Retail Sales and quarterly results including, among others, weather conditions, merchandise assortment, retail prices, fashion trends, mall traffic, number of visits to our e-commerce site, the retail sales environment, calendar shifts of holidays or seasonal periods, timing of promotional events, macro-economic conditions and our success in executing our business strategies. Our Comparable Retail Sales and quarterly results have fluctuated significantly in the past and we anticipate that they will continue to fluctuate in the future, particularly in the current difficult economic climate, which may result in declines in consumer spending. The investment community follows Comparable Retail Sales and quarterly results closely and fluctuations in these results, or the failure of our results to meet investor expectations, may have a significant adverse effect on the price of our common stock.

Fluctuations in the prices of raw materials, labor and energy could result in increased product and/or delivery costs.

Over the past three years, we have seen significant fluctuations in the cost of cotton. Increases in the price of cotton or other raw materials, including wool and other materials used in the production of fabric and accessories, as well as increases in labor and energy costs, could result in significant cost increases for our products as well as their distribution to our distribution centers, retail locations and to our customers. To the extent we are unable to offset any such increased costs through value

engineering or price increases, such increased costs could have a material adverse effect on our net sales, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Our success depends upon the service and capabilities of our management team. Changes in management or in our organizational structure, or inadequate management, could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Over the past three years, we had substantial changes in our management team, including key members of our senior management. While we have managed through these changes successfully to date, leadership change can be inherently difficult to manage and may cause disruption to our business or further turnover in our workforce or management team. Senior level management establishes the "tone at the top" by which an environment of ethical values, operating style and management philosophy is fostered. Changes in management, or inadequate management, could lead to an environment that lacks integrity, inspiration, and/or a lack of commitment by our employees. The inability of our senior management team to maintain an adequate organizational structure and a proper "tone at the top", or the inability to attract additional qualified managers or other personnel, could have a material adverse effect on our business.

We may be unable to properly plan inventory purchases or manage new or existing merchandise.

We maintain an inventory of merchandise in our stores and distribution centers, some of which we anticipate will be in high demand. If inventory levels are in excess of customer demand, that may result in inventory write-downs or excessive markdowns and therefore, lower than planned margins. Conversely, if we underestimate consumer demand for our merchandise, particularly higher volume styles, or if our manufacturers fail to supply quality products in a timely manner, we may experience inventory shortages, which might result in lost sales, a negative impact on our customer relationships and/or diminished brand loyalty. Any of these, individually or in aggregation, could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

We may not be able to identify, evaluate or successfully execute business strategies.

We are continuously seeking new ways to further our brand recognition, expand our channels of distribution and geographical coverage, and improve our operational processes. We have a store expansion program in the U.S. and Canada, and have expanded our internet presence outside of the U.S. During Fiscal 2013, we plan to further expand our store base internationally through franchises. If we fail to appropriately manage our retail store, international and channel expansion, if we fail to properly execute our plans, or if we fail to identify alternative strategies, it could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

We face significant competition in the retail industry, which could impact our ability to compete successfully against existing or future competition.

The children's apparel retail market is highly competitive. We compete in substantially all of our markets with Target Corporation, GapKids, babyGap and Old Navy (each of which is a division of The Gap, Inc.), The Gymboree Corporation, P.S. from Aeropostale, Justice (a division of The Ascena Retail Group, Inc.), Carter's, Inc., J.C. Penney Company, Inc., Kohl's Corporation and other department stores, as well as other discount stores such as Walmart Stores, Inc. There has been an increase in the number of U.S. retailers expanding into Canada which we anticipate will result in a significant increase in competition in the Canadian market. We also compete with a wide variety of specialty stores, other national and regional retail chains, catalog companies and Internet retailers. One or more of our competitors are present in virtually all of the areas in which we have stores. Many of our competitors are larger than us and have access to significantly greater financial, marketing and other resources than we have. We may not be able to continue to compete successfully against existing or future competition.

A material disruption in, failure of, or inability to upgrade, our information technology systems could adversely affect our business, financial position or results of operations and cash flows.

We rely heavily on various information systems to manage our complex operations, including management of our supply chain, point-of-sale processing in our stores, gift cards, our private label credit card, our online business and various other processes and transactions. Many of our systems are being upgraded or replaced. We have begun the process of implementing new computer systems that will enhance our core merchandising, planning and allocation, sourcing, and financial and accounting processes. Implementing new systems carries substantial risk, including failure to operate as designed, potential loss of data or information, cost overruns, implementation delays, disruption of operations, lower customer satisfaction resulting in lost customers or sales, inability to deliver merchandise to our stores or our customers, and the potential inability to meet reporting requirements. In addition, any disruptions or malfunctions affecting our current or new information systems

could cause critical information upon which we rely to be delayed, unreliable, corrupted, insufficient or inaccessible. Risks associated with our information technology systems include:

- risks associated with the failure of the computer systems due to inadequate system capacity, computer viruses, human error, changes in programming, security breaches, system upgrades or migration of these services to new systems;
- natural disasters or adverse weather conditions;
- · disruptions in telephone service or power outages;
- reliance on third parties for computer hardware and software, as well as delivery of merchandise to our customers;
- · rapid technology changes; and
- · consumer privacy concerns and regulation.

Any of these potential issues, individually or in aggregation, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

We also rely on third-party vendors to design, program, implement, maintain and service our information systems. Any failures of these vendors to properly deliver their services could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Our failure to successfully manage our e-commerce business could have a negative impact on our business.

The successful operation of our e-commerce business depends on our ability to maintain the efficient and uninterrupted operation of our online order-taking and our fulfillment operations, and on our ability to provide a shopping experience that will generate orders and return visits to our site. Risks associated with our e-commerce business include:

- risks associated with the failure of the computer systems that operate our website including, among others, inadequate system capacity, computer viruses, human error, changes in programming, security breaches, system upgrades or migration of these services to new systems;
- disruptions in telephone service or power outages;
- · reliance on third parties for computer hardware and software, as well as delivery of merchandise to our customers;
- · rapid technology changes;
- credit card fraud;
- the diversion of sales from our physical stores;
- natural disasters or adverse weather conditions;
- changes in applicable federal and state regulations;
- · liability for online content; and
- · consumer privacy concerns and regulation.

Problems in any one or more of these areas could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows, and could damage our reputation and brand.

We have a single distribution center serving the U.S. and a single distribution center serving Canada. Damage to, or a prolonged interruption of operations at, either facility could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our U.S. distribution center is located in Fort Payne, Alabama. This facility handles all of our warehousing and store fulfillment activities in the U.S., as well as the fulfillment of all of our e-commerce orders in the U.S. Our Canadian distribution center is located in Missassauga, Ontario, Canada. This facility handles all of our warehousing and store fulfillment activities in Canada. Damage to, or prolonged interruption of operations at, either facility due to a work stoppage, weather conditions such as a tornado, hurricane or flood, other natural disaster, or other event could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Product liability costs, related claims, and the cost of compliance with consumer product safety laws such as the CPSIA in the U.S. or the CCPSA in Canada or our inability to comply with such laws could have a material adverse effect on our business and reputation.

We are subject to regulation by the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) in the U.S., Health Canada in Canada, and similar state and international regulatory authorities. Although we test the products sold in our stores and on our website, concerns about product safety, including but not limited to concerns about those manufactured in China and/or developing countries, where virtually all of our merchandise is manufactured, may lead us to recall selected products, either voluntarily, or at the direction of a governmental authority or may lead to a lack of consumer acceptance or loss of consumer trust. Product

safety concerns, recalls, defects or errors could result in the rejection of our products by customers, damage to our reputation, lost sales, product liability litigation and increased costs, any or all of which could harm our business and have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The cost of compliance with current requirements and any future requirements of the CPSC, Health Canada or other state or international regulatory authorities, new consumer product safety laws, including the new initiatives labeled as "green chemistry" and new regulatory testing, certification, packaging, labeling and advertising and reporting requirements which recently went into effect under the CPSIA, or changes to existing laws could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, any failure to comply with such requirements could result in significant penalties, require us to recall products and harm our reputation, any or all of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, reputation, and financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

We depend on our relationships with unaffiliated manufacturers, transportation companies, and independent agents. Our inability to maintain relationships with any of these entities, or the failure of any of their businesses, could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

We do not own or operate any manufacturing facilities, and therefore, are dependent upon independent third parties for the manufacture of all of our products. Most of our products are currently manufactured to our specifications, pursuant to purchase orders, by approximately 120 independent manufacturers located primarily in Asia. In Fiscal 2012, we sourced approximately 38% of our total goods from China, approximately 15% from Bangladesh, approximately 13% from Cambodia and approximately 12% from Vietnam. We did not source more than 7% from any other country or region. We have no exclusive or long-term contracts with our manufacturers and compete with other companies for manufacturing facilities. We will continue to reduce our reliance on the use of commissioned buying agents, and only use these commissioned agents for the sourcing of select product categories where we lack either technical competency in our own sourcing offices or when product volume is not sufficient to justify expanding our capabilities. Although we believe that we have the in-house capability to more efficiently source certain of our purchases, the inability to do so, or the inability to find additional sources to support our current needs and future growth could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our merchandise is shipped directly from manufacturers through third parties to our distribution and fulfillment centers and to our stores. Our operating results depend in large part on the orderly operation of our receiving and distribution process, which depends on manufacturers' adherence to shipping schedules and our effective management of our distribution facilities and capacity. Furthermore, it is possible that events beyond our control, such as political unrest, a terrorist or similar act, military action, strike, weather patterns, natural disaster, continuing government spending cuts or other disruption, could result in delays in delivery of merchandise to our distribution centers or our stores, or the fulfillment of e-commerce orders to our customers. Any such event could have a material adverse effect on our business.

If our internal agents, independent agents, principal manufacturers or freight operators experience negative financial consequences, the inability to use these sources or find additional financially stable sources to support our current manufacturing and distribution needs and future growth in a timely manner could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Any of the above risks, individually or in aggregation, could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Because we purchase our products internationally, our business is sensitive to risks associated with international business.

Virtually all of our merchandise is purchased from foreign suppliers, of which China is the single largest representing approximately 38% of our imported merchandise. As a result, we are subject to the various risks of doing business in foreign markets and importing merchandise from abroad, such as:

- foreign governmental regulations;
- the failure of an unaffiliated manufacturer to comply with local laws, including labor laws, health and safety laws or ethical labor practices.
- financial or political instability;
- the rising cost of doing business in particular countries, including China;
- pressure from non-governmental organizations;
- · customer acceptance of foreign produced merchandise;
- new legislation relating to import quotas or other restrictions that may limit the import of our merchandise;
- imposition of duties, taxes, and other charges on imports;
- fluctuation in the value of the U.S. dollar against foreign currencies;
- significant delays in the delivery of cargo due to port security considerations, political unrest or weather conditions;
- disruption of imports by labor disputes and local business practices;
- regulations under the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act; and

increased cost of transportation.

In an attempt to mitigate the above risks within any one country, we maintain relationships with many manufacturers in various countries. In recent years, there has been much media scrutiny and well-publicized failures of the safety of a wide range of imported products manufactured in China. A continuation of such publicity or similar problems may lead consumers to avoid such goods. We cannot predict the effect that this, or the other factors noted above, in another country from which we import products could have on our business arrangements with foreign manufacturing sources. If any of these factors rendered the conduct of business in a particular country undesirable or impractical, or if our current foreign manufacturing sources ceased doing business with us for any reason and we were unable to find alternative sources of supply, we could experience a material adverse effect on our business.

We require our independent manufacturers to operate in compliance with applicable laws and our internal requirements. Our vendor code of conduct promotes ethical business practices and we monitor compliance with them; however we do not control these manufacturers, their labor practices, their health and safety practices, or from where they buy their raw materials. Any violation of labor, health, environmental, safety or other laws by one of the independent manufacturers we use or any divergence of an independent manufacturer's labor practices from standards generally accepted as ethical in the United States and Canada could damage our reputation and could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Any of the above risks, individually or in aggregation, could negatively impact our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Because certain of our subsidiaries operate outside of the United States, some of our revenues, product costs and other expenses are subject to foreign economic and currency risks.

We have store operations in Canada and buying operations in various locations in Asia, primarily Hong Kong and Shanghai, China, and we have plans to continue to expand our store operations internationally primarily through franchises. We cannot guarantee that we will be able to address in a timely manner or at all the risks of conducting operations in countries outside of the U.S., such as differing consumer preferences, governmental requirements over merchandise importation, product safety requirements, employment, taxation and multi-lingual requirements. Our failure to address such risks in a timely manner or at all could adversely affect our business and financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The currency market has seen significant volatility in the value of the U.S. dollar against other foreign currencies. While our business is primarily conducted in U.S. dollars, we purchase virtually all of our products overseas, and we generate significant revenues in Canada. Cost increases caused by currency exchange rate fluctuations could make our products less competitive or have a material adverse effect on our profitability. Currency exchange rate fluctuations could also disrupt the business of the third party manufacturers that produce our products, or franchisees that purchase our products, by making their purchases of raw materials or products more expensive and more difficult to finance.

Approximately 14% of our consolidated net sales and operating expenses are transacted in foreign currencies. As a result, fluctuations in exchange rates impact the amount of our reported sales and expenses, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. Additionally, we have foreign currency denominated receivables and payables that, to date, have not been hedged against foreign currency fluctuations. When settled, these receivables and payables could result in significant transaction gains or losses.

Pending legal and regulatory actions are inherent in our business and could adversely affect our results of operations or financial position or harm our businesses or reputation.

We are, and in the future may be, subject to legal and regulatory actions in the ordinary course of our business. Some of these proceedings have been brought on behalf of various alleged classes of complainants. In certain of these matters, the plaintiffs are seeking large and/or indeterminate amounts, including treble, punitive or exemplary damages. Substantial legal liability in these or future legal or regulatory actions could have a material adverse effect on us or cause us reputational harm, which in turn could harm our business prospects. Material pending litigation and regulatory matters affecting us, and certain risks to our businesses presented by such matters, would be discussed under Item 3- Legal Proceedings of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Currently, there are not any material actions which require disclosure under Item 3.

Our litigation and regulatory matters are subject to many uncertainties, and given their complexity and scope, their outcome cannot be predicted. Our reserves for litigation and regulatory matters may prove to be inadequate. It is possible that our results of operations or cash flows in a particular quarterly or annual period could be materially adversely affected by an ultimate unfavorable resolution of pending or new litigation and regulatory matters. In light of the unpredictability of our litigation and regulatory matters, it is also possible that in certain cases an ultimately unfavorable resolution of one or more pending litigation or regulatory matters could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

We depend on generating sufficient cash flows, together with our existing cash balances and availability under our credit facility, to fund our ongoing operations, capital expenditures, any debt service requirements and any share repurchase program.

Our ability to fund our ongoing operations, planned capital expenditures, share repurchase programs and potential debt service requirements will depend on our ability to generate cash flows. Our cash flows are dependent on many factors, including:

- · seasonal fluctuations in our net sales and net income, which typically are lowest in the second fiscal quarter;
- the timing of inventory purchases for upcoming seasons, particularly in the second fiscal quarter as our sales are lowest and we are purchasing merchandise for the back-to-school season;
- vendor, other supplier and agent terms and related conditions, which may be less favorable to us as a smaller company in comparison to larger companies; and
- general business conditions, economic uncertainty or slowdown, including the continuing weakness in the overall economy.

Most of these factors are beyond our control. It is difficult to predict the impact that the general economic conditions and the continuing political uncertainty will continue to have on consumer spending and our financial results. However, we believe that they will continue to result in reduced spending by our customers, which would reduce our revenues and our cash flows from operating activities from those that otherwise would have been generated. In addition, steps that we may take to limit cash outlays, such as delaying the purchase of inventory, may not be successful or could delay the arrival of merchandise for future selling seasons, which could reduce our net sales or profitability. If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flows, we may not be able to fund our ongoing operations, planned capital expenditures, share repurchase programs and potential debt service requirements and we may be required to seek additional sources of liquidity.

In addition, at February 2, 2013, approximately \$148.9 million, or 77%, of our cash was held in foreign subsidiaries. Because our investments in these foreign subsidiaries are considered permanently reinvested, any repatriation of cash from them would require the accrual and payment of U.S. federal and certain state taxes, which could negatively impact our results of operations and/or the amount of available funds. While we currently have no intention to repatriate cash from these subsidiaries, should the need arise domestically, there is no guarantee that we could do so without adverse consequences. In addition, these funds are subject to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, which if these rates should move unfavorably, could cause a material decrease in available funds.

Negative changes in the economy, such as further deterioration in the global economic environment, and resulting declines in consumer confidence and spending, have had and could continue to have an adverse effect on the apparel industry and on our operating results.

The apparel industry is cyclical in nature and is particularly affected by adverse trends in the general economy. Purchases of apparel and related merchandise are generally discretionary and therefore tend to decline during recessionary periods and also may decline at other times. During 2008 and 2009, the global economic environment deteriorated significantly, and remained weak into 2013. Increases in tax rates, declines in real estate values, reduced credit lending by banks, high unemployment levels and significant volatility in the global financial markets have negatively impacted the level of consumer spending for discretionary items. This has and continues to adversely affect our business as it is dependent on consumer demand for our products. In North America, we have experienced a slowdown in customer traffic and a highly promotional environment. These same conditions exist in many international markets. If the global macroeconomic environment continues to be weak or deteriorates further, there will likely be a negative effect on our revenues, operating margins and earnings.

In addition to the factors contributing to the current economic environment, there are a number of other factors that could contribute to reduced levels of consumer spending, such as increases in interest rates, fluctuating food, fuel and other energy costs, and increases in tax rates and energy prices. Similarly, natural disasters, political unrest, actual or potential terrorist acts and other conflicts can also create significant instability and uncertainty in the world, causing consumers to defer purchases or preventing our suppliers and service providers from providing required services or materials to us. These or other factors could materially and adversely affect our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

A privacy breach, through a cybersecurity incident or otherwise, or failure to comply with privacy laws could adversely affect our business.

Despite our efforts and technology to secure our computer network, a cyber-attack may bypass the security causing a computer network breach and leading to a material disruption of our computer network and/or the loss of business, employee or customer information and/or ecommerce sales. Despite our due diligence in selecting and monitoring third party vendors and partners, a similar breach to their computer networks may occur, leading to a material disruption of our computer network and/or the loss of business, employee or customer information and/or ecommerce sales. Such a cyber-attack could result in any of the following:

- theft, destruction, loss, misappropriation or release of confidential data, intellectual property or customer information, including personally identifiable information;
- operational or business delays resulting from the disruption of our computer network and subsequent clean-up and mitigation activities;
- · negative publicity resulting in reputation or brand damage with our customers, partners or industry peers; and
- loss of sales generated through our e-commerce website through which we sell merchandise to customers.

Our systems and procedures are required to meet the Payment Card Industry ("PCI") data security standards, which require periodic audits by independent third parties to assess compliance. Failure to comply with the security requirements or rectify a security issue may result in fines and the imposition of restrictions on our ability to accept payment by credit or debit cards. There can be no assurance that we will be able to satisfy PCI security standards. In addition, PCI is controlled by a limited number of vendors who have the ability to impose changes in PCI's fee structure and operational requirements on us without negotiation. Such changes in fees and operational requirements may result in our failure to comply with PCI security standards, as well as significant unanticipated expenses.

Any of the above risks, individually or in aggregation, could damage our reputation and result in lost sales, fines, and/or lawsuits, which in turn could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. Further, a significant breach of federal, state, local or international privacy laws could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The protection of customer, employee, and company data is critical. The regulatory environment surrounding information security and privacy is demanding, with the frequent imposition of new and changing requirements. In addition, customers have a high expectation that we will adequately protect their personal information. Any breach involving this data could cause harm to our reputation or result in liability, either of which could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

If our landlords should suffer financial difficulty or if we are unable to successfully negotiate acceptable lease terms, it could have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations and cash flows.

Currently, approximately 60% of our stores are located in malls, approximately 23% are located in strip centers, approximately 13% are located in outlet centers and approximately 4% are located in street stores. If any of our landlords should suffer financial difficulty, it could render them unable to fulfill their duties under our lease agreements. Such duties include providing a sufficient number of mall co-tenants, common area maintenance, utilities, and payment of real estate taxes. While we have certain remedies under our lease agreements, the loss of business that could result if a shopping center should close or if customer traffic were to significantly decline as a result of lost tenants or improper care of the facilities could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The leases for most of our existing stores are for initial terms of 10 years. If we are unable to continue to negotiate acceptable lease and renewal terms, it could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

If we are unable to open and operate new stores successfully, our future operating results will be adversely affected.

We anticipate opening approximately 55 stores and remodeling approximately 91 stores in the U.S. and Canada during Fiscal 2013. Our ability to open and operate new stores successfully depends on many factors, including, among others, the availability of suitable store locations and suitably sized space, the ability to negotiate acceptable lease terms, the ability to timely complete necessary construction, the ability to successfully integrate new stores into our existing operations, the ability to hire and train store personnel and the ability to recognize and respond to regional and climate-related differences in customer preferences.

We cannot guarantee that we will achieve our planned expansion on a timely and profitable basis or that we will be able to achieve results similar to those achieved in existing locations in prior periods. Our total store base grew approximately 4% during Fiscal 2012 and 5% during Fiscal 2011. The anticipated opening of approximately 55 stores in Fiscal 2013 would grow the total store base by 5%. Operating margins may also be adversely affected during periods in which we have incurred expenses in anticipation of new store openings.

We need to continually evaluate the adequacy of our store management and our information and distribution systems to manage our planned expansion. Any failure to successfully and profitably execute our expansion plans could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Changes in federal, state or local law, or our failure to comply with such laws, could increase our expenses and expose us to legal risks.

Our business is subject to a wide array of laws and regulations. Significant legislative or regulatory changes that impact our relationship with our workforce or our customers could increase our expenses and adversely affect our operations. None of our employees are currently represented by a collective bargaining agreement. However, from time to time there have been efforts to organize our employees at various locations. There is no assurance that our employees will not unionize in the future. Changes in other regulatory areas, such as consumer credit, privacy and information security, product safety or environmental protection, among others, could cause our expenses to increase. In addition, if we fail to comply with applicable laws and regulations, particularly wage and hour laws, privacy laws or data collection and security laws, we could be subject to legal risk, including government enforcement action and class action civil litigation, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. Changes in tax laws, the interpretation of existing laws, or our failure to sustain our reporting positions on examination could adversely affect our effective tax rate.

Legislative actions and new accounting pronouncements could result in us having to increase our administrative expenses to remain compliant.

In order to comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, future accounting guidance or disclosure requirements by the SEC, future guidance that may come from the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB"), or future changes in listing standards by the Nasdaq Global Select Market, we may be required to enhance our internal controls, hire additional personnel and utilize additional outside legal, accounting and advisory services, all of which could cause our general and administrative expenses to increase.

The SEC is exploring the possibility of requiring all U.S. companies to prepare its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. The FASB is currently working on a project with its international counterpart, the International Accounting Standards Board, to converge U.S. and International GAAP into one uniform set of accounting rules. The cost of implementing a potentially vast change of financial reporting rules could be material. The effect of changing accounting rules on our financial statements could also be significant. Changes to our financial position, results of operations or cash flows could impact our debt covenant ratios or a lender's perception of our financial statements causing an adverse impact on our ability to obtain credit, or could impact investor analyses and perceptions of our business causing the market value of our stock to decrease. In addition, any changes in the current accounting rules, including legislative and other proposals could increase the expenses we report under U.S. GAAP and have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Tax matters could impact our results of operations and financial condition.

We are subject to income taxes in the United States and foreign jurisdictions, including Canada and Hong Kong. Our provision for income taxes and cash tax liability in the future could be adversely affected by numerous factors including, but not limited to, income before taxes being lower than anticipated in countries with lower statutory tax rates and higher than anticipated in countries with higher statutory tax rates, changes in the valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, and changes in tax laws, regulations, accounting principles or interpretations thereof, which could adversely impact our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows in future periods. In addition, we are subject to the examination of our income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service, Revenue Canada and other tax authorities. We regularly assess the likelihood of adverse outcomes resulting from these examinations to determine the adequacy of our provision for income taxes. There can be no assurance that the outcomes from these continuous examinations will not have an adverse effect on our provision for income taxes and cash tax liability.

Any disruption in, or changes to, our consumer credit arrangements, including our private label credit card agreement with Citibank, N.A., may adversely affect the ability of our customers to obtain consumer credit.

Credit card operations are subject to numerous federal and state laws that impose disclosure and other requirements upon the origination, servicing and enforcement of credit accounts and limitations on the maximum amount of finance charges that may be charged by a credit provider. Additionally, during periods of increasing consumer credit delinquencies, financial institutions may reexamine their lending practices and procedures. There can be no assurance that the delinquencies being experienced by providers of consumer credit generally would not cause providers of third party credit offered by us to decrease the availability of, or increase the cost of such credit.

Any of the above risks, individually or in aggregation, could have a material adverse effect on the way we conduct business and could negatively impact our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

We may be unable to protect our trademarks and other intellectual property rights.

We believe that our trademarks and service marks are important to our success and our competitive position due to their name recognition with our customers. We devote substantial resources to the establishment and protection of our trademarks and service marks on a worldwide basis, including in the countries in which we have business operations or plan to have business operations. We are not aware of any material claims of infringement or material challenges to our right to use any of our trademarks in the United States or Canada. Nevertheless, the actions we have taken, including to establish and protect our trademarks and service marks, may not be adequate to prevent others from imitating our products or to prevent others from seeking to block sales of our products. Also, others may assert proprietary rights in our intellectual property and we may not be able to successfully resolve these types of conflicts to our satisfaction. In addition, the laws of certain foreign countries may not protect our proprietary rights to the same extent as do the laws of the United States.

Our share price may be volatile.

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq Global Select Market. Stock markets in general have experienced, and are likely to continue to experience, price and volume fluctuations, which could have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock without regard to our operating performance. In addition, we believe that factors such as quarterly fluctuations in our financial results, our Comparable Retail Sales results, other risk factors identified here, announcements by other retailers, the overall economy and the geopolitical environment could individually or in aggregation cause the price of our common stock to fluctuate substantially.

Acts of terrorism, effects of war, natural disasters, other catastrophes or political unrest could have a material adverse effect on our business.

The threat or actual acts of terrorism continue to be a risk to the global economy. Terrorism and potential military responses, political unrest, natural disasters such as Hurricane Sandy, pandemics or other health issues have disrupted and could disrupt commerce, impact our ability to operate our stores in affected areas or impact our ability to provide critical functions necessary to the operation of our business. A disruption of commerce, or an inability to recover critical functions from such a disruption, could interfere with the production, shipment or receipt of our merchandise in a timely manner or increase our costs to do so, which could have a material adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, any of the above disruptions could undermine consumer confidence, which could negatively impact consumer spending patterns or customer traffic, and thus have an adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

ITEM 1B.-UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2.-PROPERTIES

We lease all of our existing store locations in the United States and Canada, with lease terms expiring through 2023. The average unexpired lease term for our stores is approximately 4.5 years in the United States and approximately 5.5 years in Canada. The leases for most of our existing stores are for initial terms of 10 years and provide for contingent rent based upon a percentage of sales in excess of specific minimums. We anticipate that we will be able to extend those leases on satisfactory terms as they expire, or relocate to desirable locations.

The following table sets forth information with respect to our non-store locations as of February 2, 2013:

Location	Use	Approximate Sq. Footage	Current Lease Term Expiration
Fort Payne, AL (1)	Warehouse Distribution Center	700,000	Owned
Ontario, Canada (2)	Warehouse Distribution Center	95,000	4/30/2019
500 Plaza Drive, Secaucus, NJ (3)	Corporate Offices, Design	200,000	5/31/2029
Hong Kong, China (3)	Product Support	28,000	4/30/2015
Shanghai, China (3)	Product Support	14,000	7/14/2015
Gurgaon, India (3)	Product Support	11,000	3/12/2015
Tirupur, India (3)	Product Support	3,600	9/15/2015

⁽¹⁾ Supports The Children's Place U.S. stores and e-commerce business.

⁽²⁾ Supports The Children's Place Canada stores.

(3) Supports both The Children's Place U.S. stores and The Children's Place Canada stores.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2012, our management approved a plan to exit our West Coast DC and move the operations to the Southeast DC. We ceased operations at the West Coast DC in May 2012. The lease of the West Coast DC expires in March 2016 and we have subleased most of this facility through March 2016.

In August 2012, our management approved a plan to close the Northeast DC and move the operations to its Southeast DC. We ceased operations in the Northeast DC during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012. The lease of our Northeast DC expires in January 2021 and we are seeking to sublet this facility.

On occasion, we may operate other leased facilities to support seasonal warehousing needs.

ITEM 3.-LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in various legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, any ultimate liability arising out of these proceedings will not have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 4.-MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

PART II

ITEM 5.-MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, or Nasdaq, under the symbol "PLCE." The following table sets forth the range of high and low sales prices on Nasdaq of our common stock for the fiscal periods indicated.

	High	Low
2012		
First Quarter	\$53.51	\$45.85
Second Quarter	51.70	43.47
Third Quarter	61.75	49.68
Fourth Quarter	61.55	43.78
2011		
First Quarter	\$55.80	\$40.71
Second Quarter	55.90	43.74
Third Quarter	49.96	36.96
Fourth Quarter	57.55	44.60

On March 26, 2013, the last reported sale price of our common stock was \$44.51 per share, the number of holders of record of our common stock was approximately 69 and the number of beneficial holders of our common stock was approximately 30,600.

We do not pay dividends to our stockholders. Our credit facility prohibits the payment of dividends and imposes conditions on our purchases of our common stock. On August 18, 2010, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program in the amount of \$100 million (the "2010 Share Repurchase Program"), on March 3, 2011 another share repurchase program was authorized in the amount of \$100 million (the "2011 Share Repurchase Program"), on March 7, 2012 another share repurchase program was authorized in the amount of \$50.0 million (the "2012 \$50 Million Share Repurchase Program") and on November 26, 2012 another share repurchase program was authorized in the amount of \$100.0 million (the "2012 \$100 Million Share Repurchase Program"). At February 2, 2013, there was approximately \$80.4 million remaining on the 2012 \$100 Million Share Repurchase Program. The 2010 Share Repurchase Program, 2011 Share Repurchase Program and 2012 \$50 Million Share Repurchase Program have been completed. Under the 2012 \$100 Million Share Repurchase Program, the Company may repurchase shares in the open market at current market prices at the time of purchase or in privately negotiated transactions. The timing and actual number of shares repurchased under the program will depend on a variety of factors including price, corporate and regulatory requirements, and other market and business conditions. We may suspend or discontinue the program at any time, and may thereafter reinstitute purchases, all without prior announcement.

Pursuant to restrictions imposed by our equity plan during black-out periods, we withhold and retire shares of vesting stock awards in exchange for payments to satisfy the withholding tax requirements of certain recipients. Our payment of the withholding taxes in exchange for the shares constitutes a purchase of our common stock. Also, we acquire shares of our common stock in conjunction with liabilities owed under a deferred compensation plan, which are held in treasury. The following table summarizes our share repurchases (in thousands):

		Fiscal Year Ended				
	February	2, 2013	January 28, 2012			
	Shares	Value	Shares	Value		
Share repurchases related to:						
2010 Share buyback program	_	_	213	10,102		
2011 Share buyback program	377	19,236	1,712	80,764		
2012 \$50 Million Share buyback program	1,001	50,000	_	_		
2012 \$100 Million Share buyback program (1)	420	19,638	_	_		
Withholding taxes	2	146	19	891		
Shares acquired and held in treasury	10	521	14	598		

(1) Subsequent to February 2, 2013 and through March 26, 2013, we repurchased an additional 0.1 million shares for approximately \$5.9 million.

The following table provides a month-to-month summary of our share repurchase activity during the 14 weeks ended February 2, 2013:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value (in thousands) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
10/28/12-11/24/12 (1)	361,580	\$48.82	360,175	\$104,018
11/25/12-12/29/12	260,000	46.55	260,000	91,915
12/30/12-2/2/13 (2)	243,313	47.68	242,500	80,351
Total	864,893	\$47.82	862,675	\$80,351

⁽¹⁾ Includes 1,080 shares acquired as treasury stock as directed by participants in the Company's deferred compensation plan and 325 shares withheld to cover taxes in conjunction with the vesting of a stock award.

Equity Plan Compensation Information

On May 20, 2011, our shareholders approved the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2011 Equity Plan"). Upon adoption of the 2011 Equity Plan, we ceased issuing awards under the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (together with the 1997 Stock Option Plan, the "Prior Plans"), however, any forfeitures or shares withheld to cover taxes that were related to awards granted under the Prior Plans are added back to shares available for future issuance under the 2011 Equity Plan. The following table provides information as of February 2, 2013, about the shares of our Common Stock that may be issued under our equity compensation plans.

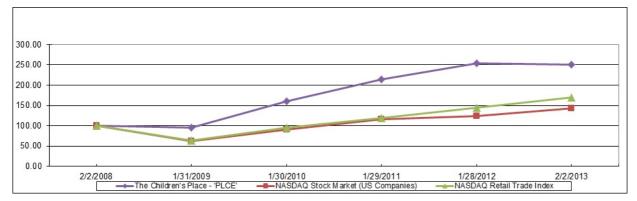
	COLUMN (A)	COLUMN (B)	COLUMN (C)
Plan Category	Securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options (1)	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options	Securities remaining available for future issuances under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in Column (A)) (2)
Equity Compensation Plans Approved by Security Holders	83,525	\$30.08	1,687,510
Equity Compensation Plans Not Approved by Security Holders	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	83,525	\$30.08	1,687,510

⁽²⁾ Includes 813 shares withheld to cover taxes in conjunction with the vesting of a stock award.

- (1) Amount consists of 35,525 shares issuable under our 1997 Stock Option Plan and 48,000 shares issuable under our 2005 Equity Incentive Plan.
- (2) Excluded from this amount are 74,023 shares issuable upon vesting of deferred stock awards, of which 71,571 were issued under our 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, and 2,452 shares issuable upon vesting of performance awards, all of which were issued under our 2005 Equity Incentive Plan.

Performance Graph

The following graph compares the cumulative stockholder return on our common stock with the return on the CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Stock Market (US Companies) and CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Retail Trade. The graph assumes that \$100 was invested on February 2, 2008 in each of our common stock, the CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Stock Market (US Companies) and the CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Retail Trade.



The table below sets forth the closing price of our Common Stock and the closing indices for the CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Stock Market (US Companies) and CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Retail Trade on the last day of each of our last six fiscal years.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
The Children's Place"PLCE"	19.780	18.810	31.800	42.270	50.050	49.530
CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Stock Market (US Companies)	813.974	400.522	579.464	742.933	1,011.628	1,163.278
CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Retail Trade	485.385	312.127	463.164	577.479	699.415	827.442

The table below assumes that \$100 was invested on February 2, 2008 in each of our common stock, CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Stock Market (US Companies) and CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Retail Trade.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
The Children's Place"PLCE"	100.000	95.100	160.770	213.70	253.03	250.40
CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Stock Market (US Companies)	100.000	62.460	91.180	115.59	124	142.90
CRSP Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Retail Trade	100.000	64.300	95.430	118.97	144.10	170.47

ITEM 6.-SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

We are the largest pure-play children's specialty apparel retailer in North America. As of February 2, 2013 we operated 1,095 The Children's Place stores across North America and an online store at *www.childrensplace.com*. The following table sets forth certain historical financial and operating data for The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries. The statement of operations data for the three fiscal years ended February 2, 2013, and the balance sheet data as of February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012 have been derived from, and should be read in conjunction with, the audited financial statements

presented elsewhere herein. All other data presented herein, have not been audited. The information contained in this table should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere herein.

					Fis	scal Year Ended (1)				
Statement of Operations Data (in thousands, except per share and square footage data):	Fe	ebruary 2, 2013	Ja	nuary 28, 2012 (2)	Ja	nuary 29, 2011 (2)	Jan	uary 30, 2010 (2)	J	January 31, 2009 (2)
Net sales		\$1,809,486		\$1,715,862		\$1,673,999		\$1,643,587		\$1,630,323
Cost of sales		1,118,046		1,056,213		1,013,878		991,393		954,227
Gross profit		691,440		659,649		660,121		652,194		676,096
Selling, general and administrative expenses (3)		510,918		477,425		456,558		456,338		467,730
Asset impairment charges (4)		2,284		2,208		2,713		2,200		6,491
Other costs (5)		11,088		_		_		_		213
Depreciation and amortization		77,435		74,573		71,640		71,447		71,410
Operating income		89,715		105,443		129,210		122,209		130,252
Interest income (expense), net		(20)		(690)		(1,530)		(5,731)		(4,939)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		89,695		104,753		127,680		116,478		125,313
Provision for income taxes		26,452		30,408		47,920		32,743		46,147
Income from continuing operations		63,243		74,345		79,760		83,735		79,166
Diluted income per common share from continuing operations	\$	2.61	\$	2.90	\$	2.91	\$	2.92	\$	2.68
Selected Operating Data for Continuing Operations:										
Number of Company operated stores open at end of period		1,095		1,049		995		947		917
Comparable retail sales increase (decrease)		2.0%		(2.5)%		(2.5)%		(2.1)%		4.7%
Average net sales per store (6)	\$	1,393	\$	1,492	\$	1,587	\$	1,634	\$	1,703
Average square footage per store (7)		4,791		4,903		4,943		4,965		4,918
Average net sales per square foot (8)	\$	300	\$	299	\$	318	\$	332	\$	350
Balance Sheet Data (in thousands):										
Working capital (9)	\$	353,729	\$	357,373	\$	365,736	\$	333,525	\$	339,601
Total assets		923,410		866,252		872,762		876,219		966,765
Long-term debt		_		_		_		_		55,000
Stockholders' equity		620,949		624,969		626,157		611,125		574,887

⁽¹⁾ The period ending February 2, 2013 was a 53-week year. All other periods presented were 52-week years.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted due to the change in inventory costing method, see Note 2 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

⁽³⁾ Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period financial statements to conform to the current period presentation.

⁽⁴⁾ Asset impairment charges generally relate to the write-off of fixed assets related to underperforming stores.

⁽⁵⁾ Other costs include exit costs associated with the closures of the West Coast DC and Northeast DC in Fiscal 2012.

⁽⁶⁾ Average net sales per store represents net sales from stores open throughout the full period divided by the number of such stores.

⁽⁷⁾ Average square footage per store represents the square footage of stores operated on the last day of the period divided by the number of such stores.

⁽⁸⁾ Average net sales per square foot represent net sales from stores open throughout the full period divided by the square footage of such stores.

⁽⁹⁾ Working capital is calculated by subtracting our current liabilities from our current assets.

ITEM 7.-MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements and notes thereto included in Item 15.-Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed below and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, particularly in Item 1A-Risk Factors.

As used in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, references to the "Company", "The Children's Place", "we", "us", "our" and similar terms refer to The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Our fiscal year ends on the Saturday on or nearest to January 31. Other terms that are commonly used in our management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are defined as follows:

- Fiscal 2012 The fifty-three weeks ended February 2, 2013
- Fiscal 2011 The fifty-two weeks ended January 28, 2012
- Fiscal 2010 The fifty-two weeks ended January 29, 2011
- Fiscal 2013 Our next fiscal year representing the fifty-two weeks ending February 1, 2014
- FASB- Financial Accounting Standards Board
- FASB ASC FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which serves as the source for authoritative U.S. GAAP, except that rules and interpretive releases by the SEC are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants
- GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
- SEC- Securities and Exchange Commission
- Comparable Store Sales Net sales, in constant currency, from stores that have been open for at least 14 consecutive months. Stores that temporarily close for non-substantial remodeling are excluded from comparable store sales for only the period that they were closed. A store is considered substantially remodeled if it has been relocated or materially changed in size
- Comparable E-commerce Sales Net sales, in constant currency, from our e-commerce store, excluding postage and handling fees
- Comparable Retail Sales Comparable Store Sales plus Comparable E-commerce Sales.
- Gross Margin Gross profit expressed as a percentage of net sales
- SG&A Selling, general and administrative expenses

OVERVIEW

Our Business

We are the largest pure-play children's specialty apparel retailer in North America. We design, contract to manufacture and sell fashionable, high-quality, value-priced merchandise, virtually all of which is under our proprietary "The Children's Place" brand name. As of February 2, 2013, we operated 1,095 stores across North America and an online store at www.childrensplace.com.

Changes in Accounting Principle

During the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2012 the Company elected to change its method of accounting for inventories from the retail inventory method to an average cost method. In addition, the Company has elected to capitalize additional supply chain costs, which were previously expensed as incurred. The Company has applied the changes in its method of accounting for inventory retrospectively to all prior periods presented within the consolidated financial statements. See Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, Changes in Accounting Principle, for further discussion.

Segment Reporting

In accordance with the "Segment Reporting" topic of the FASB ASC, we report segment data based on geography: The Children's Place U.S. and The Children's Place Canada. Each segment includes an e-commerce business located at www.childrensplace.com. Included in The Children's Place U.S. segment are our U.S. and Puerto Rico based stores. Included in The Children's Place Canada segment are our Canadian based stores, as well as revenue from international franchisees. We measure our segment profitability based on operating income, defined as income before interest and taxes. Net sales and direct costs are recorded by each segment. Certain inventory procurement functions such as production and design as well as corporate overhead, including executive management, finance, real estate, human resources, legal, and information technology services are managed by The Children's Place U.S. segment. Expenses related to these functions, including depreciation and

amortization, are allocated to The Children's Place Canada segment based primarily on net sales. The assets related to these functions are not allocated. We periodically review these allocations and adjust them based upon changes in business circumstances. Net sales from external customers are derived from merchandise sales and we have no major customers that account for more than 10% of our net sales.

Operating Highlights

Net sales in Fiscal 2012 increased \$93.6 million, or 5.5%, to \$1,809.5 million, compared to \$1,715.9 million reported in Fiscal 2011. During Fiscal 2012 our Comparable Retail Sales increased 2.0% compared to a decrease of 2.5% during Fiscal 2011. In Fiscal 2012, we opened 64 stores, remodeled 67 stores and closed 18 stores.

During Fiscal 2012, we reported income from continuing operations of \$63.2 million, or \$2.61 per diluted share, compared to \$74.3 million, or \$2.90 per diluted share, in Fiscal 2011.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2012, our management approved a plan to exit our West Coast DC and move the operations to the Southeast DC. We ceased operations at the West Coast DC in May 2012. The lease of the West Coast DC expires in March 2016 and we have subleased most of this facility through March 2016. During Fiscal 2012, we recognized approximately \$4.2 million of costs in exiting the West Coast DC, which primarily included lease termination costs (net of anticipated sublease income), asset disposal costs, and severance to affected employees. These costs are included in other costs in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Remaining costs associated with the exit of the West Coast DC are not expected to be material.

In August 2012, management approved a plan to close the Northeast DC and move the operations to its Southeast DC. We ceased operations in the Northeast DC during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012. The lease of our Northeast DC expires in January 2021 and we are seeking to sublet this facility. During Fiscal 2012, we recorded \$7.7 million of accelerated depreciation and \$6.9 million of lease termination costs (net of anticipated sublease income) and severance. Accelerated depreciation is included in depreciation and amortization and severance is included in other costs in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Remaining costs associated with the exit of the Northeast DC are not expected to be material.

At February 2, 2013 the Company had approximately \$8.4 million of accrued restructuring costs related to lease termination costs associated with the exit of the West Coast DC and the Northeast DC, of which \$3.6 million was included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities.

During Fiscal 2012 we began an international store expansion program through territorial agreements with franchisees. At February 2, 2013 our franchisees had a total of 16 stores open in the Middle East, and we expect them to end Fiscal 2013 with approximately 40 stores open. For Fiscal 2012, revenue from franchisees was less than 1% of total net sales.

Our business has been adversely affected by the continued weakness in the U.S. and Canadian economic environments. Factors such as high unemployment levels, a highly promotional retail environment and inconsistent consumer retail traffic have negatively affected our business.

We have subsidiaries whose operating results are based in foreign currencies and are thus subject to the fluctuations of the corresponding translation rates into U.S. dollars. The below table summarizes the average translation rates most impacting our operating results:

	Fiscal 2012	Fiscal 2011	Fiscal 2010
Average Translation Rates (1)			
Canadian Dollar	1.0024	1.0101	0.9743
Hong Kong Dollar	0.1289	0.1285	0.1287
China Yuan Renminbi	0.1586	0.1552	0.1481

⁽¹⁾ The average translation rates are the average of the monthly translation rates used during each fiscal year to translate the respective income statements. The rates represent the U.S. dollar equivalent of each foreign currency.

For Fiscal 2012, the effects of these translation rate changes on net sales and gross profit were decreases of \$0.9 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, and an increase of \$0.5 million on income from continuing operations before income taxes. Net sales are affected only by the Canadian dollar translation rates. In addition to the translation rate changes, the gross profit of our Canadian subsidiary is also impacted by its inventory purchases which are priced in U.S. dollars. The effect of the exchange rate on these purchases was a decrease to our gross profit of approximately \$2.2 million in Fiscal 2012.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported revenues and expenses during the reported period. In many cases, there are alternative policies or estimation techniques that could be used. We continuously review the application of our accounting policies and evaluate the appropriateness of the estimates used in preparing our financial statements; however, estimates routinely require adjustment based on changing circumstances and the receipt of new or better information. Consequently, actual results could differ from our estimates.

The accounting policies and estimates discussed below include those that we believe are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our financial results. Senior management has discussed the development and selection of our critical accounting policies and estimates with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors, which has reviewed our related disclosures herein.

Inventory Valuation— We value inventory at the lower of cost or market ("LCM"), with cost determined using an average cost method. We capitalize supply chain costs in inventory and these costs are reflected in cost of sales as the inventories are sold. We review our inventory levels in order to identify slow-moving merchandise and use markdowns to clear merchandise. We record an adjustment when future estimated selling price is less than cost. Our LCM adjustment calculation requires management to make assumptions to estimate the selling price and amount of slow-moving merchandise subject to markdowns, which is dependent upon factors such as historical trends with similar merchandise, inventory aging, forecasted consumer demand, and the promotional environment. In the LCM calculation any inability to provide the proper quantity of appropriate merchandise in a timely manner, or to correctly estimate the sell-through rate, could have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Our historical estimates have not differed materially from actual results and a 10% difference in our LCM reserve as of February 2, 2013 would have impacted net income by approximately \$0.2 million. Our reserve balance at February 2, 2013 was approximately \$2.4 million.

Additionally, we adjust our inventory based upon an annual physical inventory, which is taken during the last quarter of the fiscal year. Based on the results of our historical physical inventories, an estimated shrink rate is used for each successive quarter until the next annual physical inventory, or sooner if facts or circumstances should indicate differently. A 1% difference in our shrinkage rate at retail could impact each quarter's net income by approximately \$0.7 million.

Stock-Based Compensation—We account for stock-based compensation according to the provisions of the "Compensation—Stock Compensation" topic of the FASB ASC.

Time Vesting and Performance-Based Awards

We generally grant time vesting and performance-based stock awards to employees at management levels and above. We also grant time vesting stock awards to our non-employee directors. Time vesting awards are granted in the form of restricted stock units that require each recipient to complete a service period ("Deferred Awards"). Deferred Awards granted to employees generally vest ratably over three years. Deferred Awards granted to non-employee directors generally vest after one year. Performance-based stock awards are granted in the form of restricted stock units which have a performance criteria that must be achieved for the awards to be earned, and these awards have an additional service period requirement ("Performance Awards"). Each Performance Award has a defined number of shares that an employee can earn (the "Target Shares") and based on the performance level achieved, the employee can earn up to 200% of their Target Shares. Performance Awards generally cliff vest after a three year service period. The fair value of all awards issued prior to May 20, 2011 was based on the average of the high and low selling price of our common stock on the grant date. Effective with the adoption of the 2011 Equity Plan, the fair value of all awards granted on or after May 20, 2011 is based on the closing price of our common stock on the grant date. Compensation expense is recognized ratably over the related service period reduced for estimated forfeitures of those awards not expected to vest due to employee turnover. While actual forfeitures could vary significantly from those estimated, a 10% change in our estimated forfeiture rate would impact our Fiscal 2012 net income by approximately \$0.4 million. In addition, the number of performance shares earned is dependent upon our operating results over a specified time period. The expense for performance shares is based on the number of shares we estimate will vest as a result of our earnings-to-date plus our estimate of future earnings for the performance period. For all o

Stock Options

We have not issued stock options since fiscal 2008; however, certain stock options issued prior to fiscal 2008 remain outstanding. The fair value of all outstanding stock options was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on a Monte Carlo simulation, which requires extensive use of accounting judgment and financial estimates, including estimates

of how long employees will hold their vested stock options before exercise, the estimated volatility of our common stock over the expected term, and the number of options that will be forfeited prior to the completion of vesting requirements. All exercise prices were based on the average of the high and low of the selling price of our common stock on the grant date. There is no unamortized stock compensation at February 2, 2013.

Insurance and Self-Insurance Liabilities—Based on our assessment of risk and cost efficiency, we self-insure as well as purchase insurance policies to provide for workers' compensation, general liability, and property losses, as well as directors' and officers' liability, vehicle liability and employee medical benefits. We estimate risks and record a liability based upon historical claim experience, insurance deductibles, severity factors and other actuarial assumptions. These estimates include inherent uncertainties due to the variability of the factors involved, including type of injury or claim, required services by the providers, healing time, age of claimant, case management costs, location of the claimant, and governmental regulations. While we believe that our risk assessments are appropriate, these uncertainties or a deviation in future claims trends from recent historical patterns could result in our recording additional or reduced expenses, which may be material to our results of operations. Our historical estimates have not differed materially from actual results and a 10% difference in our insurance reserves as of February 2, 2013 would have impacted net income by approximately \$0.6 million.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets—We periodically review our long-lived assets when events indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. Such events include a historical or projected trend of cash flow losses or a future expectation that we will sell or dispose of an asset significantly before the end of its previously estimated useful life. In reviewing for impairment, we group our long-lived assets at the lowest possible level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities. In that regard, we group our assets into two categories: corporate-related and store-related. Corporate-related assets consist of those associated with our corporate offices, distribution centers and our information technology systems. Store-related assets consist of leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures, certain computer equipment and lease related assets associated with individual stores.

For store-related assets, we review all stores that have been open for at least two years, or sooner if circumstances should dictate, on at least an annual basis. We believe waiting two years allows a store to reach a maturity level where a more comprehensive analysis of financial performance can be performed. For each store that shows indications of operating losses, we project future cash flows over the remaining life of the lease and compare the total undiscounted cash flows to the net book value of the related long-lived assets. If the undiscounted cash flows are less than the related net book value of the long-lived assets, they are written down to their fair market value. We primarily determine fair market value to be the discounted future cash flows associated with those assets. In evaluating future cash flows, we consider external and internal factors. External factors comprise the local environment in which the store resides, including mall traffic, competition, and their effect on sales trends. Internal factors include our ability to gauge the fashion taste of our customers, control variable costs such as cost of sales and payroll, and in certain cases, our ability to renegotiate lease costs. Historically, less than 2% of our stores required impairment charges in any one year. If external factors should change unfavorably, if actual sales should differ from our projections, or if our ability to control costs is insufficient to sustain the necessary cash flows, future impairment charges could be material. At February 2, 2013, the average net book value per store was approximately \$0.2 million.

Income Taxes—We utilize the liability method of accounting for income taxes as set forth in the "*Income Taxes*" topic of the FASB ASC. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on the temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using tax rates expected to be in effect during the years in which the basis differences reverse. A valuation allowance is recorded when it is more likely than not that some of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In determining the need for valuation allowances we consider projected future taxable income and the availability of tax planning strategies. If, in the future we determine that we would not be able to realize our recorded deferred tax assets, an increase in the valuation allowance would decrease earnings in the period in which such determination is made.

We assess our income tax positions and record tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon our evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting date. For those tax positions where it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, we have recorded the largest amount of tax benefit with a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where it is not more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, no tax benefit has been recognized in the financial statements.

Fair Value Measurement and Financial Instruments—The "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure" topic of the FASB ASC provides a single definition of fair value, together with a framework for measuring it, and requires additional disclosure about the use of fair value to measure assets and liabilities.

This topic defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and establishes a three-level hierarchy, which encourages an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of the hierarchy are defined as follows:

- · Level 1 inputs to the valuation techniques that are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation techniques that are other than quoted prices but are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation techniques that are unobservable for the assets or liabilities

Our cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and credit facility are all short-term in nature. As such, their carrying amounts approximate fair value and fall within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The underlying assets and liabilities of our Deferred Compensation Plan fall within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

Effective January 29, 2012, we adopted the accounting standard update, "Comprehensive Income". Under this update, an entity has the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. We elected to present comprehensive income in two separate but consecutive statements in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, selected income statement data expressed as a percentage of net sales. We primarily evaluate the results of our operations as a percentage of net sales rather than in terms of absolute dollar increases or decreases by analyzing the year over year change in our business expressed as a percentage of net sales (i.e. "basis points"). For example, our SG&A expenses increased approximately 40 basis points to 28.2% of net sales during Fiscal 2012 from 27.8% during Fiscal 2011. Accordingly, to the extent that our sales have increased at a faster rate than our costs (i.e. "leveraging"), the more efficiently we have utilized the investments we have made in our business. Conversely, if our sales decrease or if our costs grow at a faster pace than our sales (i.e. "de-leveraging"), we have less efficiently utilized the investments we have made in our business.

	Fiscal Year Ended				
	February 2, 2013	January 28, 2012 (1)	January 29, 2011 (1)		
Net sales	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %		
Cost of sales	61.8	61.6	60.6		
Gross profit	38.2	38.4	39.4		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	28.2	27.8	27.3		
Asset impairment charge	0.1	0.1	0.2		
Other costs	0.6	_	_		
Depreciation and amortization	4.3	4.3	4.3		
Operating income	5.0	6.1	7.7		
Interest (expense), net	_	_	(0.1)		
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	5.0	6.1	7.6		
Provision for income taxes	1.5	1.8	2.9		
Income from continuing operations	3.5	4.3	4.8		
Income from discontinued operations, net of taxes	_	_	_		
Net income (loss)	3.5 %	4.3 %	4.7 %		
Number of stores operated by the Company, end of period	1,095	1,049	995		

Table may not add due to rounding.

The following tables set forth by segment, for the periods indicated, net sales, gross profit and Gross Margin (dollars in thousands).

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted due to the change in inventory costing method. See Note 2 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

	Fiscal Year Ended					
	February 2, January 28, January 2013 2012			January 29, 2011		
Net sales:						
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	1,557,549	\$	1,489,795	\$	1,450,116
The Children's Place Canada		251,937		226,067		223,883
Total net sales	\$	1,809,486	\$	1,715,862	\$	1,673,999

	Fiscal Year Ended					
	February 2, January 28, 2013 2012 (1)			January 29, 2011 (1)		
Gross profit:				_		
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	584,081	\$	553,755	\$	551,327
The Children's Place Canada		107,359		105,894		108,794
Total gross profit	\$	691,440	\$	659,649	\$	660,121
Gross Margin:						
The Children's Place U.S.		37.5%		37.2%		38.0%
The Children's Place Canada		42.6%		46.8%		48.6%
Total gross margin		38.2%		38.4%		39.4%

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted due to the change in inventory costing method. See Note 2 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Fiscal 2012 Compared to Fiscal 2011

Net sales increased by \$93.6 million to \$1,809.5 million during Fiscal 2012 from \$1,715.9 million during Fiscal 2011. Our net sales increase resulted from a \$54.8 million increase in sales from new stores, as well as other sales that did not qualify as comparable sales, a Comparable Retail Sales increase of 2.0%, or \$31.3 million and \$8.4 million in revenue from international franchisees, partially offset by \$0.9 million from unfavorable changes in the Canadian exchange rate. Our 2.0% increase in Comparable Retail Sales was primarily the result of a 1% increase in the average dollar transaction size and a 1% increase in the number of transactions. Comparable E-commerce Sales increased 20.8% during Fiscal 2012. Total e-commerce sales, which include postage and handling, increased to 11.9% of sales during Fiscal 2012 from 10.3% during Fiscal 2011.

The Children's Place U.S. net sales increased \$67.7 million, or 4.5%, to \$1,557.5 million during Fiscal 2012 compared to \$1,489.8 million during Fiscal 2011. This increase resulted from a \$39.2 million increase in sales from new stores and other sales that did not qualify as comparable sales and a \$28.8 million increase in Comparable E-commerce Sales, partially offset by flat Comparable Store Sales of 0.0%, or a decrease of \$0.3 million. Comparable Store Sales was flat primarily due to a 1% decrease in the number of transactions and a 1% increase in the average dollar transaction size.

The Children's Place Canada net sales increased \$25.8 million, or 11.4%, to \$251.9 million during Fiscal 2012 compared to \$226.1 million during Fiscal 2011. This increase resulted primarily from a \$15.6 million increase in sales from new stores and other sales that did not qualify as comparable sales, \$8.4 million in revenue from international franchisees and a \$6.3 million increase in Comparable E-commerce Sales partially offset by a decline in Comparable Store Sales of 1.7%, or \$3.6 million, and a \$0.9 million decrease resulting from unfavorable changes in the Canadian exchange rates. The decrease in Comparable Store Sales was primarily the result of a 3% decrease in the average dollar transaction size, partially offset by a 1% increase in the number of transactions.

During Fiscal 2012, we opened 64 stores, consisting of 58 in the United States and 6 in Canada. We closed 18 stores in Fiscal 2012, all in the United States.

Gross profit increased by \$31.8 million to \$691.4 million during Fiscal 2012 from \$659.6 million during Fiscal 2011. Consolidated Gross Margin decreased approximately 20 basis points to 38.2% during Fiscal 2012 from 38.4% during Fiscal 2011. The decrease in consolidated Gross Margin resulted primarily from a de-leverage of fixed costs.

Gross Margin at The Children's Place U.S. increased approximately 30 basis points from 37.2% in Fiscal 2011 to 37.5% in Fiscal 2012. This increase resulted primarily from lower cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales and leverage of supply chain costs.

Gross Margin at The Children's Place Canada decreased approximately 420 basis points from 46.8% in Fiscal 2011 to 42.6% in Fiscal 2012. This decrease resulted primarily from higher cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales of

approximately 220 basis points, de-leverage of supply chain costs and other fixed costs of 170 basis points and a decrease of 30 basis points due to the impact of lower margins on revenue from international franchisees.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$33.5 million to \$510.9 million during Fiscal 2012 from \$477.4 million during Fiscal 2011. As a percentage of net sales SG&A increased approximately 40 basis points to 28.2% during Fiscal 2012 from 27.8% during Fiscal 2011. The comparability of our SG&A was affected by the following items:

- we streamlined our field workforce and eliminated certain positions in our corporate headquarters which resulted in severance expense of approximately \$2.0 million;
- we incurred approximately \$1.1 million of expense related to a legal settlement; and
- as part of a continuing store fleet review, we identified certain store fixtures and supplies that will no longer be used, which resulted in a write-off charge of approximately \$0.9 million.

Excluding the effect of the above, SG&A increased approximately \$29.5 million, or 20 basis points, and included the following variances:

- investments in growth initiatives increased our administrative payroll and related expenses by approximately \$14.1 million, or 60 basis points;
- performance-based compensation increased approximately \$11.3 million, or 60 basis points, primarily due to operating performance compared to performance goals;
- marketing expenses, where we decreased direct mail programs, professional and consulting fees and employee costs decreased \$4.8 million, or 50 basis points;
- pre-opening expenses decreased approximately \$0.6 million, or 10 basis points, resulting from opening 24 fewer stores during Fiscal 2012 compared to Fiscal 2011; and
- store expenses increased approximately \$9.2 million; however, as a percentage of sales it decreased 40 basis points. The dollar increase is primarily
 due to having an average of 48 more stores during Fiscal 2012 compared to Fiscal 2011. The leveraging of store expenses resulted primarily from
 expense savings in supplies, repairs and maintenance, other store expenses and reduced credit card fees.

Asset impairment charges were \$2.3 million during Fiscal 2012 compared to \$2.2 million during Fiscal 2011. We impaired six and seven underperforming stores during Fiscal 2012 and Fiscal 2011, respectively.

Other costs were \$11.1 million during Fiscal 2012 and consist of exit costs related to management's decision to close our West Coast DC and Northeast DC.

Depreciation and amortization was \$77.4 million during Fiscal 2012 compared to \$74.6 million during Fiscal 2011. As a percentage of net sales, depreciation and amortization was 4.3% in both years. Depreciation and amortization in Fiscal 2012 was impacted by \$7.7 million of accelerated depreciation associated with the closing of the Northeast DC and \$1.6 million of accelerated depreciation associated with early remodels of certain Canadian stores. Excluding the effect of these items, depreciation and amortization was \$68.1 million, or 3.8% of net sales. This decrease resulted from the lower cost of store build-outs over the past several years.

Interest expense, *net* was immaterial during Fiscal 2012, compared to \$0.7 million during Fiscal 2011. The decrease is primarily due to lower fees related to our credit facility.

Provision for income taxes was \$26.5 million during Fiscal 2012 compared to \$30.4 million during Fiscal 2011. The decrease of \$3.9 million is due to a \$15.1 million decrease in income from continuing operations before income taxes.

Net income was \$63.2 million during Fiscal 2012 compared to \$74.3 million during Fiscal 2011, due to the factors discussed above. Diluted earnings per share was \$2.61 in Fiscal 2012 compared to \$2.90 in Fiscal 2011. This decrease in earnings per diluted share is due to lower net income partially offset by a lower diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding of approximately 1.4 million shares, virtually all of which is related to our share repurchase programs.

Fiscal 2011 Compared to Fiscal 2010

Net sales increased by \$41.9 million to \$1,715.9 million during Fiscal 2011 from \$1,674.0 million during Fiscal 2010. Our net sales increase resulted from a \$76.0 million increase in sales from new stores, as well as other sales that did not qualify as comparable sales, and \$7.3 million from favorable changes in the Canadian exchange rate, partially offset by a Comparable Retail Sales decrease of 2.5%, or \$41.4 million. Our 2.5% decrease in Comparable Retail Sales was primarily the result of a 6% decline in the number of transactions partially offset by a 4% increase in the average dollar transaction size. By department, Comparable Retail Sales were strongest for Accessories and weakest for Newborn. Comparable Store Sales were down in all regions. Comparable e-commerce sales, which are included in Comparable Retail Sales, increased 20.7% during Fiscal 2011. Total e-commerce sales, which includes postage and handling, increased to 10.3% of sales in Fiscal 2011 from 9.0% in Fiscal 2010.

On a segment basis, The Children's Place U.S. net sales increased \$39.7 million, or 2.7%, to \$1,489.8 million in Fiscal 2011 compared to \$1,450.1 million in Fiscal 2010. This increase resulted from a \$59.4 million increase in sales from new stores and other sales that did not qualify as comparable sales and a \$20.4 million increase in e-commerce sales, mostly offset by a Comparable Store Sales decrease of 3.2%, or \$40.1 million. Comparable Store Sales decreased 3.2% primarily due to a 6% decline in the number of transactions partially offset by a 3% increase in the average dollar transaction size. The Children's Place Canada net sales increased \$2.2 million, or 1.0%, to \$226.1 million in Fiscal 2011 compared to \$223.9 million in Fiscal 2010. This increase resulted primarily from a \$16.7 million increase in sales from new stores and other sales that did not qualify as comparable sales, \$5.6 million of e-commerce sales and a \$7.3 million increase resulting from favorable changes in the Canadian exchange rates, mostly offset by a decline in Comparable Store Sales of 12.7%, or \$27.4 million. The decrease in Comparable Store Sales was primarily the result of a 12% decline in the number of transactions.

During Fiscal 2011, we opened 88 stores, consisting of 68 in the United States and 20 in Canada. We closed 34 stores in Fiscal 2011, all in the United States.

Gross profit decreased by \$0.5 million to \$659.6 million during Fiscal 2011 from \$660.1 million during Fiscal 2010. Consolidated Gross Margin decreased approximately 100 basis points to 38.4% during Fiscal 2011 from 39.4% during Fiscal 2010. This decrease resulted primarily from higher cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales of approximately 70 basis points and de-leverage of supply chain costs of approximately 30 basis points.

Gross Margin at The Children's Place U.S. decreased approximately 80 basis points from 38.0% in Fiscal 2010 to 37.2% in Fiscal 2011. This decrease resulted primarily from higher cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales of approximately 70 basis points and de-leverage of fixed costs of approximately 10 basis points.

Gross Margin at The Children's Place Canada decreased approximately 180 basis points from 48.6% in Fiscal 2010 to 46.8% in Fiscal 2011. This decrease resulted primarily from de-leverage of fixed costs.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$20.8 million to \$477.4 million during Fiscal 2011 from \$456.6 million during Fiscal 2010. As a percentage of net sales SG&A increased approximately 50 basis points to 27.8% during Fiscal 2011 from 27.3% during Fiscal 2010 and included the following variances:

- an increase in administrative payroll and related expenses of approximately \$13.2 million, or 70 basis points primarily related to investments in growth initiatives;
- an increase in stock-based compensation expense, excluding performance-based awards, of \$1.7 million, or 10 basis points, resulting from an increase in outstanding stock awards;
- an increase in pre-opening expenses of approximately \$1.5 million, or 10 basis points, resulting from opening 21 more stores during Fiscal 2011 compared to Fiscal 2010;
- a dollar increase in store expenses of approximately \$4.3 million primarily due to having an average of 51 more stores during Fiscal 2011
 compared to Fiscal 2010. As a percentage of net sales, store expenses decreased 20 basis points primarily due to reduced credit card fees
 resulting from a new private label credit card program;
- In Fiscal 2010, we reversed approximately \$0.6 million, or 10 basis points, of accruals related to the settlement of an employment tax audit related to stock options; and
- a decrease in performance-based compensation of approximately \$5.6 million, or 30 basis points, due to decreased operating performance versus plan in Fiscal 2011 compared to Fiscal 2010.

Asset impairment charges were \$2.2 million during Fiscal 2011 compared to \$2.7 million during Fiscal 2010. We impaired seven and eight underperforming stores during Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, respectively.

Depreciation and amortization was \$74.6 million during Fiscal 2011 compared to \$71.6 million during Fiscal 2010. As a percentage of net sales, depreciation and amortization was 4.3% in both years.

Interest expense, *net* was \$0.7 million during Fiscal 2011, compared to \$1.5 million during Fiscal 2010. The decrease is primarily due to lower fees related to our credit facility.

Provision for income taxes was \$30.4 million during Fiscal 2011 compared to \$47.9 million during Fiscal 2010. The decrease of \$17.5 million is due to a \$22.9 million decrease in income from continuing operations before income taxes and a decrease in our effective tax rate to 29.0% in Fiscal 2011 from 37.5% in Fiscal 2010. During Fiscal 2011, we changed our permanent reinvestment assertion as it related to our Hong Kong and other Asian subsidiaries, whereby we no longer provide deferred taxes on the undistributed earnings of these subsidiaries. This had the effect of reducing our income tax provision by approximately \$6.9 million. We also recognized approximately \$3.6 million more of unrecognized tax benefits in Fiscal 2011 compared to Fiscal 2010.

Income from discontinued operations, net of taxes was \$0.5 million in Fiscal 2010, which related to the disposal of a business during fiscal 2008.

Net income was \$74.3 million during Fiscal 2011 compared to \$79.3 million during Fiscal 2010, due to the factors discussed above. Diluted earnings per share was \$2.90 in Fiscal 2011 compared to \$2.89 in Fiscal 2010. This decrease in earnings per diluted share is due to lower net income partially offset by a lower diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding of approximately 1.8 million shares, virtually all of which is related to our share repurchase programs.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Liquidity

Our working capital needs follow a seasonal pattern, peaking during the third quarter when inventory is purchased for the back-to-school and holiday selling seasons. Our primary uses of cash are the financing of new store openings, other capital projects, the repurchases of our common stock and working capital requirements, which are principally inventory purchases.

Our working capital decreased \$3.7 million to \$353.7 million at February 2, 2013 compared to \$357.4 million at January 28, 2012. This change is due to higher cash and short-term investment balances offset by increased accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities. During Fiscal 2012, we began to leverage our relationships with many vendors and now settle these payables on more favorable terms.

During Fiscal 2012, under our share repurchase programs, we repurchased approximately 1.8 million shares for approximately \$88.9 million. Subsequent to February 2, 2013 and through March 26, 2013, we repurchased an additional 0.1 million shares for approximately \$5.9 million.

Our credit facility provides for borrowings up to the lesser of \$150.0 million or our borrowing base, as defined by the credit facility agreement (see "Credit Facility" below). At February 2, 2013, our borrowing base was \$150.0 million, we had no outstanding borrowings, \$37.7 million of outstanding letters of credit, \$112.3 million of availability for borrowings and a sublimit availability for letters of credit of \$87.3 million.

As of February 2, 2013, we had approximately \$194.1 million of cash and cash equivalents, of which \$148.9 million of cash and cash equivalents was held in foreign subsidiaries, of which approximately \$94.0 million was in our Canadian subsidiaries, \$45.8 million was in our Hong Kong subsidiaries and \$9.1 million was in our other subsidiaries. Because all of our investments in our foreign subsidiaries are considered permanently and fully reinvested, any repatriation of cash from them would require the accrual and payment of U.S. federal and certain state taxes. We currently do not intend to repatriate cash from these subsidiaries.

We expect to be able to meet our working capital and capital expenditure requirements by using our cash on hand, cash flows from operations and availability under our credit facility.

Credit Facility

We and certain of our domestic subsidiaries maintain a credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo"), Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Business Credit (USA) Inc., and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as lenders (collectively, the "Lenders") and Wells Fargo, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent and Swing Line Lender (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement has been amended from time to time and the provisions below reflect all amendments.

The Credit Agreement, which expires in August 2017, consists of a \$150 million asset based revolving credit facility, with a \$125 million sublimit for standby and documentary letters of credit and an accordion feature that could provide up to \$75 million of additional availability, of which \$25 million is committed. Revolving credit loans outstanding under the Credit Agreement bear interest, at our option, at:

- (i) the prime rate plus a margin of 0.50% to 0.75% based on the amount of our average excess availability under the facility; or
- (ii) the London InterBank Offered Rate, or "LIBOR", for an interest period of one, two, three or six months, as selected by us, plus a margin of 1.50% to 1.75% based on the amount of our average excess availability under the facility.

We are charged an unused line fee of 0.25% on the unused portion of the commitments. Letter of credit fees range from 0.75% to 0.875% for commercial letters of credit and range from 1.00% to 1.25% for standby letters of credit. Letter of credit fees are determined based on the amount of our average excess availability under the facility. The amount available for loans and letters of credit under the Credit Agreement is determined by a borrowing base consisting of certain credit card receivables, certain inventory and the fair market value of certain real estate, subject to certain reserves.

The outstanding obligations under the Credit Agreement may be accelerated upon the occurrence of certain events, including, among others, non-payment, breach of covenants, the institution of insolvency proceedings, defaults under other

material indebtedness and a change of control, subject, in the case of certain defaults, to the expiration of applicable grace periods. We are not subject to any early termination fees.

The Credit Agreement contains covenants, which include conditions on stock buybacks and the payment of cash dividends or similar payments. Credit extended under the Credit Agreement is secured by a first priority security interest in substantially all of the Company's U.S. assets excluding intellectual property, software, equipment and fixtures.

On December 20, 2012, the Credit Agreement was amended to provide for, among other things, an extension of the term of the Credit Agreement, a reduction in various rates charged under the Agreement as reflected above and the elimination of a first priority security interest in substantially all of the Company's U.S. intellectual property, software, equipment and fixtures. This amendment also provided for the replacement of certain restrictive limits with an availability test, which must be met in order to permit the taking of certain actions. In conjunction with this amendment, we paid \$0.4 million in additional deferred financing costs.

As of February 2, 2013, we have capitalized an aggregate of approximately \$3.7 million in deferred financing costs related to the Credit Agreement. The unamortized balance of deferred financing costs at February 2, 2013 was \$1.6 million. Unamortized deferred financing costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the Credit Agreement.

The table below presents the components (in millions) of our credit facility:

	February 2, 2013	January 28, 2012	
Credit facility maximum	\$ 150.0	\$ 150.0	
Borrowing base	150.0	150.0	
Outstanding borrowings	_	_	
Letters of credit outstanding—merchandise	27.1	23.1	
Letters of credit outstanding—standby	10.6	11.2	
Utilization of credit facility at end of period	 37.7	34.3	
Availability (1)	\$ 112.3	\$ 115.7	
Interest rate at end of period	3.8%	4.0%	
	Fiscal 2012	Fiscal 2011	
Average end of day loan balance during the period	\$ 	\$ _	
Highest end of day loan balance during the period	1.1	0.2	
Average interest rate	4.0%	3.6%	

⁽¹⁾ The sublimit availability for letters of credit was \$87.3 million and \$90.7 million at February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, respectively.

Cash Flows/Capital Expenditures

During Fiscal 2012, cash flows provided by operating activities were \$205.0 million compared to \$156.1 million during Fiscal 2011. The net increase of \$48.9 million in cash from operating activities resulted primarily from cash inflows of \$63.9 million related to the timing of payments on accounts payable and other current liabilities and cash inflows of \$18.7 million related to the timing of income tax payables, net of prepayments partially offset by higher cash outflows of \$30.6 million related to inventories, primarily due to the timing of inventory receipts. During Fiscal 2012, we began to leverage our relationships with many vendors and now settle these payables on more favorable terms.

Cash flows used in investing activities were \$105.2 million during Fiscal 2012 compared to \$77.7 million during Fiscal 2011. The increase primarily resulted from the purchase of a \$15.0 million short-term investment, \$10.4 million more purchases of property and equipment and by the release of \$2.4 million of restricted cash during Fiscal 2011.

During Fiscal 2012, cash flows used in financing activities were \$82.3 million compared to \$85.0 million during Fiscal 2011. The decrease primarily resulted from a decrease of \$2.7 million in purchases of our common stock, virtually all related to our share repurchase programs.

For Fiscal 2013, we estimate that total capital expenditures will be in the range of \$90 to \$95 million. Our planned capital expenditures for Fiscal 2013 reflects the anticipated opening of 55 stores and remodeling of 91 stores compared to 64 store

openings and 67 remodels in Fiscal 2012. Approximately \$65 million of our planned capital expenditures is expected to provide for new store openings and remodels, and we anticipate receiving approximately \$4.7 million in related lease incentives during Fiscal 2013. The remainder of our Fiscal 2013 capital expenditure budget will be utilized for information technology, including merchandising and e-commerce systems, and other initiatives.

Our ability to meet our capital requirements in Fiscal 2013 depends on our ability to generate cash flows from operations and our available borrowings under our credit facility. Cash flow generated from operations depends on our ability to achieve our financial plans. We believe that cash on hand, cash generated from operations and funds available to us through our credit facility will be sufficient to fund our capital and other cash flow requirements over the next 12 months. Further, we do not expect the current economic conditions to prevent us from meeting our cash requirements. In Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, our cash generated from operations along with existing cash on hand provided sufficient funds for our capital requirements.

Payment Due By Period

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMERCIAL COMMITMENTS

The following tables summarize our contractual and commercial obligations for continuing operations as of February 2, 2013:

		m · 1 4 1 4 2			D.F.		M			
Contractual Obligations (dollars in thousands)	_	Total		1 year or less		1-3 years	3-5 years		More than 5 years	
Operating leases(1)	\$	938,560	\$	157,088	\$	266,314	\$	210,667	\$	304,491
New store and remodel capital expenditure commitments(2)		13,100		13,100		_		_		_
TotalContractual Obligations	\$	951,660	\$	170,188	\$	266,314	\$	210,667	\$	304,491
		Amounts of Commitment Expiration Per Period								
Other Commercial Commitments (dollars in thousands)		Total 1 year or less 1-3 years					3-5 years	Mo	re than 5 years	
Credit facilities	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Purchase commitments(3)		313,013		313,013		_		_		_
Merchandise letters of credit		27,100		27,100		_		_		_
Standby letters of credit(4)		10,600		10,600		_		_		_
TotalOther Commercial Commitments	\$	350,713	\$	350,713	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
TotalContractual Obligations and Other	ď	1 202 272	φ	F20 001	ሰ	200 214	c	210.007	ď	204 401
Commercial Commitments	\$	1,302,373	\$	520,901	\$	266,314	\$	210,667	\$	304,491

- (1) Certain of our operating leases include common area maintenance and other charges in our monthly rental expense. For other leases which do not include these charges in the minimum lease payments, we incur monthly charges, which are billed and recorded separately. These additional charges approximated 55% of our minimum lease payments over the last three fiscal years. Additionally, our minimum lease obligation does not include contingent rent based upon sales volume, which represented approximately 0.8% of our minimum lease payments over the last three fiscal years.
- (2) As of February 2, 2013, we had executed 23 leases for new stores and 11 remodels. This amount represents our estimate of the capital expenditures required to open and begin operating the new and remodeled stores.
- (3) Represents purchase orders for merchandise for re-sale of approximately \$305.0 million and equipment, construction and other non-merchandise commitments of approximately \$8.0 million.
- (4) Represents letters of credit issued to landlords, banks and insurance companies.

We self-insure and purchase insurance policies to provide for workers' compensation, general liability, and property losses, as well as directors' and officers' liability, vehicle liability and employee medical benefits, as described in Note 1 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements. Insurance reserves of approximately \$4.4 million are included in other long term liabilities as of February 2, 2013. The long-term portion represents the total amount estimated to be paid beyond one year. We are not able to further estimate in which periods the long-term portion will be paid.

As discussed more fully in Note 12 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements, our long-term liabilities include unrecognized tax benefits of approximately \$7.9 million at February 2, 2013. We cannot make a reasonable estimate of the amount and period of related future payments for any of this amount.

We have an employment agreement with our Chief Executive Officer, which provides for severance of two times the sum of base salary plus bonus, and certain other payments and benefits following any termination without cause or for "good reason". As of February 2, 2013, these severance benefits approximated \$6.1 million. In the event of a change in control of the Company, certain executives will receive, in the aggregate, approximately \$19.5 million of severance benefits should they either be terminated or voluntarily terminate their employment due to a degradation of duties as defined in their agreement.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

QUARTERLY RESULTS AND SEASONALITY

Our quarterly results of operations have fluctuated and are expected to continue to fluctuate materially depending on a variety of factors, including overall economic conditions, the timing of new store openings and related pre-opening and other startup costs, net sales contributed by new stores, increases or decreases in Comparable Store Sales, weather conditions, shifts in timing of certain holidays, changes in our merchandise mix and pricing strategy, including changes to address competitive factors. The combination and severity of one or more of these factors could result in material fluctuations.

The following table sets forth certain statement of operations data and selected operating data for each of our last four fiscal quarters. Quarterly information for Fiscal 2012 is included in Note 15 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements. The quarterly statement of operations data and selected operating data set forth below were derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements and reflect, in our opinion, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to fairly present the results of operations for these fiscal quarters (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited):

	Fiscal Year Ended February 2, 2013											
		First Second Third Quarter (1) Quarter (1) Quarter (1)			Fourth Quarter (2)							
Net sales	\$	438,508	\$	360,826	\$	500,928	\$	509,224				
Gross profit		178,645		114,705		209,533		188,557				
Selling, general and administrative expenses		122,283		120,671		131,875		136,089				
Asset impairment charges		1,250		280		539		215				
Other costs		834		3,062		570		6,622				
Depreciation and amortization		17,218		17,482		23,023		19,712				
Operating income (loss)		37,060		(26,790)		53,526		25,919				
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		37,009		(26,820)		53,503		26,003				
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		12,275		(8,896)		16,198		6,875				
Income (loss) from continuing operations		24,734		(17,924)		37,305		19,128				
Diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$	1.00	\$	(0.74)	\$	1.54	\$	0.80				
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding		24,691		24,249		24,293		23,789				

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted due to the change in inventory costing method. See Note 2 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 7A--QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

In the normal course of business, our financial position and results of operations are routinely subject to market risk associated with interest rate movements on borrowings and investments and currency rate movements on non-U.S. dollar

⁽²⁾ Significant items impacting the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2012 include approximately \$6.6 million of lease termination costs (net of anticipated sublease income) and severance related to the closing of the Northeast DC which are included in other costs in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. The Company also recorded \$2.0 million of accelerated depreciation related to the closing of the Northeast DC which is included in depreciation and amortization in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

denominated assets, liabilities, income and expenses. We utilize cash from operations and short-term borrowings to fund our working capital and investment needs

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are normally invested in short-term financial instruments that will be used in operations within 90 days of the balance sheet date. Because of the short-term nature of these instruments, changes in interest rates would not materially affect the fair value of these financial instruments.

Short-term Investments

Short-term investments consist of investments which we expect to convert into cash within one year, including time deposits, which have original maturities greater than 90 days. Because of the short-term nature of these instruments, changes in interest rates would not materially affect the fair value of these financial instruments.

Interest Rates

Our credit facility bears interest at a floating rate equal to the prime rate or LIBOR, plus a calculated spread based on our average excess availability. As of February 2, 2013, we had no borrowings under the credit facility. During Fiscal 2012, borrowings were not material and any change in interest rates would not have a material impact on our interest expense.

Foreign Assets and Liabilities

Assets and liabilities outside the United States are primarily located in Canada and Hong Kong. We do not hedge these net investments nor are we party to any derivative financial instruments. Our investments in our Canadian and Asian subsidiaries are considered to be long-term. As of February 2, 2013, net assets in our Canadian and Hong Kong subsidiaries were \$131.9 million and \$61.9 million, respectively. A 10% increase or decrease in the Canadian and Hong Kong Dollars would increase or decrease the corresponding net investment by \$13.2 million and \$6.2 million, respectively. All changes in the net investment of our foreign subsidiaries are recorded in other comprehensive income as unrealized gains or losses.

As of February 2, 2013, we had approximately \$142.7 million of our cash and cash equivalents held in foreign countries, of which approximately \$94.0 million was in Canada, approximately \$45.8 million was in Hong Kong and approximately \$2.9 million was in other foreign countries.

Foreign Operations

Approximately 14% of our consolidated net sales and total costs and expenses are transacted in foreign currencies. As a result, fluctuations in exchange rates impact the amount of our reported sales and expenses. Assuming a 10% change in foreign exchange rates, Fiscal 2012 net sales could have decreased or increased by approximately \$24.4 million and total costs and expenses could have decreased or increased by approximately \$26.1 million. Additionally, we have foreign currency denominated receivables and payables that when settled, result in transaction gains or losses. At February 2, 2013, we had foreign currency denominated receivables and payables, including inter-company balances, of \$4.3 million and \$14.5 million, respectively. To date, we have not used derivatives to manage foreign currency exchange risk.

We import a large percentage of our merchandise from China. Consequently, any significant or sudden change in China's political, foreign trade, financial, banking or currency policies and practices could have a material adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 8.-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the consolidated financial statements and supplementary data set forth in "Item 15-Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules" of Part IV of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 9.-CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Not applicable.

Item 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed only to provide "reasonable assurance" that the controls and procedures will meet their objectives. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our company have been detected.

Management, including our Chief Executive Officer and President and our Chief Financial Officer evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of February 2, 2013. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and President and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level, as of February 2, 2013, to ensure that all information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive, principal accounting and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). Internal control over financial reporting is a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting is not intended to provide absolute assurance that a misstatement of our financial statements would be prevented or detected.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and President and our Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the design and effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria set forth in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). Based on our evaluation under the framework in Internal Control - Integrated Framework, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of February 2, 2013. Our independent registered public accounting firm that audited the consolidated financial statements included in this annual report has issued an attestation report on our internal control over financial reporting, which is included herein.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recently completed fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. Secaucus, New Jersey:

We have audited The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries' (the "Company") internal control over financial reporting as of February 2, 2013, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying "Item 9A, Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of February 2, 2013, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries as of February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended February 2, 2013 and our report dated March 28, 2013 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/S/ BDO USA, LLP

New York, NY March 28, 2013

ITEM 9B.-OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required to be included by Item 10 of Form 10-K will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement for its 2013 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed within 120 days after February 2, 2013 (the "Proxy Statement") and is incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required to be included by Item 11 of Form 10-K will be set forth in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required to be included by Item 12 of Form 10-K will be set forth in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required to be included by Item 13 of Form 10-K will be set forth in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required to be included by Item 14 of Form 10-K will be set forth in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated by reference herein.

PART IV ITEM 15.-EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a)(1) Financial Statements

The following documents are filed as part of this report:

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	<u>43</u>
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012	<u>44</u>
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the fiscal years ended February 2, 2013, January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011	<u>45</u>
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the fiscal years ended February 2, 2013, January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011	<u>46</u>
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the fiscal years ended February 2, 2013, January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011	<u>47</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the fiscal years ended February 2, 2013, January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011	<u>48</u>
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>50</u>
Schedule II- Valuation and Qualifying Accounts	<u>78</u>

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. Secaucus, New Jersey:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012 and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended February 2, 2013. In connection with our audits of the financial statements, we have also audited the financial statement schedule listed in the accompanying index. These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and schedule are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements and schedule. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries at February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, and the results of their operations and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended February 2, 2013, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company changed its method of accounting for inventories from the retail inventory method to an average cost method during the year ended February 2, 2013. In addition, the Company elected to capitalize additional supply chain costs which were previously expensed as incurred. These changes were applied retrospectively to all periods presented.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting as of February 2, 2013, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) and our report dated March 28, 2013 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/S/ BDO USA, LLP

New York, NY March 28, 2013

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except par value)

	F	ebruary 2, 2013	J	January 28, 2012		
			(A	s adjusted)		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	194,128	\$	176,655		
Short-term investments		15,000				
Accounts receivable		18,490		17,382		
Inventories		266,976		237,786		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		40,927		49,184		
Deferred income taxes		9,714		7,921		
Total current assets		545,235		488,928		
Long-term assets:						
Property and equipment, net		330,101		323,863		
Deferred income taxes		43,678		49,054		
Other assets		4,396		4,407		
Total assets	\$	923,410	\$	866,252		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY						
LIABILITIES:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	87,461	\$	55,516		
Income taxes payable		2,459	•	1,788		
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		101,586		74,251		
Total current liabilities		191,506		131,555		
Long-term liabilities:						
Deferred rent liabilities		92,598		94,569		
Other tax liabilities		7,864		9,109		
Other long-term liabilities		10,493		6,050		
Total liabilities	_	302,461		241,283		
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		502,101		211,200		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:						
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding		_		_		
Common stock, \$0.10 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 23,179 and 24,711 issued; 23,155 and 24,697						
outstanding		2,318		2,471		
Additional paid-in capital		215,691		210,159		
Treasury stock, at cost (24 and 14 shares)		(1,119)		(598)		
Deferred compensation		1,119		598		
Accumulated other comprehensive income		13,258		12,880		
Retained earnings		389,682		399,459		
Total stockholders' equity		620,949		624,969		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	923,410	\$	866,252		

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

		February 2, 2013		January 28, 2012		January 29, 2011
				(As adjusted)		(As adjusted)
Net sales	\$	1,809,486	\$	1,715,862	\$	1,673,999
Cost of sales		1,118,046	_	1,056,213		1,013,878
Gross profit		691,440		659,649		660,121
Selling, general and administrative expenses		510,918		477,425		456,558
Asset impairment charges		2,284		2,208		2,713
Other costs		11,088		_		_
Depreciation and amortization		77,435		74,573		71,640
Operating income		89,715		105,443		129,210
Interest expense, net	_	(20)		(690)		(1,530)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		89,695		104,753		127,680
Provision for income taxes		26,452		30,408		47,920
		60.0.40		5 4045		50 5 00
Income from continuing operations		63,243		74,345		79,760
(Loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes					_	(463)
Net income	\$	63,243	\$	74,345	\$	79,297
Basic earnings per share amounts (1)						
Income from continuing operations	\$	2.63	\$	2.92	\$	2.94
(Loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		_		_		(0.02)
Net income	\$	2.63	\$	2.92	\$	2.93
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding		24,092		25,459		27,084
Diluted earnings per share amounts (1)						
Income from continuing operations	\$	2.61	\$	2.90	\$	2.91
(Loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		_		_		(0.02)
Net income	\$	2.61	\$	2.90	\$	2.89
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	_	24,276		25,668		27,436

⁽¹⁾ Table may not add due to rounding

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ended						
	Fe	February 2, 2013		January 28, 2012		January 29, 2011	
			(As adjusted)		(As adjusted)		
Net income	\$	63,243	\$	74,345	\$	79,297	
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):							
Foreign currency translation adjustment		378		(419)		5,698	
Comprehensive income	\$	63,621	\$	73,926	\$	84,995	

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (In thousands)

						Accumulated			
			Additional			Other			Total
	Comm	on Stock	Paid-In	Deferred	Retained	Comprehensive	Treasur	ry Stock	Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Compensation	Earnings	Income	Shares	Value	Equity
BALANCE, January 30, 2010 (As adjusted)	27,475	\$ 2,747	\$ 204,646	\$ —	\$ 396,131	\$ 7,601	_	\$ —	\$ 611,125
Exercise of stock options	366	37	11,886						11,923
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation			692						692
Vesting of stock awards	242	24	(24)						_
Stock-based compensation expense			8,045						8,045
Purchase and retirement of shares	(1,947)	(195)	(15,285)		(75,143)				(90,623)
Change in cumulative translation adjustment						5,698			5,698
Net income					79,297				79,297
BALANCE, January 29, 2011 (As adjusted)	26,136	2,613	209,960		400,285	13,299			626,157
Exercise of stock options	188	19	6,806						6,825
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation			532						532
Vesting of stock awards	331	34	(34)						_
Stock-based compensation expense			9,286						9,286
Purchase and retirement of shares	(1,944)	(195)	(16,391)		(75,171)				(91,757)
Change in cumulative translation adjustment						(419)			(419)
Deferral of common stock into deferred compensation plan				598			(14)	(598)	_
Net income					74,345				74,345
BALANCE, January 28, 2012 (As adjusted)	24,711	2,471	210,159	598	399,459	12,880	(14)	(598)	624,969
Exercise of stock options	68	6	2,179						2,185
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation			4,941						4,941
Vesting of stock awards	200	20	(20)						_
Stock-based compensation expense			14,253						14,253
Purchase and retirement of shares	(1,800)	(179)	(15,821)		(73,020)				(89,020)
Change in cumulative translation adjustment						378			378
Deferral of common stock into deferred compensation plan				521			(10)	(521)	_
Net income					63,243				63,243
BALANCE, February 2, 2013	23,179	\$ 2,318	\$ 215,691	\$ 1,119	\$ 389,682	\$ 13,258	(24)	(\$1,119)	\$ 620,949

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

		Fis	scal Year Ended	
	February 2, 2013		January 28, 2012	January 29, 2011
			(As adjusted)	(As adjusted)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$ 63,243	\$	74,345	\$ 79,297
Less income from discontinued operations	 			 (463)
Income from continuing operations	63,243		74,345	79,760
Reconciliation of income from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations:				
Depreciation and amortization	77,435		74,573	71,640
Stock-based compensation	14,253		9,286	8,045
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	(4,941)		(532)	(692)
Deferred taxes	1,973		2,269	24,174
Deferred rent expense and lease incentives	(5,347)		(14,892)	(16,623)
Other	1,687		3,683	4,091
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Inventories	(28,828)		1,804	4,650
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,131)		806	(2,366)
Income taxes payable, net of prepayments	15,639		(3,090)	3,080
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	63,277		(617)	(13,597)
Deferred rent and other liabilities	7,782		8,468	12,349
Total adjustments	 141,799		81,758	94,751
Net cash provided by operating activities	205,042		156,103	174,511
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Property and equipment purchases, lease acquisition and software costs	(90,182)		(79,764)	(83,945)
Purchase of short-term investments	(15,000)		_	
Release of restricted cash	_		2,351	_
Purchase of company-owned life insurance policies	(38)		(246)	(373)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (105,220)		(77,659)	(84,318)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Borrowings for letters of credit under revolving credit facility	134,865		117,263	156,712
Repayments for letters of credit under revolving credit facility	(134,865)		(117,263)	(156,712)
Purchase and retirement of common stock, including transaction costs	(89,020)		(91,757)	(90,623)
Exercise of stock options	2,185		6,825	11,923
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	4,941		532	692
Deferred financing costs	(363)		(628)	_
Net cash used in financing activities	(82,257)		(85,028)	(78,008)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(92)		(418)	3,092
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	17,473		(7,002)	15,277
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	176,655		183,657	168,380
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 194,128	\$	176,655	\$ 183,657

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ended						
	Feb	February 2, January 28, 2013 2012				January 29, 2011	
OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION:							
Net cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$	10,030	\$	37,257	\$	20,140	
Cash paid during the year for interest		704		1,273		1,595	
Increase (decrease) in accrued purchases of property and equipment		(1,824)		1,414		(2,870)	

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Business

The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") is the largest pure-play children's specialty apparel retailer in North America. The Company provides apparel, accessories and shoes for children from newborn to ten years of age. The Company designs, contracts to manufacture and sells high-quality, value-priced merchandise, virtually all of which is under the proprietary "The Children's Place" brand name. As of February 2, 2013, the Company operated 1,095 The Children's Place stores throughout North America and an Internet store at www.childrensplace.com. As part of its merchandise procurement process, the Company maintains business operations in Asia. The Company's corporate offices are in New Jersey and it has one distribution facility in the United States and one in Canada.

The Company classifies its business into two segments: The Children's Place U.S. and The Children's Place Canada. Included in The Children's Place U.S. segment are the Company's U.S. and Puerto Rico based stores. Included in The Children's Place Canada segment are the Company's Canadian based stores, as well as revenue from international franchisees. Each segment includes an e-commerce business located at www.childrensplace.com. As of February 2, 2013, The Children's Place U.S. operated 966 stores and The Children's Place Canada operated 129 stores.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period financial statements to conform to the current period presentation.

Terms that are commonly used in the Company's notes to consolidated financial statements are defined as follows:

- Fiscal 2012 The fifty-three weeks ended February 2, 2013
- Fiscal 2011 The fifty-two weeks ended January 28, 2012
- Fiscal 2010 The fifty-two weeks ended January 29, 2011
- Fiscal 2008 The fifty-two weeks ended January 31, 2009
- Fiscal 2013 The Company's next fiscal year representing the fifty-two weeks ending February 1, 2014
- SEC- Securities and Exchange Commission
- GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
- FASB- Financial Accounting Standards Board
- FASB ASC FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which serves as the source for authoritative U.S. GAAP, except that rules and
 interpretive releases by the SEC are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants

Fiscal Year

The Company's fiscal year is a 52-week or 53-week period ending on the Saturday on or nearest to January 31. Fiscal 2012 was a 53-week year. All other years presented were 52-week years.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and amounts of revenues and expenses reported during the period. Actual results could differ from the assumptions used and estimates made by management, which could have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. As of February 2, 2013, the Company does not have any investments in unconsolidated affiliates. The "Consolidation" topic of the FASB ASC is considered when determining whether an entity is subject to consolidation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Short-term Investments

Short-term investments consist of investments which the Company expects to convert into cash within one year, including time deposits, which have original maturities greater than 90 days. The Company classifies its investments in securities at the time of purchase as held-to-maturity and reevaluates such classifications on a quarterly basis. Held-to-maturity investments consist of securities that the Company has the intent and ability to retain until maturity. These securities are recorded at cost, adjusted for the amortization of premiums and discounts, which approximates fair value. Cash inflows and outflows related to the sale and purchase of investments are classified as investing activities in the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue, including shipping and handling fees billed to customers, upon purchase at the Company's retail stores or when received by the customer if the product was purchased via the Internet, net of coupon redemptions and anticipated sales returns. The Company deferred approximately \$0.7 million and \$1.3 million as of February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, respectively, for Internet sales shipped but not yet received by the customer. Sales tax collected from customers is excluded from revenue.

An allowance for estimated sales returns is calculated based upon the Company's sales return experience and is recorded in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. The allowance for estimated sales returns was approximately \$2.3 million and \$2.2 million as of February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, respectively.

The Company's policy with respect to gift cards is to record revenue as the gift cards are redeemed for merchandise. Prior to their redemption, gift cards are recorded as a liability, included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. After two years, the Company recognizes breakage income for the estimated portion of unredeemed gift cards. The Company recognized gift card breakage income of approximately \$1.5 million, \$1.2 million and \$1.7 million during Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, respectively, and is recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses.

In October 2012, the Company launched a new points based customer loyalty program to replace the old program that was restricted to the Company's private label credit card customers. In this program, customers earn points based on purchases and other promotional activities. These points can be redeemed for coupons to discount future purchases. The Company has developed an estimated value of each point earned based on the awards customers can attain less a reasonable breakage rate. The value of each point earned is recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue for loyalty points as of February 2, 2013 was \$3.0 million.

In Fiscal 2011 and prior, the Company offered a private label credit card to its customers, which provided a discount on future purchases once a minimum annual purchase threshold had been exceeded. The Company estimated the future discounts to be provided based on history, the number of customers who have earned or are likely to earn the discount and current year sales trends on the private label credit card. The Company deferred a proportionate amount of revenue from customers based on an estimated value of future discounts. The Company recognized such deferred revenue as future discounts taken on sales above the annual minimum. This was done by utilizing estimates based upon sales trends and the number of customers who had earned the discount privilege. The Company's private label customers earned discount privileges on a year-to-date basis, and such privileges expired at fiscal year end. Accordingly, there was no related deferred revenue at the end of each fiscal year.

During Fiscal 2012, the Company began an international store expansion program through territorial agreements with franchisees. At February 2, 2013 the Company's franchisees had a total of 16 stores open in the Middle East. The Company generates revenues from the franchisees from the sale of product, sales royalties and territory fees. The Company records gross sales and cost of goods sold on the sale of product to franchisees. The Company records gross sales for royalties earned from franchisee sales to their customers. The Company receives a fee from each franchisee for exclusive territorial rights. The Company records this territorial fee as deferred revenue and amortizes the fee into gross sales over the life of the territorial agreement. Deferred revenue for franchisees as of February 2, 2013 was \$0.6 million. For Fiscal 2012, revenue from franchisees was less than 1% of total net sales.

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Inventories

Inventories, which consist primarily of finished goods, are stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost determined on an average cost basis. The Company capitalizes supply chain costs in inventory and these costs are reflected in cost of sales as the inventories are sold. Inventory includes items that have been marked down to the Company's best estimate of their lower of cost or market value and an estimate for inventory shrinkage. The Company bases its decision to mark down merchandise upon its current rate of sale, the season and the sell-through of the item. The Company adjusts its inventory based upon an annual physical inventory and shrinkage is estimated in interim periods based upon the historical results of physical inventories in the context of current year facts and circumstances.

In accordance with provisions of the FASB ASC topic on "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections" all prior periods presented have been retrospectively adjusted to apply the changes in accounting principle. For a summary of the retrospective adjustments, see Note 2.

Cost of Sales

In addition to the cost of inventory sold, the Company includes buying, design and distribution expenses, shipping and handling costs on merchandise sold directly to customers, and letter of credit fees in its cost of sales. The Company records all occupancy costs in its cost of sales, except administrative office buildings, which are recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses. All depreciation is reported on a separate line on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

Stock-based Compensation

The Company's stock-based compensation plans are administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Compensation Committee"). The Compensation Committee is comprised of independent members of the Board of Directors (the "Board"). Effective May 20, 2011, the shareholders approved the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Equity Plan"). Upon adoption of the Equity Plan, the Company ceased granting awards under its 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. The Equity Plan allows the Compensation Committee to grant multiple forms of stock-based compensation such as stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, deferred stock awards and performance stock awards.

The Company accounts for its stock-based compensation in accordance with the provisions of the "Compensation-Stock Compensation" topic of the FASB ASC. These provisions require, among other things: (a) the fair value of all stock awards be expensed over their respective vesting periods; (b) the amount of cumulative compensation cost recognized at any date must at least be equal to the portion of the grant-date value of the award that is vested at that date and (c) that compensation expense include a forfeiture estimate for those shares not expected to vest. Also in accordance with these provisions, for those awards with multiple vest dates, the Company recognizes compensation cost on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for the entire award.

The Company generally grants time vesting stock awards ("Deferred Awards") and performance-based stock awards ("Performance Awards") to employees at management levels and above. The Company also grants Deferred Awards to its non-employee directors. Deferred Awards are granted in the form of restricted stock units that require each recipient to complete a service period. Deferred Awards generally vest ratably over three years. Deferred Awards granted to non-employee directors generally vest after one year. Performance Awards are granted in the form of restricted stock units which have a performance criteria that must be achieved for the awards to be earned in addition to a service period requirement. Each Performance Award has a defined number of shares that an employee can earn (the "Target Shares") and based on the performance level achieved, the Target Shares can be earned anywhere from zero up to a maximum number as defined in the award agreement, which historically has been 200%. Performance Awards generally cliff vest after a three year service period. The fair value of all awards issued prior to May 20, 2011 was based on the average of the high and low selling price of the Company's common stock on the grant date. Effective with the adoption of the Equity Plan, the fair value of all awards granted on or after May 20, 2011 is based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the grant date. Compensation expense is recognized ratably over the related service period reduced for estimated forfeitures of those awards not expected to vest due to employee turnover.

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Earnings (Loss) per Common Share

The Company reports its earnings (loss) per share in accordance with the "Earnings Per Share" topic of the FASB ASC, which requires the presentation of both basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share on the statements of operations. The diluted weighted average common shares includes adjustments for the potential effects of outstanding stock options, Deferred Awards and Performance Awards, but only in the periods in which such effect is dilutive under the treasury stock method. Included in our basic and diluted weighted average common shares are those shares due to participants in the deferred compensation plan, which are held in treasury stock. Antidilutive stock awards are comprised of stock options and unvested deferred, restricted and performance shares which would have been antidilutive in the application of the treasury stock method in accordance with "Earnings Per Share" topic of FASB ASC.

In accordance with this topic, the following table reconciles income (loss) and share amounts utilized to calculate basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share (in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended							
	February 2, 2013	January 28, 2012	January 29, 2011					
Income from continuing operations	\$ 63,243	\$ 74,345	\$ 79,760					
(Loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	_	_	(463)					
Net income	\$ 63,243	\$ 74,345	\$ 79,297					
Basic weighted average common shares	24,092	25,459	27,084					
Dilutive effect of stock awards	184	209	352					
Diluted weighted average common shares	24,276	25,668	27,436					
Antidilutive stock awards	10	80	103					

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of credit and debit card receivables, landlord construction allowance receivables and other miscellaneous items. Credit and debit card receivables represent credit and debit card sales for which the respective third party service company has yet to remit the cash. The unremitted balance approximates the last few days of related sales for each reporting period. Bad debt associated with these sales is not material. Landlord construction allowance receivables represent landlord contributions to our construction costs of building out the related real estate, primarily new and remodeled stores. Total construction costs are capitalized as property and equipment and the landlord construction allowances are recorded as a lease incentive, a component of deferred rent, which is amortized as a reduction of rent expense over the lease term. Landlord construction allowance receivables were approximately \$5.2 million and \$4.9 million at February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, respectively.

Insurance and Self-Insurance Reserves

The Company self-insures and purchases insurance policies to provide for workers' compensation, general liability and property losses, as well as director and officer's liability, vehicle liability and employee medical benefits. The Company estimates risks and records a liability based on historical claim experience, insurance deductibles, severity factors and other actuarial assumptions. The Company records the current portions of employee medical benefits, workers compensation and general liability reserves in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. As of February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, the current portions of these reserves were approximately \$7.8 million and \$7.7 million, respectively. The Company records the long-term portions of employee medical benefits, workers' compensation and general liability reserves in other long-term liabilities. As of February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, the long-term portions of these reserves were approximately \$4.4 million and \$5.2 million, respectively.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Leasehold improvements are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is shorter. All other property and equipment is depreciated on a

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

straight-line basis based upon their estimated useful lives, which generally range from three to twenty-five years. Repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The Company accounts for internally developed software intended for internal use in accordance with provisions of the "*Intangibles-Goodwill and Other*" topic of the FASB ASC. The Company capitalizes development-stage costs such as direct external costs and direct payroll related costs. When development is substantially complete, the Company amortizes the cost of the software on a straight-line basis over the expected life of the software. Preliminary project costs and post-implementation costs such as training, maintenance and support are expensed as incurred.

Accounting for Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company periodically reviews its long-lived assets when events indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. Such events include a history trend or projected trend of cash flow losses or a future expectation that the Company will sell or dispose of an asset significantly before the end of its previously estimated useful life. In reviewing for impairment the Company groups its long-lived assets at the lowest possible level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities. In that regard, the Company groups its assets into two categories: corporate-related and store-related. Corporate-related assets consist of those associated with the Company's corporate offices, distribution centers and its information technology systems. Store-related assets consist of leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures, certain computer equipment and lease related assets associated with individual stores.

For store-related assets, the Company reviews all stores that have been open or not remodeled for at least two years, or sooner if circumstances should dictate, on at least an annual basis. The Company believes waiting two years allows a store to reach a maturity level where a more comprehensive analysis of financial performance can be performed. For each store that shows indications of operating losses, the Company projects future cash flows over the remaining life of the lease and compares the total undiscounted cash flows to the net book value of the related long-lived assets. If the undiscounted cash flows are less than the related net book value of the long-lived assets, they are written down to their fair market value. The Company primarily determines fair market value to be the discounted future cash flows associated with those assets. In evaluating future cash flows, the Company considers external and internal factors. External factors comprise the local environment in which the store resides, including mall traffic, competition, and their effect on sales trends. Internal factors include the Company's ability to gauge the fashion taste of its customers, control variable costs such as cost of sales and payroll, and in certain cases, its ability to renegotiate lease costs.

Exit or Disposal Cost Obligations

In accordance with the "Exit or Disposal Cost Obligations" topic of the FASB ASC, the Company records its exit and disposal costs at fair value to terminate an operating lease or contract when termination occurs before the end of its term and without future economic benefit to the Company. In cases of employee termination benefits, the Company recognizes an obligation only when all of the following criteria are met:

- management, having the authority to approve the action, commits to a plan of termination;
- the plan identifies the number of employees to be terminated, their job classifications or functions and their locations, and the expected completion date;
- the plan establishes the terms of the benefit arrangement, including the benefits that employees will receive upon termination (including but not limited to cash payments), in sufficient detail to enable employees to determine the type and amount of benefits they will receive if they are involuntarily terminated; and
- actions required to complete the plan indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2012, management approved a plan to exit its distribution center in Ontario, California (the "West Coast DC") and move the operations to its distribution center in Fort Payne, Alabama (the "Southeast DC"). The Company ceased operations at the West Coast DC in May 2012. The lease of the West Coast DC expires in March 2016 and the Company has subleased most of this facility through March 2016. During Fiscal 2012, the Company recognized approximately \$4.2 million of costs in exiting the West Coast DC, which primarily included lease termination costs (net of anticipated sublease income), asset disposal costs, and severance to affected employees. These costs are included in other costs in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Remaining costs associated with the exit of the West Coast DC are not expected to be material.

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In August 2012, management approved a plan to close the Company's distribution center in Dayton, New Jersey ("Northeast DC") and move the operations to its Southeast DC. The Company ceased operations in the Northeast DC during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012. The lease of its Northeast DC expires in January 2021 and the Company is seeking to sublet this facility. During Fiscal 2012, the Company recorded \$7.7 million of accelerated depreciation and \$6.9 million of lease termination costs (net of anticipated sublease income) and severance. Accelerated depreciation is included in depreciation and amortization and severance is included in other costs in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Remaining costs associated with the exit of the Northeast DC are not expected to be material.

The following table provides details of the remaining accruals for the West Coast DC and Northeast DC (dollars in thousands):

	One-time Terr Benefit		Lease	e Termination Costs	Ot	ther Associated Costs	Total		
Balance at January 28, 2012	\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Restructuring costs		447		7,968		2,673	11,088		
Payments and other adjustments		(447)		408		(2,673)	(2,712)		
Balance at February 2, 2013	\$		\$	8,376	\$	<u> </u>	8,376		

Deferred Financing Costs

The Company capitalizes costs directly associated with acquiring third party financing. Deferred financing costs are included in other assets and are generally amortized on a straight-line basis as interest expense over the term of the related indebtedness. At February 2, 2013, deferred financing costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$2.0 million, were approximately \$1.6 million. At January 28, 2012, deferred financing costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$1.7 million, were approximately \$1.6 million.

Treasury Stock

Treasury stock is recorded at acquisition cost. Gains and losses on disposition are recorded as increases or decreases to additional paid-in capital with losses in excess of previously recorded gains charged directly to retained earnings. When treasury shares are retired and returned to authorized but unissued status, the carrying value in excess of par is allocated to additional paid-in capital and retained earnings on a pro rata basis.

Pre-opening Costs

Store pre-opening costs consist primarily of occupancy costs, payroll, supply, and marketing expenses, and are expensed as incurred in selling, general and administrative expenses. Pre-opening costs were \$4.0 million, \$5.9 million and \$5.8 million for Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, respectively.

Advertising and Marketing Costs

The Company expenses the cost of advertising when the advertising is first run or displayed. Included in selling, general and administrative expenses for Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010 are advertising and other marketing costs of approximately \$37.1 million, \$37.4 million and \$36.6 million, respectively.

Rent Expense and Deferred Rent

Rent expense and lease incentives, including landlord construction allowances, are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term, commencing generally on the date the Company takes possession of the leased property. The Company records rent expense and the impact of lease incentives for its stores and distribution centers as a component of cost of sales. The unamortized portion of deferred rent is included in deferred rent liabilities.

Income Taxes

We utilize the liability method of accounting for income taxes as set forth in the "*Income Taxes*" topic of the FASB ASC. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on the temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using tax rates expected to be in effect during the years in which the basis differences

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

reverse. A valuation allowance is recorded when it is more likely than not that any of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In determining the need for valuation allowances we consider projected future taxable income and the availability of tax planning strategies. If in the future we determine that we would not be able to realize our recorded deferred tax assets, an increase in the valuation allowance would decrease earnings in the period in which such determination is made.

We assess our income tax positions and record tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon our evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting date. For those tax positions where it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, we have recorded the largest amount of tax benefit with a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where it is not more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, no tax benefit has been recognized in the financial statements.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Accumulated other comprehensive income consists of cumulative translation adjustments.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company has determined that the local currencies of its Canadian and Asian subsidiaries are their functional currencies. In accordance with the "Foreign Currency Matters" topic of the FASB ASC, the assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated into U.S. dollars at the current rate of exchange existing at period-end and revenues and expenses are translated at average monthly exchange rates. Related translation adjustments are reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity. The Company also transacts certain business in foreign denominated currencies, primarily its Canadian subsidiary purchases inventory in U.S. Dollars, and there are intercompany charges between various subsidiaries. In Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, the Company recorded realized and unrealized gains (losses) on such transactions of approximately \$0.1 million, \$0.0 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

Legal Contingencies

The Company reserves for the outcome of litigation and contingencies when it determines an adverse outcome is probable and can estimate losses. Estimates are adjusted as facts and circumstances require. The Company expenses the costs to resolve litigation as incurred, net of amounts, if any, recovered through our insurance coverage.

Retained Earnings

The Company is currently restricted from paying dividends in cash under its credit facility agreement (see Note 6). There are no other restrictions on the Company's retained earnings.

Discontinued Operations

Income (loss) from discontinued operations consists primarily of professional fees and accrual adjustments related to the disposal of a business during fiscal 2008.

Fair Value Measurement and Financial Instruments

The "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure" topic of the FASB ASC provides a single definition of fair value, together with a framework for measuring it, and requires additional disclosure about the use of fair value to measure assets and liabilities.

This topic defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and establishes a three-level hierarchy, which encourages an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of the hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation techniques that are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation techniques that are other than quoted prices but are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation techniques that are unobservable for the assets or liabilities

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Company's cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and credit facility are all short-term in nature. As such, their carrying amounts approximate fair value and fall within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The underlying assets and liabilities of the Company's Deferred Compensation Plan, excluding Company stock, fall within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The Company stock included in the Deferred Compensation Plan is not subject to fair value measurement.

Recently Issued Accounting Updates

Effective January 29, 2012, the Company adopted the accounting standard update, "Comprehensive Income". Under this update, an entity has the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. The Company has elected to present comprehensive income in two separate but consecutive statements in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2012, the Company elected to change its method of accounting for inventories from the retail inventory method to the average cost method. In addition, the Company has elected to capitalize additional supply chain costs, which were previously expensed as incurred. We believe that the changes are preferable because they better reflect the value of inventory as of the balance sheet dates, provide a better reflection of periodic net income and improve comparability with our peers.

The Company has applied the changes in method of inventory costing to all prior periods presented within the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles relating to accounting changes. The cumulative impact of the retrospective application of the changes in accounting principle as of January 30, 2010 was a \$22.1 million increase in retained earnings. The impact of these changes in accounting principle to our income from continuing operations, net income and earnings per share for the year ended February 2, 2013 were increases of \$0.5 million, \$0.5 million and \$0.03 respectively. The following tables detail the impact of the retrospective application on previously reported periods included in the consolidated financial statements (in thousands, except per share amounts).

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS January 28, 2012

	As reported		Effect of Change		As adjusted	
Inventories	\$	212,916	\$ 24,870	\$	237,786	
Deferred income taxes		17,188	(9,267)	7,921	
Accumulated other comprehensive income		12,685	195		12,880	
Retained earnings	\$	384,051	\$ 15,408	\$	399,459	

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Fiscal Year Ended

			Jan	uary 28, 2012			January 29, 2011						
	A	As reported	Effe	ect of Change	As adjusted		As reported	F	Effect of Change	As adjusted			
Cost of sales	\$	1,051,649	\$	4,564 \$	1,056,213		1,006,752	\$	7,126 \$	1,013,878			
Gross profit		664,213		(4,564)	659,649		667,247		(7,126)	660,121			
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		109,317		(4,564)	104,753		134,806		(7,126)	127,680			
Provision for income taxes		32,092		(1,684)	30,408		51,219		(3,299)	47,920			
Income from continuing operations		77,225		(2,880)	74,345		83,587		(3,827)	79,760			
Net income	\$	77,225	\$	(2,880) \$	74,345	ç	83,124	\$	(3,827) \$	79,297			
Basic earnings per share amounts													
Income from continuing operations	\$	3.03		(0.11) \$	2.92	9	3.09		(0.15) \$	2.94			
Net income	\$	3.03		(0.11) \$	2.92	9	3.07		(0.14) \$	2.93			
Diluted earnings per share amounts													
Income from continuing operations	\$	3.01		(0.11) \$	2.90	9	3.05		(0.14) \$	2.91			
Net income	\$	3.01		(0.11) \$	2.90	9	3.03		(0.14) \$	2.89			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Fiscal Year Ended

			Januar	y 28, 2012		January 29, 2011						
	As	reported	Effect	of Change	As adjusted	As	reported	Effe	ct of Change	As adjusted		
Net income	\$	77,225	\$	(2,880) 5	\$ 74,345	\$	83,124	\$	(3,827) \$	79,297		
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):												
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(472)		53	(419)		5,596		102	5,698		
Comprehensive income	\$	76,753	\$	(2,827) 5	\$ 73,926	\$	88,720	\$	(3,725) \$	84,995		

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Fiscal Year Ended

		Jar	nuary 28, 20	12	January 29, 2011					
			Effect of	_			Effect of	As		
	As	reported	Change	As adjusted	As	reported	Change	adjusted		
Net income	\$	77,225 \$	(2,880)	\$ 74,345	\$	83,124	(3,827)	\$ 79,297		
Reconciliation of income from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations:										
Deferred taxes		3,953	(1,684)	2,269		27,473	(3,299)	24,174		
Inventories		(2,760)	4,564	1,804		(2,476)	7,126	4,650		

As the Company elected to change its method of accounting for inventory during the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2012, the following table shows the effect of the change on the unaudited quarterly results of operations for the first three quarters of Fiscal 2012 and the Fiscal 2011 interim periods (in thousands, except per share amounts). Refer to Note 15 for the adjusted quarterly financial information.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year Ended February 2, 2013

	First Quarter						Second Quarter						Third Quarter																	
																Effect of		As			I	Effect of]	Effect of		
	As	s reported		Change	a	djusted	Α	s reported	(Change	A	s adjusted	As	reported		Change	As	adjusted												
Gross profit	\$	176,918	\$	1,728	\$	178,646	\$	114,606	\$	98	\$	114,704	\$	206,246	\$	3,287	\$	209,533												
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		35,282		1,728		37,010		(26,919)		98		(26,821)		50,216		3,287		53,503												
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		11,690		585		12,275		(8,930)		33		(8,897)		15,192		1,006		16,198												
Income (loss) from continuing operations		23,592		1,143		24,735		(17,989)		65		(17,924)		35,024		2,281		37,305												
Diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$	0.96	\$	0.04	\$	1.00	\$	(0.74)	\$	_	\$	(0.74)	\$	1.44	\$	0.10	\$	1.54												

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year Ended January 28, 2012

			First Quarter		Second Quarter					
	A	s reported	Effect of Change	As adjusted	A	s reported	Effect of Change	As adjusted		
Gross profit	\$	183,587 \$	(2,158)	\$ 181,429	\$	116,126	\$ 1,448 \$	\$ 117,574		
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		48,505	(2,158)	46,347		(16,092)	1,448	(14,644)		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		19,421	(844)	18,577		(6,315)	558	(5,757)		
Income (loss) from continuing operations		29,084	(1,314)	27,770		(9,777)	890	(8,887)		
Diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$	1.10 \$	(0.05)	\$ 1.05	\$	(0.38)	\$ 0.03 \$	\$ (0.35)		

Third Quarter						Fourth Quarter						
Δ.			Effect of	A 1' -				T.((f Classical	A 1' - 4 - 1		
As	s reportea		Cnange	As adjus	tea	As	reportea	Effect	or Change	As adjusted		
\$	200,539	\$	(2,513) \$	198	,026	\$	163,961	\$	(1,341) \$	162,620		
	54,378		(2,513)	51	,865		22,526		(1,341)	21,185		
	20,686		(958)	19	,728		(1,700)		(440)	(2,140)		
	33,692		(1,555)	32	,137		24,226		(901)	23,325		
\$	1.33	\$	(0.06) \$	3	1.27	\$	0.97	\$	(0.04) \$	0.93		
	A s \$	\$ 200,539 54,378 20,686 33,692	As reported \$ 200,539 \$ 54,378 20,686	Effect of Change	As reported Change As adjusted \$ 200,539 \$ (2,513) \$ 198 54,378 (2,513) 51 20,686 (958) 19 33,692 (1,555) 32	Effect of Change	Effect of Change	Effect of Change	Second	Second Column Second Colum		

3. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

On August 18, 2010, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program in the amount of \$100 million (the "2010 Share Repurchase Program"), on March 3, 2011 another share repurchase program was authorized in the amount of \$100 million (the "2011 Share Repurchase Program"), on March 7, 2012 another share repurchase program was authorized in the amount of \$50.0 million (the "2012 \$50 Million Share Repurchase Program") and on November 26, 2012 another share repurchase program was authorized in the amount of \$100.0 million (the "2012 \$100 Million Share Repurchase Program"). At February 2, 2013, there was approximately \$80.4 million remaining on the 2012 \$100 Million Share Repurchase Program. The 2010 Share Repurchase Program, 2011 Share Repurchase Program and 2012 \$50 Million Share Repurchase Program have been completed. Under the 2012 \$100 Million Share Repurchase Program, the Company may repurchase shares in the open market at current market prices at the time of purchase or in privately negotiated transactions. The timing and actual number of shares repurchased under the program will depend on a variety of factors including price, corporate and regulatory requirements, and other market and business conditions. The Company may suspend or discontinue the program at any time, and may thereafter reinstitute purchases, all without prior announcement.

Pursuant to restrictions imposed by the Company's equity plan during black-out periods, the Company withholds and retires shares of vesting stock awards in exchange for payments to satisfy the withholding tax requirements of certain recipients. The Company's payment of the withholding taxes in exchange for the shares constitutes a purchase of its common stock.

3. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

The Company acquires shares of its common stock in conjunction with liabilities owed under a deferred compensation plan, which are held in treasury. The following table summarizes the Company's share repurchases (in thousands):

		Fiscal Year Ended								
	February	2, 2013	January 2	28, 2012	January 29, 2011					
	Shares	Value	Shares	Value	Shares	Value				
Share repurchases related to:	·			_						
2010 Share buyback program	_	_	213	10,102	1,933	89,898				
2011 Share buyback program	377	19,236	1,712	80,764	_	_				
2012 \$ 50 Million Share buyback program	1,001	50,000	_	_	_	_				
2012 \$100 Million Share buyback program (1)	420	19,638	_	_	_	_				
Withholding taxes	2	146	19	891	14	725				
Shares acquired and held in treasury	10	521	14	598	_	_				

⁽¹⁾ Subsequent to February 2, 2013 and through March 26, 2013, the Company repurchased an additional 0.1 million shares for approximately \$5.9 million.

In accordance with the "Equity" topic of the FASB ASC, the par value of the shares retired is charged against common stock and the remaining purchase price is allocated between additional paid-in capital and retained earnings. The portion charged against additional paid-in capital is done using a pro rata allocation based on total shares outstanding. Related to all shares retired for Fiscal 2012 and Fiscal 2011, approximately \$73.0 million and \$75.2 million was charged to retained earnings, respectively.

4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The following table summarizes the Company's stock-based compensation expense (in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended						
		February 2, 2013		January 28, 2012		January 29, 2011	
Deferred Awards	\$	11,109	\$	9,109	\$	7,430	
Performance Awards (1)		3,144		177		558	
Stock Options		_		_		57	
Total stock-based compensation expense (2)	\$	14,253	\$	9,286	\$	8,045	

¹⁾ During Fiscal 2010, the Company lowered the expected number of shares that will vest.

The Company recognized a tax benefit related to stock-based compensation expense of \$5.6 million, \$3.7 million and \$3.2 million for Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, respectively.

⁽²⁾ A portion of stock-based compensation is included in cost of sales. Approximately \$1.7 million, \$1.3 million and \$1.4 million in Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, respectively, were included in cost of sales. All other stock-based compensation is included in selling, general & administrative expense.

4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

Awards Granted During Fiscal 2012

In accordance with its amended employment agreement with its Chief Executive Officer and President, the Company granted Deferred Awards of 96,768 shares of its common stock and Performance Awards of 100,180 Target Shares if the Company meets its operating income target for Fiscal 2012. The Company granted additional Deferred Awards of 100,000 shares of its common stock to its Chief Executive Officer and President. The Deferred Awards vest over three years and the Performance Awards, if earned, cliff vest after two years. Based on the Company's operating results for Fiscal 2012, the Performance Awards were earned at 93% of the Target Shares, or 93,167 shares.

Additionally, during Fiscal 2012 the Company granted Deferred Awards to employees, including new hire awards, of 302,997 shares of its common stock, and Performance Awards of 129,696 Target Shares if the Company meets its operating income target for Fiscal 2012. The Deferred Awards vest ratably over three years and the Performance Awards cliff vest after three years. Of these 129,696 Target Shares issued, 47,812 shares were forfeited. Based on the Company's operating results for Fiscal 2012, the outstanding Performance Awards were earned at 93% of the Target Shares, or 76,152 shares.

During Fiscal 2012, the Company granted Deferred Awards to the non-employee members of its Board of Directors, which provide for the issuance of 18,701 shares of common stock. These awards vest after one year.

At February 2, 2013, the Company had 1,687,510 shares available for grant under the Equity Plan.

Changes in the Company's Unvested Stock Awards during Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010

Deferred Awards

	Fiscal Year Ended											
	Februar	2013	January	28, 2	2012	January	29, 2011					
	Weighted Average Number of Grant Date Shares Fair Value		Number of Shares		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Number of Shares		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value				
	(in thousands)			(in thousands)			(in thousands)					
Unvested Deferred Awards at beginning of year	406	\$	47.96	356	\$	36.91	512	\$	30.34			
Granted	518		49.06	334		50.76	145		46.19			
Vested (1)	(198)		45.33	(186)		34.23	(242)		29.51			
Forfeited	(166)		49.22	(98)		43.49	(59)		32.98			
Unvested Deferred Awards at end of year	560	\$	49.53	406	\$	47.96	356	\$	36.91			

⁽¹⁾ In Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, the Company withheld shares of 2,200, 18,793 and 14,022, respectively, to satisfy the withholding tax requirements of certain recipients. These shares were immediately retired.

Total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to unvested Deferred Awards approximated \$19.3 million as of February 2, 2013, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.1 years.

4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

Performance Awards

Fiscal Year Ended February 2, 2013 January 28, 2012 January 29, 2011 Weighted Weighted Weighted Number of Average Grant Date Number of Average Grant Date Number of Average Grant Date Performance Performance Performance Shares (1) Fair Value Shares (1) Fair Value Shares (1) Fair Value (in thousands) (in thousands) (in thousands) Unvested Performance Awards at beginning of 6 46.08 151 174 \$ 25.16 27.65 vear 230 48.51 227 51.45 46.30 Granted 16 Vested (2) 45.79 (144)24.10 Net shares in excess of (less than) target (13)51.40 (198)51.26 (11)88.19 Forfeited 47.37 (30)52.49 (49)(28)28.43 Unvested Performance Awards at end of year 172 48.59 6 46.08 151 \$ 25.16

Based on the current number of Performance Awards expected to be earned, the total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to unvested Performance Awards approximated \$4.8 million as of February 2, 2013, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.7 years.

Stock Options

No stock options were issued during Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010 and at February 2, 2013, there were no unvested stock options.

Outstanding Stock Options

Changes in the Company's outstanding stock options for Fiscal 2012 were as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ended										
	February 2	.3	January 28	3, 201	.2	January 2	1				
	Number of Options		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options		Veighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options	A	Veighted Average Exercise Price		
	(in thousands)			(in thousands)			(in thousands)				
Options outstanding at beginning of year	154	\$	30.98	351	\$	33.93	731	\$	33.22		
Granted	_		_	_		_	_		_		
Exercised (1)	(68)		32.03	(188)		36.21	(366)		32.57		
Forfeited	(2)		12.07	(9)		37.09	(14)		33.97		
Options outstanding at end of year (2)	84	\$	30.08	154	\$	30.98	351	\$	33.93		
Options exercisable at end of year (2)	84	\$	30.08	154	\$	30.98	335	\$	34.35		

⁽¹⁾ The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised was approximately \$1.3 million, \$2.7 million and \$5.4 million for Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, respectively.

⁽¹⁾ For those awards in which the performance period is complete, the number of unvested shares is based on actual shares that will vest upon completion of the service period. At February 2, 2013, there were no open performance periods.

⁽²⁾ The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding and exercisable at the end of Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010 was approximately \$1.6 million, \$2.9 million and \$3.3 million, respectively.

4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

The following table summarizes information regarding options outstanding at February 2, 2013 (options in thousands):

		0	Options Outstanding and Exercisable							
Range of E	xercise Prices	Options			ited Average rcise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life				
\$8.98	\$21.63		9	\$	17.13	3.6				
\$22.02	\$31.63	5	54		27.00	3.9				
\$31.89	\$42.15		8		37.42	2.0				
\$44.12	\$50.81	1	3		47.69	2.6				
		3	34	\$	30.08	3.5				

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consist of the following (in thousands):

	Asset Life	February 2, 2013	January 28, 2012
Property and equipment:			
Land and land improvements	_	\$ 3,403	\$ 3,403
Building and improvements	20-25 yrs	35,548	35,548
Material handling equipment	10-15 yrs	48,346	52,770
Leasehold improvements	Lease life	391,311	403,080
Store fixtures and equipment	3-10 yrs	265,030	287,838
Capitalized software	5 yrs	65,885	78,623
Construction in progress (1)	_	34,433	23,666
		843,956	884,928
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(513,855)	(561,065)
Property and equipment, net		\$ 330,101	\$ 323,863

⁽¹⁾ The majority of the Construction in progress at each reporting period relates to the Company's new enterprise resource planning system.

At February 2, 2013, the Company performed impairment testing on 1,045 stores with a total net book value of \$175.3 million. At January 28, 2012, the Company performed impairment testing on 920 stores with a total net book value of \$141.5 million. At January 29, 2011, the Company performed impairment testing on 903 stores with a total net book value of \$145.8 million. All stores tested were open for at least two years. The Company tested and impaired one store that had been open for less than two years in which circumstances indicated that its assets were impaired.

During Fiscal 2012, the Company recorded \$2.3 million of impairment charges primarily related to six underperforming stores, of which two were fully impaired and four were partially impaired. As of February 2, 2013, all of these impaired stores were open and the stores which were partially impaired had an aggregate remaining net book value of \$0.8 million, which the Company determined to be recoverable based on an estimate of discounted future cash flows.

During Fiscal 2011, the Company recorded \$2.2 million of impairment charges primarily related to seven underperforming stores, of which four were fully impaired and three were partially impaired. As of January 28, 2012, all of these impaired stores were open and the stores which were partially impaired had an aggregate remaining net book value of \$0.7 million, which the Company determined to be recoverable based on an estimate of discounted future cash flows.

During Fiscal 2010, the Company recorded \$2.7 million of impairment charges primarily related to eight underperforming stores, of which six were fully impaired and two were partially impaired. As of January 29, 2011, all of these impaired stores

were open and the stores which were partially impaired had an aggregate remaining net book value of \$0.7 million, which the Company determined to be recoverable based on an estimate of discounted future cash flows.

All underperforming stores were in the U.S.

During Fiscal 2012, the Company capitalized approximately \$12.9 million of external software costs and approximately \$3.8 million of internal programming and development costs. During Fiscal 2011, the Company capitalized approximately \$18.7 million of external software costs and approximately \$4.9 million of internal programming and development costs. During Fiscal 2010, the Company capitalized approximately \$11.2 million of external software costs and approximately \$1.3 million of internal programming and development costs. Amortization expense of capitalized software was approximately \$7.4 million, \$7.8 million and \$7.8 million in Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, respectively.

As of February 2, 2013, the Company had approximately \$4.3 million in property and equipment for which payment had not been made, which was included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities.

6. CREDIT FACILITY

The Company and certain of its domestic subsidiaries maintain a credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo"), Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Business Credit (USA) Inc., and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as lenders (collectively, the "Lenders") and Wells Fargo, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent and Swing Line Lender (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement has been amended from time to time and the provisions below reflect all amendments.

The Credit Agreement, which expires in August 2017, consists of a \$150 million asset based revolving credit facility, with a \$125 million sublimit for standby and documentary letters of credit and an accordion feature that could provide up to \$75 million of additional availability, of which \$25 million is committed. Revolving credit loans outstanding under the Credit Agreement bear interest, at the Company's option, at:

- (i) the prime rate plus a margin of 0.50% to 0.75% based on the amount of the Company's average excess availability under the facility; or
- (ii) the London InterBank Offered Rate, or "LIBOR", for an interest period of one, two, three or six months, as selected by the Company, plus a margin of 1.50% to 1.75% based on the amount of the Company's average excess availability under the facility.

The Company is charged an unused line fee of 0.25% on the unused portion of the commitments. Letter of credit fees range from 0.75% to 0.875% for commercial letters of credit and range from 1.00% to 1.25% for standby letters of credit. Letter of credit fees are determined based on the amount of the Company's average excess availability under the facility. The amount available for loans and letters of credit under the Credit Agreement is determined by a borrowing base consisting of certain credit card receivables, certain inventory and the fair market value of certain real estate, subject to certain reserves.

The outstanding obligations under the Credit Agreement may be accelerated upon the occurrence of certain events, including, among others, non-payment, breach of covenants, the institution of insolvency proceedings, defaults under other material indebtedness and a change of control, subject, in the case of certain defaults, to the expiration of applicable grace periods. The Company is not subject to any early termination fees.

The Credit Agreement contains covenants, which include conditions on stock buybacks and the payment of cash dividends or similar payments. Credit extended under the Credit Agreement is secured by a security interest in substantially all of the Company's U.S. assets excluding intellectual property, software, equipment and fixtures.

On December 20, 2012, the Credit Agreement was amended to provide for, among other things, an extension of the term of the Credit Agreement, a reduction in various rates charged under the Agreement as reflected above and the elimination of a first priority security interest in substantially all of the Company's U.S. intellectual property, software, equipment and fixtures. This amendment also provided for the replacement of certain restrictive limits with an availability test, which must be met in order to permit the taking of certain actions. In conjunction with this amendment, the Company paid \$0.4 million in additional deferred financing costs.

6. CREDIT FACILITY(Continued)

As of February 2, 2013, the Company has capitalized an aggregate of approximately \$3.7 million in deferred financing costs related to the Credit Agreement. The unamortized balance of deferred financing costs at February 2, 2013 was \$1.6 million. Unamortized deferred financing costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the Credit Agreement.

The table below presents the components (in millions) of the Company's credit facility:

	February 2, 2013		January 28, 2012
Credit facility maximum	\$ 150.0	\$	150.0
Borrowing base	150.0		150.0
Outstanding borrowings			_
Letters of credit outstanding—merchandise	27.1		23.1
Letters of credit outstanding—standby	10.6		11.2
Utilization of credit facility at end of period	37.7		34.3
Availability (1)	\$ 112.3	\$	115.7
Interest rate at end of period	3.8	%	4.0%
	Fiscal 2012		Fiscal 2011
Average end of day loan balance during the period	\$ —	\$	_
Highest end of day loan balance during the period	1.1		0.2
Average interest rate	4.0	%	3.6%

⁽¹⁾ The sublimit availability for letters of credit was \$87.3 million and \$90.7 million at February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, respectively.

Letter of Credit Fees

Letter of credit fees approximated \$0.2 million, \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million in Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, respectively, and are included in cost of sales.

7. INTEREST EXPENSE, NET

The following table presents the components of the Company's interest expense, net (in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended					
	February 2, January 28, 2013 2012			January 29 2011		
Interest income	\$	988	\$	959	\$	615
Tax-exempt interest income		_		7		24
Total interest income		988		966		639
Less:						
Interest expense – credit facilities		146		196		236
Unused line fee		422		881		1,191
Amortization of deferred financing fees		364		472		580
Other interest and fees		76		107		162
Total interest expense		1,008		1,656		2,169
Interest expense, net	\$	(20)	\$	(690)	\$	(1,530)

8. PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Prepaid expenses and other current assets are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Febr	February 2, 2013		January 28, 2012	
Prepaid property expense	\$	21,789	\$	22,272	
Prepaid income taxes		9,617		17,970	
Prepaid maintenance contracts		4,493		4,086	
Prepaid insurance		2,471		2,163	
Other		2,557		2,693	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$	40,927	\$	49,184	

9. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Febi	February 2, 2013		ary 28, 2012
Accrued salaries and benefits	\$	28,901	\$	13,309
Customer liabilities		28,147		24,315
Sales taxes and other taxes payable		7,805		4,776
Accrued real estate expenses		6,000		3,577
Accrued store expenses		4,950		5,868
Accrued insurance		4,594		4,533
Accrued construction-in-progress		4,251		4,198
Accrued short-term restructuring costs		3,637		_
Accrued freight		1,918		2,977
Accrued professional fees		1,428		2,605
Accrued marketing		1,324		2,389
Other		8,631		5,704
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	101,586	\$	74,251

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Lease Commitments

The Company leases all of its stores, offices and distribution facilities (except the Ft. Payne, Alabama distribution center which the Company owns), and certain office equipment, store fixtures and automobiles, under operating leases expiring through 2023. The leases require fixed minimum annual rental payments plus, under the terms of certain leases, additional payments for taxes, other expenses and additional rent based upon sales.

Store, office and distribution facilities minimum rent, contingent rent and sublease income from continuing operations are as follows (in thousands):

			Fiscal Year Ended	
	February 2	, 2013	January 28, 2012	January 29, 2011
Minimum rentals	16	6,022	162,761	155,129
Additional rent based upon sales		1,270	1,059	1,715
Sublease income		(369)	(106)	(630)

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Future minimum annual lease payments under the Company's operating leases at February 2, 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	Minimu Leas	ım Operating e Payments
2013	\$	157,088
2014		140,869
2015		125,445
2016		113,332
2017		97,335
Thereafter		304,491
Total minimum lease payments	\$	938,560

New Store and Remodel Capital Commitments

As of February 2, 2013, the Company executed 23 leases for new stores and 11 remodels. The Company estimates the capital expenditures required to open and begin operating these stores will be approximately \$13.1 million.

Purchase Commitments

As of February 2, 2013, the Company has entered into various purchase commitments for merchandise for re-sale of approximately \$305.0 million and approximately \$8.0 million for equipment, construction and other non-merchandise commitments.

Employment Agreements

The Company has an employment agreement with its President and Chief Executive Officer, which provides for severance of two times the sum of base salary plus bonus, and certain other payments and benefits following any termination without cause or for "good reason". As of February 2, 2013, these severance benefits approximated \$6.1 million. In the event of a change in control of the Company, certain executives will receive, in the aggregate, approximately \$19.5 million of severance benefits should they either be terminated or voluntarily terminate their employment due to a degradation of duties as defined in their agreement.

11. LEGAL AND REGULATORY MATTERS

The Company is involved in various legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, any ultimate liability arising out of these proceedings will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

12. INCOME TAXES

Prior years in the below tables have been adjusted for the accounting method change for inventory (see Note 2 for the impact of the change in accounting principle).

The components of income from continuing operations before taxes are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended			
February 2, 2013 January 28, 2012			
36,948	\$		
52,747			
89,695	\$		

12. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The components of the Company's provision for income taxes consisted of the following (in thousands):

		Fiscal Year Ended				
	Feb	ruary 2, 2013	January 28, 2012		Ja	nuary 29, 2011
Continuing Operations						
Current -						
Federal	\$	7,575	\$	6,984	\$	(207)
State		5,230		6,462		7,240
Foreign		11,674		14,693		16,713
Total current		24,479		28,139		23,746
Deferred -						
Federal		3,045		1,542		22,517
State		(762)		1,590		981
Foreign		(310)		(863)		676
Total deferred		1,973		2,269		24,174
Tax provision as shown on the consolidated statements of operations	\$	26,452	\$	30,408	\$	47,920
Effective tax rate		29.5%		29.0%		37.5%
Discontinued Operations						
Federal	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(249)
State		_		_		(62)
Foreign		_		_		_
Total benefit	\$		\$	_	\$	(311)

A reconciliation between the calculated tax provision on income based on statutory rates in effect and the effective tax rate for continuing operations is as follows (in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended				
	February 2, 2013 J		January 28, 2012	Jan	uary 29, 2011
Calculated income tax provision at federal statutory rate	\$ 31,3	93	\$ 36,664	\$	44,688
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	2,9	04	5,234		5,344
Foreign tax rate differential	(9,0	44)	(7,064)		(6,850)
Deemed repatriation of foreign income and reversals thereof		_	(870)		5,359
Nondeductible expenses	1,6	11	1,373		771
Unrecognized tax benefit	(7	43)	(3,729)		(93)
Change in valuation allowance	1,3	95	_		_
Other	(1,0	64)	(1,200)		(1,299)
Total tax provision	\$ 26,4	52	\$ 30,408	\$	47,920

12. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The tax effects of temporary differences which give rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows (in thousands):

	February 2, 2013	January 28, 2012
Current –		
Assets		
Inventory	1,538	1,783
Reserves	12,376	6,109
Foreign tax and other tax credits	_	4,052
Total current assets	13,914	11,944
Liabilities-prepaid expenses	(4,200)	(4,023)
Total current, net	9,714	7,921
Noncurrent –		
Property and equipment	18,519	22,631
Deferred rent	13,598	13,325
Equity compensation	4,401	6,500
Reserves and other	7,160	6,068
Net operating loss carryover and other tax credits	1,395	530
Capital loss carryover	1,560	1,560
Total noncurrent, gross	46,633	50,614
Valuation allowance	(2,955)	(1,560)
Net noncurrent	43,678	49,054
Total deferred tax asset, net	\$ 53,392	\$ 56,975

The Company evaluates its permanent reinvestment assertions with respect to foreign earnings at each reporting period. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011 the Company changed its permanent reinvestment assertion as it related to its Hong Kong and other Asian subsidiaries, whereby the Company no longer provides deferred taxes on the undistributed earnings of these subsidiaries. After this date the Company is fully reinvested in all its foreign subsidiaries. This had the effect of reducing the Company's anticipated income tax provision by approximately \$6.9 million, of which approximately \$0.9 million related to prior year non-repatriated foreign income for which U.S. income taxes were provided.

As of February 2, 2013, the Company has not provided Federal taxes on approximately \$169.8 million of unremitted earnings of its foreign subsidiaries. The Company intends to reinvest these earnings to fund expansion in these and other markets outside the U.S. Accordingly, the Company has not provided any provision for income tax expense in excess of foreign jurisdiction income tax requirements relative to such unremitted earnings in the accompanying financial statements. Determining the unrecognized deferred tax liability for these undistributed foreign earnings is not practicable.

The Company has a capital loss carryforward ("CLC") of approximately \$3.9 million, which will expire in 2015, if unused. The Company also has an Alternative Minimum Tax credit ("AMT") in Puerto Rico of approximately \$1.0 million which does not expire.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon

12. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become realizable.

Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. The Company has concluded that it is more likely than not that certain deferred tax assets cannot be used in the foreseeable future, principally the CLC in the U.S. and the AMT credit in Puerto Rico. Accordingly, a valuation allowance has been established for these tax benefits. However, to the extent that tax benefits related to these are realized in the future, the reduction of the valuation allowance will reduce income tax expense accordingly.

Deferred tax assets relating to tax benefits of stock-based compensation have been reduced to reflect exercises of stock options and vesting of restricted shares during Fiscal 2011 to the extent recognized for financial statement purposes. Some exercises resulted in tax deductions in excess of previously recorded benefits at the time of grant. Although these additional tax benefits were reflected in the foreign tax credit ("FTC") disclosed above, pursuant to the provisions of the "Compensation-Stock Compensation" topic of FASB ASC, they are not recognized in the deferred tax balances until the deductions reduce taxes payable. The windfall deductions do not reduce our current federal taxes payable in Fiscal 2011 because of the FTC generated in the current and prior years. As such, these windfall tax benefits are not reflected in our FTC included in the deferred tax assets disclosed in the above table. Windfall deductions included in our FTC balance but not reflected in the deferred tax assets in the table above were approximately \$6.8 million for Fiscal 2011. These windfall deductions were recognized directly into stockholders' equity during Fiscal 2012.

A reconciliation of the gross amounts of unrecognized tax benefits, excluding accrued interest and penalties, is as follows (in thousands):

	Febr	uary 2, 2013	Janu	ary 28, 2012
Beginning Balance	\$	6,935	\$	11,386
Additions for current year tax positions		475		430
Additions for prior year tax positions		100		112
Reductions for prior year tax positions		(158)		(3,344)
Settlements		(39)		(5)
Reductions due to a lapse of the applicable statute of limitations		(1,394)		(1,644)
	\$	5,919	\$	6,935

Approximately \$6.1 million of unrecognized tax benefits at February 2, 2013 would affect the Company's effective tax rate if recognized. The Company believes it is reasonably possible that there may be a reduction of approximately \$2.5 million of unrecognized tax benefits in the next 12 months as a result of settlements with taxing authorities and statute of limitations expirations.

The Company accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as part of the provision for income taxes. At February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012 accrued interest and penalties included in unrecognized tax benefits were approximately \$1.9 million and \$2.1 million, respectively. Interest, penalties and reversals, thereof, net of taxes, was a benefit of \$0.2 million, \$0.8 million and a cost of \$0.2 million for Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, respectively. Included in income tax expense for Fiscal 2011, the Company recorded a benefit of approximately \$3.7 million related to unrecognized tax benefits primarily as a result of settlements with taxing authorities and statute of limitations expirations.

The Company is subject to tax in the United States and foreign jurisdictions, including Canada and Hong Kong. The Company, joined by its domestic subsidiaries, files a consolidated income tax return for Federal income tax purposes. During fiscal 2009, the Company completed the U.S. Federal income tax audit for fiscal years 2006 and prior. The Company, with certain exceptions, is no longer subject to income tax examinations by state and local or foreign tax authorities for tax years before fiscal 2008.

13. RETIREMENT AND SAVINGS PLANS

401(k) Plan

The Company has adopted The Children's Place 401(k) Savings Plan (the "401(k) Plan"), which qualifies under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The 401(k) Plan is a defined contribution plan established to provide retirement benefits for employees. The 401(k) Plan is employee funded up to an elective annual deferral and also provides for the Company to make matching contributions to the 401(k) Plan.

The 401(k) Plan is available for all U.S. employees who have completed 90 days of service with the Company. Following guidance in IRS Notice 98-52 related to the design-based alternative, or "safe harbor," 401(k) plan method, the Company modified its 401(k) Plan for Company match contributions for non-highly compensated associates, as defined in the Code. For non-highly compensated associates, the Company matches the first 3% of the participant's contribution and 50% of the next 2% of the participant's contribution or 2.5% of the participant's covered compensation and the Company match contribution vests over 5 years. The Company's matching contributions were approximately \$2.0 million, \$1.8 million, and \$1.9 million in Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010, respectively.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Company has a deferred compensation plan (the "Deferred Compensation Plan"), which is a nonqualified, unfunded plan, for eligible senior level employees. Under the plan, participants may elect to defer up to 80% of his or her base salary and/or up to 100% of his or her bonus to be earned for the year following the year in which the deferral election is made. The Deferred Compensation Plan also permits members of the Board of Directors to elect to defer payment of all or a portion of their retainer and other fees to be earned for the year following the year in which a deferral election is made. In addition, eligible employees and directors of the Company may also elect to defer payment of any shares of Company stock that is earned with respect to deferred stock awards. The Company may, but is not required to, credit participants with additional Company contribution amounts. Deferred amounts are not subject to forfeiture and are deemed invested among investment funds offered under the Deferred Compensation Plan, as directed by each participant. Payments of deferred amounts (as adjusted for earnings and losses) are payable following separation from service or at a date or dates elected by the participant at the time the deferral is elected. Payments of deferred amounts are generally made in either a lump sum or in annual installments over a period not exceeding 15 years. During Fiscal 2010, the Deferred Compensation Plan was amended to allow for cash deferrals made by members of the Board of Directors to be invested in shares of the Company's common stock. Such elections are irrevocable and will be settled in shares of common stock. All other deferred amounts are payable in the form in which they were made; cash deferrals are payable in cash and stock deferrals are payable in stock. Earlier distributions are not permitted except in the case of an unforeseen hardship.

The Company has established a rabbi trust that serves as an investment to shadow the Deferred Compensation Plan liability; however, the assets of the rabbi trust are general assets of the Company and as such, would be subject to the claims of creditors in the event of bankruptcy or insolvency. The investments of the rabbi trust consist of company-owned life insurance policies ("COLIs") and Company stock. The Deferred Compensation Plan liability, excluding Company stock, is included in other long-term liabilities and changes in the balance are recognized as compensation expense. The cash surrender values of the COLIs are included in other assets and related earnings and losses are recognized as investment income or loss, which is included in selling, general and administrative expenses. Company stock deferrals are included in the equity section of the Company's consolidated balance sheet as treasury stock and as a deferred compensation liability. Deferred stock is recorded at fair market value at the time of deferral and any subsequent changes in fair market value are not recognized.

The Deferred Compensation Plan liability, excluding Company stock, at fair value, was approximately \$0.7 million and \$0.7 million at February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, respectively. The cash surrender value of the COLIs, which reflects the underlying assets at fair value, was approximately \$0.7 million and \$0.7 million and at February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, respectively. Company stock was \$1.1 million and \$0.6 million at February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, respectively. Prior to Fiscal 2011, there was no Company stock in the Deferred Compensation Plan.

Other Plans

Under statutory requirements, the Company contributes to retirement plans for its Canadian, Puerto Rican and Asian operations. Contributions under these plans were approximately \$0.2 million in each of Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

In accordance with the "Segment Reporting" topic of the FASB ASC, the Company reports segment data based on geography: The Children's Place U.S. and The Children's Place Canada. Each segment includes an e-commerce business located at www.childrensplace.com. Included in The Children's Place U.S. segment are the Company's U.S. and Puerto Rico based stores. Included in The Children's Place Canada segment are the Company's Canadian based stores and revenue from international franchisees. The Company measures its segment profitability based on operating income, defined as income before interest and taxes. Net sales and direct costs are recorded by each segment. Certain inventory procurement functions such as production and design as well as corporate overhead, including executive management, finance, real estate, human resources, legal, and information technology services are managed by The Children's Place U.S. segment. Expenses related to these functions, including depreciation and amortization, are allocated to The Children's Place Canada segment based primarily on net sales. The assets related to these functions are not allocated. The Company periodically reviews these allocations and adjusts them based upon changes in business circumstances. Net sales from external customers are derived from merchandise sales and the Company has no major customers that account for more than 10% of its net sales. As of February 2, 2013, The Children's Place U.S. operated 966 stores and The Children's Place Canada operated 129 stores. As of January 28, 2012, The Children's Place U.S. operated 926 stores and The Children's Place Canada operated 123 stores.

The following tables provide segment level financial information for Fiscal 2012, Fiscal 2011 and Fiscal 2010 (dollars in thousands). Prior years have been adjusted for the accounting method change for inventory (see Note 2 for the impact of the change in accounting principle):

			iscal Year Ended			
		February 2, 2013		January 28, 2012		January 29, 2011
Net sales (1):						
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	1,557,549	\$	1,489,795	\$	1,450,116
The Children's Place Canada (2)		251,937		226,067		223,883
Total net sales	\$	1,809,486	\$	1,715,862	\$	1,673,999
Gross profit:						
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	584,081	\$	553,755	\$	551,327
The Children's Place Canada		107,359		105,894		108,794
Total gross profit	\$	691,440	\$	659,649	\$	660,121
Gross Margin:	_		_			
The Children's Place U.S.		37.5%		37.2%		38.0%
The Children's Place Canada		42.6%		46.8%		48.6%
Total gross margin		38.2%	38.4%			39.4%
Operating income:						
The Children's Place U.S. (3)	\$	68,346	\$	76,531	\$	87,803
The Children's Place Canada (5)		21,369		28,912		41,407
Total operating income	\$	89,715	\$	105,443	\$	129,210
Operating income as a percent of net sales:						
The Children's Place U.S.		4.4%	6 5.1%		5.1%	
The Children's Place Canada		8.5%	% 12.8%		12.8%	
Total operating income		5.0%		6.1%	6.1%	
Depreciation and amortization:						
The Children's Place U.S. (4)	\$	65,066	\$	64,788	\$	63,990
The Children's Place Canada (5)		12,369		9,785		7,650
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	77,435	\$	74,573	\$	71,640
Capital expenditures:						
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	75,945	\$	66,690	\$	78,401
The Children's Place Canada		14,237		13,074		5,544
Total capital expenditures	\$	90,182	\$	79,764	\$	83,945

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

- (1) All of the Company's foreign revenues are included in The Children's Place Canada segment.
- (2) Includes approximately \$8.4 million of revenue from international franchisees for Fiscal 2012. There was no revenue from international franchisees prior to Fiscal 2012.
- (3) Includes exit costs associated with the closures of the West Coast DC and Northeast DC of approximately \$11.1 million for Fiscal 2012 and approximately \$7.7 million of accelerated depreciation associated with the closure of the Northeast DC for Fiscal 2012.
- (4) Includes approximately \$7.7 million of accelerated depreciation associated with the closure of the Northeast DC for Fiscal 2012.
- (5) The Company remodeled certain Canadian stores earlier than originally anticipated. Accelerated depreciation associated with these stores approximated \$1.6 million and \$1.0 million for Fiscal 2012 and Fiscal 2011, respectively.

		February 2,		Jan	uary 28, 2012
Total assets:	•				
The Children's Place U.S.		\$	746,911	\$	706,014
The Children's Place Canada	_		176,499		160,238
Total assets		\$	923,410	\$	866,252

Geographic Information

The Company's long-lived assets are located in the following countries:

	Febr	February 2, 2013		ıary 28, 2012
Long-lived assets (1):				
United States	\$	294,123	\$	294,023
Canada		39,571		33,715
Asia		803		532
Total long-lived assets	\$	334,497	\$	328,270

⁽¹⁾ The Company's long-lived assets are comprised of net property and equipment and other assets.

15. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial statements presented below contain all material adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position and results of operations and have been prepared in a manner consistent with the audited financial statements contained herein. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, the results of operations in any given interim period are not indicative of operating results for a full fiscal year.

15. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The interim financial data presented below for Fiscal 2011 and the first three quarters of Fiscal 2012 have been adjusted to retrospectively adopt a change in accounting principle related to the Company's method of valuing inventory effective during the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2012. See Note 2 for the impact of the change in accounting principle on the quarterly financial information.

	Fiscal Year Ended February 2, 2013						
	 First Second Third Quarter Quarter Quarter					Fourth Quarter (1)	
Net sales	\$ 438,508	\$	360,826	\$	500,928	\$	509,224
Gross profit	178,645		114,705		209,533		188,557
Selling, general and administrative expenses	122,283		120,671		131,875		136,089
Asset impairment charges	1,250		280		539		215
Other costs	834		3,062		570		6,622
Depreciation and amortization	17,218		17,482		23,023		19,712
Operating income (loss)	37,060		(26,790)		53,526		25,919
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	37,009		(26,820)		53,503		26,003
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	12,275		(8,896)		16,198		6,875
Income (loss) from continuing operations	24,734		(17,924)		37,305		19,128
Diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$ 1.00	\$	(0.74)	\$	1.54	\$	0.80
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	24,691		24,249		24,293		23,789

⁽¹⁾ Significant items impacting the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2012 include approximately \$6.6 million of lease termination costs (net of anticipated sublease income) and severance related to the closing of the Northeast DC which are included in other costs in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. The Company also recorded \$2.0 million of accelerated depreciation related to the closing of the Northeast DC which is included in depreciation and amortization in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

	Fiscal Year Ended January 28, 2012							
		First Quarter		Second Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter (1)
Net sales	\$	430,806	\$	343,508	\$	484,085	\$	457,463
Gross profit		181,429		117,574		198,026		162,620
Selling, general and administrative expenses		116,662		112,446		127,229		121,088
Asset impairment charges		398		980		369		461
Depreciation and amortization		17,751		18,478		18,493		19,851
Operating income (loss)		46,618		(14,330)		51,935		21,220
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		46,347		(14,644)		51,865		21,185
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		18,577		(5,757)		19,728		(2,140)
Income (loss) from continuing operations		27,770		(8,887)		32,137		23,325
Diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$	1.05	\$	(0.35)	\$	1.27	\$	0.93
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding		26,387		25,738		25,279		25,033

(1) Significant items impacting the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2011 include a reversal of performance-based compensation expense of approximately \$7.8 million related to operating results versus plan, an approximate \$5.6 million reversal of tax provision related to the Company becoming permanently reinvested in its Asian subsidiaries, an approximate \$2.2 million tax benefit related to a portion of the settlement of a tax audit, and approximately \$0.9 million of accelerated depreciation associated with the early remodel of certain Canadian stores.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to February 2, 2013 and through March 26, 2013, the Company repurchased an additional 0.1 million shares for approximately \$5.9 million, which brought the total under the 2012 \$100 Million Share Repurchase Program to approximately \$25.5 million.

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE II VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS (in thousands)

Column A	Colu	mn B	C	Column C	Column D		Column E
		beginning ear	Charg	ged to expense	Deductions	Ba	llance at end of year
Lower of cost or market reserve (1)							
Fiscal year ended February 2, 2013 (2)	\$	2,746	\$	1,804	\$ (2,137)	\$	2,413
Fiscal year ended January 28, 2012 (as adjusted) (2)	\$	4,477	\$	1,342	\$ (3,073)	\$	2,746
Fiscal year ended January 29, 2011 (as adjusted) (2)	\$	4,623	\$	1,552	\$ (1,698)	\$	4,477

⁽¹⁾ Reflects adjustment of out-of-season merchandise inventories to realizable value. Column C represents increases to the reserve and Column D represents decreases to the reserve based on quarterly assessments of the reserve.

⁽²⁾ See Note 2 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion on changes in accounting principle.

(a)(3) Exhibits.

Exhibit	Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company dated July 29, 2008 filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
3.2	Fourth Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K filed on June 9, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
4.1 ⁽¹⁾	Form of Certificate for Common Stock of the Company filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-31535 on Form S-1, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.1(1)(*)	1997 Stock Option Plan of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-31535 on Form S-1, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.2(*)	Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.3(*)	2011 Equity Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 23, 2011, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.4(*)	The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. 401(k) Plan, as amended filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.5 ⁽¹⁾	Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and the members of its Board of Directors filed as Exhibit 10.7 to the registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-31535 on Form S-1, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.6	Lease Agreement as of August 12, 2003 between Orlando Corporation and The Children's Place (Canada), LP, together with Indemnity Agreement as of August 12, 2003 between the Company and Orlando Corporation, together with Surrender of Lease as of August 12, 2003 between the Company and Orlando Corporation and Orion Properties Ltd. (Canadian Distribution Center) filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended November 1, 2003, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.7	Lease Agreement between the Company and Turnpike Crossing I, LLC (Dayton New Jersey Distribution Center), dated as of July 14, 2004 filed as Exhibit 10.2 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended July 31, 2004, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.8	Hardware and Engineering Services Agreement between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and Dematic Corp. (Material Handling System for the Fort Payne Distribution Center), dated September 29, 2006 filed as Exhibit 10.1 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 28, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.9	Mechanical Installation and Electrical Installation Services Agreement between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and Dematic Corp. (Material Handling System for the Fort Payne Distribution Center), dated September 29, 2006 filed as Exhibit 10.2 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 28, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.10	Standard Form of Agreement between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and Clayco, Inc. (Construction of the Ft. Payne Distribution Center), executed January 18, 2007 filed as Exhibit 10.45 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.11	Form of Indemnity Agreement between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and certain members of management and the Board of Directors filed as Exhibit 10.7 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.12	Credit Agreement dated July 31, 2008 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com, Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as lenders, filed as Exhibit 10.8 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.

Exhibit	Description
10.13	First Amendment to the Credit Agreement, effective as of March 12, 2009, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com, Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.65 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.14	Lease Agreement between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and 500 Plaza Drive Corp. effective as of March 12, 2009 (500 Plaza Drive), Secaucus, New Jersey filed as Exhibit 10.67 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.15	Guaranty between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and 500 Plaza Drive Corp. effective as of March 12, 2009 filed as Exhibit 10.68 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.16	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of May 4, 2009, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com, Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended May 2, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.17	Third Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of July 29, 2009, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com, Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 1, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.18	The First Lease Modification Agreement, dated as of August 27, 2009, between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and 500 Plaza Drive Corp. filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 1, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.19	Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated October 5, 2009, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and SwingLine Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA, as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.20	The Children's Place Retail Stores Inc. Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan effective January 1, 2010 filed as Exhibit 10.82 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 30, 2010, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.21(*)	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of March 28, 2011, by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Jane T. Elfers filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2011, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.22	Amendment No. 1 as of March 23, 2012 to Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated as of March 28, 2011, by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Jane T. Elfers filed as Exhibit 10.31 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 28, 2012, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.23(*)	Deferred Stock Award Agreement, dated as of January 4, 2010, by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Jane T. Elfers filed as Exhibit 10.84 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 30, 2010, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.24(*)	Letter Agreement dated May 9, 2011 between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Eric P. Bauer filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2011, in incorporated by reference herein.
10.25	Fifth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated August 18, 2010, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and SwingLine Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA, as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 30, 2010, is incorporated by reference herein.

Exhibit	Description
10.26(*)	Letter Agreement dated February 17, 2011 between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and John Taylor filed as Exhibit 10.35 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 28, 2012, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.27(*)	Form of Time-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 23, 2011, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.28(*)	Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 23, 2011, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.29(*)	Form of Deferred Stock Award Agreement under the Company's Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 23, 2011, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.30(*)	Form of Performance Stock Award Agreement under the Company's Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 23, 2011, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.31	Form of Amended and Restated Change in Control Agreement filed as Exhibit 10.41 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 29, 2011, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.32	Letter Agreement dated February 15, 2011 between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Susan J. Riley filed as Exhibit 10.42 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 29, 2011, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.33	Sixth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated March 7, 2011, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and SwingLine Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA, as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.43 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 29, 2011, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.34	Seventh Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated August 16, 2011, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc. and The Childrensplace.com Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and SwingLine Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA, as lenders, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended July 30, 2011, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.35	Eighth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated January 25, 2012, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc. and The Childrensplace.com Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, SwingLine Lender and Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA, as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.44 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 28, 2012, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.36(*)	Employment Offer Letter, dated as of May 1, 2012, by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Steven Baginski filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 28, 2012, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.37	Ninth Amendment and Consent Letter to the Credit Agreement, dated May 1, 2012, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (International), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com, Inc., TCP IH I, LLC and TCP IH II, LLC, as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (successor by merger to Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC), as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, SwingLine Lender and as a Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 28, 2012, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.38	Agreement and General Release dated as of June 19, 2012 between Eric Bauer and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC. filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended October 27, 2012, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.39	Agreement and General Release dated as of August 27, 2012 between Lori Tauber Marcus and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC. filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended October 27, 2012, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.40(*)(+)	Employment Offer Letter, dated as of November 26, 2012, by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Michael Scarpa.

Exhibit	Description
10.41 ⁽⁺⁾	Agreement and General Release dated as of February 25, 2013 between Steven Baginski and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC.
10.42 ⁽⁺⁾	Tenth Amendment to the Credit Agreement, dated December 20, 2012, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (International), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., the childrensplace.com, inc., TCP IH II, LLC, TCP International IP Holdings, LLC and TCP International Product Holdings, LLC, as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (successor by merger to Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC), as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, SwingLine Lender and as a Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
10.43(*)(+)	Letter Agreement dated June 21, 2012 between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and John E. Taylor.
18.1(+)	Preferability Letter dated March 28, 2013 from BDO USA, LLP, The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc.'s registered independent accounting firm, regarding change in accounting principle.
21.1(+)	Subsidiaries of the Company.
23.1(+)	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
31.1(+)	Certificate of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2(+)	Certificate of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
32(+)	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.

⁽¹⁾ Exhibit numbers are identical to the exhibit numbers incorporated by reference to such registration statement.

- (b) Exhibits. The exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K are filed herewith or incorporated by reference.
- (c) <u>Financial Statement Schedules and Other Financial Statements</u>.

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

All other financial statement schedules are omitted from this Annual Report on Form 10-K, as they are not required or applicable or the required information is included in the financial statements or notes thereto.

^(*) Compensation Arrangement.

⁽⁺⁾ Filed herewith.

^{*} Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

By: /S/ Jane T. Elfers

Jane T. Elfers

Chief Executive Officer and President

March 28, 2013

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/S/ Norman Matthews Norman Matthews	Chairman of the Board	March 28, 2013
/S/ Jane T. Elfers Jane T. Elfers	Director, Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)	March 28, 2013
/S/ Michael Scarpa Michael Scarpa	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	March 28, 2013
/S/ Joseph Alutto Joseph Alutto	Director	March 28, 2013
/S/ Susan Patricia Griffith Susan Patricia Griffith	Director	March 28, 2013
/S/ Joseph Gromek Joseph Gromek	Director	March 28, 2013
/S/ Jamie Iannone Jamie Iannone	Director	March 28, 2013
/S/ Louis Lipschitz Louis Lipschitz	Director	March 28, 2013
/S/ Kenneth Reiss Kenneth Reiss	Director	March 28, 2013

November 14, 2012

Mr. Michael Scarpa 141 Notch Road Oak Ridge, NJ 07438

Dear Mike:

On behalf of The Children's Place, it is my pleasure to confirm our offer of employment for the position of Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer reporting to me. Details of our offer are as follows:

• COMMENCEMENT OF EMPLOYMENT: November 19, 2012

ANNUAL BASE SALARY: \$ 650,000

- BONUS: You will be eligible to participate in our annual management incentive bonus plan (the "Bonus Plan"). Your bonus is based on Company and individual performance. Your target bonus will be -60% of your annual salary. Your actual bonus may be from 0% to 200% of your target bonus based upon actual performance, and any bonuses earned will be paid at the same time as bonus payments are made to other Executive Vice Presidents of the Company.
- EQUITY AWARD. Based upon your position with the Company, you will receive a new hire equity award. All equity awards are subject to the Company's 2011 Equity Incentive Plan ("2011 Equity Plan") and must be awarded in accordance with the Company's Policy Regarding the Award of Equity-Based Incentives to Executives Officers and Other Employees (the "Equity Award Policy").
 - 1. <u>Number of RSUs</u>. An award of a number of Time-Based Restricted Stock Units ("TRSUs") having a fair market value of \$1,000,000 on the date of grant.
 - 2. <u>Type of Award</u>. The TRSUs will be awarded in the form of Time-Based RSUs (each, as defined in the 2011 Equity Plan). Assuming a November 19, 2012 commencement date, the grant date for this award will be December 3, 2012 (the "Grant Date"), provided that you execute and deliver to the Company the Time-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (The Award Agreement will be provided to you following your execution and return of this offer letter.)
 - 3. <u>Vesting</u>. The Time-Based Restricted Stock Units will vest ratably over three years on the anniversary dates of their grant, subject to continued employment on each vesting date.
- 2013 EQUITY AWARD: In 2013, you will be eligible to receive an equity award under the 2011 Equity Plan at the same time as other associates in the Company, subject to the approval of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Your 2013 grant will be a combination of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units (PRSU's) and Time-Based Restricted Stock Units (TRSU's) on the same percentage split as other Executive Vice Presidents of the Company as determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors at the time of grant.
- 401(k) PLAN: Following 90 days of service, you will be eligible to participate in The Children's Place 401(k) Savings Plan. After one year of service, you will be eligible for Company matching

contributions equal to 50% of your own contributions up to 5% of covered compensation. Company matching contributions are subject to graduated vesting over five years.

- OTHER BENEFITS: You will be eligible as of the first of the month following your commencement date for other benefits (long term disability, health and life insurance) available to other associates at your level.
- PAID TIME OFF: You will be eligible for 22 days of Paid Time Off (PTO) in every fiscal year (February through January). You may
 not carry over PTO days from year to year. The number of days you are eligible to receive during the current fiscal year will be
 prorated based on your commencement date. Your PTO days do not include eight Company paid holidays and one floating holiday. The
 Company's PTO policy and Company paid holidays are subject to change annually.
- CHANGE IN CONTROL: Subject to your execution and delivery to the Company of an amended and restated Change in Control Severance Agreement (the "Change in Control Severance Agreement"), you will be protected if you should be terminated other than for Cause (as defined in the Change in Control Severance Agreement) or resign for Good Reason (as defined in the Change in Control Severance Agreement) in anticipation of, or subsequent to a Change in Control (as defined in the Change in Control Severance Agreement). Under the Change in Control Severance Agreement, the severance period is 24 months. During the severance period, you will be paid your salary and bonus (as defined in the Change in Control Severance Agreement), as well as continue to be covered under the Company's health plan. In addition, pursuant to the 2011 Equity Plan, (i) 100% of your Time-Based RSUs will vest and be delivered immediately prior to a Change in Control and (ii) 50% of your Performance Based RSUs will vest and be delivered immediately prior to a Change in Control if the Change in Control occurs within the first six months of the applicable performance period). Unless the Change in Control Severance Agreement is otherwise terminated earlier pursuant to its terms, it will remain in force for two years from the execution thereof and it will renew for additional one year periods unless the Company provides you with notice of nonrenewal at least 90 days prior to the second anniversary date thereof or, if renewed, at least 90 days prior to each subsequent renewal.
- SEVERANCE: You will be eligible to receive a severance payment in the amount available to other associates at your level under the Company's severance guidelines. In the event that you are terminated from the Company without Cause (as defined in the Change in Control Severance Agreement), the amount you will entitled to will be eighteen month's severance at your then current salary, provided, in all cases, that such severance shall automatically and immediately be reduced by the amount of salary or other like annual remuneration you receive from employment or engagement as an independent contractor, during the severance period, with any other person or entity. Further, the Company agrees to waive the applicable premium cost that you would otherwise be required to pay for continued group health benefit coverage under COBRA for the corresponding period of severance as provided above unless otherwise prohibited under applicable law. All such payments are intended to comply with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and the regulations there under such that no payment made, or benefit provided, to you hereunder shall be subject to an "additional tax" within the meaning of the Code. Receipt of the payments and other benefits set forth herein are

conditioned upon the execution and delivery of an agreement containing a release of claims, an agreement of confidentiality, and an agreement of non-solicitation and non-competition for a period of eighteen months following termination in such form as the Company shall reasonably determine, which release of claims shall, to the extent permitted by law, waive all claims and actions against the Company and its officers, directors, affiliates and such other related parties and entities as the Company chooses to include in the release.

- WITHHOLDING: The Company is authorized to withhold from any payment to be made hereunder to you such amounts for income tax, social security, unemployment compensation, excise taxes and other taxes and penalties as in the Company's judgment is required to comply with applicable laws and regulations.
- 409A COMPLIANCE: Notwithstanding anything in this offer letter to the contrary, if you are a "specified employee" (determined in accordance with Section 409A of the Code and Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(i)(2)) as of the termination of your employment with the Company, and, if any payment, benefit or entitlement provided for in this offer letter or otherwise both (i) constitutes a "deferral of compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code and (ii) cannot be paid or provided in a manner otherwise provided herein or otherwise without subjecting you to additional tax, interest, and/or penalties under Section 409A of the Code, then any such payment, benefit or entitlement that is payable during the first six months following the date of your termination of employment shall be paid or provided to you (or your estate, if applicable) in a lump sum cash payment (together with interest on such amount during the period of such restriction at a rate, per annum, equal to the applicable federal short-term rate (compounded monthly) in effect under Section 1274(d) of the Code on the date of termination) on the earlier of (x) your death or (y) the first business day of the seventh calendar month immediately following the month in which your termination of employment occurs.
- CONFIDENTIALITY, ETC.: At the time of the execution and delivery of this offer letter, you will also execute and deliver the Company's Confidentiality, Work Product and Non-solicitation Agreement delivered herewith.
- INDEMNIFICATION/D&O: As an officer of the Company, you will be indemnified on the same terms and conditions, and will be
 covered by the Company's directors' and officers' insurance coverage to the same extent as other Executive Vice Presidents of the
 Company.

Unless specifically stated in this offer letter, all terms and conditions of your employment are as provided by the policies and practices of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and its affiliates as in effect from time to time.

This offer of employment is not to be construed as an employment contract, expressed or implied, and it is specifically understood that your employment is at-will (this means that either you or the Company may terminate your employment at any time with or without cause) and further that there is no intent on the part of the Company or yourself, for continued employment of any specified period of time.

Please indicate your acceptance of and agreement with the foregoing by executing this offer letter and returning a copy to me.

Mike, please give this offer your utmost consideration. We look forward to your joining our team. We are confident that you will make a strong contribution to our continued growth and success. Should you have any questions concerning the specifics of our offer to you, or the benefit programs, please do not hesitate to call.							
Sincerely,							
In a T. Pile							
Jane T. Elfers President & Chief Executive Officer							
Agreed and Accepted:							
Michael Scarpa	Date						

AGREEMENT AND GENERAL RELEASE

This Agreement and General Release (the "<u>Agreement</u>") is made as of the 25th day of February, 2013 between Steven E. Baginski ("<u>Employee</u>") and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and its parents and direct and indirect subsidiaries and affiliated corporations (collectively, "<u>Employer</u>" or the "<u>Company</u>"). The Employee, Employer and/or the Company may be collectively referred to herein as the "Parties".

- 1. <u>Separation from Employment</u>. Employee acknowledges, confirms and agrees that Employee's last day of employment with the Company was November 26th, 2012 (the "<u>Separation Date</u>").
- 2. <u>Separation Payments</u>. As good and valuable consideration for Employee's execution, delivery and non-revocation of this Agreement, Employer shall, subject to the effectiveness of, and the terms and conditions of, this Agreement, pay to Employee: (i) the amount of Four Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$450,000), less legally required payroll deductions, which amount shall be paid in twenty-six (26) equal bi-weekly installments commencing at the end of the first full pay period following the Effective Date (as defined in Paragraph 6(c) below); and (ii) the amount of Sixty Four Thousand Eight Hundred Twenty Five Dollars (\$64,825), less legally required payroll deductions, which amount shall be paid in a lump sum within ten (10) business days of the Effective Date.
- 3. <u>Benefits</u>. As good and valuable consideration for Employee's execution, delivery, and non-revocation of this Agreement, Employer also shall, subject to the effectiveness of this Agreement and General Release, waive Employee's premium costs for continued health and/or dental coverage under the Company's group health plan(s) pursuant to the provisions of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA) for a period ending on the earlier to occur of November 30, 2013 and the date Employee becomes eligible for the same or better employer-related health insurance coverage, provided, that Employee timely elects such COBRA coverage in accordance with the requirements of such plan(s).
- 4. Acknowledgments Regarding Payments and Benefits. Employee acknowledges and agrees that any monetary, equity-based or other amounts or benefits which, prior to the execution of this Agreement, Employee may have been awarded, earned or accrued or to which Employee may have been or be in the future entitled to be paid or provided, have been paid or provided, or have been fully addressed in this Agreement, or such payments or benefits have been released, waived or settled by Employee pursuant to this Agreement. Employee agrees that Employee is not entitled to and will not seek any further consideration, including, but not limited to, any wages, vacation pay, sick pay, disability pay, bonus, compensation (including equity-based compensation), payment or benefit from the Released Parties (as defined in Paragraph 8) other than that to which

Employee is entitled pursuant to Paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Agreement. Employee further agrees that Employee shall not accrue any additional awards or rights pursuant to any equity or other incentive plan of the Company and shall forfeit any and all equity or other incentive awards and rights to any such awards to the extent not vested and/or not delivered on the Separation Date.

5. Return of Company Property. Employee represents and warrants that Employee has returned to the Company all laptops, cellular telephones, blackberries, iPhones, iPads, keys, locks, credit cards, documents, records, materials, and other information or property of any type whatsoever that is the property of the Company or its affiliates. Employee further agrees that Employee shall not retain or use for any purpose, and shall immediately return to the Company, any copies, images, or reproductions of correspondence, memoranda, reports, financial information, personnel information, notebooks, drawings, photographs, or other documents relating in any way to the business or affairs of the Company, its affiliates or their respective suppliers or vendors.

6. Consultation with Counsel and Voluntariness of Agreement.

- (a) Employee acknowledges that Employer has advised Employee in writing to consult with an attorney at Employee's own expense prior to executing this Agreement. Employee further acknowledges that, to the extent desired, Employee has consulted with Employee's own attorney in reviewing this Agreement, that Employee has carefully read and fully understands all the provisions of this Agreement, and that Employee is voluntarily entering into this Agreement.
- (b) Employee further acknowledges and agrees that Employee has had a period of at least twenty-one (21) days in which to consider the terms of this Agreement and changes to this Agreement, whether material or immaterial, do not restart the running of the 21-day period.
- (c) Unless revoked as provided below, this Agreement shall be effective and enforceable on the eighth (8th) day after execution and delivery of this Agreement to the Company by Employee (the "Effective Date"). The parties to this Agreement understand and agree that Employee may revoke this Agreement after having executed and delivered it to the Company by so advising the Company (Attention: General Counsel) in writing no later than 11:59 p.m. on the seventh (7th) day after Employee's execution and delivery of this Agreement to the Company. If Employee revokes this Agreement, it shall not be effective or enforceable, and Employee shall not be entitled to the payments or benefits set forth in Paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Agreement.
- 7. <u>Confirmation of Employment</u>. Employee shall refer all inquiries concerning Employee's employment to Employer's payroll department and Employer's payroll department shall, if called upon, confirm Employee's dates of employment, compensation and position with Employer, and shall make no other statements concerning Employee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Employee, in Employee's sole discretion, shall be permitted to request and obtain references and referrals from other current and/or prior employees of Employer.

- 8. Employee Release of Employer and Released Parties.
- (a) In exchange for the consideration set forth above, Employee, on behalf of Employee and Employee's agents, assignees, attorneys, heirs, executors and administrators, voluntarily and knowingly releases Employer, as well as Employer's successors, predecessors, assigns, parents, subsidiaries, divisions, affiliates, officers, directors, shareholders, employees, agents and representatives, in both their individual and representative capacities (collectively, the "Released Parties"), from any and all claims, causes of action, suits, grievances, debts, sums of money, agreements, promises, damages, back and front pay, costs, expenses, and attorneys' fees by reason of any matter, cause, act or omission arising out of or in connection with Employee's employment with Employer or separation therefrom, including but not limited to any claims based upon common law, or any federal, state or local employment statutes or civil rights laws (hereafter the "Claims"). Claims, as included in this release, without limiting its scope, are claims arising under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended; the Age Discrimination in Employment Act ("ADEA"); the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act; the Americans with Disabilities Act; the Lily Ledbetter Act; Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974; the New Jersey Conscientious Employee Protection Act; the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination; the New Jersey Family Leave Act; the New Jersey Wage Payment Act; the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002; the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010; and any other laws prohibiting discrimination, retaliation, wrongful termination, failure to pay wages, breach of contract, defamation, invasion of privacy, whistleblowing or infliction of emotional distress, or any other matter. The foregoing releases all Claims including those of which Employee is not aware and those not mentioned in this Agreement up to the date of the execution and delivery of this Agreement to the Company. Employee expressly acknowledges and agrees that, by entering into this Agreement, Employee is releasing and waiving any and all Claims, including, without limitation, Claims that Employee may have arising under ADEA, which have arisen on or before the date of Employee's execution and delivery of this Agreement to the Company.
- (b) This release does not waive rights or claims that may arise after this release is executed, including any right or claim to enforce the terms of this Agreement, does not waive any rights to vested benefits under any deferred compensation program or plan, and does not waive any rights or claims which cannot be waived as a matter of law. This Agreement does not affect Employee's right to file a charge with the EEOC or similar state agency or to participate in any investigation conducted by the EEOC or similar state agency, but Employee hereby waives and releases any and all rights to recover under, or by virtue of, any such investigation, hearing or proceeding. Notwithstanding any provisions in this Agreement to the contrary, the term "Claims" shall not include, and Employee does not release the Released Parties from, any claims to indemnification that the Employee may have against the Release Parties arising out of or related to indemnification from third party claims that the Employee may have a right to now or in the future as granted to the Employee pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation and/or Bylaws of the

Employer (collectively, "Indemnification Claims"). Employee shall be permitted to pursue any Indemnification Claims.

- (c) Notwithstanding anything set forth in this Agreement to the contrary, nothing in this Agreement shall affect or be used to interfere with Employee's protected right to test in any court, under the Older Workers' Benefit Protection Act, or like statute or regulation, the validity of the waiver of rights under ADEA set forth in this Agreement. Notwithstanding anything set forth in this Agreement to the contrary, Employer agrees not to contest any claims you may choose to file for unemployment benefits before any governmental entity.
- 9. Representations; Covenant Not to Sue. Employee hereby represents and warrants to the Released Parties that: (a) Employee has not filed, caused, or permitted to be filed any pending proceeding (nor has Employee lodged a complaint with any governmental or quasi-governmental authority) against the Released Parties, nor has Employee agreed to do any of the foregoing; (b) Employee has not assigned, transferred, sold, encumbered, pledged, hypothecated, mortgaged, distributed, or otherwise disposed of or conveyed to any third party any right or Claim against the Released Parties that has been released in this Agreement; (c) Employee has not directly or indirectly assisted any third party in filing, causing, or assisting to be filed, any Claim against the Released Parties; and (d) to Employee's actual knowledge as of the Separation Date, Employee is not aware of any misconduct by or other matter involving any employee or director of the Company that Employee should report in accordance with the Company's Code of Business Conduct or any irregularity in the Company's books or records or any other matter relating to the Company's financial or accounting policies, procedures or practices, actual or proposed, that should properly be reported by Employee under the Code of Business Conduct or otherwise, including pursuant to the procedures established by the Company for making such reports, except any that has already been reported by Employee in writing to the appropriate personnel of the Company. Except as set forth in Paragraphs 8(b) and (c) above, Employee covenants and agrees that Employee shall not encourage or solicit or voluntarily assist or participate in any way in the filing, reporting or prosecution by himself or any third party of a proceeding or claim against any of the Released Parties unless compelled to do so by law.
- 10. <u>Violation of Terms</u>. Employee agrees that if Employee is required to return any payments made under this Agreement, this Agreement shall continue to be binding on Employee and the Released Parties shall be entitled to enforce the provisions of this Agreement as if the payments had not been repaid to Company. Should Employer or Employee violate any provision of this Agreement, then Employee or Employer, as applicable, shall have all remedies and civil actions available to remedy applicable damages. The Parties agree that, should either Party seek to enforce the terms of this Agreement through litigation, then the prevailing Party, in addition to all other legal and equitable remedies, shall be reimbursed by the other Party for all reasonable attorneys' fees in relation to such litigation. The term "prevailing Party" in the prior sentence shall

mean such Party that prevails (whether affirmatively or by means of a successful defense) with respect to claims having the greatest value or importance as reasonably determined by the court or arbitrator.

- 11. <u>No Admission</u>. Nothing contained in this Agreement nor the fact that the Parties have signed this Agreement shall be construed as an admission by either Party.
- 12. <u>Waiver of Reinstatement</u>. By entering into this Agreement, Employee acknowledges that Employee waives any claim to reinstatement and/or future employment with Employer. Employee further acknowledges that Employee is not and shall not be entitled to any payments, benefits or other obligations from the Released Parties whatsoever (except as expressly set forth in this Agreement).
- 13. Delay in Payments as Required by Section 409A of the Code. Notwithstanding any provisions herein to the contrary, if all or any portion of the payments or benefits due under Paragraphs 2 or 3 hereof are reasonably determined by Employee to be "nonqualified deferred compensation" subject to Section 409A of the Code (as communicated to the Company in writing together with the execution and delivery hereof by Employee) and the Company determines that Employee is a "specified employee" (as defined in Section 409A(a)(2)(B)(i) of the Code and the other guidance promulgated thereunder), then such payments shall commence on the first regular payroll date on or immediately following the first day of the seventh month following Employee's "separation from service", as defined in Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(h), including the default presumptions and the first of such payments shall include a lump sum payment of all amounts otherwise payable prior to the first payment date but for the application of this Paragraph with interest on such amount during the period of such delay at a rate, per annum, equal to the applicable short-term rate (compounded monthly) in effect under Section 1274(d) of the Code on the date of Employee's "separation from service". The Company hereby advises Employee that it has determined that Employee is a "specified employee" (as so defined).
- 14. <u>Section 409A of the Code</u>. Employee hereby acknowledges and agrees with the Company that the interpretation of Section 409A of the Code and its application to the terms of this Agreement is uncertain and may be subject to change as additional guidance and interpretations become available. Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, all benefits or payments provided by the Company to Employee that would be deemed to constitute "nonqualified deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code are intended to comply with Section 409A of the Code, and to the extent that any provision of this Agreement is unclear or ambiguous as to its compliance with Section 409A, the provision shall be read in such manner so that all payments comply with or are exempt from Section 409A. Both Parties believe in good faith that all payments and benefits provided for under this Agreement are either exempt from said Section 409A or comply with the requirements of such Section and will not cause an acceleration of taxation

or imposition of interest or penalties under Section 409A or any other provision of the Code, and the Parties agree that all tax reporting and withholding will be consistent with this belief. If, however, any such benefit or payment is deemed by either Party to not comply with Section 409A of the Code, Employee and the Company agree to renegotiate in good faith any such benefit or payment (including, without limitation, as to the timing of any payment or benefit payable hereunder), if possible, so that either (i) Section 409A of the Code will not apply or (ii) compliance with Section 409A of the Code will be achieved. In any event, notwithstanding anything to the contrary, neither the Company nor any of its employees or representatives shall have any liability to Employee with respect to Section 409A of the Code. For purposes of 409A, each payment made under this Agreement shall be treated as a separate payment.

- 15. <u>Miscellaneous</u>. This Agreement contains the entire agreement and understanding between the parties. This Agreement supersedes any and all previous agreements and plans, whether written or oral, between Employee and Employer; notwithstanding the foregoing, Employee acknowledges and agrees that the Confidentiality, Work Product and Nonsolicitation Agreement between Employee and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and executed by the Employee on April 20, 2012 shall remain in full force and effect. There are no other representations, agreements or understandings, oral or written, between the Parties relating to the subject matter of this Agreement. No amendment to or modification of this Agreement shall be valid unless made in writing and executed by the Parties hereto subsequent to the date of this Agreement. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, including by fax or pdf, and all counterparts so executed shall constitute one agreement, binding upon the Parties. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties, as well as their administrators, representatives, agents, executors, successors and assigns.
- 16. <u>Choice of Law and Jurisdiction</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey applicable to contracts made and performed in such State and without regard to the conflicts or choice of law provisions thereof that would give rise to the application of the substantive law of any other jurisdiction. Either Party may commence a legal suit, action or proceeding to resolve any dispute arising under this Agreement, provided that such legal suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be instituted in a New Jersey federal or state court ("Selected Venue"). Employee and Employer agree to waive any objection which either may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any such suit, action or proceeding brought in the Selected Venue and Employee and Employer irrevocably submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of any court in the Selected Venue in any suit, action or proceeding.
- 17. <u>Severability</u>. If any term, provision or part of this Agreement shall be determined to be in conflict with any applicable federal, state or other governmental law or regulation, or otherwise shall be invalid or unlawful, such term, provision or part shall continue in effect to the extent permitted by such law or regulation. Such invalidity, unenforceability or unlawfulness shall

not affect or impair any other terms, provisions and parts of this Agreement not in conflict, invalid or unlawful, and such terms, provisions and parts shall continue in full force and effect and remain binding upon the parties hereto.

EMPLOYEE STATES THAT EMPLOYEE HAS CAREFULLY READ THIS AGREEMENT PRIOR TO SIGNING IT, THAT THE AGREEMENT HAS BEEN FULLY EXPLAINED TO EMPLOYEE PRIOR TO SIGNING IT, THAT EMPLOYEE HAS HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO HAVE IT REVIEWED BY AN ATTORNEY AT EMPLOYEE'S OWN EXPENSE AND EMPLOYEE UNDERSTANDS THE AGREEMENT'S FINAL AND BINDING EFFECT PRIOR TO SIGNING IT, AND THAT EMPLOYEE IS SIGNING THE RELEASE KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY WITH THE FULL INTENTION OF COMPROMISING, SETTLING, AND RELEASING THE RELEASED PARTIES AS STATED IN THIS AGREEMENT.

_ day of February, 2013.						
Steven E. Baginski						
Agreed to and accepted by, on this day of February, 2013.						
THE CHILDREN'S PLACE SERVICES COMPANY, LLC						

Title: Senior Vice President, Human Resources

TENTH AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

This Tenth Amendment to Credit Agreement (this "<u>Tenth Amendment</u>") is made as of this 20th day of December, 2012 by and among:

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC., a Delaware corporation, for itself and as agent (in such capacity, the "<u>Lead Borrower</u>") for the other Borrowers party hereto;

the BORROWERS party hereto;

the GUARANTORS party hereto;

the LENDERS party hereto; and

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION (successor by merger to Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC), as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, reference is made to that certain Credit Agreement (as amended, modified, supplemented or restated and in effect from time to time, the "<u>Credit Agreement</u>") dated as of July 31, 2008 by and among (i) the Borrowers, (ii) the Guarantors, (iii) the Lenders, and (iv) Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (successor by merger to Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC), as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender; and

WHEREAS, the Loan Parties, the Agents and the Lenders have agreed to amend certain terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement as set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby agreed as follows:

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. All capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the same meaning herein as in the Credit Agreement.
- 2. <u>Amendments to Article I</u>. The provisions of <u>Article I</u> of the Credit Agreement are hereby amended as follows:
 - (a) The definition of "Borrowing Base" is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

"Borrowing Base" means, at any time of calculation, an amount equal to:

(a) the face amount of Eligible Credit Card Receivables multiplied by ninety percent (90%);

<u>plus</u>

(b)the retail value, or, upon the completion by the Lead Borrower of its transition from the retail method of accounting to the Cost method of accounting, the Cost, as applicable, of Eligible Inventory, net of Inventory Reserves, multiplied by ninety percent (90%) of the NRLV of Eligible Inventory;

<u>plus</u>

(c) the retail value, or, upon the completion by the Lead Borrower of its transition from the retail method of accounting to the Cost method of accounting, the Cost, as applicable, of Eligible In-Transit Inventory, net of Inventory Reserves, multiplied by ninety percent (90%) of the NRLV of Eligible In-Transit Inventory; provided that in no event shall the amount available to be borrowed pursuant to this clause (c) exceed 10% of the Revolving Credit Ceiling then in effect at such time;

<u>plus</u>

(d)with respect to any Eligible Letter of Credit, the Cost of the Inventory supported by such Eligible Letter of Credit, net of Inventory Reserves, multiplied by the lesser of (i) 85% of the NRLV of the Inventory supported by such Eligible Letter of Credit, and (ii) eighty five percent (85%);

<u>plus</u>

(e)the lesser of (i) FMV of Eligible Real Estate, net of Realty Reserves, multiplied by fifty percent (50%) and (ii) \$15,000,000.00;

minus

- (f) the then amount of all Availability Reserves.
- (b) The definition of "Debt Service Charges" is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

"Debt Service Charges" means, for any Measurement Period, the sum of (a) Consolidated Interest Charges for such Measurement Period, plus (b) principal payments made or required to be made on account of Indebtedness (excluding the Obligations but including, without limitation, Capital Lease Obligations) for such Measurement Period, in each case of or by the Lead Borrower and its Subsidiaries for such Measurement Period, all as determined on a Consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP.

(c) The definition of "Payment Conditions" is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

"Payment Conditions" means, at the time of determination with respect to any transaction or payment to which the Payment Conditions applies, that (a) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would arise as a result of such transaction or payment, and (b) at least five (5) days prior to the consummation of such transaction or the making of such payment, the Lead

Borrower shall have provided to the Administrative Agent a certificate signed by a Responsible Officer of the Lead Borrower, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Administrative Agent, certifying that:

- (i) either:
- (A) Excess Availability immediately prior to, and projected pro forma Excess Availability (measured as of the end of each Fiscal Month) for the twelve Fiscal Months immediately following, and after giving effect to, such transaction or payment shall be equal to or greater than twenty-five (25%) percent of the lesser of (x) the Aggregate Commitments and (y) the Borrowing Base, or
- (B) (1) Excess Availability immediately prior to, and projected pro forma Excess Availability (measured as of the end of each Fiscal Month) for the twelve Fiscal Months immediately following, and after giving effect to, such transaction or payment shall be equal to or greater than fifteen (15%) percent of the lesser of (x) the Aggregate Commitments and (y) the Borrowing Base, and (2) the Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio immediately prior to, and the projected pro forma Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (measured as of the end of each Fiscal Month) for the twelve (12) Fiscal Months immediately following, and after giving effect to, the proposed transaction or payment, shall be equal to or greater than 1.00:1.0, and
- (ii) the Loan Parties, on a Consolidated basis, are, and will continue to be, Solvent after giving effect to such transaction or payment.
- (d) Clauses (i) and (j) of the definition of "Permitted Acquisition" are deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:
 - "(i) After giving effect to such Acquisition, the Payment Conditions shall be satisfied."
- (e) Clause (d) of the definition of "Permitted Indebtedness" is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:
 - "(d) Without duplication of Indebtedness described in clause (f) of this definition, so long as the Payment Conditions are satisfied, purchase money Indebtedness of any Loan Party to finance the acquisition of any fixed or capital assets, including the Alabama Capital Lease and other Capital Lease Obligations, and any Indebtedness assumed in connection with the acquisition of any such assets or secured by a Lien on any such assets prior to the acquisition thereof, and any Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness in respect thereof; provided, however, that, if requested by the Collateral Agent, the Loan Parties shall cause the holders of any such Indebtedness incurred after the Closing Date to enter into a Collateral Access Agreement;"

- (f) The definition of "Permitted Indebtedness" is amended by deleting "and" at the end of clause (n) thereof, by deleting clause (o) thereof in its entirety, and by replacing it with the following:
 - "(o) Indebtedness of any Person that becomes a Subsidiary of a Loan Party in a Permitted Acquisition, which Indebtedness is existing at the time such Person becomes a Subsidiary of a Loan Party (other than Indebtedness incurred solely in contemplation of such Person's becoming a Subsidiary of a Loan Party); and
 - (p) other unsecured Indebtedness so long as the Payment Conditions are satisfied;"
- (g) Clause (g) of the definition of "Permitted Investment" is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:
 - "(g) (i) Investments by any Loan Party and its Subsidiaries in their respective Subsidiaries outstanding on the date hereof, (ii) additional Investments by any Loan Party and its Subsidiaries in any other Loan Party, (iii) additional Investments by any Loan Party in Subsidiaries that are not Loan Parties so long as the Payment Conditions are satisfied, (iv) any Investment in connection with the Canadian Restructuring, and (v) any Investment in connection with the International Restructuring."
- (h) The definition of "Permitted Investment" is amended by deleting "and" at the end of clause (m), re-lettering clause (n) as clause (o), and adding the following new clause (n) thereto:
 - "(n) other Investments pursuant to the TCP Investment Policy; and"
- (i) The definitions of "Intellectual Property Security Agreement" and "Pledge Agreement" are deleted in their entirety.
- (j) The definitions of "Applicable Commitment Fee Percentage", "Bank Products", "Cash Management Services", "Maturity Date", "Security Agreement" and "Security Documents" are deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:
 - "Applicable Commitment Fee Percentage" means 0.25%.
 - "Bank Products" means any services or facilities provided to any Loan Party by a Lender or any of its Affiliates (but excluding Cash Management Services), including, without limitation on account of (a) Swap Contracts, (b) merchant services constituting a line of credit, (c) leasing, (d) Factored Receivables, and (e) supply chain finance services including, without limitation, trade payable services and supplier accounts receivable purchases.

"Cash Management Services" means any cash management services or facilities provided to any Loan Party by a Lender or any of its Affiliates, including, without limitation: (a) ACH transactions, (b) controlled

disbursement services, treasury, depository, overdraft, and electronic funds transfer services, (c) foreign exchange facilities, (d) credit or debit cards, (e) credit card processing services, and (f) purchase cards.

"Maturity Date" means August 16, 2017.

"Security Agreement" means the Amended and Restated Security Agreement dated as of the Tenth Amendment Effective Date among the Loan Parties and the Collateral Agent.

"Security Documents" means the Security Agreement, the Mortgage, the Blocked Account Agreements, the Credit Card Notifications, and each other security agreement or other instrument or document executed and delivered to the Collateral Agent pursuant to this Agreement or any other Loan Document granting a Lien to secure any of the Obligations.

(k) The pricing grid set forth in the definition of "Applicable Margin" is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Level	Average Excess Availability	LIBOR Margin	Base Rate Margin	Commercial Letter of Credit Fee	Standby Letter of Credit Fee
I	Greater than or equal to 50% multiplied by the Revolving Credit Ceiling	1.50%	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%
II	Less than 50% multiplied by the Revolving Credit Ceiling	1.75%	0.75%	0.875%	1.25%

- (l) The following new definitions are inserted in <u>Article I</u> of the Credit Agreement in appropriate alphabetical order:
 - (i) "Factored Receivables" means any Accounts originally owed or owing by a Loan Party to another Person which have been purchased by or factored with Wells Fargo or any of its Affiliates pursuant to a factoring arrangement or otherwise with the Person that sold the goods or rendered the services to the Loan Party which gave rise to such Account.
 - (i) "International Restructuring" means the series of transactions described on Annex I to the International Restructuring Side Letter resulting in the organizational structure reflected in the chart attached to such Annex I
 - (ii) "<u>International Restructuring Side Letter</u>" means that certain letter agreement by and among the Administrative Agent and the Loan Parties dated as of October 31, 2012.

- (iii) "TCP Investment Policy" means the investment policy of the Lead Borrower as reviewed and approved annually by the audit committee of the Lead Borrower and consented to by the Administrative Agent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed).
- (iv) "Tenth Amendment" means the Tenth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of December _____, 2012 by and among the Borrowers, the Guarantors, the Lenders and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender.
- (v) "<u>Tenth Amendment Effective Date</u>" means December _____, 2012.

3. <u>Amendments to Article VI</u>.

- (a) <u>Section 6.01</u> of the Credit Agreement, "*Financial Statements*." is hereby amended by deleting clause (a) thereof and replacing it with the following:
 - "(a) as soon as available, but in any event within ninety (90) days after the end of each Fiscal Year of the Lead Borrower (commencing with the Fiscal Year ending in January 2009), a Consolidated and consolidating balance sheet of the Lead Borrower and its Subsidiaries as at the end of such Fiscal Year, the related Consolidated and consolidating statements of income or operations and Shareholders' Equity and the related Consolidated statement of cash flows for such Fiscal Year, setting forth in each case, but only with respect to the Consolidated statements, in comparative form the figures for (i) the previous Fiscal Year and (ii) such period set forth in the projections delivered pursuant to Section 6.01(c) hereof, all in reasonable detail and prepared in accordance with GAAP, such Consolidated and (where relevant) consolidating statements to be audited and accompanied by (i) a report and unqualified opinion of BDO USA, LLP or another public accounting firm of nationally recognized standing reasonably acceptable to the Administrative Agent, which report and opinion shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and shall not be subject to any "going concern" or like qualification or exception or any qualification or exception as to the scope of such audit, (ii) an opinion of such public accounting firm independently assessing the Loan Parties' internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Item 308 of SEC Regulation S-K, PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 2, and Section 404 of Sarbanes-Oxley expressing a conclusion that contains no statement that there is a material weakness in such internal controls, except for such material weaknesses as to which the Required Lenders do not object and (iii) as to statements not covered by an audit, certification by a Responsible Officer of the Lead Borrower to the effect that such statements are fairly stated in all material respects when considered in relation to the Consolidated and consolidating financial statements of the Lead Borrower and its Subsidiaries;"
- (b) <u>Section 6.01</u> of the Credit Agreement, "*Financial Statements*." is hereby amended by deleting clause (b) thereof and replacing it with the following:
 - "(b) as soon as available, but in any event within forty-five (45) days after the end of each of the first three (3) Fiscal Quarters of each Fiscal Year of the Lead Borrower, and within sixty (60) days after the end of the last Fiscal Quarter of each Fiscal Year

of the Lead Borrower (or after the occurrence of an Increased Financial Reporting Event, within thirty (30) days after the end of each Fiscal Month of each Fiscal Year (except with respect to the last Fiscal Month of each Fiscal Quarter, with respect to which the applicable period for delivery shall be forty-five (45) days rather than thirty (30) days), a Consolidated and consolidating balance sheet of the Lead Borrower and its Subsidiaries as at the end of such Fiscal Quarter (or Fiscal Month, as applicable), the related Consolidated and consolidating statements of income or operations and Shareholders' Equity and the related Consolidated statement of cash flows for such Fiscal Quarter (or Fiscal Month, as applicable), and for the portion of the Fiscal Year then ended, setting forth in each case, but only with respect to the Consolidated statements, in comparative form the figures for (i) such period set forth in the projections delivered pursuant to Section 6.01(c) hereof, (ii) the corresponding Fiscal Quarter (or Fiscal Month, as applicable) of the previous Fiscal Year and (iii) the corresponding portion of the previous Fiscal Year, all in reasonable detail, such Consolidated and (where relevant) consolidating statements to be certified by a Responsible Officer of the Lead Borrower as fairly presenting the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Lead Borrower and its Subsidiaries as of the end of such Fiscal Quarter and for the period then ended (or as of the end of such Fiscal Month and for the period then ended, as applicable) in accordance with GAAP, subject only to normal year-end audit adjustments and the absence of footnotes;"

- (c) <u>Section 6.02</u> of the Credit Agreement, "*Certificates*; *Other Information*." is amended by deleting clause (b) thereof and replacing it with the following:
 - "(b) concurrently with the delivery of the financial statements referred to in Section 6.01, (i) a duly completed Compliance Certificate signed by a Responsible Officer of the Lead Borrower, which shall include (A) a certification as to the amount, if any, of rent under any Leases, and any obligations and liabilities with respect to Taxes, that have not been timely paid, and (B) a certification as to the receipt of notice, if any, as to any obligations or liabilities with respect to utilities and/or insurance premiums that have not been timely paid. In the event of any change in generally accepted accounting principles used in the preparation of such financial statements, the Lead Borrower shall also provide a statement of reconciliation conforming such financial statements to GAAP;"
- (d) <u>Section 6.02</u> of the Credit Agreement, "*Certificates; Other Information*." is amended by deleting "Wednesday" wherever it appears in clause (c) thereof and by replacing it with "Friday".
- (e) <u>Section 6.02</u> of the Credit Agreement, "*Certificates*; *Other Information*." is amended by deleting clause (d) thereof and replacing it with the following:
 - "(d) Upon the request of the Administrative Agent or its auditors, appraisers, accountants, consultants or other representatives, copies of each of the Lead Borrower's federal income tax returns, and any amendments thereto;"
- (f) <u>Section 6.12</u> of the Credit Agreement, "*Additional Loan Parties*." is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

"6.12 Additional Loan Parties. Notify the Administrative Agent at the time that any Person becomes a Subsidiary, and promptly thereafter (and in any event within fifteen (15) days), cause any such Person which is not a CFC, to (a) become a Loan Party by executing and delivering to the Administrative Agent a Joinder to this Agreement or a counterpart of the Facility Guaranty or such other document as the Administrative Agent shall deem appropriate for such purpose, (b) grant a Lien to the Collateral Agent on such Person's assets to secure the Obligations to the extent required under the Security Documents, and (c) deliver to the Administrative Agent documents of the types referred to in clauses (iii) and (iv) of Section 4.01(a) and favorable opinions of counsel to such Person (which shall cover, among other things, the legality, validity, binding effect and enforceability of the documentation referred to in clause (a)). In no event shall compliance with this Section 6.12 waive or be deemed a waiver or Consent to any transaction giving rise to the need to comply with this Section 6.12 if such transaction was not otherwise expressly permitted by this Agreement or constitute or be deemed to constitute, with respect to any Subsidiary, an approval of such Person as a Borrower or permit the inclusion of any acquired assets in the computation of the Borrowing Base."

4. <u>Amendments to Article VII</u>.

- (a) <u>Section 7.09</u> of the Credit Agreement, "*Transactions with Affiliates*", is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:
 - "7.09 Transactions with Affiliates. Enter into, renew, extend or be a party to any transaction of any kind with any Affiliate of any Loan Party, except for: (a) transactions that are on fair and reasonable terms, that are fully disclosed to the Administrative Agent, and that are no less favorable to the Loan Parties than would be obtainable by the Loan Parties at the time in a comparable arm's length transaction with a Person other than an Affiliate; (b) transactions between the Lead Borrower and Services Company in the ordinary course of business; (c) intercompany loans and advances or other intercompany Indebtedness permitted pursuant to clauses (b), (c), (e), (i) and (j) of the definition of Permitted Indebtedness; and (d) intercompany Investments permitted pursuant to clauses (g), (h), (i) and (m) of the definition of Permitted Investments."
- (b) <u>Section 7.18</u> of the Credit Agreement, "*Foreign Transfers*", is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:
 - "7.18 <u>Foreign Transfers</u>. Permit the Loan Parties located within the United States to make intercompany transfers outside the ordinary course of business to their Affiliates outside the United States unless Payment Conditions are satisfied."
- 5. <u>Amendment to Schedules</u>. The Schedules to the Credit Agreement are amended and restated by incorporating the Amended and Restated Schedules to the Credit Agreement attached as <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto.
- 6. Ratification of Loan Documents; Waiver of Claims.

- (a) Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, all terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents remain in full force and effect. The Loan Parties hereby ratify, confirm, and reaffirm that all representations and warranties of the Loan Parties contained in the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document are true and correct in all material respects on and as of the date hereof, except to the extent that such representations and warranties specifically refer to an earlier date, in which case they are true and correct in all material respects as of such earlier date.
- (b) Each of the Loan Parties hereby acknowledges and agrees that there is no basis or set of facts on the basis of which any amount (or any portion thereof) owed by the Loan Parties under the Loan Documents could be reduced, offset, waived, or forgiven, by rescission or otherwise; nor is there any claim, counterclaim, offset, or defense (or other right, remedy, or basis having a similar effect) available to the Loan Parties with regard thereto; nor is there any basis on which the terms and conditions of any of the Obligations could be claimed to be other than as stated on the written instruments which evidence such Obligations.
- Each of the Loan Parties hereby acknowledges and agrees that it has no offsets, defenses, claims, or counterclaims against the Agents or any Lender, or any of their respective affiliates, predecessors, successors, or assigns, or any of their respective officers, directors, employees, attorneys, or representatives, with respect to the Obligations, or otherwise, and that if any Loan Party now has, or ever did have, any offsets, defenses, claims, or counterclaims against the Agents or any Lender, or their respective affiliates, predecessors, successors, or assigns, or their respective officers, directors, employees, attorneys, or representatives, whether known or unknown, at law or in equity, from the beginning of the world through this date and through the time of execution of this Tenth Amendment, all of them are hereby expressly **WAIVED**, and each of the Loan Parties hereby **RELEASES** the Agents and each Lender and their respective officers, directors, employees, attorneys, representatives, affiliates, predecessors, successors, and assigns from any liability therefor.
- 7. <u>Conditions to Effectiveness</u>. This Tenth Amendment shall not be effective until each of the following conditions precedent has been fulfilled to the reasonable satisfaction of the Administrative Agent:
 - (a) The Administrative Agent shall have received counterparts of this Tenth Amendment duly executed and delivered by each of the parties hereto.
 - (b) All corporate and shareholder action on the part of the Loan Parties and all consents and approvals necessary for the valid execution, delivery and performance by the Loan Parties of this Tenth Amendment and the Joinder Documents shall have been duly and effectively taken and evidence thereof reasonably satisfactory to the Agent shall have been provided to the Agent.

- (c) TCP International IP Holdings, LLC, TCP International Product Holdings, LLC and the Loan Parties shall have delivered to the Administrative Agent, a duly executed Joinder Agreement, in the form of Exhibit B hereto (together with each deliverable due thereunder) and TCP International IP Holdings, LLC, TCP International Product Holdings and the Loan Parties shall have otherwise complied with Section 6.12 of the Credit Agreement to the reasonable satisfaction of the Administrative Agent (the "Joinder Documents").
- (d) The Administrative Agent shall have received a fully executed Amended and Restated Security Agreement, in the form of Exhibit C hereto.
- (e) The Administrative Agent shall have received a written legal opinion of the Loan Parties' counsel, addressed to the Administrative Agent, the Collateral Agent and the other Credit Parties, covering such matters relating to this Tenth Amendment, the Joinder Documents, the Amended and Restated Security Agreement and/or the transactions contemplated thereby, as the Administrative Agent may reasonably request.
- (f) After giving effect to this Tenth Amendment, no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing.
- (g) There shall be no material misstatements in the materials furnished by the Loan Parties to the Agent or the Lenders prior to closing of this Tenth Amendment, or in representations or warranties of the Loan Parties made in the Credit Agreement. The Agent shall be satisfied that any financial statements delivered to it fairly present the business and financial condition of the Borrowers and their Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, as of the date thereof and for the periods covered thereby, and that there has been no material adverse change in the assets, business, financial condition or income of the Borrowers and their subsidiaries, taken as a whole, since the date of the most recent Financial Statements delivered to the Agent. The Agent shall be satisfied that any projections delivered to it represent the Borrowers' good faith estimate of their future financial performance and were prepared on the basis of assumptions believed by the Borrowers to be fair and reasonable in light of current business conditions at the time such projections were prepared.
- (h) All fees payable to the Agents and the Lenders on or before the Tenth Amendment Effective Date shall have been paid.
- (i) The Agent shall have been reimbursed by the Loan Parties for all reasonable costs and expenses of the Agents (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees) in connection with the preparation, negotiation, execution, and delivery of this Tenth Amendment and related documents. The Loan Parties hereby acknowledge and agree that the Administrative Agent may charge the Loan Account to pay such costs and expenses.

- 8. <u>Termination of Pledge Agreement and Intellectual Property Security Agreement</u>. As of the Tenth Amendment Effective Date:
 - (a) the Pledge Agreement shall automatically terminate and be of no further force and effect (except with respect to such provisions as expressly survive the termination thereof) and, within ten (10) Business Days after the Tenth Amendment Effective Date, the Administrative Agent shall deliver to the Lead Borrower (at the Lead Borrower's expense), without recourse, representation or warranty, (i) all certificates representing Pledged Collateral (as defined in the Pledge Agreement), (ii) all stock powers and other instruments of transfer previously delivered to the Administrative Agent in connection therewith and (iii) all UCC termination statements, releases and similar documents that the Lead Borrower shall reasonably request to evidence such termination.
 - (b) the Intellectual Property Security Agreement shall automatically terminate and be of no further force and effect (except with respect to such provisions as expressly survive the termination thereof) and, within ten (10) Business Days after the Tenth Amendment Effective Date, the Administrative Agent shall deliver to the Lead Borrower (at the Lead Borrower's expense), without recourse, representation or warranty, (i) such documents and instruments as the Lead Borrower shall reasonably request for filing in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office and the U.S. Copyright Office to terminate of record the assignments and security interests created by the Intellectual Property Security Agreement and (iii) all UCC termination statements, releases and similar documents that the Lead Borrower shall reasonably request to evidence such termination.
- 9. Release of Guarantor. Upon the execution of this Tenth Amendment, TCP IH I, LLC shall be automatically released from its obligations under the Credit Agreement, the Facility Guaranty and the other Loan Documents, and within ten (10) Business Days after the Tenth Amendment Effective Date, the Administrative Agent shall deliver to the Lead Borrower (at the Lead Borrower's expense), without recourse, representation or warranty, all UCC termination statements, releases and similar documents that the Lead Borrower shall reasonably request to evidence such release.

10. Miscellaneous.

- (a) This Tenth Amendment may be executed in several counterparts and by each party on a separate counterpart, each of which when so executed and delivered shall be an original, and all of which together shall constitute one instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Tenth Amendment by telecopy or other electronic transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Tenth Amendment.
- (b) This Tenth Amendment expresses the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby. No prior negotiations or discussions shall limit, modify, or otherwise affect the provisions hereof.

- (c) Any determination that any provision of this Tenth Amendment or any application hereof is invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect and in any instance shall not affect the validity, legality, or enforceability of such provision in any other instance, or the validity, legality, or enforceability of any other provisions of this Tenth Amendment.
- (d) The Loan Parties represent and warrant that they have consulted with independent legal counsel of their selection in connection with this Tenth Amendment and are not relying on any representations or warranties of the Agents or the Lenders or their counsel in entering into this Tenth Amendment.
- (e) THIS TENTH AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK WITHOUT REGARD TO PRINCIPLES OF CONFLICTS OF LAWS.

[Signature Pages Follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have hereunto caused this Tenth Amendment to be executed and their seals to be hereto affixed as of the date first above written.

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC., as Lead Borrower and as a Borrower

By: /s/ Michael Scarpa Name: Michael Scarpa

Title: Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE SERVICES COMPANY, LLC, as a Borrower

By: /s/ Michael Scarpa Name: Michael Scarpa

Title: Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

THE CHILDRENSPLACE.COM, INC., as a Guarantor

By: /s/ Michael Scarpa Name: Michael Scarpa Title: Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE INTERNATIONAL, LLC, as a Guarantor

By: /s/ Michael Scarpa Name: Michael Scarpa

Title: Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE CANADA HOLDINGS, INC., as a Guarantor

By: /s/ Michael Scarpa Name: Michael Scarpa

Title: Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

TCP IH II, LLC, as a Guarantor

By: /s/ Michael Scarpa Name: Michael Scarpa

Title: Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION (successor by merger to Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC), as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, Swing Line Lender and as a Lender

By: /s/ Michele Ayou Name: Michele Ayou Title: Authorized Signatory

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Kathleen Dimak Name: Kathleen Dimak Title: Managing Director

HSBC BANK (USA), N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Alan Zinser Name: Alan Zinser Title: Vice President

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Nisha Gupta Name: Nisha Gupta Title: Authorized Officer

EXHIBIT A

Amended and Restated Schedules to Credit Agreement

EXHIBIT B

Form of Joinder Agreement

EXHIBIT C

Form of Amended and Restated Security Agreement

[The Children's Place Letterhead]

June 21, 2012

Mr. John Taylor c/o The Children's Place 500 Plaza Drive Secaucus, NJ 07094

Dear John,

As we have discussed, your continued service to the Company will be an important part of achieving our goals. Accordingly, the Company has agreed with you as follows:

- 1. In the event you remain employed by the Company on March 29, 2013, the Company will pay you a cash lump sum of \$100,000, less applicable withholdings (the "Stay Bonus"), on or before March 29, 2013.
- 2. In the event that you die or the Company terminates your employment without cause on or before March 29, 2013, you (or your estate as applicable) will be entitled to payment of the Stay Bonus in March 2013 as aforesaid.
- 3. Nothing herein shall entitle you to continued employment by the Company or otherwise affect your at-will employment status with the Company. This letter shall be administered in compliance with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and the applicable rules and regulations in connection therewith.

Please acknowledge your agreement with the foregoing by signing in the space below and returning a copy of this letter to me.

Very truly yours,

The Children's Place Retail Stores Inc.

/s/ Jane T. Elfers

Jane T. Elfers
President and Chief Executive Officer

Cc: Larry McClure

Accepted and agreed:

/s/ John Taylor June 21, 2012

Name date

March 28, 2013 The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. 500 Plaza Drive Secaucus, NJ 07094

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of February 2, 2013 and January 28, 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended February 2, 2013, and have reported thereon dated March 28, 2013. The aforementioned consolidated financial statements and our audit report thereon are included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 2, 2013. As stated in note 2 to those consolidated financial statements, the Company elected to change its method of accounting for inventories from the retail inventory method to an average cost method. In addition, the Company elected to capitalize additional supply chain costs which were previously expensed as incurred. The Company believes that the changes are preferable as they better reflect the value of inventory as of the balance sheet dates, provide a better reflection of periodic net income and improve comparability with its peers.

With regard to the aforementioned accounting changes, authoritative criteria has not been established for evaluating the preferability of one acceptable method of accounting over another acceptable method. However, for purposes of the Company's compliance with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we are furnishing this letter.

Based on our review and discussion, with reliance on management's business judgment and planning, we concur that the newly adopted methods of accounting are preferable in the Company's circumstances.

Very truly yours,

/S/ BDO USA, LLP

New York, NY March 28, 2013

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. has the following direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries:

The Children's Place (Hong Kong) Limited, a Hong Kong corporation

thechildrensplace.com, inc. a Delaware corporation

The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, a Virginia limited liability company

TCP Canada, Inc., a Nova Scotia limited liability company

The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation

TCP Investment Canada I Corp., a Nova Scotia unlimited liability company

TCP Investment Canada II Corp., a Nova Scotia unlimited liability company

The Children's Place (Canada), LP, an Ontario limited partnership

The Children's Place (Barbados) Inc., a Barbados corporation

Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., an inactive New York insurance captive corporation

The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

The Children's Place International Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a wholly foreign owned Shanghai trading company

The Children's Place Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a wholly foreign owned Shanghai trading company incorporated under the laws of the Peoples Republic of China

The Children's Place Asia Holdings Limited, a Hong Kong corporation

The Children's Place Hong Kong Holdings Limited, a Hong Kong corporation

The Children's Place Mauritius Holdings Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Mauritius

The Children's Place India Private Limited, a private company incorporated under the laws of India

The Children's Place Bangladesh Ltd., a private company incorporated under the laws of Bangladesh

TCP IH I LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

TCP IH II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

TCP Canada Holdings, LP, an Alberta limited partnership

TCP International Holdings, LP, an Alberta limited partnership

TCP International Financing SARL, a Luxembourg private limited liability company

TCP Global Holdings, SARL, a Luxembourg private limited liability company

TCP Global Sourcing Holdings, SARL, a Luxembourg private limited liability company

TCP (Gibraltar) Company Limited, a Gibraltar limited company

TCP International Product Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

TCP International IP Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. Secaucus, New Jersey:

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-3 (No. 333-88378) and Form S-8 (No. 333-47065, 333-135211 and 333-85834) of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries of our reports dated March 28, 2013, relating to the consolidated financial statements, financial statement schedule and the effectiveness of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting, which appear in this Form 10-K.

/S/ BDO USA, LLP

New York, NY March 28, 2013

Certificate of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Jane T. Elfers, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the Audit Committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 28, 2013 By: /S/ JANE T. ELFERS

JANE T. ELFERS

Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

Certificate of Principal Accounting Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Michael Scarpa, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the Audit Committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 28, 2013 By: /S/ MICHAEL SCARPA

MICHAEL SCARPA Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

<u>Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>

I, Jane T. Elfers, Chief Executive Officer and President of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "Company"), pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, do hereby certify that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Annual Report of the Company on Form 10-K for the year ended February 2, 2013 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in such annual report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have executed this Certification this 28th day of March, 2013.

By: /S/ JANE T. ELFERS

Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Michael Scarpa, Chief Financial Officer of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "Company"), pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, do hereby certify that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Annual Report of the Company on Form 10-K for the year ended February 2, 2013 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in such annual report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have executed this Certification this 28th day of March, 2013.

By: /S/ MICHAEL SCARPA

Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

This certification accompanies the Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. for the year ended February 2, 2013 pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

A signed original copy of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission and its staff upon request.