UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fifty-two weeks ended January 30, 2010

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

Commission file number 0-23071

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

31-1241495

(I.R.S. employer identification number)

500 Plaza Drive Secaucus, New Jersey (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

07094

(Zip Code)

(201) 558-2400

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Common Stock, \$0.10 par value

Name of each exchange on which registered: Nasdaq Global Select Market

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes o No ⊠

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No 🗵

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗵 No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer \boxtimes

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if smaller reporting Company) Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No 🗵

The aggregate market value of common stock held by non-affiliates was \$785,667,451 at the close of business on August 1, 2009 (the last business day of the registrant's fiscal 2009 second fiscal quarter) based on the closing price of the common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market. For purposes of this disclosure, shares of common stock held by persons who hold more than 10% of the outstanding shares of common stock and shares held by executive officers and directors of the registrant have been excluded because such persons may be deemed affiliates. This determination of executive officer or affiliate status is not necessarily a conclusive determination for other purposes.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: Common Stock, par value \$0.10 per share, outstanding at March 22, 2010: 27,579,719.

Documents Incorporated by Reference: Portions of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. Definitive Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held in 2010 are incorporated by reference into Part III.

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED JANUARY 30, 2010

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Business section and other parts of this Annual Report on Form 10-K may contain certain forward-looking statements regarding future circumstances. Forward-looking statements provide current expectations of future events based on certain assumptions and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Forward-looking statements can also be identified by words such as "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "predicts," and similar terms. These forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations and assumptions of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "Company") and are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in such forward-looking statements including, but not limited to, those discussed in the subsection entitled "Risk Factors" under Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Actual results, events, and performance may differ significantly from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Readers of this Annual Report on Form 10-K are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to release publicly any revisions to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. The inclusion of any statement in this Annual Report on Form 10-K does not constitute an admission by the Company or any other person that the events or circumstances described in such statement are material.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

PART I

ITEM 1.—BUSINESS

As used in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, references to the "Company", "The Children's Place", "we", "us", "our" and similar terms refer to The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Our fiscal year ends on the Saturday on or nearest to January 31. Other terms that are commonly used in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are defined as follows:

- Fiscal 2009—The fifty-two weeks ended January 30, 2010.
- Fiscal 2008—The fifty-two weeks ended January 31, 2009.
- Fiscal 2007—The fifty-two weeks ended February 2, 2008.
- Fiscal 2010—Our next fiscal year representing the fifty-two weeks ending January 29, 2011.
- GAAP—Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.
- Comparable Store Sales—Net sales, in constant currency, from stores that have been open at least 14 full months and that have not been substantially remodeled during that time.
- Comparable Retail Sales—Comparable Store Sales plus comparable sales from our e-commerce store.
- SEC—Securities and Exchange Commission.
- FASB—Financial Accounting Standards Board.
- FASB ASC—FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which serves as the source for authoritative U.S. GAAP, except that rules and interpretive releases by the SEC are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants.
- CPSA—Consumer Product Safety Act.

- CPSC—Consumer Products Safety Commission.
- CPSIA—Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008.

General

The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. is the largest pure-play children's specialty apparel retailer in North America. We provide apparel and related accessories for children from newborn to ten years old. We design, contract to manufacture and sell high-quality, value-priced merchandise under the proprietary "The Children's Place" brand name. We offer current fashion trends in a broad color palette as coordinated outfits specifically designed for children. We create freshness in our stores by introducing seasonal merchandise lines throughout the year. Each store offers spacious, bright and airy shopping that is a friendly and convenient atmosphere for both children and adults. The Children's Place has differentiated departments and is dedicated to serving the needs of Girls and Boys (sizes 4-14), Baby Girls and Boys (sizes 6 mos.-4T) and Newborn (sizes 0-12 mos.). Display racks and shelves are arranged to distinctly separate each department and provide easy viewing of the latest collection available. Our merchandise is also available at our online store located at www.childrensplace.com. Our customers are able to shop at our online store, at their convenience, and receive the same high quality, value-priced merchandise and customer service that are available in our physical stores.

The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. was incorporated in June 1988 operating fewer than 100 stores. At the time of our initial public offering in September 1997, we had grown to approximately 200 stores located in 26 states in the eastern half of the United States. By April 2003, we had grown to 656 stores and our geographical coverage included 47 states and a newly established presence in Canada. The growth of the Children's Place stores and brand has since continued, and as of January 30, 2010, we owned and operated 947 stores throughout North America as well as our online store. During Fiscal 2009, we opened 38 stores compared to 26 in Fiscal 2008, and we closed eight stores in Fiscal 2009, compared to 13 in Fiscal 2008. Our store growth plan for Fiscal 2010 includes opening approximately 65 new The Children's Place stores and closing approximately 15.

Segment Reporting

After the disposal of our Disney Store Business during Fiscal 2008, management continued its reassessment of our internal reporting structure. At January 31, 2009, net sales of Canadian operations had grown by approximately 56% over the prior three fiscal years, and after the disposal of the Disney business, its percentage of consolidated net sales has grown from approximately 9% to approximately 12%. Further, the fluctuations of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar in recent years have had a significant impact on our Canadian operating results. Beginning in Fiscal 2009, our chief operating decision maker ("CODM") required, and we began reporting, discrete financial information for our Canadian operations.

We report segment data based on management responsibility: The Children's Place U.S. and The Children's Place Canada. Included in The Children's Place U.S. segment are our U.S. based stores, including Puerto Rico, and our e-commerce store, www.childrensplace.com. We measure our segment profitability based on operating income, defined as earnings before interest and taxes. Net sales and direct costs are recorded by each segment. Certain centrally managed inventory procurement functions such as production and design are allocated to each segment based upon usage. Corporate overhead, including executive management, finance, real estate, human resources, legal, and information technology services are allocated to the segments based primarily on net sales. Included in the allocation of corporate overhead is depreciation and amortization expense; however, the related assets are not allocated. We periodically review these allocations and adjust them based upon changes in business circumstances. Net sales from customers are derived primarily from merchandise sales and we have no major customers that account for more than 10% of our net sales. The following tables show

by segment our net sales and operating income for the past three fiscal years, and total assets as of January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009 (in thousands):

	For the Fiscal Year Ended				
	January 30, 2010	January 31, 2009	February 2, 2008		
Net sales:					
The Children's Place U.S.	\$ 1,441,562	\$ 1,428,073	\$ 1,325,618		
The Children's Place Canada	202,025	202,250	194,711		
Total net sales	\$ 1,643,587	\$ 1,630,323	\$ 1,520,329		

	For the Fiscal Year Ended					
	January 30, 2010		January 31, 2009		l, February 2008	
Operating income (loss):						
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	90,873	\$	85,412	\$	(10,364)
The Children's Place Canada		39,199		36,985		39,603
Total operating income	\$	130,072	\$	122,397	\$	29,239
Operating income (loss) as a percent of net sales						
The Children's Place U.S.		6.3%	6	6.09	6	(0.8)%
The Children's Place Canada		19.49	6	18.39	6	20.3%
Total operating income as a percent of net sales		7.9%	6	7.59	6	1.9%

	January 30, 2010			nnuary 31, 2009
Total assets:				
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	752,827	\$	845,701
The Children's Place Canada		101,233		94,056
Total assets	\$	854,060	\$	939,757

All foreign net sales are in The Children's Place Canada segment while certain foreign expenses related to our buying operations are allocated between the two segments.

The Disney Store Business

From November 2004 through April 2008, through four wholly owned subsidiaries, the Company operated the Disney Store retail chain in North America (the "Disney Store Business") under a license agreement (the "License Agreement") with the Walt Disney Company ("Disney"). On March 20, 2008, after a thorough review of the Disney Store Business, including its potential for earnings growth, its capital needs and its ability to fund such needs from its own resources, we decided to exit the Disney Store Business. On March 26, 2008, the Company's subsidiaries that operated the Disney Store Business, Hoop Holdings, LLC, Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, Hoop Canada Holdings, Inc. and Hoop Canada Inc. (collectively "Hoop"), each filed a voluntary petition for relief under bankruptcy provisions in their respective jurisdictions. On April 30, 2008, with approval of the respective bankruptcy courts, Hoop sold the Disney Store Business to affiliates of Disney, including a majority of the Disney stores and related assets and effectively ended the License Agreement. During the remainder of Fiscal 2008, those stores not acquired by Disney were closed, and the remaining affairs of Hoop were mostly wound down. For further discussion of the Disney Store Business, see Note 3 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

As a result of our decision to exit the Disney Store Business and in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we have reclassified the Disney Store Business as a discontinued operation in our consolidated financial statements for all periods presented. Related to the Disney Store Business during Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007, we recorded income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes of \$(0.5) million, \$8.4 million and \$(69.5) million, respectively. Included in income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes for Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007 were net sales of \$129 million and \$642 million, respectively.

Key Capabilities

Our objective is to deliver high-quality merchandise at value prices and we employ a variety of techniques to achieve that objective as follows:

Merchandising Strategy

Our merchandising strategy is built on offering interchangeable outfits and accessories to create a coordinated look distinctive to the brand. We offer an updated, focused assortment of styles in a variety of colors and patterns, with the aim of consistently creating a fresh, youthful look at value prices that we believe distinguishes "The Children's Place" brand. We divide the year into quarterly merchandising seasons: spring, summer, back-to-school and winter. Within each season, we typically deliver two merchandise lines. Each season is built around a color palette that includes an assortment of coordinated basic and fashion apparel with matching accessories.

High Quality/Value Pricing

We believe that our high quality, value price positioning is an important component of our long-term strategy. We offer high-quality clothing and accessories under "The Children's Place" brand name at prices below most of our direct mall-based competitors. We employ this value pricing strategy across our entire merchandise offering.

Brand Image

We strive to build our brand image and customer loyalty for "The Children's Place" by:

- Offering high-quality products at value prices;
- Providing colorful, coordinated and interchangeable outfits and accessories;
- Maintaining a uniform merchandise presentation;
- Emphasizing our image in our marketing visuals;
- Using our customer database to effectively target direct mailers to customers; and
- Selling our merchandise exclusively in our The Children's Place stores and on our website.

Low-Cost Sourcing

We control the design, sourcing and production of our products. We believe that this control is essential in assuring the consistency and quality of our merchandise, as well as our ability to deliver value to our customers. We have established long-standing relationships with our vendors and suppliers. Through these relationships and our extensive knowledge of low cost sourcing, we are able to offer our customers high-quality products at value prices. Our offices in Hong Kong, China, India and Bangladesh allow us to capitalize on new sourcing opportunities, increase our control over product quality and enable us to respond to changing merchandise trends effectively and efficiently.

Merchandising Process

To execute our merchandising strategies, we rely on the coordinated efforts of our design, merchandising, planning and sourcing teams. These teams, in conjunction with senior management, review prior season results, fashion trends, colors and design concepts that we will offer in upcoming seasons. Merchandising selects items for production from the assortment of merchandise designs that are created by the design team. Then, based upon detail design specifications and production quantities determined by merchandising and planning, the sourcing team arranges for the issuance of purchase orders and manufacture of the selected items.

Work on each of our seasonal lines begins approximately one year before the season. However, the Company maintains, and at times exercises, the ability to develop and deliver product on an expedited timeline. The merchandising process includes purchasing of samples and gathering market intelligence on fashion trends, which involves extensive European and domestic market research, studying media and fashion magazines, attending trade shows, engaging the services of fashion and color forecast organizations, and analyzing prior season performance. After the design teams present their ideas, the designers, with the direction of the merchandising team, translate those ideas into a merchandise assortment that reflects the theme of the season. These interpretations include variations in fabric and other materials, product color, decoration and age-appropriate silhouettes. Potential items are designed using computer aided design technology, which allows for a wide range of style and fashion options. Our sourcing teams and Asian offices coordinate the production of prototype samples which enable our merchandising teams to ensure that our merchandise will properly reflect our design concepts. We also work with prototype samples in a simulated in-store environment.

The merchandise management teams create a detailed purchasing plan for the season covering each department, category and key item, based on historical, current and emerging category trends. The production process takes approximately five to six months from order confirmation to receipt of merchandise at our distribution facilities. Our planning teams monitor current and projected inventory levels on a weekly basis and analyze sales patterns to predict future demand for various items and categories. We regularly monitor sales and maintain some flexibility to adjust merchandise on order for future seasons or to accelerate delivery of merchandise. Our merchandise allocation teams are responsible for planning and allocating merchandise to each store based on sales levels, merchandise turns and other factors.

Sourcing and Procurement

We combine management's extensive apparel sourcing experience with a cost-based buying strategy to control merchandise costs, infuse quality features into our products and deliver value to our customers. We believe that our understanding of the economics of apparel manufacturing, including costs of materials and components enables us to identify cost-effective countries and manufacturers from which to source each item and obtain high quality at low product cost.

Four times a year, our U.S. sourcing team makes on-site visits to our independent agents and various manufacturers to negotiate product costs, finalize technical specifications and confirm delivery of merchandise manufactured to our specifications. During Fiscal 2009, we engaged approximately 200 independent manufacturers located primarily in Asia. To support our inventory needs and to control merchandise costs, we continue to pursue global sourcing opportunities and consider such factors as product quality, cost, reliability of the manufacturer, service, product lead times, and other factors.

We have no exclusive or long-term contracts with our manufacturers and typically transact business on an item-by-item basis under purchase orders at freight on board cost in U.S. dollars. We are party to agency agreements with commissioned independent agents who oversee production, assist in sourcing and pre-production approval, provide quality inspection and ensure timely delivery of merchandise. During Fiscal 2009, we purchased approximately 27% of our products through the support of a

commissioned, independent agent in Taiwan, and approximately 14% of our products through an independent Hong Kong-based trading company. This trading company is responsible for procurement from wholly-owned facilities as well as contract manufacturers located throughout Asia. In addition, we believe our offices in Hong Kong, China, India and Bangladesh enable us to obtain more favorable material and manufacturing costs and to quickly identify and act on new sourcing and supplier opportunities. Our Asian offices also facilitate our prototype sample production and enable us to foster stronger relationships with our suppliers, manufacturers, agents and trading companies. During Fiscal 2009, we purchased approximately 48% of our total merchandise without the aid of commissioned buying agents or trading companies. We sourced approximately 40% of our total goods from China and approximately 15% each from Vietnam and Subsaharan, Africa. We did not source more than 15% from any other country or region. Using our purchase order, advanced shipping notification and tracking systems, our independent agents and our sourcing department actively monitor the status of each purchase order from order confirmation to merchandise receipt.

We augment our manufacturers' testing requirements with our own in-house quality assurance laboratory to test and evaluate fabric, trimming materials and pre-production samples against a comprehensive range of physical performance standards before production begins. The quality control personnel in our Asian offices, independent agents and trading company visit the various manufacturing facilities to monitor the quality control and production process. Our Asian offices enhance our quality control by enabling us to monitor component and manufacturing quality at close range and address related problems at an early stage. With this focus on pre-production quality, we are generally able to detect and correct quality-related problems before bulk production begins. We do not accept finished goods until each purchase order receives formal certification of compliance from our own quality assurance associates, agents or appointed third party inspectors.

In addition to our quality control procedures, we administer a social compliance program designed to promote compliance with local legal regulations, as well as ethical and socially responsible business practices. This program is comprised of four components as follows:

- *Vendor Code of Conduct*—By formally acknowledging and agreeing to our code of conduct, our vendors affirm their commitment to integrate our corporate compliance standards into their manufacturing and sourcing practices. These standards cover the areas of: child labor, forced labor, coercion/harassment, non-discrimination, health and safety, compensation, environment, subcontracting, monitoring & compliance and publication.
- Ongoing Monitoring Program—We administer a corporate monitoring program as performed by our internal social compliance team and/or professional third party auditors who visit factory locations to assess the working conditions in all factories that manufacture The Children's Place products. The Ongoing Monitoring Program involves: (1) visual inspection of work facilities and dormitories; (2) interview of factory management regarding policies and practices; (3) interview of factory workers to verify workplace policies and practices; and (4) review of wage, hour, age and other records. At the conclusion of the factory audit/visit, our auditor will review the Corrective Action Plan Acknowledgement Report together with factory management.
- *Corrective Action Plan Acknowledgement Report ("CAPAR")*—The CAPAR contains findings from the factory visit for each of the areas covered by our standards, a remediation plan for any violations found (if applicable), as well as a re-audit timeframe. If violations are not remediated in accordance with the remediation plan, we cease using that factory or vendor.
- Ongoing Training and Seminars—We continually conduct training programs and seminars to communicate with our internal and external partners regarding the requirements of our program. Additionally, our social compliance team attends third party seminars, industry courses and training in the Corporate Social Responsibility area.

We require all entities that produce or manufacture The Children's Place merchandise to undergo a Social Compliance audit and demonstrate compliance with the requirements of our Vendor Code of Conduct. By requiring our manufacturers and suppliers to participate in our social compliance program, we are able to monitor factories to ensure that they operate using safe and humane working conditions, and that we are working with factory managers that appreciate and comply with socially responsible practices. Additionally, because our social compliance program requires us to be diligent about changes in local laws and other conditions (e.g., political instability) in the countries from which we source, we are able to make informed decisions about where we are sourcing our products and, prior to placing orders, analyze potential risks to our sourcing capabilities arising as a result of factors external to a factory's production capabilities. In the event that external risks to our sourcing capabilities arise with respect to one or more factories, our social compliance program helps to identify such risks early and enables us to source to another factory thereby mitigating the risk and reducing the potential disruption to our business.

Company Stores

The following section highlights various store information for The Children's Place brand as of January 30, 2010.

Existing Stores

As of January 30, 2010, we operated a total of 947 The Children's Place stores, most of which are clustered in and around major metropolitan areas, and our internet store at *www.childrensplace.com*. We have 589 stores located in regional malls, 182 in strip centers, 129 in outlet centers and 47 street stores. The following table sets forth the number of stores in each U.S. state, Puerto Rico and Canadian provinces as of the current and prior fiscal year end:

	Number	of Stores
Location	January 30, 2010	January 31, 2009
United States & Puerto Rico		
Alabama	9	9
Arizona	18	18
Arkansas	6	5
California	86	85
Colorado	14	14
Connecticut	14	14
Delaware	4	4
District of Columbia	1	1
Florida	46	47
Georgia	21	22
Hawaii	4	4
Idaho	1	1
Illinois	39	40
Indiana	19	18
Iowa	8	7
Kansas	5	5
Kentucky	8	8
Louisiana	14	13
Maine	4	4
Maryland	22	22
Massachusetts	24	24

	Number o	
Location	January 30, 2010	January 31, 2009
Michigan	22	23
Minnesota	13	12
Mississippi	8	7
Missouri	13	14
Montana	1	1
Nebraska	2	2
New Hampshire	5	4
New Jersey	48	45
New Mexico	3	3
New York	79	77
Nevada	7	7
North Carolina	20	20
North Dakota	1	1
Ohio	30	29
Oklahoma	4	3
Oregon	9	9
Pennsylvania	49	49
Rhode Island	3	3
South Carolina	13	13
South Dakota	2	13
Tennessee	17	18
Texas	68	58
Utah	8	7
- 1111	1	1
Vermont	17	18
Virginia		
Washington	13	12
West Virginia	1	1
Wisconsin	13	13
Puerto Rico	16	15
Total United States & Puerto Rico	853	831
Canada		
Alberta	12	9
British Columbia	11	11
Manitoba Manitoba	2	2
New Brunswick	3	3
Nova Scotia	2	2
	44	40
Ontario		40
Prince Edward Island	1	17
Quebec	17	17
Saskatchewan	2	2
Total Canada	94	86
Total Stores	947	917

Store Concepts

At The Children's Place, our store concepts consist of "Apple-Maple", "Technicolor", "Tech²" and "Outlet" formats, as follows:

Apple-Maple—These stores feature light wood floors, fixtures and trim. They are brightly lit, featuring floor-to-ceiling glass windows that are open and inviting. A customized grid system throughout the store's upper perimeter displays featured merchandise, marketing photographs and promotions. The average store is approximately 4,300 square feet and as of January 30, 2010, approximately 47% of our stores were of this concept.

Technicolor—These stores have an atmosphere that is unique, bright, fun and use color to create boutique-like settings that differentiate the various departments within the store. These stores also feature more wall space than an Apple-Maple store allowing for enhanced merchandise presentation and ease of shopping. The average store is approximately 4,800 square feet and as of January 30, 2010, approximately 36% of our stores were of this concept.

Tech²—These stores have the brand aesthetics of a Technicolor with the functionality of an Apple-Maple. The use of color to brand and create shop identifiers was maintained, while creating an open, brightly lit environment for customers. Tech² features darker ceilings and floors, along with crisp white floorwall fixtures to ensure the product is the focal point. Tech² is a value engineered store which costs approximately 40% less to build than the Technicolor store. The average store is approximately 4,600 square feet and as of January 30, 2010, approximately 3% of our stores were of this concept. It is the Company's intention to use this format for new stores for the foreseeable future.

Outlet—The average outlet store is approximately 7,600 square feet. As of January 30, 2010, approximately 14% of our stores were in this format. Our outlet stores are strategically placed within each market to liquidate clearance merchandise from nearby stores. Given the brand's value orientation, we also sell an assortment of full-priced merchandise in our outlet stores.

Store Expansion Program

Prior to Fiscal 2009, our store expansion initiatives had primarily focused on malls in highly populated areas. More than 60% of our stores are located in malls and we believe that our brand is well penetrated in these venues. During Fiscal 2009, we identified growth potential in smaller to mid-sized markets in value oriented centers ("VOC"), which is a center in which the anchor is a discount retailer. We opened approximately 20 VOC stores during Fiscal 2009 and based on their initial performance, we plan to expand our presence in these types of venues. Our store expansion program for Fiscal 2010 is to open approximately 65 new stores of which the majority will be of the VOC variety. The lower build-out costs for Tech² stores as noted above combined with lower lease costs associated with VOCs provide us with a potential growth opportunity over the next few years.

Internet Sales ("e-commerce")

Our e-commerce business has been growing at a rapid pace, and we expect it to continue to grow in Fiscal 2010. Over the past four years, e-commerce net sales have grown cumulatively over 300% from \$26.9 million in fiscal 2005 to \$119.5 million in Fiscal 2009. As a percentage of total net sales, it has grown from approximately 3.6% in fiscal 2005 to 7.3% in Fiscal 2009.

Our commitment to our e-commerce business is reflected in a focus on our customer service and brand awareness strategies, as well as investments in our infrastructure. We use third party resources to fully manage the hosting of our website, while all other fulfillment services are provided in house. By outsourcing the management of our website, we are provided 24/7 support and have immediate scalability to handle increased customer orders. During Fiscal 2009, we relocated our fulfillment

operations from a 150,000 square foot distribution center to a section of one that is 700,000 square feet, which provides the same scalability to our fulfillment services. During the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2009, we began installing a new warehouse management system that will automate portions of the fulfillment process.

As our e-commerce business grows, we are dedicated to improving our website, better aligning our web experience with our in-store experience, and expanding our web presence outside the U.S. Our goal is to increase customer loyalty and provide our customers with a seamless experience between stores and our website.

Store Operations

The Children's Place store operations are organized into nine regions. We employ two Zone Vice Presidents who oversee our operations and to whom regional managers report. A regional manager oversees each region and has between nine and eleven district managers reporting to them. Each district manager is responsible for approximately 10 to 13 stores. Our stores are staffed by a store management team and approximately 10 part-time sales associates, with additional part-time associates hired to support seasonal needs. Our store leadership teams spend a high percentage of their time on the store selling floors providing direction, motivation, and development to store personnel. To maximize selling productivity, our teams emphasize greeting, replenishment, presentation standards, procedures and controls. In order to motivate our store leadership, we offer a monthly incentive compensation plan that awards bonuses for achieving certain financial goals.

Seasonality

Our business is subject to seasonal influences, with heavier concentrations of sales during the third and fourth quarters. Our first quarter results are heavily dependent upon sales during the period leading up to the Easter holiday, third quarter results are dependent upon back-to-school sales, and our fourth quarter results are dependent upon sales during the holiday season. The following table shows the quarterly distribution, as a percentage of the full year, of net sales and operating income (loss):

	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Full Year
Fiscal 2009					
Net sales	401.9	315.7	463.2	462.8	1,643.6
As a % of full year	24.5%	19.2%	28.2%	28.2%	100.0%
Operating Income (loss)	36.0	(18.7)	64.8	48.0	130.1
As a % of full year	27.7%	(14.4)%	49.8%	36.9%	100.0%
Fiscal 2008					
Net sales	400.2	338.0	450.6	441.5	1,630.3
As a % of full year	24.5%	20.7%	27.6%	27.1%	100.0%
Operating Income(1)	34.0	4.9	50.9	32.5	122.4
As a % of full year	27.8%	4.0%	41.6%	26.6%	100.0%
Fiscal 2007					
Net sales(1)	356.0	290.5	430.6	443.3	1,520.3
As a % of full year	23.4%	19.1%	28.3%	29.2%	100.0%
Operating Income (loss)	29.6	(31.6)	23.3	7.9	29.2
As a % of full year	101.2%	(108.2)%	79.8%	27.1%	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ Does not add across due to rounding

For more information regarding the seasonality of our business, refer to Item 7.—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Quarterly Results and Seasonality.

Marketing

We build our brand recognition by marketing our products, value message and image primarily through our direct mail program, store front windows, instore marketing, and customer loyalty programs.

We announce new seasonal merchandise via a targeted direct mail program in the form of a catalog. These catalogs display each new season of merchandise along with our assortment of basic styles and contain coupons as an added incentive to shop in our stores.

We promote customer loyalty through specialized discount programs and The Children's Place private label credit card. Our discount programs allow customers additional discounts when they reach cumulative purchase thresholds. Our private label credit cards, pursuant to a merchant services agreement, are issued to our customers for use exclusively at The Children's Place stores, and credit is extended to such customers through a third-party financial institution on a non-recourse basis to us. Our private label credit card accounts for approximately 15% of our net sales.

We believe that our marketing programs promote affinity and loyalty through specialized incentive programs and facilitate communications with our customers through the delivery of coupons and promotional materials.

Logistics

We support the distribution of product to our stores through four strategically located warehouses throughout North America. Our leased warehouse facilities include a 525,000 square foot distribution center in South Brunswick Township, New Jersey, a 250,000 square foot distribution center in Ontario, California, and a 95,000 square foot distribution center in Ontario, Canada. In addition, we own a 700,000 square foot distribution center in Fort Payne, Alabama, which opened in August 2007 to support projected growth. On occasion, we may operate other leased facilities to support seasonal warehousing needs. As a result of the continued growth in our e-commerce business, the processing of online orders was relocated from our former 150,000 square foot online fulfillment center in Secaucus, New Jersey to our warehouse facilities in Fort Payne, Alabama in June of 2009. We terminated our lease obligations for our former fulfillment center in Secaucus, New Jersey during Fiscal 2009.

Competition

The children's apparel and accessories retail markets are highly competitive. We compete in substantially all of our markets with GapKids, babyGap and Old Navy (each of which is a division of The Gap, Inc.); Target Corporation; The Gymboree Corporation; Justice (a division of The Dress Barn, Inc.); Babies "R" Us and Toys "R" Us (each of which is a division of Toys "R" Us, Inc.); J.C. Penney Company, Inc.; Sears (a division of Sears Holdings Corporation); Kohl's, Corp. and other department stores as well as discount stores such as Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.; and K-Mart (a division of Sears Holdings Corporation). In addition, given our expansion into the shoe category, we now compete with stores such as Stride Rite and Payless (each a part of Collective Brands, Inc.), as well as smaller shoe retailers. We also compete with a wide variety of specialty stores, other national and regional retail chains, catalog companies and Internet retailers. One or more of our competitors are present in substantially all of the areas in which we have stores.

Trademarks and Service Marks

"The Children's Place," "babyPLACE," "Place," "TCP," "PLC" and certain other marks have been registered as trademarks and/or service marks with the United States Patent and Trademark Office. The registration of the trademarks and the service marks may be renewed to extend the original registration period indefinitely, provided the marks are still in use. We intend to continue to use and protect our trademarks and service marks and maintain their registrations. We have also registered our trademarks in Canada and certain other countries and we are continuing to take steps to register our trademarks in other countries. We believe our trademarks and service marks have received broad recognition and are of significant value to our business.

Government Regulation

We are subject to all federal, state and local laws and regulations affecting our business, including consumer protection and truth-in-advertising laws and regulations and zoning and occupancy ordinances that regulate retailers generally and/or govern the promotion and sale of merchandise and the operation of retail stores. We also are subject to similar international laws and regulations affecting our business. We believe that we are in material compliance with these laws and regulations.

We are committed to product quality and safety. We focus our efforts to adhere to all applicable laws and regulations affecting our business, including the provisions of the CPSA and the Flammable Fabrics Act, the Textile Fiber Product Identification Act and regulations of the CPSC and various environmental laws and regulations. With the passage of the CPSIA in August 2008, which amended the CPSA, there are new requirements mandated for all children's products. These requirements relate to all metal and painted trim items and certain other raw materials and embellishments used in products for children age 12 and under. Among other things, the CPSIA introduces new regulatory limits, testing, certification, packaging, labeling and advertising and reporting requirements with respect to such products and has increased penalties for violations thereof. All of our products currently covered by the CPSIA are appropriately tested; however the CPSC has the authority to create new regulations and procedures. The cost of compliance with current requirements and any future requirements of the CPSIA, new consumer product safety laws, or changes to existing laws could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. See "Item 1A. Risk Factors—Product liability costs, related claims, and the cost of compliance with consumer product safety laws such as the CPSIA or our inability to comply with such laws could have a material adverse effect on our business and reputation." for additional information.

Most of our merchandise is manufactured by factories located outside of the United States. These products are imported and are subject to U.S. customs laws, which impose tariffs, anti-dumping and countervailing duties on imported products including textiles and apparel. We currently are not restricted by any such duties in the operation of our business. While importation of goods from some countries from which we buy our products may be subject to embargo by U.S. customs authorities if shipments exceed quota limits, we currently are not restricted by quotas in the operation of our business. In addition, custom duties and tariffs do not comprise a material portion of the cost of our products.

Employees

As of January 30, 2010, we had approximately 25,000 employees, of whom approximately 1,400 are based at our corporate offices. We had approximately 3,000 full-time store employees and approximately 20,600 part-time and seasonal store employees. None of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement. We believe we have good relations with our employees.

Internet Access to Reports

We are a public company and are subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Accordingly, we file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. Such reports, proxy statements and other information may be obtained by visiting the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, NE, Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549 or by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the SEC maintains a website (http://www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding us and other issuers that file electronically.

Our website address is *www.childrensplace.com*. We make available without charge, through our website, copies of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act as soon as reasonably practicable after such reports are filed with or furnished to the SEC. References in this document to our website are not and should not be considered part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and the information on our website is not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We also make available our corporate governance materials, including our code of business conduct, on our website. If we make any substantive amendments to our code of business conduct or grant any waiver, including any implicit waiver, from a provision of the code to our Chief Executive Officer, Executive Vice President of Finance and Administration, Chief Financial Officer or Corporate Controller, we will disclose the nature of such amendment or waiver on that website or in a Current Report on Form 8-K.

ITEM 1A.—RISK FACTORS

Investors in the Company should consider the following risk factors as well as the other information contained herein:

We may suffer adverse business consequences if we are unable to anticipate and respond to merchandise trends.

The apparel industry is subject to rapidly changing fashion trends and shifting consumer preferences. Our success depends in part on our ability to anticipate and respond to these changes. Our design, manufacturing and distribution process generally takes up to one year, during which time fashion trends and consumer preferences may change. Failure to anticipate, identify or respond to these changes could adversely affect customer acceptance of our products causing lower sales, increased inventory levels and/or deteriorating margins, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows

We may be unable to properly plan inventory purchases or manage new or existing merchandise.

We maintain an inventory of merchandise in our stores and distribution centers, some of which we anticipate will be in high demand. Inventory levels in excess of customer demand may result in inventory write-downs or excessive markdowns and therefore, lower than planned margins. Conversely, if we underestimate consumer demand for our merchandise, particularly higher volume styles, or if our manufacturers fail to supply quality products in a timely manner, we may experience inventory shortages, which might result in lost sales, a negative impact on our customer relationships or diminished brand loyalty. Any of these, individually or in aggregation, could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Changes in Comparable Retail Sales results from period to period could have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

Numerous factors affect our Comparable Retail Sales results, including, among others, merchandise assortment, retail prices, fashion trends, weather conditions, macro-economic conditions, the retail sales environment and our success in executing our business strategy. Many of our stores are located in malls, and as such, a decrease in mall traffic could have a negative effect on our sales, which in turn would reduce our Comparable Retail Sales. During Fiscal 2009, we reported a Comparable Retail Sales decrease of 2% compared to increases of 5% and 3% in Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007, respectively. Our Comparable Retail Sales results have fluctuated significantly in the past and we anticipate that our Comparable Retail Sales will continue to fluctuate in the future, particularly in the current difficult economic climate, which may result in further declines in consumer spending. Moreover, Comparable Retail Sales for any particular period may decrease in the future. The investment community often follows Comparable Retail Sales results closely and fluctuations in these results may affect the price of our common stock. Accordingly, any significant variations in our Comparable Retail Sales results could have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock. We will be reporting Comparable Retail Sales on a quarterly basis in 2010 after having reported these on a monthly basis in previous years.

Our success depends upon the service and capabilities of our management team. Changes in management or in our organizational structure could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Senior level management establishes the "tone at the top" by which an environment of ethical values, operating style and management philosophy is fostered. Changes in management, or inadequate management, could lead to an environment that lacks integrity, inspiration, and/or a lack of commitment by the employees.

Over the past several years, we have experienced turnover at our senior management level, including our Chief Executive Officer, President, Senior Vice President of Merchandising, Senior Vice President of Planning, Allocation and Information Technology and Senior Vice President of Marketing. While we have managed through these transitions, there can be no assurance that future transitions will not be disruptive to our business. On January 4, 2010, we hired a new Chief Executive Officer. Leadership transitions can be inherently difficult to manage and may cause disruption to our business or further turnover in our workforce or management team.

The inability of our senior management team to maintain an adequate organizational structure and a proper "tone at the top", or the loss of services of one or more members of senior management or the inability to attract additional qualified managers or other personnel, could have a material adverse effect on our business. We are not protected by any key-man or similar life insurance for any of our executive officers.

We face significant competition in the retail industry, which could impact our ability to compete successfully against existing or future competition.

The children's apparel retail market is highly competitive. We compete in substantially all of our markets with GapKids, babyGap and Old Navy (each of which is a division of The Gap, Inc.), Target Corporation, The Gymboree Corporation, Justice (a division of The Dress Barn, Inc.), Babies "R" Us and Toys "R" Us (each of which is a division of Toys "R" Us, Inc.), J.C. Penney Company, Inc., Sears (a division of Sears Holdings Corporation), Kohl's Corp. and other department stores as well as discount stores such as Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., and K-Mart (a division of Sears Holdings Corporation). In addition, given our expansion into the shoe category, we now compete with well-known national retailers such as Stride Rite and Payless (each a part of Collective Brands, Inc.) as well as smaller shoe retailers. We also compete with a wide variety of specialty stores, other national and regional retail chains, catalog companies and Internet retailers. One or more of our competitors are present in

substantially all of the areas in which we have stores. Many of our competitors are larger than us and have access to significantly greater financial, marketing and other resources than we have. We may not be able to continue to compete successfully against existing or future competition.

Product liability costs, related claims, and the cost of compliance with consumer product safety laws such as the CPSIA or our inability to comply with such laws could have a material adverse effect on our business and reputation.

We are subject to regulation by the CPSC and similar state and international regulatory authorities. Although we test the products sold in our stores, and on our website, concerns about product safety, including but not limited to concerns about those manufactured in China and/or developing countries, where substantially all of our merchandise is manufactured, may lead us to recall selected products, either voluntarily, or at the direction of a governmental authority. Product safety concerns, recalls, defects or errors could result in the rejection of our products by customers, damage to our reputation, lost sales, product liability litigation and increased costs, any of which could harm our business and have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The CPSIA provided new standards regarding lead and other substances used in products for children of age 12 and under, including apparel and accessories. Among other things, the CPSIA introduces new regulatory limits, testing, certification, packaging, labeling and advertising and reporting requirements with respect to such products and has increased penalties for violations thereof. All of our products currently covered by the CPSIA are appropriately tested; however the CPSC has the authority to create new regulations and procedures. The cost of compliance with current requirements and any future requirements of the CPSIA, new consumer product safety laws, or changes to existing laws could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, any failure to comply with such requirements could result in significant penalties, require us to recall products and harm our reputation, any or all of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, reputation, and financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Pending legal and regulatory actions are inherent in our businesses and could adversely affect our results of operations or financial position or harm our businesses or reputation.

We are, and in the future may be, subject to legal and regulatory actions in the ordinary course of our business. Material pending litigation and regulatory matters affecting us, and certain risks to our businesses presented by such matters, are discussed under Item 3—Legal Proceedings of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Some of these proceedings have been brought on behalf of various alleged classes of complainants. In certain of these matters, the plaintiffs are seeking large and/or indeterminate amounts, including punitive or exemplary damages. Substantial legal liability in these or future legal or regulatory actions could have an adverse affect on us or cause us reputational harm, which in turn could harm our business prospects.

Our litigation and regulatory matters are subject to many uncertainties, and given their complexity and scope, their outcome cannot be predicted. Our reserves for litigation and regulatory matters may prove to be inadequate. It is possible that our results of operations or cash flows in a particular quarterly or annual period could be materially affected by an ultimate unfavorable resolution of pending litigation and regulatory matters depending, in part, upon the results of operations or cash flows for such period. In light of the unpredictability of our litigation and regulatory matters, it is also possible that in certain cases an ultimate unfavorable resolution of one or more pending litigation or regulatory matters could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Any disruption in, or changes to, our consumer credit arrangements, including our private label credit card agreement with Citibank, N.A., may adversely affect our ability to provide consumer credit and write credit insurance.

During Fiscal 2009, our private label credit card sales approximated 14.9% of our net sales. Our current agreement with Citibank, N.A., which expires in fiscal 2011, provides financing for our customers to purchase merchandise through our private label credit card and enhances our ability to provide consumer credit. Any disruption in, change to, termination of, or inability to renew this agreement could materially limit credit availability to our customer base.

During Fiscal year 2009, total non-private label credit sales, including major credit cards such as Visa, MasterCard, American Express and others, constituted approximately 33.3% of our net sales. The loss or any substantial modification of any of these arrangements could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. During periods of increasing consumer credit delinquencies in the retail industry generally, financial institutions may reexamine their lending practices and procedures. There can be no assurance that increased delinquencies being experienced by providers of consumer credit generally would not cause providers of third party credit offered by us to decrease the availability of, or increase the cost of such credit.

Additionally, credit card operations are subject to numerous federal and state laws that impose disclosure and other requirements upon the origination, servicing and enforcement of credit accounts and limitations on the maximum amount of finance charges that may be charged by a credit provider. The Credit Card Act of 2009 (the "Card Act") goes into effect during Fiscal 2010. Provisions of the Card Act include, among other changes, restrictions on interest charges and other fees that credit card providers may charge its consumers. These restrictions may result in decreased revenues for credit card providers, which may cause increases to consumer interest rates, reduce credit availability or cause increases to fees charged to retailers. The Card Act, other new regulations, or changes in existing regulations of credit arrangements could materially limit the availability of credit to our customer base.

Any of the above risks, individually or in aggregation, could have a material adverse effect on the way we conduct business and could negatively impact our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

We depend on our relationships with unaffiliated manufacturers, transportation companies, and independent agents. Our inability to maintain relationships with any of these entities, or the failure of any of their businesses, could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

We do not own or operate any manufacturing facilities, and therefore, are dependent upon independent third parties for the manufacture of all of our products. Our products are currently manufactured to our specifications, pursuant to purchase orders, by approximately 200 independent manufacturers located primarily in Asia. In addition, in Fiscal 2009, we sourced approximately 40% of our merchandise from China and approximately 15% each from Vietnam and Subsaharan, Africa. We did not source more than 15% from any other country or region. We have no exclusive or long-term contracts with our manufacturers and compete with other companies for manufacturing facilities. We purchased approximately 14% of our products in Fiscal 2009 through a Hong Kong-based trading company, with whom we have no formal written agreement, using negotiated purchase orders. We also purchased approximately 27% of our products in Fiscal 2009 through the support of a single agent in Taiwan, which has an exclusive arrangement with us, but is not obligated to sell exclusively to us. Although we believe that we have established close relationships with our trading company, independent agents and principal manufacturers, the inability to maintain such relationships or to find additional sources to support our current needs and future growth could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our merchandise is shipped directly from manufacturers through third parties to our distribution and fulfillment centers and to our stores. Our operating results depend in large part on the orderly

operation of our receiving and distribution process, which depends on manufacturers' adherence to shipping schedules and our effective management of our distribution facilities and capacity. Furthermore, it is possible that events beyond our control, such as a terrorist act, military action, strike, natural disaster or other disruption, could result in delays in delivery of merchandise to our stores. Any such event could have a material adverse effect on our business.

If our trading company, independent agents, principal manufacturers or freight operators experience negative financial consequences, the inability to use these sources or find additional financially stable sources to support our current manufacturing and distribution needs and future growth in a timely manner could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Any of the above risks, individually or in aggregation, could negatively impact our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Because we purchase our products internationally, our business is sensitive to risks associated with international business.

Our merchandise is purchased from foreign suppliers, of which China is the single largest representing approximately 40% of our imported merchandise. As a result, we are subject to the various risks of doing business in foreign markets and importing merchandise from abroad, such as:

- foreign governmental regulations;
- financial or political instability;
- pressure from non-governmental organizations;
- new legislation relating to import quotas or other restrictions that may limit the import of our merchandise;
- imposition of duties, taxes, and other charges on imports;
- fluctuation in the value of the U.S. dollar against foreign currencies;
- significant delays in the delivery of cargo due to port security considerations;
- disruption of imports by labor disputes and local business practices;
- increased cost of transportation; and
- failure of an unaffiliated manufacturer to comply with labor laws or ethical labor practices.

In an attempt to mitigate the above risks within any one country, we maintain relationships with many manufacturers in various countries. However, we still import approximately 40% of our merchandise from China. In recent years, there has been much media scrutiny and well-publicized failures of the safety of a wide range of imported products manufactured in China. A continuation of such publicity or similar problems may lead consumers to avoid such goods. We cannot predict the effect that this, or the other factors noted above, in another country from which we import products could have on our business arrangements with foreign manufacturing sources. If any of these factors rendered the conduct of business in a particular country undesirable or impractical, or if our current foreign manufacturing sources ceased doing business with us for any reason, it could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Because certain of our subsidiaries operate outside of the United States, some of our revenues, product costs and other expenses are subject to foreign economic and currency risks.

We have store operations in Canada and buying operations in various locations in Asia, primarily Hong Kong and Shanghai, China. We cannot guarantee that we will be able to address in a timely manner the risks of conducting operations in countries outside of the U.S., such as governmental requirements over merchandise importation, employment, taxation and multi-lingual requirements. Our

failure to address such risks in a timely manner or at all could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

The currency market has seen significant volatility in the value of the U.S. Dollar against other foreign currencies. While our business is primarily conducted in U.S. dollars, we purchase substantially all of our products overseas, and we generate significant revenues in Canada. Cost increases caused by currency exchange rate fluctuations could make our products less competitive or have an adverse effect on our profitability. Currency exchange rate fluctuations could also disrupt the business of the third party manufacturers that produce our products by making their purchases of raw materials more expensive and more difficult to finance.

Approximately 12% of our consolidated net sales and 11% of our operating expenses are transacted in foreign currencies. As a result, fluctuations in exchange rates impact the amount of our reported sales and expenses, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. Additionally, we have foreign currency denominated receivables and payables that, to date, have not been hedged against foreign currency fluctuations. When settled, these receivables and payables could result in significant transaction gains or losses.

We require our independent manufacturers to operate in compliance with applicable laws and our internal requirements. Our purchasing guidelines promote ethical business practices and we monitor compliance with them; however we do not control these manufacturers or their labor practices. Any violation of labor or other laws by one of the independent manufacturers we use or any divergence of an independent manufacturer's labor practices from standards generally accepted as ethical in the United States and Canada could have a material adverse effect on our business.

We may not be able to identify, evaluate or successfully execute business strategies.

We are continuously seeking new ways to further our brand recognition, expand our geographical coverage, and improve our operational processes. We have a store expansion program and a plan to expand our internet presence outside of the U.S. If we fail to allocate proper resources to these projects, if we fail to properly execute our plans, or if we fail to identify alternative strategies, it could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

We depend on generating sufficient cash flows, together with our existing cash balances and availability under our credit facility to fund our ongoing operations, capital expenditures and debt service requirements.

Our ability to fund our ongoing operations, planned capital expenditures and potential debt service requirements will depend on our ability to generate cash flows. Our cash flows are dependent on many factors, including:

- seasonal fluctuations in our net sales and net income, which typically are lowest in the second fiscal quarter;
- the timing of inventory purchases for upcoming seasons, which typically result in increased cash outlays in the second fiscal quarter as we purchase merchandise for the back-to-school season;
- vendor and other supplier terms and related conditions, which may be less favorable to us as a smaller company in comparison to larger companies;
- general business conditions, economic uncertainty or slowdown, including the recent significant slowdown in the overall economy.

Some of these factors are beyond our control. It is difficult to assess the impact that the general economic downturn will continue to have on consumer spending and our financial results. However, we believe that it will continue to result in reduced spending by our customers, which would reduce our revenues and our cash flows from operating activities from those that otherwise would have been generated. In addition, steps that we may take to limit cash outlays, such as delaying the purchase of

inventory, may not be successful or could delay the arrival of merchandise for future selling seasons, which could reduce our net sales or profitability. If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flows, we may not be able to fund our ongoing operations, planned capital expenditures and potential debt service requirements and we may be required to seek additional sources of liquidity.

If our landlords should suffer financial difficulty or if we are unable to successfully negotiate acceptable lease terms, it could have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations and cash flows.

Approximately 62% of our stores are located in regional malls. If any of our landlords should suffer financial difficulty, it could render them unable to fulfill their duties under our lease agreements. Such duties include providing a sufficient number of mall co-tenants, common area maintenance, utilities, and payment of real estate taxes. While we have certain remedies under our lease agreements, the loss of business that could result if a mall should close or if mall traffic were to significantly decline as a result of lost mall tenants or improper care of the facilities could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and cash flows.

We generally lease our stores for initial terms of five to 10 years. Our operating results and cash flows could be adversely affected if we are unable to continue to negotiate acceptable lease and renewal terms.

If we are unable to open and operate new stores successfully, our future operating results will be adversely impacted.

We anticipate opening approximately 65 stores during Fiscal 2010. Our ability to open and operate new stores successfully depends on many factors, including, among others, the availability of suitable store locations, the ability to negotiate acceptable lease terms, the ability to timely complete necessary construction, the ability to successfully integrate new stores into our existing operations, the ability to hire and train store personnel and the ability to recognize and respond to regional and climate-related differences in customer preferences.

We cannot guarantee that we will achieve our planned expansion on a timely and profitable basis or that we will be able to achieve results similar to those achieved in existing locations in prior periods. In Fiscal 2009, our total store base grew by 3% compared to 1% during Fiscal 2008, and is anticipated to grow at a rate of approximately 5% in Fiscal 2010. Operating margins may also be adversely affected during periods in which we have incurred expenses in anticipation of new store openings.

We need to continually evaluate the adequacy of our store management and our information and distribution systems to manage our planned expansion. Any failure to successfully and profitably execute our expansion plans could have a material adverse effect on our business.

A material disruption in, or failure of, our information technology systems could adversely affect our business or results of operations and cash flows.

We rely on various information systems to manage our operations and we regularly make investments to upgrade, enhance or replace such systems. Transitioning to new systems, integrating new systems into current systems, or any disruptions or malfunctions affecting our information systems could cause critical information upon which we rely to be delayed, unreliable, corrupted, insufficient or inaccessible. Any of these potential issues individually or in aggregation, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

A privacy breach could adversely affect our business.

The protection of customer, employee, and company data is critical. The regulatory environment surrounding information security and privacy is demanding, with the frequent imposition of new and changing requirements. In addition, customers have a high expectation that we will adequately protect their personal information. A significant breach of customer, employee, or company data could damage our reputation and result in lost sales, fines, or lawsuits.

Despite our considerable efforts and technology to secure our computer network, security could be compromised, confidential information, such as customer credit card numbers, could be misappropriated, or system disruptions could occur. Our systems and procedures meet the Payment Card Industry ("PCI") data security standards, which require periodic audits by independent third parties to assess compliance. Failure to comply with the security requirements or rectify a security issue may result in fines and the imposition of restrictions on our ability to accept payment cards. There can be no assurance that we will be able to satisfy PCI security standards. In addition, PCI is controlled by a limited number of vendors who have the ability to impose changes in PCI's fee structure and operational requirements on us without negotiation. Such changes in fees and operational requirements may result in our failure to comply with PCI security standards, as well as significant unanticipated expenses.

Changes in federal, state or local law, or our failure to comply with such laws, could increase our expenses and expose us to legal risks.

Our business is subject to a wide array of laws and regulations. Significant legislative changes, such as the proposed Employee Free Choice Act ("EFCA"), that impact our relationship with our workforce could increase our expenses and adversely affect our operations. None of our employees are currently represented by a collective bargaining agreement. However, from time to time there have been efforts to organize our employees at various locations. There is no assurance that our employees will not unionize in the future, particularly if legislation is passed that facilitates unionization such as the EFCA. Changes in other regulatory areas, such as consumer credit, privacy and information security, product safety or environmental protection, among others, could cause our expenses to increase. In addition, if we fail to comply with applicable laws and regulations, particularly wage and hour laws, we could be subject to legal risk, including government enforcement action and class action civil litigation, which could adversely affect our results of operations. Changes in tax laws, the interpretation of existing laws, or our failure to sustain our reporting positions on examination could adversely affect our effective tax rate.

Legislative actions and new accounting pronouncements could result in us having to increase our administrative expenses to remain compliant.

In order to comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and any subsequent guidance that may come from the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB"), future changes in listing standards by Nasdaq, or future accounting guidance or disclosure requirements by the SEC, we may be required to enhance our internal controls, hire additional personnel and utilize additional outside legal, accounting and advisory services, all of which could cause our general and administrative expenses to increase.

The SEC is developing a timeline by which all U.S. companies will be required to prepare its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. As part of this timeline, the FASB, the primary author of U.S. GAAP, is currently working on a project with its international counterpart, the International Accounting Standards Board, to converge U.S. and International GAAP into one uniform set of accounting rules. The cost of implementing a potentially vast change of financial reporting rules could be material. The effect of changing accounting rules on

our financial statements could also be significant. Changes to our financial position, results of operations or cash flows could impact our debt covenant ratios or a lender's perception of our financial statements causing an adverse impact on our ability to obtain credit, or could impact investor analyses and perceptions of our business causing the market value of our stock to decrease. In addition, any changes in the current accounting rules, including legislative and other proposals could increase the expenses we report under U.S. GAAP and have an adverse effect on our operating results and cash flows.

Tax Matters could impact the Company's Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

The company is subject to income taxes in both the United States and foreign jurisdictions. Our provision for income taxes and cash tax liability in the future could be adversely affected by numerous factors including, but not limited to, income before taxes being lower than anticipated in countries with lower statutory tax rates and higher than anticipated in countries with higher statutory tax rates, changes in the valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, and changes in tax laws, regulations, accounting principles or interpretations thereof, which could adversely impact our results of operations and financial condition in future periods. In addition, we are subject to the examination of our income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service and other tax authorities. We regularly assess the likelihood of adverse outcomes resulting from these examinations to determine the adequacy of our provision for income taxes. There can be no assurance that the outcomes from these continuous examinations will not have an adverse effect on our provision for income taxes and cash tax liability.

Because of conditions impacting our quarterly results of operations, including seasonality and other factors, our quarterly results fluctuate.

As is the case with many retailers, we experience seasonal fluctuations in our net sales and net income. Our net sales and net income are generally weakest during the first two fiscal quarters, and are lower during the second fiscal quarter than during the first fiscal quarter. For example, in Fiscal 2009, 25%, 19%, 28% and 28% of our consolidated net sales occurred in the first, second, third and fourth quarters, respectively. In most fiscal years, we experience operating losses in the second quarter, with the exception of Fiscal 2008, when we experienced minimal income in the second quarter. It is reasonably possible that we will continue to experience second quarter losses in future periods. It is also possible that we could experience losses in other quarters. Our first quarter results are heavily dependent upon back-to-school sales. Our fourth quarter results are heavily dependent upon sales during the holiday season.

Our quarterly results of operations may also fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter as a result of a variety of other factors, including overall macroeconomic conditions, the timing of new store openings and related pre-opening and other start-up costs, net sales contributed by new stores, increases or decreases in Comparable Retail Sales, weather conditions, shifts in the timing of certain holidays and changes in our merchandise mix and pricing strategy. Any failure by us to meet our business plans for, in particular, the third and fourth quarter of any fiscal year, as we experienced in Fiscal 2007, would have a material adverse effect on our earnings, which in all likelihood would not be offset by satisfactory results achieved in other quarters of the same fiscal year. In addition, because our expense levels are based in part on expectations of future sales levels, a shortfall in expected sales could result in a disproportionate decrease in our net income.

Our failure to successfully manage our e-commerce business could have a negative impact on our business.

The operation of our ecommerce business depends on our ability to maintain the efficient and uninterrupted operation of our online order-taking and fulfillment operations. Risks associated with our e-commerce business include:

- disruptions in telephone service or power outages;
- risks associated with the failure of the computer systems that operate our website including, among others, inadequate system capacity, computer viruses, human error, changes in programming, and security breaches;
- credit card fraud;
- reliance on third parties for computer hardware and software as well as delivery of merchandise to our customers;
- rapid technology changes;
- the diversion of sales from our physical stores;
- natural disasters or adverse weather conditions;
- changes in applicable federal and state regulations;
- liability for online content; and
- consumer privacy concerns;

Problems in any one or more of these areas could adversely affect our sales, results of operations and cash flows and could damage our reputation and brand.

We may be unable to protect our trademarks and other intellectual property rights.

We believe that our trademarks and service marks are important to our success and our competitive position due to their name recognition with our customers. We devote substantial resources to the establishment and protection of our trademarks and service marks on a worldwide basis. In order to more effectively protect them from infringement and to defend against claims of infringement, the marks are owned by a separate subsidiary whose purpose is to maintain and manage existing and future marks, thereby increasing their value to us. We are not aware of any material claims of infringement or material challenges to our right to use any of our trademarks and service marks in the United States. Nevertheless, the actions we have taken to establish and protect our trademarks and service marks may not be adequate to prevent imitation of our products by others or to prevent others from seeking to block sales of our products as a violation of the trademarks, service marks and proprietary rights of others. Also, others may assert rights in, or ownership of, trademarks and other proprietary rights of ours and we may not be able to successfully resolve these types of conflicts to our satisfaction. In addition, the laws of certain foreign countries may not protect proprietary rights to the same extent as do the laws of the United States.

Our share price may be volatile.

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq Global Select Market. Stock markets in general have experienced, and are likely to continue to experience, price and volume fluctuations, which could adversely affect the market price of our common stock without regard to our operating performance. In addition, we believe that factors such as quarterly fluctuations in our financial results, our Comparable Retail Sales results, other risk factors identified here, announcements by other retailers, the overall economy and the geopolitical environment could individually or in aggregation cause the price of our common stock to fluctuate substantially.

Negative changes in the economy, such as the recent deterioration in the global economic environment, and resulting declines in consumer confidence and spending, have had and could continue to have an adverse effect on the apparel industry and on our operating results.

The apparel industry is cyclical in nature and is particularly affected by adverse trends in the general economy. Purchases of apparel and related merchandise are generally discretionary and therefore tend to decline during recessionary periods and also may decline at other times. During 2008 and 2009, the global economic environment has deteriorated significantly. The declining values in real estate, reduced credit lending by banks, solvency concerns of major financial institutions, increases in unemployment levels and significant declines and volatility in the global financial markets have negatively impacted the level of consumer spending for discretionary items. This has affected our business as it is dependent on consumer demand for our products. In North America, we have experienced a significant slowdown in customer traffic and a highly promotional environment. These same conditions exist in many international markets. If the global macroeconomic environment continues to be weak or deteriorates further, there will likely be a negative effect on our revenues, operating margins and earnings.

In addition to the factors contributing to the current economic environment, there are a number of other factors that could contribute to reduced levels of consumer spending, such as increases in interest rates, fluctuating fuel and other energy costs, taxation rates or energy prices. Similarly, actual or potential terrorist acts and other conflicts can also create significant instability and uncertainty in the world, causing consumers to defer purchases or preventing our suppliers and service providers from providing required services or materials to us. These or other factors could materially and adversely affect our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Acts of terrorism, the effects of war or other catastrophes could have a material adverse effect on our business.

The threat or actual acts of terrorism continue to be a risk to the global economy. Terrorism and potential military responses, natural disasters, pandemics or other health issues could disrupt commerce, undermine consumer confidence or impact our ability to open or operate our stores in affected areas. A disruption of commerce could interfere with the production, shipment or receipt of our merchandise in a timely manner or increase our costs to do so, which could adversely impact our operating results and cash flows. If there is a decline in consumer confidence or if our stores are affected by an act of terrorism, war or other catastrophe, it could negatively impact consumer spending patterns or mall traffic, which would negatively impact our sales, operating results and cash flows.

Since a portion of our available cash is located in foreign jurisdictions, if we need such cash to fund domestic needs we may not be able to do so on favorable terms.

We manage our cash and liquidity within each business according to the country and currency of operations. Because a portion of our cash balances and working capital is located in foreign jurisdictions, we could have a liquidity issue in one country while adequate liquidity exists in other countries. If such a liquidity need were to arise in our domestic operations, there is no guarantee that we would have the ability to make the appropriate intercompany transfer from our foreign subsidiaries on favorable terms and our financial position and results of operations could be materially adversely impacted.

ITEM 1B.—UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2.—PROPERTIES

We lease all of our existing store locations in the United States and Canada, with the lease terms expiring through 2023 and 2020, respectively. The average unexpired lease term for our stores is 3.8 years in the United States and 5.3 years in Canada. The leases for most of our existing stores are for initial terms of 10 years and provide for contingent rent based upon a percentage of sales in excess of specific minimums. We anticipate that we will be able to extend those leases on satisfactory terms as they expire, or relocate to desirable locations.

The following table sets forth information with respect to our non store leases as of January 30, 2010:

Location	Use	Approximate Sq. Footage	Current Lease Term Expiration
South Brunswick Township, NJ(1)	Warehouse Distribution Center	525,000	1/31/2021
Ontario, CA(1)	Warehouse Distribution Center	250,000	10/31/2010
Ontario, Canada(2)	Warehouse Distribution Center	95,000	4/30/2014
Fort Payne, AL(1)	Warehouse Distribution Center	700,000	Owned
500 Plaza Drive, Secaucus, NJ(3)	Corporate Offices, Design	140,000	5/31/2029
Hong Kong, China(3)	Product Support	28,000	4/30/2012
Shanghai, China(3)	Product Support	14,000	7/14/2010
Gurgaon, India(3)	Product Support	7,100	3/12/2012
Tiruppur, India(3)	Product Support	3,600	9/15/2012

- (1) Supports The Children's Place U.S. stores and/or e-commerce business.
- (2) Supports The Children's Place Canada stores.
- (3) Supports both The Children's Place U.S. stores and The Children's Place Canada stores.

On occasion, we may operate other leased facilities to support seasonal warehousing needs.

ITEM 3.—LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On September 21, 2007, a stockholder class action was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the Company and certain of its current and former senior executives. The complaint alleged, among other things, that certain of the Company's current and former officers made statements to the investing public which misrepresented material facts about the business and operations of the Company, or omitted to state material facts required in order for the statements made by them not to be misleading, causing the price of the Company's stock to be artificially inflated in violation of provisions of the Exchange Act, as amended. It also alleged that subsequent disclosures established the misleading nature of the earlier disclosures. The complaint sought monetary damages plus interest as well as costs and disbursements of the lawsuit. On October 10, 2007, another stockholder class action complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the Company and certain of its current and former senior executives, the allegations of which were substantially the same as the earlier-filed class action complaint. These two actions were consolidated and a lead plaintiff and lead plaintiff's counsel were appointed. On February 28, 2008, the lead plaintiff filed a consolidated amended class action complaint, which repeated substantially the same allegations and sought substantially the same relief. On May 6, 2009, after certain proceedings, the parties reached an agreement-in-principle to settle the litigation, whereby all claims against the defendants were fully and finally settled and released in exchange for a payment of \$12 million. The cost of the settlement was covered by the Company's insurance. On July 17, 2009, the Court preliminarily approved the settlement, authorized the dissemination of notice of the settlement to the Company's shareholders, and scheduled a hearing to

consider the fairness and final approval of the settlement. On October 16, 2009, the court held the hearing to assess the reasonableness, fairness and adequacy of the settlement, and granted final approval of the settlement.

On June 16, 2009, a putative stockholder derivative action was filed in the Superior Court of New Jersey, Hudson County, Chancery Division, against the Company and certain of its current and former directors and senior executives. The Company has been named as a nominal defendant. The complaint alleges, among other things, that certain of the Company's current and former directors and executives breached their fiduciary duties to the Company and its stockholders by causing the Company to issue false and misleading public statements and by abdicating their responsibilities to the Company and its stockholders, in violation of state law. The complaint also alleges that the defendants committed corporate waste in connection with a severance payment to the Company's former Chief Executive Officer. The complaint seeks monetary damages from the individual defendants as well as costs and disbursements of the lawsuit, including expert fees, as well as equitable relief. On November 20, 2009, defendants moved to dismiss the complaint, on the grounds that, among other things, (i) the claims asserted in the action are barred by the prior settlement of the stockholder class action filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and (ii) plaintiff failed to make a demand on the Board to initiate the lawsuit, as required by applicable state law. The court heard oral arguments on the motions to dismiss on March 25, 2010. The outcome of this litigation is uncertain and no estimate can be made at this time of any potential loss or range of losses. While we believe there are valid defenses to the claims and we will defend ourselves vigorously, no assurance can be given as to the outcome of this litigation. The litigation could distract our management and directors from the Company's affairs, the costs and expenses of the litigation could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows and an unfavorable outcome could adversely affect the repu

On or about July 12, 2006, Joy Fong, a former Disney Store manager in the San Francisco district, filed a lawsuit against the Company and its subsidiary Hoop Retail Stores, LLC in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles. The lawsuit alleges violations of the California Labor Code and California Business and Professions Code and sought class action certification on behalf of Ms. Fong and other individuals similarly situated. We filed our answer on August 11, 2006 denying any and all liability, and on January 14, 2007, Ms. Fong filed an amended complaint, adding Disney as a defendant. Effective as of March 26, 2008, the prosecution of this lawsuit against Hoop was stayed under the automatic stay provisions of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code by reason of Hoop's petition for relief filed that same day. The case is currently proceeding against the other defendants and, on December 18, 2008, the Court granted the plaintiff's motion for class certification on the misclassification claim. We have reached a final settlement in the amount of \$0.6 million, which was approved by the Court on March 10, 2010. The Company has accrued for the cost of this settlement and the related expense was charged to discontinued operations.

On or about September 28, 2007, Meghan Ruggiero filed a complaint against the Company and its subsidiary, Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, in the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio on behalf of herself and other similarly situated individuals. The lawsuit alleges violations of the Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions Act and seeks class certification, an award of statutory and punitive damages, attorneys' fees and costs, and injunctive relief. The plaintiff filed an amended complaint on January 25, 2008. Effective as of March 26, 2008, the prosecution of this lawsuit against Hoop was stayed under the automatic stay provisions of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code by reason of Hoop's petition for relief filed that same day. On March 2, 2009, the Court granted the plaintiff's motion to dismiss the Company as a defendant and to replace the Company with its subsidiary, The Children's Place Services Company, LLC. On October 8, 2009, the parties reached a tentative settlement in the amount of \$0.3 million, and the parties are negotiating the terms of the settlement agreement. On March 4, 2010, the Court preliminarily approved the settlement, authorized the dissemination of notice of the

settlement to the Company's shareholders and scheduled a hearing to consider the fairness and final approval of the settlement. The Company has accrued for the cost of this settlement and the related expense was charged to discontinued operations.

We are also involved in various legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, any ultimate liability arising out of these proceedings will not have a material effect on our financial condition.

ITEM 4.—RESERVED

There is no disclosure required under this Item.

PART II

ITEM 5.—MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, or Nasdaq, under the symbol "PLCE." The following table sets forth the range of high and low sales prices on Nasdaq of our common stock for the fiscal periods indicated.

	High		Low
2009			
First Quarter	\$	30.39	\$ 17.09
Second Quarter		37.68	24.50
Third Quarter		36.47	26.15
Fourth Quarter		37.00	26.65
2008			
First Quarter	\$	27.55	\$ 17.71
Second Quarter		42.59	25.78
Third Quarter		43.40	25.02
Fourth Quarter		34.00	16.45

On March 22, 2010, the last reported sale price of our common stock was \$44.40 per share, the number of holders of record of our common stock was approximately 77 and the number of beneficial holders of our common stock was approximately 19,500.

We do not pay dividends to our common stockholders. Our Board presently intends to retain any future earnings to finance our operations and the expansion of the Company. Our credit facilities prohibit the payment of dividends and limit the amount of purchases of our common stock to \$10 million per fiscal year subject to certain availability restrictions. During Fiscal 2009, the credit facility was amended to allow for the repurchase of 2.45 million shares as described below. Pursuant to restrictions imposed by our equity plan during black-out periods, we withhold and retire shares of vesting stock awards in exchange for payments to satisfy the withholding tax requirements of certain recipients. Our payment of the withholding taxes in exchange for the shares constitutes a purchase of our common stock. During Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008, we retired 18,247 shares and 26,623 shares, respectively, and made related withholding tax payments of approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. Also, on August 3, 2009, we purchased approximately 2.45 million shares of our common stock from Ezra Dabah, our former Chief Executive Officer, Renee Dabah and certain related trusts. Aside from this activity, we do not have a share buyback program. Any determination in the future to pay dividends or purchase any of our common stock under a share buyback program will depend upon our earnings, financial condition, cash requirements, future prospects, covenants in our credit facilities and any future debt instruments and such other factors as the Board deems appropriate at such time.

Equity Plan Compensation Information

The following table provides information as of January 30, 2010, about the shares of our Common Stock that may be issued upon exercise of options granted to employees or members of our Board under all of our existing stock-based compensation plans, including our 1997 Stock Option Plan and 2005 Equity Plan.

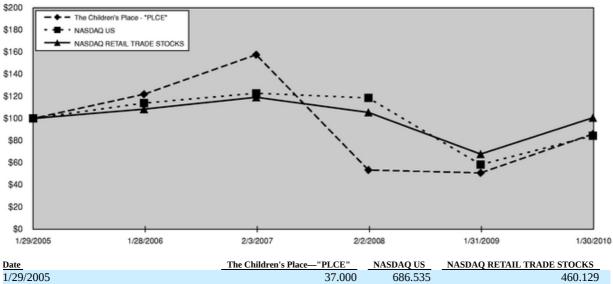
Plan Category	COLUMN (A) Securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options	ave	Weighted erage exercise price of outstanding options	COLUMN (C) Securities remaining available for future issuances under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in Column (A))
Equity Compensation Plans Approved by Security				
Holders	730,589(1))\$	33.22	835,070(2)
Equity Compensation Plans Not Approved by Security				
Holders	N/A		N/A	N/A
Total	730,589	\$	33.22	835,070

⁽¹⁾ Amount consists of 620,089 shares issuable under our 1997 Stock Option Plan and 110,500 shares issuable under our 2005 Equity Plan.

⁽²⁾ Effective with the approval of our 2005 Equity Plan by our stockholders, we agreed not to make any further grants under our 1996 Stock Option Plan and 1997 Stock Option Plan, thus all securities remaining available for future issuance relate to our 2005 Equity Plan. Excluded from this amount are approximately 512,381 shares issuable upon vesting of deferred stock awards and approximately 173,852 shares issuable upon vesting of performance awards, assuming the performance awards are earned at 100%. Assuming that the performance awards are earned at 200% (the maximum), the amount of securities which remain available for future issuances under stock-based compensation plans, excluding outstanding stock options is 661,218.

Performance Graph

The following graph compares the cumulative stockholder return on our common stock with the return on the Total Return Index for the NASDAQ Stock Market (US) and the NASDAQ Retail Trade Stocks. The graph assumes that \$100 was invested on January 29, 2005.



<u>Date</u>	The Children's Place—"PLCE"	NASDAQ US	NASDAQ RETAIL TRADE STOCKS
1/29/2005	37.000	686.535	460.129
1/28/2006	45.090	782.053	498.988
2/3/2007	58.310	842.827	548.239
2/2/2008	19.780	813.974	485.385
1/31/2009	18.810	400.522	312.127
1/30/2010	31.800	579.464	463.164

<u>Date</u>	The Children's Place—"PLCE"	NASDAQ US	NASDAQ RETAIL TRADE STOCKS
1/29/2005	100.000	100.000	100.000
1/28/2006	121.865	113.913	108.445
2/3/2007	157.595	122.765	119.149
2/2/2008	53.459	118.563	105.489
1/31/2009	50.838	58.340	67.835
1/30/2010	85.946	84.404	100.660

ITEM 6.—SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

We are the largest pure-play children's specialty apparel retailer in North America. As of January 30, 2010 we owned and operated 947 The Children's Place stores across North America and an online store at www.childrensplace.com. The following table sets forth certain historical financial and operating data for The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries. The statement of operations data for the three fiscal years ended January 30, 2010, and the balance sheet data as of January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009 have been derived from, and should be read in conjunction with, the audited financial statements presented elsewhere herein. The balance sheet data as of February 2, 2008 and the balance sheet and statement of operations data as of and for the fiscal year ended February 3, 2007 have been derived from audited financial statements not included herein. The balance sheet data and statement of operations data as of and for the fiscal year ended January 28, 2006, and all other data presented herein, have not been audited. The information contained in this table should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere herein.

		Fiscal Year Ended(1)								
Statement of Operations Data (in thousands, except per share data):		anuary 30, 2010		2009		February 2, 2008		February 3, 2007		January 28, 2006
Net sales	\$	1,643,587	\$	1,630,323	\$	1,520,329	\$	1,405,429	\$	1,171,036
Cost of sales		984,086		958,510		924,187		794,985		663,737
Gross profit		659,501		671,813		596,142		610,444	_	507,299
Selling, general and administrative expenses		455,782		471,302		479,142		435,758		354,765
Asset impairment charges(2)		2,200		6,491		16,565		418		244
Other costs(3)		_		213		5,870		_		
Depreciation and amortization		71,447		71,410		65,326		57,964		51,236
Operating income		130,072		122,397		29,239	_	116,304		101,054
Interest income (expense), net		(5,731)		(4,939)		(366)		2,707		(753)
Income from continuing operations before income			_		_	,			_	
taxes		124,341		117,458		28,873		119,011		100,301
Provision for income taxes		35,500		43,523		18,913		34,740		37,774
Income from continuing operations		88,841		73,935		9,960	_	84,271	_	62,527
Ŭ .										
Diluted income per common share from										
continuing operations	\$	3.09	\$	2.50	\$	0.34	\$	2.82	\$	2.18
Selected Operating Data for Continuing										
Operations:		0.47		017		004		000		000
Number of stores open at end of period		947	,	917 5%	,	904 3%	,	866	,	802
Comparable retail sales increase (decrease) Average net sales per store(4)	\$	(2)% 1,634	′о \$	1,703		1,654		109 1,643		9% 1,488
Average square footage per store(5)	Ф	4,965	Ф	4,918	Ф	4,846	Ф	4,647	Ф	4,536
Average net sales per square foot(6)	\$	332	\$	350	\$	355	\$		\$	329
riverage net sales per square root(0)	Ψ	332	Ψ	550	Ψ	555	Ψ	501	Ψ	323
Balance Sheet Data (in thousands):										
Working capital(7)	\$	311,366	\$	312,595	\$	200,381	\$	282,049	\$	230,052
Total assets		854,060		939,757		997,537		936,985		758,170
Long-term debt		_		55,000		_		_		_
Stockholders' equity		588,970		547,879		472,233		521,787		395,650
		29								

- (1) All periods presented were 52-week years, except the fiscal year ended February 3, 2007, which was a 53-week year.
- (2) Asset impairment charges generally relate to the write-off of fixed assets related to underperforming stores. In Fiscal 2007, we also recorded an impairment charge of \$14.8 million related to our decision to cease construction on our Emerson Lane administrative office building.
- (3) Other costs include \$5.9 million in lease exit costs related to our decision not to proceed with the construction of the Emerson Lane administrative office building. (See Note 1 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements).
- (4) Average net sales per store represents net sales from stores open throughout the full period divided by the number of such stores.
- (5) Average square footage per store represents the square footage of stores open on the last day of the period divided by the number of such stores.
- (6) Average net sales per square foot represent net sales from stores open throughout the full period divided by the gross square footage of such stores.
- (7) Working capital is calculated by subtracting the Company's current liabilities from its current assets.

ITEM 7.—MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements and notes thereto included in "Item 15.—Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules." The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed below and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, particularly in "Item 1A—Risk Factors."

As used in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, references to the "Company", "The Children's Place", "we", "us", "our" and similar terms refer to The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Our fiscal year ends on the Saturday on or nearest to January 31. Other terms that are commonly used in our management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are defined as follows:

- Fiscal 2009—The fifty-two weeks ended January 30, 2010.
- Fiscal 2008—The fifty-two weeks ended January 31, 2009.
- Fiscal 2007—The fifty-two weeks ended February 2, 2008.
- Fiscal 2010—Our next fiscal year representing the fifty-two weeks ending January 29, 2011.
- FASB—Financial Accounting Standards Board
- FASB ASC—FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which serves as the source for authoritative U.S. GAAP, except that rules and interpretive releases by the SEC are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants.
- GAAP—Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.
- SEC—Securities and Exchange Commission.
- Comparable Store Sales—Net sales, in constant currency, from stores that have been open at least 14 full months and that have not been substantially remodeled during that time.
- Comparable Retail Sales—Comparable Store Sales plus comparable sales from our e-commerce store.
- Gross Margin—Gross profit expressed as a percentage of net sales.
- SG&A—Selling, general and administrative expenses

OVERVIEW

Our Business

We are the largest pure-play children's specialty apparel retailer in North America. We design, contract to manufacture and sell high-quality, value-priced merchandise under our proprietary "The Children's Place" brand name. Our objective is to deliver high-quality merchandise at value prices. As of January 30, 2010, we owned and operated 947 stores across North America and an online store at *www.childrensplace.com*.

Segment Reporting

After the disposal of our Disney Store Business during Fiscal 2008 (see below), management continued its reassessment of our internal reporting structure. Net sales of Canadian operations had grown approximately 56% over the three fiscal years ended January 31, 2009, and after the disposal of the Disney business, its percentage of consolidated net sales has grown from approximately 9% to approximately 12%. Further, the fluctuations of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar in recent years have had a significant impact on our Canadian operating results. Beginning in Fiscal 2009, our chief operating decision maker ("CODM") required, and we began reporting, discrete financial information for our Canadian operations.

The "Segment Reporting" topic of the FASB ASC establishes standards for reporting information about a company's operating segments. Accordingly, we report segment data based on management responsibility: The Children's Place U.S. and The Children's Place Canada. Included in The Children's Place U.S. segment are our U.S. based stores, including Puerto Rico, and our e-commerce store, www.childrensplace.com. We measure our segment profitability based on operating income, defined as earnings before interest and taxes. Net sales and direct costs are recorded by each segment. Certain centrally managed inventory procurement functions such as production and design are allocated to each segment based upon usage. Corporate overhead, including executive management, finance, real estate, human resources, legal, and information technology services are allocated to the segments based primarily on net sales. Included in the allocation of corporate overhead is depreciation and amortization expense; however, the related assets are not allocated. We periodically review these allocations and adjust them based upon changes in business circumstances. Net sales from external customers are derived from merchandise sales and we have no major customers that account for more than 10% of our net sales.

Recent Developments

On December 11, 2009, we announced the appointment of Jane Elfers as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, effective January 4, 2010. Ms. Elfers has also been named to our Board of Directors. Charles Crovitz, who was serving as the Interim Chief Executive Officer, continues to serve as a Director on our Board of Directors.

On December 3, 2009, our Board of Directors approved and adopted The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Deferred Compensation Plan") to be effective January 1, 2010. Under the Deferred Compensation Plan, which is a nonqualified, unfunded plan, eligible senior level employees and members of the Board of Directors may elect to defer payment of certain compensation for up to fifteen years. We may, but are not required to, credit participants with additional contribution amounts.

On July 29, 2009, we entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") with Ezra Dabah, our former Chief Executive Officer, Renee Dabah and certain related trusts (collectively, the "Sellers") pursuant to which we agreed to purchase from the Sellers an aggregate of approximately 2.45 million shares of our common stock at a price of \$28.88 per share,

which represented a discount of 5% to the average of the closing prices of our common stock of the three days ended July 28, 2009 (the "Purchase"). On August 3, 2009, the Purchase was completed with us making total payments to the Sellers of approximately \$70.8 million. In addition, we incurred approximately \$2.7 million in transaction costs related to the Purchase, which are included in the cost of the acquired shares. Immediately after the Purchase, the acquired shares of common stock were retired. Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, Ezra Dabah and Stanley Silverstein tendered their resignations from our Board of Directors effective August 3, 2009.

On April 13, 2009, we paid a total of \$47.0 million of principal balance of an \$85.0 million term loan with an original maturity date of July 31, 2013 pursuant to the terms of a note purchase agreement (the "Note Purchase Agreement"). On August 3, 2009, we prepaid the remaining principal amount of \$38.0 million, thereby terminating the Note Purchase Agreement and all of our obligations thereunder.

The Disney Store Business

After a thorough review of the Disney Store business, its potential earnings growth, its capital needs and its ability to fund such needs from its own resources, the Company announced on March 20, 2008 that it had decided to exit the Disney Store business. Our subsidiaries that operated the Disney Store business are referred to herein interchangeably and collectively as "Hoop".

After assessing the above factors and considering Hoop's liquidity, Hoop's Board of Directors determined that the best way to complete an orderly wind-down of Hoop's affairs was for Hoop to seek relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"). On March 26, 2008, Hoop Holdings, LLC, Hoop Retail Stores, LLC and Hoop Canada Holdings, Inc. each filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "U.S. Bankruptcy Court") (Case Nos. 08-10544, 08-10545, and 08-10546, respectively, the "Cases"). On March 27, 2008, Hoop Canada, Inc. filed for protection pursuant to the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act (the "CCAA") in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) ("Canadian Bankruptcy Court") (Court File No. 08-CL-7453, and together with the Cases, the "Filings"). Each of the foregoing Hoop entities are referred to collectively herein as the "Hoop Entities."

After receiving the approval of the U.S. Bankruptcy Court and the Canadian Bankruptcy Court, on April 30, 2008, Hoop transferred the Disney Store business in the U.S. and Canada and a substantial portion of the Disney Store assets to affiliates of Disney in an asset sale (the "Sale"), pursuant to an asset purchase agreement dated as of April 3, 2008 among the Hoop Entities and affiliates of Disney (the "Sale Agreement") and Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code (and a similar provision under the CCAA). Upon closing, affiliates of Disney paid approximately \$61.6 million, including certain post-closing adjustments, for the acquired assets of the Disney Store business. The proceeds received from the Sale are included in the assets of the Hoop Entities' for distribution to their creditors pursuant to the plan of reorganization that was approved by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court on December 15, 2008 (the "Plan"). A similar plan was approved by the Canadian Bankruptcy Court.

According to the terms of the Sale, Hoop transferred 217 Disney Stores to affiliates of Disney and granted such affiliates the right to operate and wind-down the affairs of the remaining stores. The lease obligations associated with the stores that were not sold were rejected and resulting damage claims were administered pursuant to the Plan.

In April 2008, the Company entered into a settlement and release of claims agreement with Hoop and the official committee of unsecured creditors in the Cases (the "Settlement Agreement"), which was approved by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court on April 29, 2008. Under the Settlement Agreement, the Company agreed to provide transitional services and to forgive all pre- and post-bankruptcy petition claims against the Hoop Entities. Such claims included intercompany charges for shared services of

approximately \$24.9 million, a capital contribution made on March 18, 2008 of approximately \$8.3 million, payment of severance and other employee costs for the Company's employees servicing Hoop of approximately \$7.7 million, and \$6.8 million of professional fees and other costs the Company has incurred during the Cases, as well as claims that might be asserted against the Company in the Cases. At January 31, 2009, the Company had paid approximately \$44.0 million related to the Settlement Agreement, and had remaining accruals of \$4.1 million, primarily for severance, legal claims and related costs. During Fiscal 2009, the Company reduced certain severance and professional fee accruals by \$0.4 million and paid \$2.1 million, primarily for severance, legal claims and related costs. As of January 30, 2010, the Company has paid approximately \$46.1 million related to the Settlement Agreement, and has remaining accruals of \$1.6 million, primarily for legal claims and related costs.

On December 15, 2008, the U.S. Bankruptcy Court approved the Plan, pursuant to which the Hoop Entities that were U.S. debtors were dissolved and all assets and liabilities were transferred to a trust (the "Trust"), which is overseen by a trustee appointed by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court under the Plan and a trust oversight committee. Hoop Canada, Inc., which currently remains under the jurisdiction of the Canadian Bankruptcy Court, has not yet been legally dissolved but is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Trust and is effectively part of the Trust's assets.

Upon effectiveness of the Plan in December 2008, the Company deconsolidated all Hoop Entities. As a result, all intercompany balances, including investments in subsidiaries, were eliminated, and the net liabilities in excess of assets transferred were written off, which resulted in a \$25.5 million gain on the relief of indebtedness of the Hoop Entities in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008.

During Fiscal 2009, the Company reported a \$0.5 million loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, which is comprised of approximately \$0.6 million of professional fees associated with the wind-down of the Hoop Entities and approximately \$0.2 million of reserve adjustments, primarily related to legal claims. These costs are offset by a tax benefit of approximately \$0.3 million.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the Disney Store business has been segregated from continuing operations and included in "Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes" in the consolidated statements of operations.

Operating Highlights

Net sales in Fiscal 2009 increased approximately \$13.3 million, or 1%, to \$1,643.6 million, compared to \$1,630.3 million reported in Fiscal 2008. During Fiscal 2009, our Comparable Retail Sales decreased 2% compared to an increase of 5% in Fiscal 2008. In Fiscal 2009, we opened 38 stores, remodeled 13 stores and closed eight stores.

Based on information from NPD Group, a consumer and retail market research firm, we believe our market share of children's apparel for The Children's Place brand increased to 4.1% in Fiscal 2009 from 3.9% in Fiscal 2008.

During Fiscal 2009, we reported income from continuing operations of \$88.8 million, or \$3.09 per diluted share, compared to \$73.9 million, or \$2.50 per diluted share, in Fiscal 2008. During Fiscal 2009, the following factors significantly impacted our business:

- The continued downturn in the U.S. and Canadian economic environments;
- Reductions in selling, general and administrative expenses; and
- Fluctuations in the Canadian Dollar exchange rate.

Additionally, income from continuing operations includes:

Fiscal 2009

• Approximately \$14.8 million of tax benefits of which \$10.3 relates to foreign tax credits associated with the repatriation of foreign cash and \$4.5 million relates to the release of certain accruals upon settlement of an IRS audit.

Fiscal 2008

- Approximately \$11.6 million, pretax, of transition service income, net of variable expenses, related to administrative and distribution services provided to affiliates of Disney's as part of the Sale; and
- Approximately \$6.5 million, pretax, in impairments related to underperforming stores (refer to Note 5—Property and Equipment in the
 accompanying Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements for more information).

We have subsidiaries in Canada, Hong Kong and Shanghai whose operating results are based in foreign currencies and are thus subject to the fluctuations of the corresponding translation rates into U.S. dollars. The below table summarizes the average translation rates impacting our operating results, and the resulting effect of related rate changes on net sales, gross profit and income from continuing operations before taxes, for each fiscal year presented in our consolidated statements of operations:

	Fiscal 2009	Fiscal 2008	Fiscal 2007
Average Translation Rates(1)			
Canadian Dollar	0.8913	0.9301	0.9465
Hong Kong Dollar	0.1290	0.1285	0.1282
China Yuan Renminbi	0.1464	0.1446	0.1323
Effect on Operating Results (in millions)			
Net sales(2)	\$ (5.2)	\$ (7.2) \$	14.6
Gross profit	(1.5)	(2.9)	7.7
Income from continuing operations before taxes	_	(0.7)	3.0

⁽¹⁾ The average translation rates are the average of the 12 monthly translation rates used during each fiscal year to translate the respective income statements. The rates represent the U.S. dollar equivalent of each foreign currency.

(2) Net sales are affected only by the Canadian Dollar translation rates.

In addition to the translation impact noted above, the gross profit of our Canadian subsidiary is also impacted by its purchases of inventory in U.S. Dollars. The effects of these purchases on our gross profit for Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008 were decreases of \$3.9 million and \$1.1 million, respectively and the effect for Fiscal 2007 was an increase of \$6.2 million.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from our

estimates. The accounting policies that we believe are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating the financial results include the following:

Inventory Valuation—Merchandise inventories are stated at the lower of average cost or market, using the retail inventory method. Under the retail inventory method, the valuation of inventories at cost and the resulting gross margins are calculated by applying a cost-to-retail ratio, for each merchandise department, to the retail value of inventories. An initial mark-up is applied to inventory at cost to establish a cost-to-retail ratio. Permanent markdowns, when taken, reduce both the retail and cost components of inventory on hand so as to maintain the already established cost-to-retail relationship. At any one time, inventories include items that have been marked down to our best estimate of the lower of their cost or fair market value and an estimate of our inventory shrinkage.

We base our decision to mark down merchandise upon its current rate of sale, the season, and the age and sell-through of the item. We estimate sell-through rates based upon historical and forecasted information. Markdown reserves are assessed and adjusted each quarter based on current sales trends and their resulting impact on forecasts. Our success is largely dependent upon our ability to gauge the fashion taste of our customers, and to provide a well-balanced merchandise assortment that satisfies customer demand. Throughout the year, we review our inventory in order to identify slow moving items and generally use markdowns to clear them. Any inability to provide the proper quantity of appropriate merchandise in a timely manner, or to correctly estimate the sell-through rate, could have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Our historical estimates have not differed materially from actual results and a 10% difference in our markdown reserve as of January 30, 2010 would have impacted net income by approximately \$0.8 million. Our markdown reserve balance at January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009 was \$12.9 million and \$13.1 million, respectively.

Additionally, we adjust our inventory based upon an annual physical inventory, which is taken during the last quarter of the fiscal year. Based on the results of our historical physical inventories, an estimated shrink rate is used for each successive quarter until the next annual physical inventory, or sooner if facts or circumstances should indicate differently. A 1% difference in our shrinkage rate at retail could impact each quarter's net income by approximately \$0.7 million.

Stock-Based Compensation—We account for stock-based compensation according to the provisions of the "Compensation—Stock Compensation" topic of the FASB ASC.

Stock Options

During Fiscal 2008, we ceased issuing stock options in favor of deferred stock awards. The fair value of all outstanding stock options was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on a Monte Carlo simulation, which requires extensive use of accounting judgment and financial estimates, including estimates of how long employees will hold their vested stock options before exercise, the estimated volatility of our common stock over the expected term, and the number of options that will be forfeited prior to the completion of vesting requirements. All exercise prices were based on the average of the high and low of the selling price of our common stock on the grant date. Application of other assumptions could have resulted in significantly different estimates of fair value of stock-based compensation and consequently, the related expense recognized in our financial statements. Additionally, we estimate a forfeiture rate for those awards not expected to vest. While actual forfeitures could vary significantly from those estimated, a 10% difference would not have a material impact on our net income. Total unamortized stock compensation at January 30, 2010 was \$0.1 million.

Restricted Stock, Deferred Stock and Performance Awards

We grant restricted shares and deferred stock awards to our employees and non-employee directors and performance awards to certain key members of management. The fair value of these awards is based on the average of the high and low selling price of our common stock on the grant

date. Compensation expense is recognized ratably over the related service period reduced for estimated forfeitures of those awards not expected to vest due to employee turnover. While actual forfeitures could vary significantly from those estimated, a 10% difference would impact our net income by \$0.3 million. In addition, the number of performance shares earned is dependant upon our operating results over a specified time period. The expense for performance shares is based on an estimate of the number of shares we think will vest based on our earnings-to-date plus our estimate of future earnings for the performance period. To the extent that actual operating results differ from our estimates, future performance share compensation expense could be materially different. A 50% decrease in our projected future earnings could decrease our stock-based compensation, pre-tax, by approximately \$1.8 million, and a 50% increase in our projected future earnings could increase our stock-based compensation, pre-tax, by approximately \$0.4 million.

Insurance and Self-Insurance Liabilities—Based on our assessment of risk and cost efficiency, we self-insure as well as purchase insurance policies to provide for workers' compensation, general liability, and property losses, as well as directors' and officers' liability, vehicle liability and employee medical benefits. We estimate risks and record a liability based upon historical claim experience, insurance deductibles, severity factors and other actuarial assumptions. These estimates include inherent uncertainties due to the variability of the factors involved, including type of injury or claim, required services by the providers, healing time, age of claimant, case management costs, location of the claimant, and governmental regulations. While we believe that our risk assessments are appropriate, these uncertainties or a deviation in future claims trends from recent historical patterns could result in our recording additional or reduced expenses, which may be material to our results of operations. Our historical estimates have not differed materially from actual results and a 10% difference in our insurance reserves as of January 30, 2010 would have impacted net income by approximately \$0.5 million.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets—We periodically review our long-lived assets when events indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. Such events include a history trend or projected trend of cash flow losses or a future expectation that we will sell or dispose of an asset significantly before the end of its previously estimated useful life. In reviewing for impairment, we group our long-lived assets at the lowest possible level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities. In that regard, we group our assets into two categories: corporate-related and store-related. Corporate-related assets consist of those associated with our corporate offices, distribution centers and our information technology systems. Store-related assets consist of leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures, certain computer equipment and lease related assets associated with individual stores.

For store-related assets, we review all stores that have been open for at least two years, or sooner if circumstances should dictate, on at least an annual basis. For each of these stores, we project future cash flows over the remaining life of the lease and compare the total undiscounted cash flows to the net book value of the related long-lived assets. If the undiscounted cash flows are less than the related net book value of the long-lived assets, they are written down to their fair market value. We primarily determine fair market value to be the discounted future cash flows associated with those assets. In evaluating future cash flows, we consider external and internal factors. External factors comprise the local environment in which the store resides, including mall traffic, competition, and their effect on sales trends. Internal factors include our ability to gauge the fashion taste of our customers, control variable costs such as cost of sales and payroll, and in certain cases, our ability to renegotiate lease costs. Historically, less than 2% of our stores required impairment charges in any one year. If external factors should change unfavorably, if actual sales should differ from our projections, or if our ability to control costs is insufficient to sustain the necessary cash flows, future impairment charges could be material. At January 30, 2010, the average net book value per store was \$0.2 million.

Income Taxes—We utilize the liability method of accounting for income taxes as set forth in the "*Income Taxes*" topic of the FASB ASC. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on the temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using tax rates expected to be in effect during the years in which the basis differences reverse. A valuation allowance is recorded when it is more likely than not that some of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In determining the need for valuation allowances we consider projected future taxable income and the availability of tax planning strategies. If, in the future we determine that we would not be able to realize our recorded deferred tax assets, an increase in the valuation allowance would decrease earnings in the period in which such determination is made.

We assess our income tax positions and record tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon our evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting date. For those tax positions where it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, we have recorded the largest amount of tax benefit with a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where it is not more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, no tax benefit has been recognized in the financial statements.

Fair Value Measurement and Financial Instruments—The "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure" topic of the FASB ASC provides a single definition of fair value, together with a framework for measuring it, and requires additional disclosure about the use of fair value to measure assets and liabilities.

This topic defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and establishes a three-level hierarchy, which encourages an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of the hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1—inputs to the valuation techniques that are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—inputs to the valuation techniques that are other than quoted prices but are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3—inputs to the valuation techniques that are unobservable for the assets or liabilities

The Company's cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, credit facilities and certain other short-term financial instruments are all short-term in nature. As such, their carrying amounts approximate fair value.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In June 2009, the FASB issued standards that established the FASB ASC. These standards were effective for financial statements issued for reporting periods that end after September 15, 2009 and serves as the source for authoritative U.S. GAAP, except that rules and interpretive releases by the SEC are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants. FASB ASC reorganizes all accounting standards in U.S. GAAP, aside from those issued by the SEC, and establishes a new hierarchy of GAAP sources for non-governmental entities. All future updates to U.S. GAAP will no longer be issued in the form of FASB Statements, Staff Positions or Emerging Issues Task Force Abstracts, but rather the FASB will issue "Accounting Standards Updates" instead. This adoption did not have any financial impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

On February 1, 2009, as required by the "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure" topic of the FASB ASC, the Company adopted the updated provisions that pertain to all non-financial assets and

non-financial liabilities. These provisions define fair value, provide guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities, establish a framework for measuring fair value in U.S. GAAP and expand disclosures about fair value measurement. This adoption did not have any financial impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2009, the Company adopted the provisions of the "Subsequent Events" topic of the FASB ASC. This topic establishes standards for accounting and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued. In accordance with this topic, the Company evaluates subsequent events through the date its financial statements are issued. This adoption did not have any financial impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2009, as required by the "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure" topic of the FASB ASC, the Company adopted updated provisions as follows: a) for all financial and non-financial assets, updated guidance in determining whether a market is active or inactive and whether a transaction is distressed, as well as enhanced related disclosures, and b) additional disclosure requirements about fair value of financial instruments in interim and annual financial statements. The adoption of these provisions did not have any impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements, but did require additional disclosures, which are provided above under "Fair Value Measurement and Financial Instruments".

In August 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard update, "Measuring Liabilities at Fair Value", which amends the "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure" topic of the FASB ASC. This update clarifies the fair value measurement requirements for liabilities that lack a quoted price in an active market. This standard was effective starting in August 2009 and did not have any financial impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In September 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard update, "Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent)", which amends the "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure" topic of the FASB ASC. This update provides fair value measurement and disclosure guidance for an investor on using the net asset value per share provided by an investee. This standard was effective for interim and annual periods ending on or after December 15, 2009 and did not have any financial impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We primarily evaluate the results of our operations as a percentage of net sales rather than in terms of absolute dollar increases or decreases by analyzing the year over year change in our business expressed as a percentage of net sales (i.e., "basis points"). For example, our selling, general and administrative expenses decreased approximately 120 basis points to 27.7% of net sales during Fiscal 2009 from 28.9% during Fiscal 2008. Accordingly, to the extent that our sales have increased at a faster rate than our costs (i.e., "leveraging"), the more efficiently we have utilized the investments we have made in our business. Conversely, if our costs grow at a faster pace than our sales (i.e., "de-leveraging"), we have less efficiently utilized the investments we have made in our business.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, selected income statement data expressed as a percentage of net sales.

Fiscal Year Ended					
January 30, 2010	January 31, 2009	February 2, 2008			
100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			
59.9	58.8	60.8			
40.1	41.2	39.2			
27.7	28.9	31.5			
0.1	0.4	1.1			
		0.4			
4.3	4.4	4.3			
7.9	7.5	1.9			
(0.3)	(0.3)	_			
7.6	7.2	1.9			
2.2	2.7	1.2			
5.4	4.5	0.7			
_	0.5	(4.6)			
5.4%	5.1%	(3.9)%			
947	917	904			
	January 30, 2010 100.0% 59.9 40.1 27.7 0.1 — 4.3 7.9 (0.3) 7.6 2.2 5.4 — 5.4%	January 30, 2010 January 31, 2009 100.0% 100.0% 59.9 58.8 40.1 41.2 27.7 28.9 0.1 0.4 — — 4.3 4.4 7.9 7.5 (0.3) (0.3) 7.6 7.2 2.2 2.7 5.4 4.5 — 0.5 5.4% 5.1%			

Note: Table may not add due to rounding.

The following tables sets forth by segment, for the periods indicated, selected net sales, gross profit and Gross Margin income statement data (in thousands).

	For the Fiscal Year Ended					
	January 30, 2010					
Net sales:						
The Children's Place U.S.	\$ 1,441,562	\$ 1,428,073	\$ 1,325,618			
The Children's Place Canada	202,025	202,250	194,711			
Total net sales	\$ 1,643,587	\$ 1,630,323	\$ 1,520,329			

	For the Fiscal Year Ended					
	January 30, 2010		January 31, 2009		F	ebruary 2, 2008
Gross profit:						
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	559,865	\$	568,059	\$	496,752
The Children's Place Canada		99,636		103,754		99,390
Total gross profit	\$	659,501	\$	671,813	\$	596,142
Gross Margin:						
The Children's Place U.S.		38.8%		39.8%		37.5%
The Children's Place Canada		49.3%		49.3% 51.3%		51.0%
Total Gross Margin		40.1%	% 41.2%		6	39.2%

Fiscal 2009 Compared to Fiscal 2008

Net sales increased \$13.3 million, or 1%, to \$1,643.6 million during Fiscal 2009 from \$1,630.3 million during Fiscal 2008. Our net sales increase resulted from \$48.3 million of sales from new stores as well as stores that did not qualify as comparable stores, mostly offset by a Comparable Retail Sales decrease of 2%, or \$29.8 million, and a \$5.2 million decrease from unfavorable changes in the Canadian foreign exchange rate. The Comparable Retail Sales decrease is comprised of a Comparable Store Sales decrease of 4%, or \$60.4 million, partially offset by an increase in e-commerce sales of 34.4%, or \$30.6 million. Our 4% Comparable Store Sales decrease reflects a 1% decrease in the number of transactions and a 3% decrease in our average dollar transaction size.

On a segment basis, The Children's Place U.S. net sales increased \$13.5 million, or 1.0%, to \$1,441.6 million in Fiscal 2009 compared to \$1,428.1 million in Fiscal 2008. This increase resulted from a \$30.6 million increase in e-commerce sales and a \$31.4 million increase in sales from new stores and other stores that did not qualify as comparable stores, partially offset by a Comparable Store Sales decrease of 4%, or \$48.5 million. E-commerce sales, as a percentage of net sales, increased to 7% in Fiscal 2009 from 5% in Fiscal 2008. The decrease in Comparable Store Sales resulted primarily from a 3% decline in the average dollar transaction size while the number of transactions were flat. Comparable Store Sales were down in all regions and all departments except for accessories, which was flat. The Children's Place Canada net sales decreased \$0.2 million, or 0.1%, to \$202.0 million in Fiscal 2009 compared to \$202.2 million in Fiscal 2008. This decrease resulted from a Comparable Store Sales decrease of 6%, or \$11.9 million and a \$5.2 million decrease resulting from changes in the Canadian exchange rates mostly offset by a \$16.9 million increase in sales from new stores and other stores that did not qualify as comparable stores. The decrease in Comparable Store Sales was primarily attributable to a 3% decline in the number of transactions and a 3% decrease in the average dollar transaction size. Comparable Store Sales were down in all departments except for accessories.

During Fiscal 2009, we opened 38 stores, which included 30 in the United States and eight in Canada. We closed eight stores in Fiscal 2009, all in the United States.

Gross profit decreased by \$12.3 million to \$659.5 million during Fiscal 2009 from \$671.8 million in Fiscal 2008. Gross Margin decreased 110 basis points to 40.1% during Fiscal 2009 from 41.2% during Fiscal 2008. This decrease resulted primarily from higher markdowns of approximately 120 basis points and higher occupancy of approximately 30 basis points partially offset by lower production, design and other costs of approximately 20 basis points, a higher initial mark-up of approximately 10 basis points and lower buying costs of approximately 10 basis points. Increased markdowns resulted from higher inventory levels due to lower Comparable Store Sales as noted above. Gross Margin at The Children's Place U.S. decreased approximately 100 basis points to 38.8% in Fiscal 2009 from 39.8% in Fiscal 2008. This decrease resulted primarily from higher markdowns of approximately 120 basis points and higher occupancy of approximately 20 basis points partially offset by a higher initial mark-up of approximately

20 basis points and lower production, design and other costs of approximately 20 basis points. Gross Margin at The Children's Place Canada decreased approximately 200 basis points to 49.3% in Fiscal 2009 from 51.3% in Fiscal 2008. This decrease resulted primarily from higher occupancy of approximately 110 basis points, a lower initial mark-up of approximately 70 basis points and higher markdowns of approximately 50 basis points partially offset by lower production, design and other costs of approximately 30 basis points. Gross profit at The Children's Place Canada was also negatively impacted by changes in foreign exchange rates.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased \$15.5 million to \$455.8 million during Fiscal 2009 from \$471.3 million during Fiscal 2008. As a percentage of net sales, SG&A decreased approximately 120 basis points to 27.7% during Fiscal 2009 from 28.9% during Fiscal 2008. The comparability of our SG&A was affected by the following items:

Fiscal 2009

- approximately \$3.5 million, or 20 basis points of accrual reversals related to the settlement of an IRS employment tax audit related to stock options;
- approximately \$2.8 million, or 20 basis points, of severance charges from the relocation of our e-commerce fulfillment facility and buyout costs related to the elimination of our auto-lease program; and
- approximately \$2.1 million, or 10 basis points, of professional fees associated with a proxy contest.

Fiscal 2008

- approximately \$11.6 million or 70 basis points of transition service income, net of variable expenses, related to administrative and distribution services provided to affiliates of Disney as part of the Sale;
- approximately \$2.3 million or 10 basis points of gain related to the sale of a store lease; and
- professional fees, net of recoveries, of approximately \$3.1 million, or 20 basis points, primarily legal costs related to the stock option investigation and strategic review.

Excluding the effect of the above, SG&A decreased approximately \$27.7 million, or 190 basis points. We were able to reduce these expenses primarily as a result of the following:

Favorable variances

- store operating expenses, excluding payroll, decreased approximately \$7.8 million, or 50 basis points. This decrease is due primarily to cost containment measures in supplies, repairs and maintenance and information technology;
- incentive bonus decreased approximately \$5.6 million, or 40 basis points, resulting from a lower payout in Fiscal 2009 due to operating results lower than planned;
- marketing expenses decreased approximately \$3.9 million, or 30 basis points, which was primarily attributable to a reduction in our direct mailing programs;
- professional fees decreased approximately \$5.1 million, or 30 basis points, resulting from reductions in consulting, legal and accounting fees;
- administrative payroll decreased approximately \$3.0 million, or 20 basis points, resulting from a decrease in headcount;

- foreign currency transaction gains of \$0.5 million in Fiscal 2009 compared to losses of \$2.7 million in Fiscal 2008 resulted in leveraging of approximately 20 basis points. This was due to favorable changes in foreign currency rates, primarily the Canadian Dollar;
- corporate facility expense decreased approximately \$1.0 million, or 10 basis points, due to lower utilities and cost containment measures on supplies; and
- employee service costs decreased approximately \$1.4 million, or 10 basis points, due to the elimination of our auto lease program and no significant employee relocation costs in Fiscal 2009.

Unfavorable variance

• store payroll and benefit costs increased approximately \$6.3 million, or 30 basis points. This de-leveraging was the result of the 4% decrease in Comparable Store Sales while the number of transactions decreased only 1%.

Asset impairment charges were \$2.2 million during Fiscal 2009 compared to \$6.5 million during Fiscal 2008. Asset impairment charges in Fiscal 2009 relate primarily to 14 underperforming stores compared to 18 underperforming stores in Fiscal 2008.

Other costs of \$0.2 million during Fiscal 2008 related to interest accretion from our decision to exit the Emerson Lane administrative office lease. There were no other costs in Fiscal 2009.

Depreciation and amortization was \$71.4 million during each of Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008. As a percentage of sales, depreciation expense was 4.3% in Fiscal 2009 compared to 4.4% in Fiscal 2008.

Interest (expense) income, net, was expense of \$5.7 million in Fiscal 2009, compared to expense of \$4.9 million in Fiscal 2008. The increase in net interest expense is due primarily to lower interest income of \$2.5 million and increased unused line fees on our credit facility of \$0.5 million mostly offset by lower interest expense associated with our term loan and credit facilities of \$2.6 million. The lower interest expense resulted from a lower average outstanding debt balance during Fiscal 2009 compared to Fiscal 2008. Also included in the interest expense during Fiscal 2009 is a \$1.5 million accrued interest reduction resulting from the settlement of an IRS employment tax audit related to stock options and a \$2.5 million charge related to the pre-payment of the remaining balance on our term loan.

Provision for income taxes was approximately \$35.5 million during Fiscal 2009, compared to \$43.5 million during Fiscal 2008, and our effective tax rate was 28.6% in Fiscal 2009, compared to 37.1% in Fiscal 2008. The decrease in the effective tax rate resulted primarily from discretionary items during Fiscal 2009, including \$10.3 million of foreign tax credits related to cash repatriations from our Canadian subsidiaries and a \$4.5 million accrual reduction related to the settlement of an IRS audit.

Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes was a loss of \$0.5 million during Fiscal 2009, compared to income of approximately \$8.4 million during Fiscal 2008. The loss in Fiscal 2009 relates to legal fees incurred in winding down the Disney Store Business. The income in Fiscal 2008 is due primarily to a \$22.2 million pre-tax gain on the Sale, and a \$25.5 million gain on the relief of indebtedness of the Hoop Entities mostly offset by operating losses of \$13.1 million and restructuring charges of \$18.8 million.

Net income was \$88.4 million in Fiscal 2009, compared to \$82.4 million in Fiscal 2008 due to the factors discussed above.

Fiscal 2008 Compared to Fiscal 2007

Net sales increased \$110.0 million, or 7%, to \$1,630 million during Fiscal 2008 from \$1,520 million during Fiscal 2007. Comparable Store Sales increased 2% compared to a 3% Comparable Store Sales increase in Fiscal 2007 and contributed \$29.0 million to our net sales increase in Fiscal 2008. E-commerce sales increased \$34.4 million during Fiscal 2008. Net sales from our new stores, as well as other stores that did not qualify as comparable stores, increased our net sales by \$46.6 million. Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates had the effect of reducing our Fiscal 2008 net sales by \$7.2 million compared to Fiscal 2007.

Our 2% Comparable Store Sales increase was primarily the result of a 2% increase in our average dollar transaction size while the number of units per transaction remained constant. Our higher dollar transaction size was driven primarily by higher average retail prices, reflecting the decreased markdowns during Fiscal 2008. During Fiscal 2008, we achieved our strongest Comparable Store Sales increases in the Metro NY, Northeast, Mid Atlantic and Southwest regions, partially offset by decreases in Comparable Store Sales in the West and Canada. The decrease in Canada's Comparable Store Sales was driven primarily by a lower foreign exchange rate in Fiscal 2008. Excluding the effect of foreign currency, Canada's Comparable Store Sales were flat. By department, Accessories and Boys reported the strongest Comparable Store Sales increases, partially offset by flat Comparable Store Sales in Girls and a low to mid single-digit Comparable Store Sales decrease in the Newborn department. We reported high single-digit Comparable Store Sales in our outlets and street stores, while Comparable Store Sales in our mall locations were flat.

On a segment basis, The Children's Place U.S. net sales increased \$102.5 million, or 7.7%, to \$1,428.1 million in Fiscal 2008 compared to \$1,325.6 million in Fiscal 2007. This increase resulted from a Comparable Store Sales increase of 3%, or \$34.5 million, an increase in e-commerce sales of \$34.4 million and an increase in sales from new stores and other stores that did not qualify as comparable stores of \$33.6 million. E-commerce sales, as a percentage of net sales, increased to 5% in Fiscal 2008 from 4% in Fiscal 2007. The increase in Comparable Store Sales resulted primarily from a 3% increase in the average dollar transaction size while the number of transactions remained flat. Comparable Store Sales were up in all regions except for our west region. The Children's Place Canada net sales increased \$7.5 million, or 3.9%, to \$202.2 million in Fiscal 2008 compared to \$194.7 million in Fiscal 2007. This increase resulted from an increase in Comparable Store Sales of \$1.1 million and an increase from new stores and other stores that did not qualify as comparable stores of \$13.6 million, partially offset by a \$7.2 million decrease resulting from changes in the Canadian exchange rates. Comparable Store Sales had a 4% decline in the number of transactions offset by a 4% increase in the average dollar transaction size.

During Fiscal 2008, we opened 26 The Children's Place stores, which included 19 stores in the United States, 6 stores in Canada and 1 store in Puerto Rico. We closed 13 The Children's Place stores in Fiscal 2008, all in the United States.

Gross profit increased by \$75.7 million to \$671.8 million during Fiscal 2008 from \$596.1 million in Fiscal 2007. Gross Margin increased 200 basis points to 41.2% during Fiscal 2008 from 39.2% during Fiscal 2007. This increase in Gross Margin resulted primarily from lower markdowns of approximately 230 basis points, lower production, design, buying and other internal costs of approximately 30 basis points, partially offset by a lower initial markup of approximately 10 basis points, increased inventory shrinkage of approximately 20 basis points, and higher distribution costs of approximately 30 basis points. Decreased markdowns resulted from lower inventory levels, an improved merchandise assortment and a better balance of product on hand. Gross Margin at The Children's Place U.S. increased approximately 230 basis points to 39.8% in Fiscal 2008 from 37.5% in Fiscal 2007. This increase in Gross Margin resulted primarily from lower markdowns of approximately 260 basis points, lower production, design and other costs of approximately 20 basis points and lower occupancy of

approximately 20 basis points, partially offset by higher distribution costs of approximately 40 basis points and increased inventory shrinkage of approximately 30 basis points. Decreased markdowns resulted from lower inventory levels, an improved merchandise assortment and a better balance of product on hand. Gross Margin at The Children's Place Canada increased approximately 30 basis points to 51.3% in Fiscal 2008 from 51.0% in Fiscal 2007. This increase in Gross Margin resulted primarily from lower markdowns of approximately 160 basis points, partially offset by higher production, design, buying and other internal costs of approximately 10 basis points, a lower initial markup of approximately 60 basis points, increased inventory shrinkage of approximately 10 basis points, and higher occupancy of approximately 50 basis points. The lower initial mark-up was negatively impacted by changes in foreign exchange rates.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased \$7.8 million to \$471.3 million during Fiscal 2008 from \$479.1 million during Fiscal 2007. As a percentage of net sales, SG&A decreased approximately 260 basis points to 28.9% during Fiscal 2008 from 31.5% during Fiscal 2007. The comparability of our SG&A was affected by the following items:

Fiscal 2009

- Approximately \$11.6 million or 70 basis points of transition service income, net of variable expenses, related to administrative and distribution services provided to affiliates of Disney as part of the Sale;
- Approximately \$2.3 million or 10 basis points of gain related to the sale of a store lease; and
- Professional fees, net of recoveries, of approximately \$3.1 million, or 20 basis points, primarily legal costs related to the stock option investigation and strategic review.

Fiscal 2008

- Professional fees, of approximately \$10.2 million or 70 basis points, which included \$6.7 million of legal, consulting and audit fees related to the stock option investigation, \$1.9 million of legal and consulting fees related to our strategic review, and \$1.7 million of legal fees related to the special investigation;
- Severance costs of approximately \$4.7 million or 30 basis points related to the resignations of our former CEO and a brand president; and
- Stock compensation expense of approximately \$3.0 million or 20 basis points related to the modification of certain stock awards in conjunction with the stock option investigation.

Excluding the effect of the above, SG&A increased approximately \$21.0 million, but as a percentage of net sales, decreased approximately 80 basis points. We were able to leverage these expenses primarily as a result of the following:

Favorable variances

- Store payroll and benefit costs increased \$6.8 million but as a percentage of sales, decreased approximately 50 basis points. This leveraging was the result of increased Comparable Store Sales coupled with no increase in units per sale;
- Store supplies decreased approximately \$4.0 million, or 40 basis points. This decrease resulted primarily from a decrease in the cost of our bags and gift boxes, as well as the increase in our average retail price;
- Administrative payroll decreased approximately \$0.6 million, or 30 basis points, resulting from a decrease in headcount during Fiscal 2008;

- Marketing expenses decreased approximately \$1.0 million and 30 basis points, which was primarily attributable to a reduction in our direct mailing programs; and
- Preopening expenses decreased approximately \$7.7 million, or 50 basis points, resulting from opening 28 fewer stores in Fiscal 2008 compared to Fiscal 2007.

Unfavorable variances

- Incentive bonus increased approximately \$9.4 million or 60 basis points resulting from better operating results in Fiscal 2008 compared to Fiscal 2007, thus a higher bonus was earned;
- Foreign currency transaction losses of \$2.7 million in Fiscal 2008 compared to transaction gains of \$1.9 million in Fiscal 2007 resulted in a deleverage of approximately 30 basis points. This was due to unfavorable changes in foreign currency rates, primarily the Canadian Dollar;
- Information technology costs increased approximately \$3.2 million or 20 basis points, resulting from upgrading and expanding our information infrastructure, including our procurement and e-commerce systems; and
- Stock-based compensation, exclusive of the unusual amount noted above, increased \$4.5 million, or 30 basis points. This increase resulted from the issuance of stock awards during the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2007, after a one year moratorium on stock awards resulting from the stock option investigation. Additionally, most stock awards issued prior to Fiscal 2006 had their vesting accelerated prior to Fiscal 2006.

Asset impairment charges were \$6.5 million during Fiscal 2008, compared to \$16.6 million during Fiscal 2007. Asset impairment charges in Fiscal 2008 relate to 18 underperforming stores. Asset impairment charges in Fiscal 2007 included \$14.8 million related to our decision to cease construction of our Emerson Lane administrative office building and \$1.8 million related to 12 underperforming stores.

Other costs were of \$5.9 million during Fiscal 2007 and related to our decision to exit the Emerson Lane administrative office lease. In Fiscal 2008, we recorded \$0.2 million of related interest accretion.

Depreciation and amortization was \$71.4 million, or 4.4% of net sales, during Fiscal 2008, compared to \$65.3 million, or 4.3% of net sales, during Fiscal 2007. The \$6.1 million increase in depreciation expense in Fiscal 2008 was due primarily to our new stores and remodels, as well as investments made in our distribution facilities.

Interest (expense) income, net, was expense of \$4.9 million in Fiscal 2008, compared to expense of \$0.4 million in Fiscal 2007. In July 2008, we closed on an \$85 million term loan, and as a result, our weighted average debt outstanding increased approximately \$19.6 million. In addition, our weighted average effective interest rate for Fiscal 2008 was approximately 9.7% compared to approximately 7.2% in Fiscal 2007. Other factors contributing to the increase in interest expense include: \$0.6 million of capitalized interest in Fiscal 2007 versus none in Fiscal 2008, a \$0.5 million increase in amortization of deferred financing costs, and a \$0.6 million decrease in interest income resulting primarily from the sale of all of our short term investments during Fiscal 2007.

Provision for income taxes was approximately \$43.5 million during Fiscal 2008, compared to \$18.9 million during Fiscal 2007, and our effective tax rate was 37.1% in Fiscal 2008, compared to 65.5% in Fiscal 2007. The increase in the provision for income taxes was due primarily to the \$88.6 million increase in income from continuing operations before income taxes. The decrease in the effective tax rate resulted primarily from a discretionary item in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2007; we provided \$6.1 million of U.S. taxes related to our no longer being permanently re-invested in our Hong Kong subsidiary.

Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, in Fiscal 2008 was approximately \$8.4 million compared to a loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, of approximately \$69.5 million during Fiscal 2007. The income in Fiscal 2008 is due primarily to a \$22.2 million pre-tax gain on the Sale, and a \$25.5 million gain on the relief of indebtedness of the Hoop Entities. The loss in Fiscal 2007 includes a pre-tax \$80.3 million impairment charge taken on the Disney Store assets.

Net income (loss) was net income of \$82.4 million in Fiscal 2008, compared to a net loss of \$59.6 million in Fiscal 2007 due to the factors discussed above.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Debt Service/Liquidity

Our working capital needs typically follow a seasonal pattern, peaking during the third quarter when inventory is purchased for the back-to-school and holiday selling seasons. Our primary uses of cash are the financing of new store openings and working capital requirements, principally inventory purchases.

As of January 30, 2010, we had \$168.4 million in cash and cash equivalents and no borrowings outstanding under our credit facility. Our credit facility provides for borrowings up to the lesser of \$200 million or our borrowing base, as defined by the credit facility agreement (see "Credit Facilities" below). At January 30, 2010, our availability under the credit facility was \$116.5 million.

On June 11, 2009, we received a notice of assessment, in the amount of approximately \$2.1 million, from Revenue Quebec regarding our sales tax filings. We have objected to the assessment and believe that upon review it will be reversed. During the third quarter of fiscal 2009, Revenue Quebec required us to guarantee the assessed amount in the form of a deposit into a restricted cash account. Until such time that the pending assessment is resolved, the balance of the account remains ours.

On August 3, 2009, pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, we purchased approximately 2.45 million shares of our common stock at a price of \$28.88 per share. Total cost of this share repurchase was \$73.5 million, which included transaction costs of approximately \$2.7 million.

During Fiscal 2009, we re-paid in full our \$85 million term loan (see "Term Loan" below).

Credit Facilities

On July 31, 2008, the Company and certain of its domestic subsidiaries entered into a five year credit agreement (the "2008 Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC ("Wells Fargo"), Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Business Credit (USA) Inc., and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as lenders (collectively, the "Lenders") and Wells Fargo, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent and Swing Line Lender. The 2008 Credit Agreement refinanced a \$130 million credit agreement and a \$60 million letter of credit agreement which, except under certain limited circumstances, were each scheduled to expire on November 1, 2010 (the "Prior Credit Agreements").

The 2008 Credit Agreement consists of a \$200 million asset based revolving credit facility, with a \$175 million sublimit for standby and documentary letters of credit. Revolving credit loans outstanding under the 2008 Credit Agreement bear interest, at the Company's option, at:

- (i) the prime rate plus a margin of 0.0% to 0.5% based on the amount of the Company's average excess availability under the facility; or
- (ii) LIBOR for an interest period of one, two, three or six months, as selected by the Company, plus a margin of 2.00% to 2.50% based on the amount of the Company's average excess availability under the facility.

An unused line fee of 0.50% or 0.75%, based on total facility usage, will accrue on the unused portion of the commitments under the facility. Letter of credit fees range from 1.25% to 1.75% for commercial letters of credit and range from 2.00% to 2.50% for standby letters of credit. Letter of credit fees are determined based on daily average undrawn stated amount of such outstanding letters of credit. The 2008 Credit Agreement expires on July 31, 2013. The amount available for loans and letters of credit under the 2008 Credit Agreement is determined by a borrowing base consisting of certain credit card receivables, certain inventory and the fair market value of certain real estate, subject to certain reserves.

The outstanding obligations under the 2008 Credit Agreement may be accelerated upon the occurrence of certain events, including, among others, non-payment, breach of covenants, the institution of insolvency proceedings, defaults under other material indebtedness and a change of control, subject, in the case of certain defaults, to the expiration of applicable grace periods. Should the 2008 Credit Agreement be terminated prior to August 1, 2010 for any reason, whether voluntarily by the Company or by reason of acceleration by the Lenders upon the occurrence of an event of default, the Company would be required to pay an early termination fee in the amount of 0.25% of the revolving credit facility ceiling then in effect. No early termination fee would be due and payable for termination after July 31, 2010.

The 2008 Credit Agreement contains covenants, which include limitations on annual capital expenditures, stock buybacks and the payment of dividends or similar payments. Credit extended under the 2008 Credit Agreement is secured by a first or second priority security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and substantially all of the assets of its domestic subsidiaries.

On May 4, 2009, the 2008 Credit Agreement was amended, which included the following changed rates: the LIBOR margin spread changed to 2.00% to 2.50% from 1.50% to 2.00%, the commercial letter of credit fees range changed to 1.25% to 1.75% from 0.75% to 1.25%, and the standby letter of credit fees range changed to 2.00% to 2.50% from 1.50% to 2.00%.

On July 29, 2009, the 2008 Credit Agreement was amended to permit the Company to purchase certain of its outstanding shares and to repatriate funds from Hong Kong and Canada. In connection with this amendment, the Company paid an amendment fee of approximately \$1.0 million and increased its unused line fee from 0.25% to 0.50% or 0.75% depending on total facility usage.

On October 5, 2009, the 2008 Credit Agreement was amended to: (a) increase the aggregate permitted indebtedness for capital expenditures from \$5.0 million to \$25.0 million, (b) allow for unlimited transfers from foreign subsidiaries and (c) allow for the planned dissolution of a non-operating subsidiary.

The Company capitalized an aggregate of approximately \$2.6 million in deferred financing costs related to the 2008 Credit Agreement, which is being amortized on a straight-line basis over its term.

The following table presents the components (in millions) of the Company's credit facilities:

	uary 30, 2010	Jar	nuary 31, 2009
Credit facility maximum	\$ 200.0	\$	200.0
Borrowing Base	164.1		155.0
Borrowings outstanding	_		_
Letters of credit outstanding—merchandise	32.4		32.3
Letters of credit outstanding—standby	15.2		14.6
Utilization of credit facility at end of period	47.6		46.9
Availability	\$ 116.5	\$	108.1
	 	==	
Average loan balance during the period(1)	0.1		20.5
Highest borrowings during the period(1)	3.3		80.6
Average interest rate(1)	3.3%	6	5.4%
Interest rate at end of period	3.3%	6	3.3%

⁽¹⁾ For Fiscal 2008, the average loan balance, highest borrowings during the period, and average interest rate includes activity under the Prior Credit Agreements through their termination on July 31, 2008.

Term Loan

On July 31, 2008, concurrently with the execution of the 2008 Credit Agreement, the Company and certain of its domestic subsidiaries and Sankaty Credit Opportunities III, L.P., Sankaty Credit Opportunities IV, L.P., RGIP, LLC, Crystal Capital Fund, L.P., Crystal Capital Onshore Warehouse LLC, 1903 Onshore Funding, LLC, and Bank of America, N.A. (collectively, the "Note Purchasers"), together with Sankaty Advisors, LLC, as Collateral Agent, and Crystal Capital Fund Management, L.P., as Syndication Agent, entered into the Note Purchase Agreement.

Under the Note Purchase Agreement, the Company issued \$85 million of non-amortizing secured notes (the "Notes") which were due and payable on July 31, 2013. Amounts outstanding under the Note Purchase Agreement bore interest at the greater of (i) LIBOR, for an interest period of one, two, three or six months, as selected by the Company, or (ii) 3.00%, plus, in each case, a margin of between 8.50% and 9.75% depending on the Company's leverage ratio.

A majority of the proceeds from the Note Purchase Agreement were used to repay in full the Company's outstanding obligations under the Prior Credit Agreements, and the remaining proceeds were used for working capital needs.

The Company capitalized approximately \$2.2 million in deferred financing costs related to the Note Purchase Agreement, which were being amortized on a straight-line basis over its term. In the event of prepayments, the portion of the deferred financing costs related to prepayments were to be accelerated. Based on the Company's cash flow for Fiscal 2008, it was required to make a mandatory prepayment of \$31.3 million and had the option to make an additional prepayment, free of prepayment premium, of up to \$15.7 million. On April 13, 2009, after electing to make the full optional prepayment, the Company paid a total of \$47 million. In conjunction with the \$47 million of prepayments made on April 13, 2009, the Company expensed an additional \$0.9 million of deferred financing costs. In connection with the prepayment on August 3, 2009, the Company expensed the remaining deferred financing costs.

On August 3, 2009, the Company prepaid the remaining principal amount of \$38.0 million (the "Prepayment") under the Note Purchase Agreement. In accordance with the terms of the Note Purchase Agreement, the Company was required to pay a prepayment premium of 1.5%, or approximately \$0.6 million. In connection with the Prepayment, the Note Purchase Agreement and the Company's obligations under the Note Purchase Agreement were terminated.

Cash Flows

Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$155.2 and \$218.4 million during Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008, respectively. Cash flows used in investing activities were \$64.3 million and \$60.8 million in Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008, respectively. Cash flows used in financing activities were \$154.0 million in Fiscal 2009 compared to \$4.4 million in Fiscal 2008. The components of our cash flows are presented below separately as cash flows from continuing operations and cash flows from discontinued operations.

Cash Flows from Continuing Operations

Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$155.2 million and \$205.8 million during Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008, respectively. The net decrease of \$50.6 million resulted primarily from the following:

- the timing of payments on accounts payables, primarily in-transit inventory, which resulted in greater cash outflows of \$66.2 million;
- increased income tax payments of approximately \$5.2 million;
- the timing of payments on accrued expenses and other current liabilities, primarily payroll and occupancy costs, which resulted in greater cash outflows of \$18.3 million;
- reduced cash flows from accounts receivable, prepaids and other assets of approximately \$13.7 million due primarily to lower levels of construction allowances;
- the elimination of funding the subsidiaries in discontinued operations, which resulted in increased cash flow of approximately \$28.8 million; and
- a reduction in inventory levels provided approximately \$28.3 million of cash flows;

Cash flows used in investing activities were \$64.3 million and \$49.4 million during Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008, respectively. Cash paid for capital expenditures was \$62.2 million in Fiscal 2009 compared to \$51.7 million in Fiscal 2008. This increase of \$10.5 million resulted primarily from Fiscal 2009 having 12 more store openings as well as the build out of our new corporate offices. Fiscal 2009 also included a \$2.1 million restriction of cash while Fiscal 2008 included \$2.3 million of cash received on the sale of store leases and property and equipment.

Cash flows used in financing activities were \$154.0 million in Fiscal 2009 compared to cash flows provided by financing activities of \$7.4 million in Fiscal 2008. Fiscal 2009 includes the full repayment of our \$85.0 million term loan, stock repurchases of \$74.0 million and \$1.0 million paid for deferred financing costs partially offset by \$6.0 million of cash received on the exercise of stock options. Fiscal 2008 includes \$85.0 million of proceeds received from our term loan and \$4.7 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options, mostly offset by \$69.6 million of net repayments on our credit facility, an \$8.3 million capital contribution to our subsidiary in bankruptcy and \$3.8 million of deferred financing costs associated with the term loan.

Cash Flows from Discontinued Operations

In Fiscal 2009, cash flows of discontinued operations consisted entirely of a \$0.5 million net loss offset by funding from the parent company.

In Fiscal 2008 cash flows of discontinued operations consisted of the following activities: Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$12.6 million and consisted primarily of parent funding of, and payment of, operating expenses. Cash flows used in investing activities were \$11.4 million and consisted of \$9.1 million of property and equipment purchases and the restriction of \$63.5 million of cash for debt owed to the Disney Store Business creditors, mostly offset by \$61.2 million of cash received on the sale of the Disney Store assets. Cash flows used in financing activities were \$11.9 million and included \$19.4 million of net payments on borrowings and \$0.7 million of deferred financing costs, partially offset by an \$8.3 million cash contribution.

Capital Expenditures

We anticipate that total capital expenditures will be in the range of approximately \$80 to \$85 million in Fiscal 2010. Our increased planned capital expenditures for Fiscal 2010 reflects the anticipation of opening 65 stores and remodeling 62 stores compared to 38 store openings and 13 remodels in Fiscal 2009. Approximately \$55 million of our planned capital expenditures is expected to provide for new store openings and remodels, and we anticipate receiving approximately \$12.0 million in related lease incentives during Fiscal 2010. The remainder of our 2010 capital expenditure budget will be utilized for an ecommerce warehouse automation project, information technology and other initiatives.

Our ability to meet our capital requirements in Fiscal 2010 depends on our ability to generate cash flows from operations and our available borrowings under our credit facility. Cash flow generated from operations depends on our ability to achieve our financial plans. We believe that cash on hand, cash generated from operations and funds available to us through our credit facility will be sufficient to fund our capital and other cash flow requirements over the next 12 months. Further, we do not expect the current economy to preclude us from meeting our cash requirements.

Historically, we have funded our capital expenditures primarily from operations, with occasional seasonal advances on our debt facilities. In Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008, our cash generated from operations along with existing cash on hand provided sufficient funds for our capital requirements. In Fiscal 2007, we completed building a new distribution center and incurred significant construction costs on new corporate offices. This increase in capital expenditures coupled with a decrease in operating profit, required us to fund our capital expenditures, in part, through advances on our credit facility and the sale of investments.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMERCIAL COMMITMENTS

The following tables summarize our contractual and commercial obligations for continuing operations as of January 30, 2010:

	Payment Due By Period						
Contractual Obligations		1 year or			More than		
(dollars in thousands)	Total	less	1-3 years	3-5 years	5 years		
Operating leases(1)	\$ 738,014	\$ 141,785	\$ 224,256	\$ 152,523	\$ 219,450		
Employment contracts(2)	12,800	12,800		_			
New store and remodel capital expenditure commitments—							
(3)	11,500	11,500	_	_	_		
Total—Contractual Obligations	\$ 762,314	\$ 166,085	\$ 224,256	\$ 152,523	\$ 219,450		

	Amounts of Commitment Expiration Per Period																		
Other Commercial Commitments		1	l year or					M	ore than										
(dollars in thousands)	 Total		less	_1	1-3 years		1-3 years		1-3 years		1-3 years		1-3 years		1-3 years		3-5 years		years
Credit facilities	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_										
Purchase commitments(4)	215,561		215,561		_		_		_										
Merchandise letters of credit	32,400		32,400		_		_		_										
Standby letters of credit(5)	15,200		15,200				_		_										
Total—Other Commercial Commitments	263,161		263,161		_		_		_										
Total—Contractual Obligations and Other Commercial	 																		
Commitments	\$ 1,025,475	\$	429,246	\$	224,256	\$	152,523	\$	219,450										

- (1) Certain of our operating leases include common area maintenance and other charges in our monthly rental expense. For other leases which do not include these charges in the minimum lease payments, we incur monthly charges, which are billed and recorded separately. These additional charges approximated 60% of our minimum lease payments in each of the last three fiscal years. Additionally, our minimum lease obligation does not include contingent rent based upon sales volume, which represented approximately 1.5% of our minimum lease payments in each of the last three fiscal years.
- (2) We have entered into employment agreements with certain of our executives which provide for the payment of severance up to two times the executive's salary and certain benefits following any termination without cause. These contracts commit us, in the aggregate, to approximately \$7.0 million of employment termination costs, of which approximately \$6.0 million represents severance payments. In the event of a change in control of the Company, certain executives will receive, in the aggregate, approximately \$12.4 million of severance benefits should they either be terminated or suffer a degradation of duties as defined in their agreement. The maximum that we may incur under termination scenarios is \$12.8 million.
- (3) As of January 30, 2010, we had executed 16 leases for new stores and 10 remodels. This amount represents our estimate of the capital expenditures required to open and begin operating the new and remodeled stores.
- (4) Represents purchase orders for merchandise for re-sale of approximately \$213.8 million and equipment, construction and other non-merchandise commitments of approximately \$1.8 million.
- (5) Represents letters of credit issued to landlords, banks, insurance companies.

We self-insure and purchase insurance policies to provide for workers' compensation, general liability, and property losses, as well as directors' and officers' liability, vehicle liability and employee medical benefits, as described in Note 1 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements. Insurance reserves of \$5.4 million are included in other long term liabilities as of January 30, 2010. The long-term portion represents the total amount estimated to be paid beyond one year. We are not able to further estimate in which periods the long-term portion will be paid.

As discussed more fully in Note 13 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements, our long-term liabilities include unrecognized tax benefits of \$15.4 million at January 30, 2010. We cannot make a reasonable estimate of the amount and period of related future payments for any of this amount.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

QUARTERLY RESULTS AND SEASONALITY

Our quarterly results of operations have fluctuated and are expected to continue to fluctuate materially depending on a variety of factors, including overall economic conditions, the timing of new store openings and related pre-opening and other startup costs, net sales contributed by new stores, increases or decreases in Comparable Store Sales, weather conditions, shifts in timing of certain holidays, changes in our merchandise mix and pricing strategy. The combination and severity of one or more of these factors could result in material fluctuations.

The following table sets forth certain statement of operations data and selected operating data for each of our last four fiscal quarters. Quarterly information for Fiscal 2009 is included in Note 16 of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements. The quarterly statement of operations data and selected operating data set forth below were derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements and reflect, in our opinion, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to fairly present the results of operations for these fiscal quarters (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited):

	Fiscal Year Ended January 30, 2010							
		First Second Quarter Quarter			Third Quarter	(Fourth Juarter(1)	
Net sales		401,901	\$	315,676	\$		\$	462,835
Gross profit		166,527		105,299		201,827		185,848
Selling, general and administrative expenses		111,893		106,093		118,579		119,217
Asset impairment charges		1,099		315		307		479
Depreciation and amortization		17,524		17,564		18,170		18,189
Operating income (loss)		36,011		(18,673)		64,771		47,963
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		32,743		(20,135)		64,251		47,482
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		9,002		(12,906)		26,079		13,325
Income (loss) from continuing operations		23,741		(7,229)		38,172		34,157
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(229)		178		(389)		(47)
Net income (loss)		23,512		(7,051)		37,783		34,110
Basic earnings (loss) per share amounts								
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.81	\$	(0.24)	\$	1.39	\$	1.24
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes		(0.01)		0.01		(0.01)		(0.00)
Net income (loss)		0.80		(0.24)		1.38		1.24
Basic weighted average common share outstanding		29,475		29,552		27,389		27,436
Diluted earnings (loss) per share amounts								
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.80	\$	(0.24)	\$	1.38	\$	1.23
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes		(0.01)		0.01		(0.01)		(0.00)
Net income (loss)		0.79		(0.24)		1.37		1.23
Diluted weighted average common share outstanding		29,605		29,552		27,622		27,713

^{*} Table may not add due to rounding.

⁽¹⁾ Significant items impacting the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2009 include a \$5.5 million tax benefit related to the utilization of foreign tax credits.

ITEM 7A—QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

In the normal course of business, our financial position and results of operations are routinely subject to market risk associated with interest rate movements on borrowings and investments and currency rate movements on non-U.S. dollar denominated assets, liabilities and income. We utilize cash from operations and, if necessary, short-term borrowings to fund our working capital and investment needs.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are normally invested in short-term financial instruments that will be used in operations within a year of the balance sheet date. Because of the short-term nature of these investments, changes in interest rates would not materially affect the fair value of these financial instruments.

Interest Rates

Our credit facility bears interest at either the prime rate or a floating rate equal to LIBOR plus a calculated spread based on our average excess availability. As of January 30, 2010, we had no borrowings under the credit facility. During Fiscal 2009, our total weighted average borrowings under all debt agreements were approximately \$28.5 million and the weighted average interest rate was 11.5%. A 120 basis point change in the respective annual interest rates would either increase or decrease our interest expense by \$0.3 million.

Foreign Assets and Liabilities

Assets and liabilities outside the United States are primarily located in Canada and Hong Kong. Our investments in our Canadian subsidiaries are considered long-term; however, we are not deemed to be permanently reinvested in our Hong Kong subsidiary. We do not hedge these net investments nor are we party to any derivative financial instruments. As of January 30, 2010, net assets in Canada and Hong Kong were \$85.0 million and \$8.9 million, respectively. A 10% increase or decrease in the Canadian and Hong Kong Dollars would increase or decrease the corresponding net investment by \$8.5 million and \$0.9 million, respectively. All changes in the net investment of our foreign subsidiaries are recorded in other comprehensive income as unrealized gains or losses.

As of January 30, 2010, we had approximately \$46.3 million of our cash and investment balances held in foreign countries, of which approximately \$40.4 million was in Canada, approximately \$4.1 million was in Hong Kong and approximately \$1.8 million was in China.

Foreign Operations

Approximately 12% of our consolidated net sales and 11% of our consolidated operating costs are transacted in foreign currencies. As a result, fluctuations in exchange rates impact the amount of our reported sales and expenses. Assuming a 10% change in foreign exchange rates, Fiscal 2009 net sales and operating expenses could have decreased or increased by approximately \$20.2 million and \$16.5 million, respectively. Additionally, we have foreign currency denominated receivables and payables that when settled, result in transaction gains or losses. At January 30, 2010, we had foreign currency denominated receivables and payables of \$2.7 million and \$1.9 million, respectively. We have not used derivatives to manage foreign currency exchange risk, and no foreign currency exchange derivatives were outstanding at January 30, 2010.

While the Company does not have substantial financial assets in China, it imports a large percentage of its merchandise from that country. Consequently, any significant or sudden change in

China's political, foreign trade, financial, banking or currency policies and practices could have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 8.—FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the consolidated financial statements and supplementary data set forth in "Item 15—Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules" of Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 9.—CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Not applicable.

ITEM 9A.—CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management, including our principal executive officers (our Chief Executive Officer and our Executive Vice President—Finance and Administration, who is also our principal financial officer), evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of January 30, 2010. Based on that evaluation, our principal executive officers and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of January 30, 2010 to ensure that all information required to be disclosed in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). Internal control over financial reporting is a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting is not intended to provide absolute assurance that a misstatement of our financial statements would be prevented or detected.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officers, we conducted an evaluation of the design and effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria set forth in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). Based on our evaluation under the framework in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework*, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of January 30, 2010. Our independent registered public accounting firm that audited the financial statements included in this annual report has issued an attestation report on our internal control over financial reporting, which is included herein.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. Secaucus, New Jersey:

We have audited The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries' (the "Company") internal control over financial reporting as of January 30, 2010, based on criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying "Item 9A, Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of January 30, 2010, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three fiscal years in the period ended January 30, 2010 and our report dated March 25, 2010 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ BDO Seidman, LLP

New York, NY March 25, 2010

ITEM 9B.—OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required to be included by Item 10 of Form 10-K will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement for its 2010 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed within 120 days after January 30, 2010 (the "Proxy Statement") and is incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required to be included by Item 11 of Form 10-K will be set forth in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required to be included by Item 12 of Form 10-K will be set forth in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required to be included by Item 13 of Form 10-K will be set forth in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required to be included by Item 14 of Form 10-K will be set forth in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated by reference herein.

PART IV

ITEM 15.—EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a)(1) Financial Statements

The fo	llowing	documents	are filed	as part	of this	report

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	<u>58</u>
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009	<u>59</u>
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the fiscal years ended January 30, 2010, January 31, 2009 and February 2, 2008	<u>60</u>
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the fiscal years ended January 30, 2010, January 31, 2009 and February 2, 2008	<u>61</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the fiscal years ended January 30, 2010, January 31, 2009 and February 2, 2008	62
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>63</u>

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. Secaucus, New Jersey:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three fiscal years in the period ended January 30, 2010. In connection with our audits of the financial statements, we have also audited the financial statement schedule listed in the accompanying index. These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements and schedule. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries as of January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three fiscal years in the period ended January 31, 2010, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting as of January 30, 2010, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) and our report dated March 25, 2010 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ BDO Seidman, LLP

New York, NY March 25, 2010

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except shares issued, authorized and outstanding)

	Fiscal Yea			nded anuary 31,
		2010		2009
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$,	\$	226,206
Restricted cash		2,112		_
Accounts receivable		16,910		19,639
Inventories		206,227		211,227
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		45,713		42,674
Deferred income taxes		17,540		19,844
Total current assets		456,882		519,590
Long-term assets:				
Property and equipment, net		312,801		318,116
Deferred income taxes		79,934		96,104
Other assets		4,443		5,947
Total assets	\$	854,060	\$	939,757
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
LIABILITIES:				
Current liabilities:				
Short term portion of term loan	\$	_	\$	30,000
Accounts payable	Ψ	55,547	Ψ	73,333
Income taxes payable		1,212		3,166
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		88,757		100,496
Total current liabilities	_	145,516	_	206,995
Long-term liabilities:			_	
Deferred rent liabilities		98,705		105,565
Other tax liabilities		15,396		17,150
Long term portion of term loan				55,000
Other long-term liabilities		5,473		7,168
Total liabilities	_	265,090	_	391,878
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES			_	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding at				
January 30, 2010		_		_
Common stock, \$0.10 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 27,474,774 and 29,465,065 issued and outstanding at January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009, respectively		2,747		2,947
Additional paid-in capital		204,646		205,858
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income		7,561		(3,090)
Retained earnings		374,016		342,164
Total stockholders' equity		588,970	_	547,879
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	854,060	\$	939,757
			_	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Fiscal Year Ended				
	January 30, 2010	January 31, 2009	February 2, 2008		
Net sales	\$ 1,643,587	\$ 1,630,323	\$ 1,520,329		
Cost of sales	984,086	958,510	924,187		
Gross profit	659,502	671,813	596,142		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	455,782	2 471,302	479,142		
Asset impairment charges	2,200		16,565		
Other costs	_	- 213	5,870		
Depreciation and amortization	71,447	71,410	65,326		
Operating income	130,072	2 122,397	29,239		
Interest (expense) income, net	(5,732	(4,939)	(366)		
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	124,34	117,458	28,873		
Provision for income taxes	35,500	43,523	18,913		
Income from continuing operations	88,841		9,960		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(487	7) 8,435	(69,527)		
Net income (loss)	\$ 88,354	\$ 82,370	\$ (59,567)		
Basic earnings (loss) per share Income from continuing operations	\$ 3.12	2 \$ 2.52	\$ 0.34		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ 3.12	*	(2.39)		
• •		<u> </u>			
Net income (loss)	\$ 3.10	-	\$ (2.05)		
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	28,463	3 29,307	29,090		
Diluted earnings (loss) per share(1)					
Income from continuing operations	\$ 3.09	9 \$ 2.50	\$ 0.34		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	(0.02	2) 0.29	(2.35)		
Net income (loss)	\$ 3.08	\$ 2.79	\$ (2.01)		
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	28,707	29,548	29,648		

⁽¹⁾ Table may not add due to rounding.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In thousands)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In	Retained	Accumulated Other Comprehensive		Sto	Total ockholders'	Comprehensive		
BALANCE, February 3, 2007	Shares 29,084	\$ 2,909	<u>Capital</u> \$ 188,566	\$325,968	\$	4,344	\$	Equity 521,787	Income (loss)		
Exercise of stock options	52	\$ 2,909 5	804	\$323,300	Ф	4,544	Φ	809			
Tax benefit of stock option	- J							000			
exercises			156					156			
Adjustment to tax benefit of											
previously exercised stock			,								
options	4		(954)					(954)			
Vesting of restricted stock Adoption of unrecognized tax benefit provisions of the FASB ASC	4	<u> </u>	_	(6,607)				(6,607)			
Stock-based compensation				(, ,							
expense			5,156					5,156			
Modifications of stock option awards, net of \$1,058 payable in cash			(174)					(174)			
Modifications of stock options —reclassification between			(1/4)					(174)			
liability and equity awards			237					237			
Fair value of land donated to Company for distribution center			1,800					1,800			
Change in cumulative											
translation adjustment						9,590		9,590	\$ 9,590		
Net (loss)				(59,567)				(59,567)	(59,567)		
Comprehensive (loss)									\$ (49,977)		
BALANCE, February 2, 2008	29,140	\$ 2,914	\$ 195,591	\$259,794	\$	13,934	\$	472,233			
Exercise of stock options Adjustment to tax benefit of canceled and vested stock	219	\$ 22	\$ 4,714				\$	4,736			
awards			(1,392)					(1,392)			
Vesting of restricted stock	133	13	(13)					_			
Stock-based compensation expense			7,598					7,598			
Purchase of, and retirement of shares	(27)	(2)						(642)			
Change in cumulative											
translation adjustment				60.5=2		(17,024)		(17,024)			
Net income				82,370				82,370	82,370		
Comprehensive income							_		\$ 65,346		
BALANCE, January 31, 2009	29,465	\$ 2,947	\$ 205,858	\$342,164	\$	(3,090)	_	547,879			
Exercise of stock options	273	\$ 27	\$ 5,954				\$	5,981			
Adjustment to tax benefit of canceled and vested stock awards			1,648					1,648			
Vesting of restricted stock	206	21	(21)								
Stock-based compensation expense			8,450					8,450			
Purchase of, and retirement of shares	(2,469)	(248)	(17,243)	(56,502)				(73,993)			
Change in cumulative translation adjustment	, ,	\ -/	, , -,			10,651		10,651			
Net income				88,354				88,354	88,354		
Comprehensive income							_		\$ 99,005		
BALANCE, January 30, 2010	27,475	\$ 2,747	\$ 204,646	\$374,016	\$	7,561	\$	588,970			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

		Fiscal Year Ended					
	Ja	January 30, 2010		January 31, 2009		February 2, 2008	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			$\overline{}$		_		
Net income (loss)	\$	88,354	\$	82,370	\$	(59,567)	
Less income (loss) from discontinued operations	_	(487)		8,435		(69,527)	
Income from continuing operations		88,841		73,935		9,960	
Reconciliation of income from continuing operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations:							
Depreciation and amortization		71,447		71,410		65,326	
Amortization of deferred financing costs		2,430		718		282	
Loss (gain) on disposal of property and equipment		732		(1,252)		1,553	
Asset impairments		2,200		6,491		16,565	
Other costs				213		5,870	
Stock-based compensation		8,450		7,391		4,890	
Deferred taxes		17,345		32,152		(56,813)	
Deferred rent expense and lease incentives Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(16,627)		(16,228)		(14,884)	
Accounts receivable		3,009		12,468		(8,022)	
Inventories		8,438		(19,855)		(22,818)	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(3,146)		1,127		(5,464)	
Accounts payable		(18,911)		47,294		(26,264)	
Accrued expenses, interest and other current liabilities		(15,772)		2,541		815	
Intercompany—discontinued operations		(487)		(29,302)		76,603	
Income taxes payable, net of prepayments		776		4,737		(34,263)	
Deferred rent and other liabilities		6,452		11,910		22,778	
Total adjustments	_	66,336		131,815		26,154	
Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations		155,177		205,750		36,114	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations		´ —		12,628		(37,313)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		155,177		218,378		(1,199)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Property and equipment purchases, lease acquisition and software costs		(62,217)		(51,693)		(168,682)	
Purchase of investments		_		_		(776,405)	
Change in restricted cash		(2,112)		_		_	
Sale of investments		_				823,255	
Sale of store leases and property and equipment				2,300			
Net cash used in investing activities of continuing operations		(64,329)		(49,393)		(121,832)	
Net cash used in investing activities of discontinued operations				(11,372)		(2,759)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(64,329)		(60,765)		(124,591)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Borrowings under revolving credit facilities		183,613		746,714		456,189	
Repayments under revolving credit facilities		(183,613)		(816,275)		(386,628)	
Exercise of stock options		5,981		4,736		809	
Borrowings (payments) on term loan		(85,000)		85,000		_	
Deferred financing costs		(1,000)		(3,839)		_	
Capital contribution to subsidiary in discontinued operations				(8,250)			
Purchase of common stock, including transaction costs		(73,993)		(642)		450	
Excess tax benefit for stock option exercises						156	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities of continuing operations		(154,012)		7,444		70,526	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities of discontinued operations				(11,878)		19,415	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(154,012)		(4,434)		89,941	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash of continuing operations		5,338		(6,577)		2,873	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash of discontinued operations				(2,022)		586	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		5,338		(8,599)		3,459	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(57,826)		144,580		(32,390)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		226,206		81,626		114,016	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	168,380	\$	226,206	\$	81,626	
OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION:	_		_		_		
Cash paid during the year for income taxes, net of refunds	\$	16,786	\$	11,620	\$	58,525	
Cash paid during the year for interest		5,465		6,811		4,625	
						44 505	
Decrease (increase) in accrued purchases of property and equipment, lease acquisition and software costs Land received for distribution center		(3,433)		(3,357)		11,535 1,800	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") is the largest pure-play children's specialty apparel retailer in North America. The Company provides apparel and related accessories for children from newborn to ten years of age. The Company designs, contracts to manufacture and sells high-quality, value priced apparel and accessories and other children's-oriented merchandise under the proprietary "The Children's Place" brand name. As of January 30, 2010, the Company operated 947 The Children's Place stores throughout North America and an Internet store at www.childrensplace.com. As part of its merchandise procurement process, the Company maintains business operations in Asia. The Company's corporate offices are in New Jersey and it has three distribution facilities in the United States and one in Canada.

From November 2004 through April 2008, through four wholly owned subsidiaries, the Company operated the Disney Store retail chain in North America (the "Disney Store Business") under a license agreement with The Walt Disney Company. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and reflecting the Company's exit of the Disney Store Business in the first quarter of Fiscal 2008, the accompanying consolidated financial statements have classified the Disney Store Business as discontinued operations. In December 2008, the Company deconsolidated those subsidiaries operating the Disney Store Business (see Note 3).

Terms that are commonly used in the Company's notes to consolidated financial statements are defined as follows:

- Fiscal 2009—The fifty-two weeks ended January 30, 2010.
- Fiscal 2008—The fifty-two weeks ended January 31, 2009.
- Fiscal 2007—The fifty-two weeks ended February 2, 2008.
- Fiscal 2010—The Company's next fiscal year representing the fifty-two weeks ending January 29, 2011.
- SEC—Securities and Exchange Commission.
- GAAP—Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.
- FASB—Financial Accounting Standards Board.
- FASB ASC—FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which serves as the source for authoritative U.S. GAAP, except that rules and interpretive releases by the SEC are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants.

Fiscal Year

The Company's fiscal year is a 52-week or 53-week period ending on the Saturday on or nearest to January 31.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and amounts of revenues and expenses reported during the period. Actual results could differ from the assumptions used and

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

estimates made by management, which could have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. As of January 30, 2010, the Company does not have any investments in unconsolidated affiliates. The "Consolidation" topic of the FASB ASC is considered when determining whether an entity is subject to consolidation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

On June 11, 2009, the Company received a notice of assessment in the amount of approximately \$2.1 million from Revenue Quebec regarding the Company's sales tax filings. The Company has objected to the assessment and believes that upon review it will be reversed. During the third quarter of fiscal 2009, Revenue Quebec required the Company to guarantee the assessed amount in the form of a deposit into a restricted cash account. Until such time that the pending assessment is resolved, the balance of the account remains the property of the Company. This amount is shown on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as restricted cash.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue, including shipping and handling fees billed to customers, upon purchase at the Company's retail stores or when received by the customer if the product was purchased via the Internet, net of coupon redemptions and anticipated sales returns. The Company deferred approximately \$0.6 million and \$0.5 million as of January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009, respectively, for Internet sales shipped but not yet received by the customer. Sales tax collected from customers is excluded from revenue.

An allowance for estimated sales returns is calculated based upon the Company's sales return experience and is recorded in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. The allowance for estimated sales returns was approximately \$3.8 million and \$3.2 million as of January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009, respectively.

The Company's policy with respect to gift cards is to record revenue as the gift cards are redeemed for merchandise. Prior to their redemption, gift cards are recorded as a liability, included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. The Company recognizes income from gift cards that are not expected to be redeemed based upon an extended period of dormancy where statutorily permitted. The Company recognized income for gift card dormancy of approximately \$1.0 million, \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million during Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007, respectively.

The Company offers a private label credit card to its customers, which provides a discount on future purchases once a minimum annual purchase threshold has been exceeded. The Company

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

estimates the future discounts to be provided based on history, the number of customers who have earned or are likely to earn the discount and current year sales trends on the private label credit card. The Company defers a proportionate amount of revenue from customers based on an estimated value of future discounts. The Company recognizes such deferred revenue as future discounts are taken on sales above the annual minimum. This is done by utilizing estimates based upon sales trends and the number of customers who have earned the discount privilege. The Company's private label customers must earn the discount privilege on an annual basis, and such privilege expires at fiscal year end. Accordingly, deferred revenue for a given fiscal year is recognized by the end of that fiscal year.

Inventories

Inventories, which consist primarily of finished goods, are stated at the lower of average cost or market, calculated using the retail inventory method. Under the retail inventory method, the valuation of inventories at cost and the resulting gross margins are calculated by applying a cost-to-retail ratio by merchandise department to the retail value of inventories. Inventory includes items that have been marked down to the Company's best estimate of their fair market value and an estimate for inventory shrinkage. The Company bases its decision to mark down merchandise upon its current rate of sale, the season and the sell-through of the item. The Company adjusts its inventory based upon an annual physical inventory and shrinkage is estimated in interim periods based upon the historical results of physical inventories in the context of current year facts and circumstances.

Cost of Sales

In addition to the cost of inventory sold, the Company includes buying, design and distribution expenses, shipping and handling costs on merchandise sold directly to customers, and letter of credit fees in its cost of sales. The Company records all occupancy costs in its cost of sales, except administrative office buildings, which are recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses. All depreciation is reported on a separate line on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

The Company maintains several stock-based compensation plans, which are administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Compensation Committee"). The Compensation Committee is comprised of independent members of the Board of Directors (the "Board"). The Company has granted stock options under its 1996 Stock Option Plan (the "1996 Plan"), its 1997 Stock Option Plan (the "1997 Plan"), and its 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2005 Equity Plan") (collectively, the "Plans"). The Plans allow the Compensation Committee to grant multiple forms of stock-based compensation such as stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, deferred stock awards and performance awards. Effective with the adoption of the 2005 Equity Plan, the Compensation Committee resolved to cease issuing stock awards under the 1996 Plan and the 1997 Plan.

The Company accounts for its stock-based compensation in accordance with the provisions of the "Compensation—Stock Compensation" topic of the FASB ASC. These provisions require, among other things: (a) the fair value of all stock awards be expensed over their respective vesting periods; (b) the amount of cumulative compensation cost recognized at any date must at least be equal to the portion

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

of the grant-date value of the award that is vested at that date and (c) that compensation expense include a forfeiture estimate for those shares not expected to vest. Also in accordance with these provisions, for those awards with multiple vest dates, the Company recognizes compensation cost on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for the entire award.

Stock Options

During Fiscal 2008, the Company ceased issuing stock options in favor of deferred stock awards. All stock options currently outstanding were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on a Monte Carlo simulation, which requires extensive use of accounting judgment and financial estimates, including estimates of how long an employee will hold their vested stock options before exercise, the estimated volatility of the Company's common stock over the expected term, and the number of options that will be forfeited prior to the completion of vesting requirements. Application of other assumptions could result in significantly different estimates of fair value of stock-based compensation and the related expense recognized in the Company's financial statements.

Deferred and Restricted Stock Awards ("Deferred Awards")

Deferred Awards are granted to various employees on an annual basis for merit purposes or in conjunction with hirings. Board members also receive deferred stock awards as part of their annual compensation. The fair value of Deferred Awards is defined as the average of the high and low trading price of the Company's common stock on the grant date. Deferred Awards generally vest over a one to four year period.

Performance Awards

Performance awards are granted to members of senior management and are shares of common stock that are earned if performance criteria, as defined by the Compensation Committee, are met. Performance criteria generally consist of earnings per share or operating income targets over multiple years along with a service requirement on the part of the awardees.

Net Earnings (Loss) per Common Share

The Company reports its earnings (loss) per share in accordance with the "*Earnings Per Share*" topic of the FASB ASC, which requires the presentation of both basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share on the statements of operations.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In accordance with this topic, the following table reconciles income (loss) and share amounts utilized to calculate basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share (in thousands):

	For Fiscal Year Ended						
	January 30, 2010		Ja	nuary 31, 2009	February 2, 2008(1)		
Income from continuing operations	\$	88,841	\$	73,935	\$	9,960	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of							
income taxes		(487)		8,435		(69,527)	
Net income (loss)	\$	88,354	\$	82,370	\$	(59,567)	
	_		_		_		
Basic weighted average common shares		28,463		29,307		29,090	
Dilutive effect of stock awards		244		241		558	
Diluted weighted average common shares		28,707		29,548		29,648	
Antidilutive stock awards(2)		747		1,157		988	

- (1) Per the "Earnings Per Share" topic of FASB ASC, the control number for determining whether stock awards are dilutive is income from continuing operations. In Fiscal 2007, the dilutive effect of approximately 558 thousand shares was included in calculating diluted earnings-per-share even though there was a net loss for the year.
- (2) Antidilutive stock awards are comprised of stock options that had an exercise price greater than the average market price during the period and unvested deferred and restricted shares which would have been antidilutive in the application of the above referenced FASB ASC topic.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of credit card receivables, landlord construction allowance receivables and other miscellaneous items. Credit card receivables represent credit card sales for which the respective credit card service company has yet to remit the cash. The unremitted balance approximates the last few days of credit card sales for each reporting period. Bad debt associated with credit card sales is not material. Landlord construction allowance receivables represent landlord contributions to our construction costs of building out the related real estate, primarily new and remodeled stores. Total construction costs are capitalized as property and equipment and the landlord construction allowances are recorded as a lease incentive, a component of deferred rent, which is amortized as a reduction of rent expense over the lease term. Landlord construction allowance receivables were approximately \$4.2 million and \$8.1 million at January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009, respectively.

Insurance and Self-Insurance Reserves

The Company self-insures and purchases insurance policies to provide for workers' compensation, general liability and property losses, as well as director and officer's liability, vehicle liability and employee medical benefits. The Company estimates risks and records a liability based on historical claim experience, insurance deductibles, severity factors and other actuarial assumptions. The Company

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

records the current portions of employee medical benefits, workers compensation and general liability reserves in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. As of January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009, the current portions of these reserves were approximately \$7.3 million and \$6.2 million, respectively. The Company records the long-term portions of employee medical benefits, workers' compensation and general liability reserves in other long-term liabilities. As of January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009, the long-term portions of these reserves were approximately \$5.4 million and \$7.2 million, respectively.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Leasehold improvements are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is shorter. All other property and equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis based upon their estimated useful lives, which generally range from three to twenty-five years. Interest costs related to the construction of property and equipment are capitalized as incurred as part of the cost of the constructed asset. Repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The Company accounts for internally developed software intended for internal use in accordance with provisions of the "Intangibles—Goodwill and Other" topic of the FASB ASC. The Company capitalizes development-stage costs such as direct external costs, direct payroll related costs and interest costs incurred to develop the software prior to implementation. When development is substantially complete, the Company amortizes the cost of the software on a straight-line basis over the expected life of the software. Preliminary project costs and post-implementation costs such as training, maintenance and support are expensed as incurred.

Accounting for Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company periodically reviews its long-lived assets when events indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. Such events include a history trend or projected trend of cash flow losses or a future expectation that the Company will sell or dispose of an asset significantly before the end of its previously estimated useful life. In reviewing for impairment, the Company groups its long-lived assets at the lowest possible level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities. In that regard, the Company groups its assets into two categories: corporate-related and store-related. Corporate-related assets consist of those associated with the Company's corporate offices, distribution centers and its information technology systems. Store-related assets consist of leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures, certain computer equipment and lease related assets associated with individual stores.

For store-related assets, the Company reviews all stores that have been open for at least two years, or sooner if circumstances should dictate, on at least an annual basis. For each of these stores, the Company projects future cash flows over the remaining life of the lease and compares the total undiscounted cash flows to the net book value of the related long-lived assets. If the undiscounted cash flows are less than the related net book value of the long-lived assets, they are written down to their fair market value. The Company primarily determines fair market value to be the discounted future cash flows associated with those assets. In evaluating future cash flows, the Company considers external and internal factors. External factors comprise the local environment in which the store resides, including mall traffic, competition, and their effect on sales trends. Internal factors include the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Company's ability to gauge the fashion taste of its customers, control variable costs such as cost of sales and payroll, and in certain cases, its ability to renegotiate lease costs.

Accounting for Exit or Disposal Cost Obligations

In accordance with the "Exit or Disposal Cost Obligations" topic of the FASB ASC, the Company records its exit and disposal costs at fair value to terminate an operating lease or contract when termination occurs before the end of its term and without future economic benefit to the Company. In cases of employee termination benefits, the Company recognizes an obligation only when all of the following criteria are met:

- management, having the authority to approve the action, commits to a plan of termination;
- the plan identifies the number of employees to be terminated, their job classifications or functions and their locations, and the expected completion date:
- the plan establishes the terms of the benefit arrangement, including the benefits that employees will receive upon termination (including but not limited to cash payments), in sufficient detail to enable employees to determine the type and amount of benefits they will receive if they are involuntarily terminated; and
- actions required to complete the plan indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn.

During Fiscal 2009, the Company relocated its e-commerce fulfillment center from its leased warehouse distribution center in Secaucus, N.J. to its owned warehouse distribution center in Fort Payne, Alabama. In conjunction with this move, the Company terminated certain employees and provided them with termination benefits that met the criteria described above. The total obligation of approximately \$2.0 million was paid and expensed during Fiscal 2009 and is included in selling, general and administrative expenses.

During Fiscal 2007, The Company accrued approximately \$5.9 million of lease exit costs related to its decision not to proceed forward with the construction of the Emerson Lane administrative office building. This amount is included in other costs. Fiscal 2008 includes \$0.2 million of related interest accretion.

Deferred Financing Costs

The Company capitalizes costs directly associated with acquiring third party financing. Deferred financing costs are included in other assets and are generally amortized on a straight-line basis as interest expense over the term of the related indebtedness. In cases where financing costs are based on amounts borrowed, the portion of those costs related to prepayments, if any, is accelerated. At January 30, 2010, deferred financing costs were approximately \$2.0 million, net of accumulated amortization of \$0.6 million. At January 31, 2009, deferred financing costs were approximately \$3.4 million, net of accumulated amortization of \$0.4 million.

Pre-opening Costs

Store pre-opening costs consist primarily of occupancy costs, payroll, supply, and marketing expenses, and are expensed as incurred in selling, general and administrative expenses.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Advertising and Marketing Costs

The Company expenses the cost of advertising when the advertising is first run or displayed. Included in selling, general and administrative expenses for Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007 are advertising and other marketing costs of approximately \$46.0 million, \$49.6 million and \$50.5 million, respectively.

Rent Expense and Deferred Rent

Rent expense and lease incentives, including landlord construction allowances, are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term, commencing generally on the date the Company takes possession of the leased property. The Company records rent expense and the impact of lease incentives for its stores and distribution centers as a component of cost of sales. The unamortized portion of deferred rent is included in deferred rent liabilities.

Income Taxes

We utilize the liability method of accounting for income taxes as set forth in the "Income Taxes" topic of the FASB ASC. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on the temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using tax rates expected to be in effect during the years in which the basis differences reverse. A valuation allowance is recorded when it is more likely than not that any of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In determining the need for valuation allowances we consider projected future taxable income and the availability of tax planning strategies. If in the future we determine that we would not be able to realize our recorded deferred tax assets, an increase in the valuation allowance would decrease earnings in the period in which such determination is made.

We assess our income tax positions and record tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon our evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting date. For those tax positions where it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, we have recorded the largest amount of tax benefit with a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where it is not more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, no tax benefit has been recognized in the financial statements.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company has determined that the local currencies of its Canadian and Asian subsidiaries are their functional currencies. In accordance with the "Foreign Currency Matters" topic of the FASB ASC, the assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated into U.S. dollars at the current rate of exchange existing at period-end and revenues and expenses are translated at average monthly exchange rates. Related translation adjustments are reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity. The Company also transacts certain business in foreign denominated currencies, primarily its Canadian subsidiary purchases inventory in U.S. Dollars, and there are intercompany charges between various subsidiaries. In Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008, and Fiscal 2007, the Company recorded realized and unrealized gains (losses) on such transactions of \$0.5 million, \$(2.7) million and \$1.9 million, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In conjunction with the Company's deconsolidation of its Canadian subsidiary, Hoop Canada, Inc. (See Note 3 below), approximately \$0.5 million of cumulative translation adjustment was credited to income (loss) from discontinued operations in Fiscal 2008.

Legal Contingencies

The Company reserves for the outcome of litigation and contingencies when it determines an adverse outcome is probable and can estimate losses. Estimates are adjusted as facts and circumstances require. The Company expenses the costs to resolve litigation as incurred.

Fair Value Measurement and Financial Instruments

The "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure" topic of the FASB ASC provides a single definition of fair value, together with a framework for measuring it, and requires additional disclosure about the use of fair value to measure assets and liabilities.

This topic defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and establishes a three-level hierarchy, which encourages an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of the hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1—inputs to the valuation techniques that are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—inputs to the valuation techniques that are other than quoted prices but are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3—inputs to the valuation techniques that are unobservable for the assets or liabilities

The Company's cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, credit facilities and certain other short-term financial instruments are all short-term in nature. As such, their carrying amounts approximate fair value.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In June 2009, the FASB issued standards that established the FASB ASC. These standards were effective for financial statements issued for reporting periods that end after September 15, 2009 and serve as the source for authoritative U.S. GAAP, except that rules and interpretive releases by the SEC are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants. FASB ASC reorganizes all accounting standards in U.S. GAAP, aside from those issued by the SEC, and establishes a new hierarchy of GAAP sources for non-governmental entities. All future updates to U.S. GAAP will no longer be issued in the form of FASB Statements, Staff Positions or Emerging Issues Task Force Abstracts, but rather the FASB will issue "Accounting Standards Updates" instead. This adoption did not have any financial impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

On February 1, 2009, as required by the "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure" topic of the FASB ASC, the Company adopted the updated provisions that pertain to all non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities. These provisions define fair value, provide guidance for using fair value to

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

measure assets and liabilities, establish a framework for measuring fair value in U.S. GAAP and expand disclosures about fair value measurement. This adoption did not have any financial impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2009, the Company adopted the provisions of the "Subsequent Events" topic of the FASB ASC. This topic establishes standards for accounting and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued. In accordance with this topic, the Company evaluates subsequent events through the date its financial statements are issued. This adoption did not have any financial impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2009, as required by the "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure" topic of the FASB ASC, the Company adopted updated provisions as follows: a) for all financial and non-financial assets, updated guidance in determining whether a market is active or inactive and whether a transaction is distressed, as well as enhanced related disclosures, and b) additional disclosure requirements about fair value of financial instruments in interim and annual financial statements. The adoption of these provisions did not have any impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements, but did require additional disclosures, which are provided above under "Fair Value Measurement and Financial Instruments".

In August 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard update, "*Measuring Liabilities at Fair Value*", which amends the "*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure*" topic of the FASB ASC. This update clarifies the fair value measurement requirements for liabilities that lack a quoted price in an active market. This standard was effective starting in August 2009 and did not have any financial impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In September 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard update, "*Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent)*", which amends the "*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure*" topic of the FASB ASC. This update provides fair value measurement and disclosure guidance for an investor on using the net asset value per share provided by an investee. This standard was effective for interim and annual periods ending on or after December 15, 2009 and did not have any financial impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

2. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

On July 29, 2009, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") with Ezra Dabah, the Company's former Chief Executive Officer, Renee Dabah and certain related trusts (collectively, the "Sellers") pursuant to which the Company agreed to purchase from the Sellers an aggregate of approximately 2.45 million shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$28.88 per share, which represented a discount of 5% to the average of the closing prices of the Company's common stock of the three days ended July 28, 2009 (the "Purchase"). On August 3, 2009, the Purchase was completed with the Company making total payments to the Sellers of approximately \$70.8 million. In addition, the Company incurred approximately \$2.7 million in transaction costs related to the Purchase, which are included in the cost of the acquired shares. Immediately after the Purchase, the acquired shares of common stock were retired. Additionally, pursuant to restrictions imposed by the Company's equity plan during black-out periods, the Company withholds and retires shares of vesting stock awards in exchange for payments to satisfy the withholding

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

tax requirements of certain recipients. The Company's payment of the withholding taxes in exchange for the shares constitutes a purchase of its common stock. For Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008, the Company retired approximately 18 thousand shares and 27 thousand shares, respectively, and made related withholding tax payments of approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. In accordance with the "Equity" topic of the FASB ASC, a portion of the purchase price of shares retired is charged against additional paid-in capital using a pro rata allocation based on total shares outstanding. The par value of the shares is charged against common stock, and the remaining purchase price is charged to retained earnings. For Fiscal 2009, approximately \$56.5 million was charged to retained earnings.

Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company had agreed to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement to effect the registration, offer and sale of approximately 2.5 million shares held by the Sellers, after giving effect to the Purchase, in a firm commitment underwritten offering (the "Offering") in the event the Sellers elected to sell such additional shares. On October 9, 2009, the Company received notice that the Sellers had elected not to sell their additional shares pursuant to the registration statement, and as such, did not file the registration statement. The Company had agreed to pay all expenses incident to the Offering except for (i) underwriting discounts, commissions or fees attributable to the Offering or any counsel, accountants or other persons retained by the Sellers and (ii) any taxes incident to the sale and delivery of the securities in connection with the Offering. The Company incurred expenses of approximately \$0.1 million in connection with the registration statement process prior to its cancellation.

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During the first quarter of Fiscal 2008, after a thorough review of the Disney Store Business, its potential earnings growth, its capital needs and its ability to fund such needs from its own resources, the Company announced on March 20, 2008 that it had decided to exit the Disney Store Business. The Company's subsidiaries that operated the Disney Store Business are referred to herein interchangeably and collectively as "Hoop".

After assessing the above factors and considering Hoop's liquidity, Hoop's Board of Directors determined that the best way to complete an orderly wind-down of Hoop's affairs was for Hoop to seek relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"). On March 26, 2008, Hoop Holdings, LLC, Hoop Retail Stores, LLC and Hoop Canada Holdings, Inc. each filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "U.S. Bankruptcy Court") (Case Nos. 08-10544, 08-10545, and 08-10546, respectively, the "Cases"). On March 27, 2008, Hoop Canada, Inc. filed for protection pursuant to the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act (the "CCAA") in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) ("Canadian Bankruptcy Court") (Court File No. 08-CL-7453, and together with the Cases, the "Filings"). Each of the foregoing Hoop entities are referred to collectively herein as the "Hoop Entities."

After receiving the approval of the U.S. Bankruptcy Court and the Canadian Bankruptcy Court, on April 30, 2008, Hoop transferred the Disney Store Business in the U.S. and Canada and a substantial portion of the Disney Store assets to affiliates of Disney in an asset sale (the "Sale"), pursuant to an asset purchase agreement dated as of April 3, 2008 among the Hoop Entities and affiliates of Disney (the "Sale Agreement") and Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code (and a similar provision under the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

CCAA.) Upon closing, affiliates of Disney paid approximately \$61.6 million, including certain post-closing adjustments, for the acquired assets of the Disney Store Business. The proceeds received from the Sale are included in the assets of the Hoop Entities' for distribution to their creditors pursuant to the plan of reorganization that was approved by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court on December 15, 2008 (the "Plan"). A similar plan was approved by the Canadian Bankruptcy Court.

According to the terms of the Sale, Hoop transferred 217 Disney Stores to affiliates of Disney and granted such affiliates the right to operate and wind-down the affairs of the remaining stores. The lease obligations associated with the stores that were not sold were rejected and resulting damage claims were administered pursuant to the Plan.

In April 2008, the Company entered into a settlement and release of claims agreement with Hoop and the official committee of unsecured creditors in the Cases (the "Settlement Agreement"), which was approved by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court on April 29, 2008. Under the Settlement Agreement, the Company agreed to provide transitional services and to forgive all pre- and post-bankruptcy petition claims against the Hoop Entities. Such claims included intercompany charges for shared services of approximately \$24.9 million, a capital contribution made on March 18, 2008 of approximately \$8.3 million, payment of severance and other employee costs for the Company's employees servicing Hoop of approximately \$7.7 million, and \$6.8 million of professional fees and other costs the Company has incurred during the Cases, as well as claims that might be asserted against the Company in the Cases. At January 31, 2009, the Company had paid approximately \$44.0 million related to the Settlement Agreement, and had remaining accruals of \$4.1 million, primarily for severance, legal claims and related costs. As of January 30, 2010, the Company has paid approximately \$46.1 million related to the Settlement Agreement, and has remaining accruals of \$1.6 million, primarily for severance, legal claims and related costs.

On December 15, 2008, the U.S. Bankruptcy Court approved the Plan, pursuant to which the Hoop Entities that were U.S. debtors were dissolved and all assets and liabilities, including their investment in Hoop Canada, Inc., were transferred to a trust (the "Trust"), which is overseen by a trustee appointed by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court under the Plan and a trust oversight committee.

The Disney Store Business has been segregated from continuing operations and included in "Discontinued operations, net of taxes" in the consolidated statements of operations. In discontinued operations, the Company has reversed its allocation of shared services to the Disney Stores and has charged discontinued operations with the administrative and distribution expenses that were directly attributable to the Disney Stores.

Upon effectiveness of the Plan in December 2008, the Company deconsolidated all Hoop Entities. As a result, all intercompany balances, including investments in subsidiaries, have been eliminated, and the net liabilities in excess of assets transferred resulted in a \$25.5 million gain on the relief of indebtedness of discontinued operations in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008. The Company continues to incur charges related to the wind-down of the Hoop Entities and such costs are expensed through discontinued operations as incurred.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

Discontinued operations during Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007 were comprised of (in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended					
	Ja	nuary 30, 2010	Ja	anuary 31, 2009	F	ebruary 2, 2008
Net sales	\$	_	\$	129,177	\$	642,230
Cost of sales		_		93,367		439,909
Gross profit		_		35,810		202,321
Selling, general and administrative expenses		815		48,909		219,448
Asset impairment charges		_		_		80,286
Restructuring charges		_		18,800		6,150
Depreciation and amortization		_		_		14,374
Operating income (loss)		(815)		(31,899)		(117,937)
Gain on disposal of assets and liabilities of discontinued operations		_		47,720		_
Interest income (expense), net				(114)		313
Income (loss) before income taxes		(815)		15,707		(117,624)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(328)		7,272		(48,097)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$	(487)	\$	8,435	\$	(69,527)

For Fiscal 2009, the \$0.5 million loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, is comprised of approximately \$0.6 million of professional fees associated with the wind-down of the Hoop Entities and approximately \$0.2 million of reserve adjustments, primarily related to legal claims. These costs are offset by a tax benefit of approximately \$0.3 million.

Fiscal 2008 includes the Disney Store Business through April 30, 2008. The gain on disposal of assets and liabilities of discontinued operations includes a \$22.2 million gain related to the Sale and a \$25.5 million gain related to the relief of indebtedness of the Hoop Entities. Restructuring charges include legal and consulting fees incurred during the wind-down of the Hoop Entities.

During Fiscal 2007, the Company recorded impairment charges of \$80.3 million for the write-down of store and administrative offices to their respective fair value.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

Cash flows from the Company's discontinued operations were as follows (in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended				
		uary 30, 2010	January 31, 2009	F	ebruary 2, 2008
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	(487)	\$ 8,435	\$	(69,527)
Reconciliation of net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating					
activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		_			14,374
Gain on sale of the Disney Store North America business		_	(47,720)		_
Asset impairments		_			80,286
Stock-based compensation		_	207		490
Deferred income taxes					1,911
Other non cash expenses		_	(1,434)		7,867
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			20.010		(0.1.0.00)
Assets		_	28,212		(21,369)
Liabilities		407	(4,374)		25,258
Intercompany with continuing operations		487	29,302	_	(76,603)
Total adjustments		487	4,193		32,214
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			12,628		(37,313)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Property and equipment purchases, lease acquisition and software costs		_	(9,046)		(31,084)
Cash received from sale of Disney Store assets			61,202		
Restriction of cash		_	(63,528)		_
Purchase of investments		_	_		(263,620)
Sale of investments		_	_		291,945
Net cash used in investing activities			(11,372)		(2,759)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Borrowings under revolving credit facilities		_	160,237		166,942
Repayments under revolving credit facilities		_	(179,652)		(147,527)
Cash contribution from parent company			8,250		_
Deferred financing fees		_	(713)		_
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities			(11,878)		19,415
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash			(2,022)	_	586
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		_	(12,644)		(20,071)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		_	12,644		32,715
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	_	\$	\$	12,644

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The following tables summarize the Company's equity and other stock-based compensation expense (in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended January 30, 2010									
				Selling,						
	Cost of							ontinued	_	
	Go	Goods Sold		Administrative		Operations		tal		
Deferred stock expense	\$	1,179	\$	4,549	\$	_	\$ 5	,728		
Performance award expense		_		1,633		_	1	,633		
Restricted stock expense		_		863		_		863		
Stock option expense		_		226		_		226		
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	1,179	\$	7,271	\$	_	\$ 8	3,450		

	Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2009							
				Selling,				
		st of Is Sold	General & Administrative		Discontinued Operations			Total
Deferred stock expense	\$	979	\$	3,948	\$	242	\$	5,169
Performance award expense		_		1,168		_		1,168
Restricted stock expense		_		719		_		719
Stock option expense		_		577		(35)		542
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	979	\$	6,412	\$	207	\$	7,598

	Fiscal Year Ended February 2, 2008						
	Cost of Goods Sold		Selling, General & Administrative	Discontinued Operations	Total		
Stock option expense	\$	_	\$ 1,221	\$ —	\$ 1,221		
Stock compensation expense related to the issuance of liability							
awards		_	147	(18)	129		
Deferred stock expense		97	415	191	703		
Restricted stock expense		_	141	_	141		
Expense related to the modification of previously issued stock							
options, primarily tolling(1)(2)		383	3,253	339	3,975		
Fair market value adjustments of tolled stock options accounted for							
as liability awards(1)		(543)	(224)	(22)	(789)		
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	(63)	\$ 4,953	\$ 490	\$ 5,380		

⁽¹⁾ Terminated employees have 90 days from date of termination to exercise their vested options. Due to the suspension of stock option exercises on September 14, 2006, the Company modified options held by terminated employees to extend their expiration dates until after the date the suspension is lifted (i.e., tolled stock options). After the suspension was lifted on December 10, 2007, terminated employees had the same number of days to exercise their options as if the suspension had not occurred. Options that were tolled for employees terminated prior to September 14, 2006 were

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

accounted for as liability awards because the option holders were no longer employees at the time of the modification and because of the Company's inability to provide shares upon exercise. These options were reclassified to equity awards after the suspension was lifted. Options that were tolled for employees terminated after September 14, 2006 were accounted for as equity awards because their options were tolled in conjunction with their termination.

(2) During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007, the Company modified 1,015,505 stock options that had been previously issued with exercise prices below the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date the options were granted. The modification increased the exercise price of each option to its grant date fair market value. For 284,633 of the repriced stock options, the modification also included an agreement to pay the option holders a cash payment equal to the change in the exercise price for each option modified. As a result, the Company recorded a stock compensation charge of \$0.9 million, a cash payable of \$1.1 million, and a reduction to equity of \$0.2 million.

The Company recognized tax benefits related to stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$3.4 million, \$3.0 million and \$2.1 million in Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007, respectively.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007, the Compensation Committee approved the 2008 Long Term Incentive Plan (the "LTIP"). The LTIP provides for the issuance of deferred stock awards and performance awards to key members of management (the "Participants"). Each award is based on salary level and the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date the Compensation Committee approves the grant. The deferred stock awards vest on a graded basis over three years and have a service requirement only.

On January 4, 2010 as part of an employment agreement, the Company granted its new Chief Executive Officer 93,255 deferred stock awards that vest on a graded basis over three years. Also awarded were performance awards that provide for the issuance of 62,170 Target Shares if the Company achieves a specified level of operating income for Fiscal 2010. Depending upon the level of operating income achieved, the number of Target Shares earned can range from 0% to 200%. The performance awards vest on January 29, 2011 subject to finalization of Fiscal 2010's operating income.

Pursuant to the LTIP, the Compensation Committee approved the granting of performance awards during Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007 that provide for the issuance of an aggregate of 288,326 Target Shares. These awards have the following key features:

- Each performance award has a defined number of shares that a Participant can earn (the "Target Shares"). Based on performance levels, Participants can earn up to 200% of their Target Shares.
- The awards have a service requirement and performance criteria that must be achieved for the awards to vest.
- The performance criteria are based on the Company's achievement of operating income levels in each of the fiscal years 2008, 2009 and 2010, as well as in the aggregate.
- Awards may be earned in each of the fiscal years based upon meeting the established performance criteria for that year; however, except in certain circumstances, the Participants

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

must be employed by the Company at the end of the three year performance period or their awards are forfeited.

Deferred and Restricted Stock ("Deferred Awards")

During Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007 the Company issued total Deferred Awards of 318,797, 303,596 and 536,127, respectively. Changes in the Company's unvested Deferred Awards for Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007 were as follows (in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended										
	January		January	7 31, 2	2009	February 2, 2008					
	Number of Deferred Awards	Weigh Avera Grant I Fair Va	ge Oate	Weighted Number of Average Number of Deferred Grant Date Deferred Awards Fair Value Awards				eighted verage ant Date ir Value			
Unvested Deferred Awards, beginning of											
year	463	\$ 3	2.84	493	\$	29.74	_	\$	_		
Granted	319	2	7.45	304		34.62	536		29.76		
Vested(1)	(206)	3	1.51	(132)		30.45	(4)		30.04		
Forfeited	(64)	3	0.24	(202)		30.08	(39)		30.04		
Unvested Deferred Awards, end of year	512	\$ 3	0.34	463	\$	32.59	493	\$	29.74		

⁽¹⁾ The Company withheld approximately 18,247 shares, 26,623 shares and zero shares in Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007 respectively, from certain of those that vested to satisfy withholding tax requirements, which were then retired.

Total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to unvested Deferred Awards approximated \$12.5 million as of January 30, 2010, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.0 years.

Performance Awards

Based on the operating results for Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008 and the related performance criteria established, Participants granted awards in Fiscal 2008 have earned 66% of their Target Shares, with a potential for 60% more provided that the aggregate performance criteria is met. Assuming the performance criteria for Fiscal 2010 is met at 100%, Participants will earn a total of approximately 160% of their Target Shares.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

Changes in the Company's unvested Performance Awards for Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007 were as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended										
January	January 30, 2010				009	February	008			
Number of Performance Shares(1)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value		Number of Performance Shares(1)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value		Number of Performance Shares(1)	Gı	Veighted Average Fant Date hir Value		
141	\$	24.28	210	\$	20.97	544	\$	46.70		
62		32.89	43		31.92	246		19.00		
_		_	_		_	_		_		
(29)		22.55	(112)		20.97	(580)		44.98		
174	\$	27.65	141	\$	24.28	210	\$	19.00		
	Number of Performance Shares(1) 141 62 — (29)	Number of Performance Shares(1) 141 62 (29)	Number of Performance Shares(1) 141 \$ 24.28 62 32.89 (29) 22.55	Number of Performance Shares(1)	January 30, 2010 January 31, 2010 Number of Performance Shares(1) \$141	January 3, 2010 January 3, 2009 Number of Performance Shares(1) Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Number of Performance Shares(1) Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value 141 \$ 24.28 210 \$ 20.97 62 32.89 43 31.92 — — — — (29) 22.55 (112) 20.97	Number of Performance Shares(1) Sanuary 31, 2009 February Weighted Average Fair Value Number of Performance Shares(1) Sanuary 31, 2009 Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Shares(1) Sanuary 31, 2009 Performance Shares(1) Sanuary 31, 2009 Performance Fair Value Shares(1) Sanuary 31, 2009 Performance Shares(1) Sanuary 31, 2009 Performance Shares(1) Sanuary 31, 2009 Sanuary 31, 2009 Sanuary 31, 2009 Sanuary 31, 2009 Performance Shares(1) Sanuary 31, 2009 Performance Shares(1) Sanuary 31, 2009 Performance Shares(1) Perform	Number of Performance Shares(1) Shares		

⁽¹⁾ The number of unvested performance shares is based on the Participants earning their Target Shares at 100%. As of January 30, 2010, the Company estimates that on a weighted average basis Participants will earn approximately 149% of their Target Shares. The cumulative expense recognized reflects that estimate.

Total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to unvested performance awards approximated \$3.7 million as of January 30, 2010, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately one year.

Stock Options

During Fiscal 2009, the Company did not issue any stock options. During Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007, the Company issued stock options of 30,000 and 113,696, respectively. The fair value of issued stock options has been estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, incorporating the following assumptions:

	For the Fisca	l Year Ended
	January 31, 2009	February 2, 2008
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Volatility factor(1)	45.6%	45.8%
Weighted average risk-free interest rate(2)	3.2%	3.3%
Expected life of options(3)	5.1 years	4.9 years
Weighted average fair value on grant date	\$12.81 per share	\$10.67 per share

⁽¹⁾ Expected volatility is based on a 50:50 blend of the historical and implied volatility with a look back period equal to the expected term on the date of each grant.

⁽²⁾ The risk-free interest rate is based on the risk-free rate corresponding to the grant date and expected term.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

(3) The expected option term used in the Black-Scholes calculation is based on a Monte Carlo simulation incorporating a forward-looking stock price model and a historical model of employee exercise and post-vest forfeiture behavior.

Changes in stock options under equity plans for the three fiscal years in the period ended January 30, 2010 are summarized below:

	Fiscal Year Ended									
	January 3	January 3	January 31, 2009			2, 20	2008			
	Weighted Average Exercise Options Price		Options	P	Veighted Average Exercise Price	Options	A E	eighted werage xercise Price		
Options outstanding at beginning of year	1,186,512	\$	31.73	2,220,904	\$	32.20	2,321,805	\$	30.36	
	1,100,512	Φ	31./3	2,220,304	Φ	32.20	2,321,003	Φ		
Repricing(1)			_			_			4.69	
Granted	_		_	30,000		29.05	113,696		24.46	
Exercised(2)	(273,468)		21.88	(219,928)		21.29	(52,049)		15.55	
Forfeited	(182,455)		40.52	(844,464)		35.58	(162,548)		35.21	
Options outstanding at end of year(3)	730,589	\$	33.22	1,186,512	\$	31.73	2,220,904	\$	32.20	
Options exercisable at end of year(4)	690,589	\$	33.66	1,104,843	\$	32.24	2,093,289	\$	32.52	

- (1) During the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2007, the Company repriced 1,015,505 stock options that had a weighted average exercise price of \$31.75. After the repricing, these stock options had a weighted average exercise price of \$36.44.
- (2) The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised was approximately \$3.0 million, \$2.6 million and \$0.5 million for Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007, respectively.
- (3) The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding at the end of Fiscal 2009 was approximately \$2.8 million.
- (4) The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercisable at the end of Fiscal 2009 was \$2.6 million.

The following table summarizes information regarding options outstanding at January 30, 2010:

	0	ption	ns Outstand		Options Exercisable			
Range of Exercise Prices	Weighted Average Exercise Options Price		Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	
\$ 8.98 - \$21.63	87,889	\$	16.15	3.4	75,889	\$	15.70	2.6
\$22.02 - \$31.63	265,140		26.31	4.6	237,140		26.05	4.2
\$31.89 - \$42.15	140,185		36.55	4.2	140,185		36.55	4.2
\$44.12 - \$50.81	237,375		45.29	5.3	237,375		45.29	5.3
\$ 8.98 - \$50.81	730,589	\$	33.22	4.6	690,589	\$	33.66	4.4

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

Changes in the Company's unvested stock options for Fiscal 2009 were as follows:

	Number of Options	Ave Grai	ghted erage it Date Value
	(in thousands)		
Unvested options, beginning of year	82	\$	10.87
Granted			_
Vested	(38)		10.76
Forfeited	(4)		8.20
Unvested options, end of year	40	\$	11.24

Total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to unvested stock options approximated \$0.1 million as of January 30, 2010, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 0.8 years.

As of January 30, 2010, the Company had the following shares available for grant under its 2005 Equity Plan, assuming that the performance awards are earned at the minimum, the target and the maximum percentages:

Performance share target assumption	0%	100%	200%
Shares available at February 2, 2008	1,306,036	1,096,064	886,092
Equity award activity during Fiscal 2008:			
Stock options granted	30,000	30,000	30,000
Stock options forfeited	(67,196)	(67,196)	(67,196)
Deferred stock granted	303,596	303,596	303,596
Deferred stock forfeited	(202,232)	(202,232)	(202,232)
Performance shares authorized	_	42,645	85,290
2007 performance shares cancelled	_	(111,620)	(223,240)
Net equity award activity during Fiscal 2008	64,168	(4,807)	(73,782)
Shares available at January 31, 2009	1,241,868	1,100,871	959,874
Equity award activity during Fiscal 2009:			
Stock options forfeited	(23,000)	(23,000)	(23,000)
Deferred stock granted	318,797	318,797	318,797
Deferred stock forfeited	(62,851)	(62,851)	(62,851)
Performance shares authorized	_	62,170	124,340
2007 performance shares cancelled	_	(29,315)	(58,630)
Net equity award activity during Fiscal 2009	232,946	265,801	298,656
Shares available at January 30, 2010	1,008,922	835,070	661,218

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consist of the following (in thousands):

	Asset January 3 Life 2010		January 30, 2010				anuary 31, 2009
Property and equipment:							
Land and land improvements	_	\$	3,403	\$	3,403		
Building and improvements	25 yrs		30,451		30,451		
Material handling equipment	15 yrs		31,243		31,243		
Leasehold improvements	Lease life		378,097		353,636		
Store fixtures and equipment	3 - 10 yrs		259,641		244,124		
Capitalized software	5 yrs		65,869		60,403		
Construction in progress	_		17,770		7,073		
			786,474		730,333		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization			(473,673)		(412,217)		
Property and equipment, net		\$	312,801	\$	318,116		

During Fiscal 2009, the Company recorded \$2.2 million of impairment charges related to 14 underperforming stores. During Fiscal 2008, the Company recorded \$6.5 million of impairment charges related to 18 underperforming stores. During Fiscal 2007, the Company recorded asset impairment of \$16.6 million, comprised of \$14.8 million related to the Company's decision to cease construction of its Emerson Lane administrative office building, and \$1.8 million related to 12 underperforming stores.

During Fiscal 2007, the Company began operations in a new distribution center in Fort Payne, Alabama. The land on which the distribution center was constructed was donated in return for the Company's commitment to operate the center in Fort Payne. The fair value of the land was estimated at \$1.8 million and was recorded as a credit to additional paid-in capital. In addition, the Company capitalized construction costs of \$67.3 million to complete the project.

During Fiscal 2009, the Company capitalized approximately \$5.9 million of external software costs and approximately \$0.5 million of internal programming and development costs. Amortization expense of capitalized software was \$8.0 million in each of Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008 and \$7.2 million in Fiscal 2007.

During Fiscal 2007, the Company capitalized approximately \$0.6 million of interest costs primarily relating to the construction of the Company's Fort Payne distribution center. The Company capitalized no interest costs in Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008.

As of January 30, 2010, the Company had \$7.5 million in property and equipment for which payment had not been made, of which \$0.7 million is included in accounts payable and \$6.8 million is included in account payable and \$6.8 million in payable and \$6.

6. CREDIT FACILITIES

On July 31, 2008, the Company and certain of its domestic subsidiaries entered into a five year credit agreement (the "2008 Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC ("Wells Fargo"), Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Business Credit (USA) Inc., and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. CREDIT FACILITIES (Continued)

as lenders (collectively, the "Lenders") and Wells Fargo, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent and Swing Line Lender. The 2008 Credit Agreement refinanced a \$130 million credit agreement and a \$60 million letter of credit agreement which, except under certain limited circumstances, were each scheduled to expire on November 1, 2010 (the "Prior Credit Agreements").

The 2008 Credit Agreement consists of a \$200 million asset based revolving credit facility, with a \$175 million sublimit for standby and documentary letters of credit. Revolving credit loans outstanding under the 2008 Credit Agreement bear interest, at the Company's option, at:

- (i) the prime rate plus a margin of 0.0% to 0.5% based on the amount of the Company's average excess availability under the facility; or
- (ii) LIBOR for an interest period of one, two, three or six months, as selected by the Company, plus a margin of 2.00% to 2.50% based on the amount of the Company's average excess availability under the facility.

An unused line fee of 0.50% or 0.75%, based on total facility usage, will accrue on the unused portion of the commitments under the facility. Letter of credit fees range from 1.25% to 1.75% for commercial letters of credit and range from 2.00% to 2.50% for standby letters of credit. Letter of credit fees are determined based on daily average undrawn stated amount of such outstanding letters of credit. The 2008 Credit Agreement expires on July 31, 2013. The amount available for loans and letters of credit under the 2008 Credit Agreement is determined by a borrowing base consisting of certain credit card receivables, certain inventory and the fair market value of certain real estate, subject to certain reserves.

The outstanding obligations under the 2008 Credit Agreement may be accelerated upon the occurrence of certain events, including, among others, non-payment, breach of covenants, the institution of insolvency proceedings, defaults under other material indebtedness and a change of control, subject, in the case of certain defaults, to the expiration of applicable grace periods. Should the 2008 Credit Agreement be terminated prior to August 1, 2010 for any reason, whether voluntarily by the Company or by reason of acceleration by the Lenders upon the occurrence of an event of default, the Company would be required to pay an early termination fee in the amount of 0.25% of the revolving credit facility ceiling then in effect. No early termination fee would be due and payable for termination after July 31, 2010.

The 2008 Credit Agreement contains covenants, which include limitations on annual capital expenditures, stock buybacks and the payment of dividends or similar payments. Credit extended under the 2008 Credit Agreement is secured by a first or second priority security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and substantially all of the assets of its domestic subsidiaries.

On May 4, 2009, the 2008 Credit Agreement was amended, which included the following changed rates: the LIBOR margin spread changed to 2.00% to 2.50% from 1.50% to 2.00%, the commercial letter of credit fees range changed to 1.25% to 1.75% from 0.75% to 1.25%, and the standby letter of credit fees range changed to 2.00% to 2.50% from 1.50% to 2.00%.

On July 29, 2009, the 2008 Credit Agreement was amended to permit the Company to purchase certain of its outstanding shares and to repatriate funds from Hong Kong and Canada. In connection with this amendment, the Company paid an amendment fee of approximately \$1.0 million and increased its unused line fee from 0.25% to 0.50% or 0.75% depending on total facility usage.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. CREDIT FACILITIES (Continued)

On October 5, 2009, the 2008 Credit Agreement was amended to: (a) increase the aggregate permitted indebtedness for capital expenditures from \$5.0 million to \$25.0 million, (b) allow for unlimited transfers from foreign subsidiaries and (c) allow for the planned dissolution of a non-operating subsidiary.

The Company capitalized an aggregate of approximately \$2.6 million in deferred financing costs related to the 2008 Credit Agreement, which is being amortized on a straight-line basis over its term.

The table below presents the components (in millions) of the Company's credit facilities:

	uary 30, 2010	Jai	nuary 31, 2009
Credit facility maximum	\$ 200.0	\$	200.0
Borrowing Base	164.1		155.0
Borrowings outstanding	_		
Letters of credit outstanding—merchandise	32.4		32.3
Letters of credit outstanding—standby	15.2		14.6
Utilization of credit facility at end of period	 47.6		46.9
Availability	\$ 116.5	\$	108.1
Average loan balance during the period(1)	0.1		20.5
Highest borrowings during the period(1)	3.3		80.6
Average interest rate(1)	3.3%	6	5.4%
Interest rate at end of period	3.3%	6	3.3%

⁽¹⁾ For Fiscal 2008, the average loan balance, highest borrowings during the period, and average interest rate includes activity under the Prior Credit Agreements through their termination on July 31, 2008.

Letter of Credit Fees

Letter of credit fees, which are included in cost of sales, approximated \$0.4 million in each of Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008 and were \$0.5 million in Fiscal 2007.

7. TERM LOAN

On July 31, 2008, concurrently with the execution of the 2008 Credit Agreement, the Company and certain of its domestic subsidiaries and Sankaty Credit Opportunities III, L.P., Sankaty Credit Opportunities IV, L.P., RGIP, LLC, Crystal Capital Fund, L.P., Crystal Capital Onshore Warehouse LLC, 1903 Onshore Funding, LLC, and Bank of America, N.A. (collectively, the "Note Purchasers"), together with Sankaty Advisors, LLC, as Collateral Agent, and Crystal Capital Fund Management, L.P., as Syndication Agent, entered into a note purchase agreement ("Note Purchase Agreement").

Under the Note Purchase Agreement, the Company issued \$85 million of non-amortizing secured notes (the "Notes") which were due and payable on July 31, 2013. Amounts outstanding under the Note Purchase Agreement bore interest at the greater of (i) LIBOR, for an interest period of one, two,

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. TERM LOAN (Continued)

three or six months, as selected by the Company, or (ii) 3.00%, plus, in each case, a margin of between 8.50% and 9.75% depending on the Company's leverage ratio

A majority of the proceeds from the Note Purchase Agreement were used to repay in full the Company's outstanding obligations under the Prior Credit Agreements, and the remaining proceeds were used for working capital needs.

The Company capitalized approximately \$2.2 million in deferred financing costs related to the Note Purchase Agreement, which were being amortized on a straight-line basis over its term. In the event of prepayments, the portion of the deferred financing costs related to prepayments were to be accelerated. Based on the Company's cash flow for Fiscal 2008, it was required to make a mandatory prepayment of \$31.3 million and had the option to make an additional prepayment, free of prepayment premium, of up to \$15.7 million. On April 13, 2009, after electing to make the full optional prepayment, the Company paid a total of \$47 million. In conjunction with the \$47 million of prepayments made on April 13, 2009, the Company expensed an additional \$0.9 million of deferred financing costs. In connection with the prepayment on August 3, 2009, the Company expensed the remaining deferred financing costs.

On August 3, 2009, the Company prepaid the remaining principal amount of \$38.0 million (the "Prepayment") under the Note Purchase Agreement. In accordance with the terms of the Note Purchase Agreement, the Company was required to pay a prepayment premium of 1.5%, or approximately \$0.6 million. In connection with the Prepayment, the Note Purchase Agreement and the Company's obligations under the Note Purchase Agreement were terminated.

8. INTEREST (EXPENSE) INCOME, NET

The following table presents the components of the Company's interest income (expense), net from continuing operations (in thousands):

	For the Fiscal Year Ended					
	January 30, 2010		January 31, 2009		Fe	ebruary 2, 2008
Interest income	\$	620	\$	3,114	\$	2,808
Tax-exempt interest income		14		48		955
Total interest income		634		3,162		3,763
Less:						
Interest expense—term loan		3,858		5,083		_
Interest expense—credit facilities		303		1,113		3,205
Capitalized interest		_		_		(594)
Unused line fee		773		287		147
Amortization of deferred financing fees(1)		2,430		510		59
Other interest and fees(2)		(999)		1,108		1,312
Interest income (expense), net	\$	(5,731)	\$	(4,939)	\$	(366)

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal 2009 includes approximately \$1.9 million of accelerated deferred financing costs associated with prepayments made on the Company's term loan.

⁽²⁾ Fiscal 2009 includes a credit of approximately \$1.5 million of interest accrual reversals related to the settlement of an IRS employment tax audit related to stock options.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Prepaid expenses and other current assets are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended				
	Ja	nuary 30, 2010	Ja	nuary 31, 2009	
Prepaid income taxes	\$	16,123	\$	16,833	
Prepaid property expense		20,086		17,764	
Prepaid maintenance contracts		3,924		3,254	
Prepaid insurance		2,315		2,144	
Prepaid supplies		421		321	
Other prepaid expenses		2,844		2,358	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$	45,713	\$	42,674	

10. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Ja	nuary 30, 2010	January 31, 2009		
Accrued salaries and benefits	\$	22,705	\$	35,333	
Customer liabilities		22,262		20,774	
Accrued store expenses		7,053		4,584	
Accrued construction-in-progress		6,846		3,732	
Accrued real estate expenses		6,802		7,848	
Sales taxes and other taxes payable		5,522		4,345	
Accrued insurance		3,018		3,153	
Accrued marketing		2,989		2,947	
Accrued freight		2,395		1,179	
Accrued professional fees		2,182		3,364	
Accrued expenses of discontinued operations		1,333		3,460	
Accrued exit costs		_		4,384	
Other accrued expenses		5,650		5,393	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	88,757	\$	100,496	

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Lease Commitments

The Company leases all of its stores, offices and distribution facilities (except the Ft. Payne, Alabama distribution center which the Company owns), and certain office equipment, store fixtures and automobiles, under operating leases expiring through 2023. The leases require fixed minimum annual rental payments plus, under the terms of certain leases, additional payments for taxes, other expenses and additional rent based upon sales.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Store, office and distribution facilities minimum rent, contingent rent and sublease income from continuing operations are as follows (in thousands):

	For the Fiscal Year Ended						
	January 30, 2010		3 -		J -		
Minimum rentals	\$	147,129	\$	142,970	\$	134,848	
Additional rent based upon sales		2,145		2,404		2,025	
Sublease income		(611)		(593)		(529)	

Future minimum annual lease payments under the Company's operating leases at January 30, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	Operating <u>Leases</u>
2010	\$ 141,785
2011	123,456
2012	100,800
2013	83,872
2014	68,651
Thereafter	219,450
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 738,014

New Store and Remodel Capital Commitments

As of January 30, 2010, the Company executed 16 leases for new stores and 10 remodels. The Company estimates the capital expenditures required to open and begin operating these stores will be approximately \$11.5 million.

Purchase Commitments

As of January 30, 2010, the Company has entered into various purchase commitments for merchandise for re-sale of approximately \$213.8 million and approximately \$1.8 million for equipment, construction and other non-merchandise commitments.

Employment Agreements

The Company has entered into employment agreements with certain of its executives which provide for the payment of severance up to two times the executive's salary and certain benefits following any termination without cause. These contracts commit the Company, in the aggregate, to approximately \$7.0 million of employment termination costs, of which approximately \$6.0 million represents severance payments. In the event of a change in control of the Company, certain executives will receive, in the aggregate, approximately \$12.4 million of severance benefits should they either be terminated or suffer a degradation of duties as defined in their agreement. The maximum that we may incur under termination scenarios is \$12.8 million.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. LEGAL AND REGULATORY MATTERS

On September 21, 2007, a stockholder class action was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the Company and certain of its current and former senior executives. The complaint alleged, among other things, that certain of the Company's current and former officers made statements to the investing public which misrepresented material facts about the business and operations of the Company, or omitted to state material facts required in order for the statements made by them not to be misleading, causing the price of the Company's stock to be artificially inflated in violation of provisions of the Exchange Act, as amended. It also alleged that subsequent disclosures established the misleading nature of the earlier disclosures. The complaint sought monetary damages plus interest as well as costs and disbursements of the lawsuit. On October 10, 2007, another stockholder class action complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the Company and certain of its current and former senior executives, the allegations of which were substantially the same as the earlier-filed class action complaint. These two actions were consolidated and a lead plaintiff and lead plaintiff's counsel were appointed. On February 28, 2008, the lead plaintiff filed a consolidated amended class action complaint, which repeated substantially the same allegations and sought substantially the same relief. On May 6, 2009, after certain proceedings, the parties reached an agreement-in-principle to settle the litigation, whereby all claims against the defendants were fully and finally settled and released in exchange for a payment of \$12 million. The cost of the settlement was covered by the Company's insurance. On July 17, 2009, the Court preliminarily approved the settlement, authorized the dissemination of notice of the settlement to the Company's shareholders, and scheduled a hearing to consider the fairness and final approval of the settlement.

On June 16, 2009, a putative stockholder derivative action was filed in the Superior Court of New Jersey, Hudson County, Chancery Division, against the Company and certain of its current and former directors and senior executives. The Company has been named as a nominal defendant. The complaint alleges, among other things, that certain of the Company's current and former directors and executives breached their fiduciary duties to the Company and its stockholders by causing the Company to issue false and misleading public statements and by abdicating their responsibilities to the Company and its stockholders, in violation of state law. The complaint also alleges that the defendants committed corporate waste in connection with a severance payment to the Company's former Chief Executive Officer. The complaint seeks monetary damages from the individual defendants as well as costs and disbursements of the lawsuit, including expert fees, as well as equitable relief. On November 20, 2009, defendants moved to dismiss the complaint, on the grounds that, among other things, (i) the claims asserted in the action are barred by the prior settlement of the stockholder class action filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and (ii) plaintiff failed to make a demand on the Board to initiate the lawsuit, as required by applicable state law. The court heard oral arguments on the motions to dismiss on March 25, 2010. The outcome of this litigation is uncertain and no estimate can be made at this time of any potential loss or range of losses. While we believe there are valid defenses to the claims and we will defend ourselves vigorously, no assurance can be given as to the outcome of this litigation. The litigation could distract our management and directors from the Company's affairs, the costs and expenses of the litigation could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows and an unfavorable outcome could adversely affect the repu

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. LEGAL AND REGULATORY MATTERS (Continued)

On or about July 12, 2006, Joy Fong, a former Disney Store manager in the San Francisco district, filed a lawsuit against the Company and its subsidiary Hoop Retail Stores, LLC in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles. The lawsuit alleges violations of the California Labor Code and California Business and Professions Code and sought class action certification on behalf of Ms. Fong and other individuals similarly situated. We filed our answer on August 11, 2006 denying any and all liability, and on January 14, 2007, Ms. Fong filed an amended complaint, adding Disney as a defendant. Effective as of March 26, 2008, the prosecution of this lawsuit against Hoop was stayed under the automatic stay provisions of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code by reason of Hoop's petition for relief filed that same day. The case is currently proceeding against the other defendants and, on December 18, 2008, the Court granted the plaintiff's motion for class certification on the misclassification claim. We have reached a final settlement in the amount of \$0.6 million, which was approved by the Court on March 10, 2010. The Company has accrued for the cost of this settlement and the related expense was charged to discontinued operations.

On or about September 28, 2007, Meghan Ruggiero filed a complaint against the Company and its subsidiary, Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, in the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio on behalf of herself and other similarly situated individuals. The lawsuit alleges violations of the Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions Act and seeks class certification, an award of statutory and punitive damages, attorneys' fees and costs, and injunctive relief. The plaintiff filed an amended complaint on January 25, 2008. Effective as of March 26, 2008, the prosecution of this lawsuit against Hoop was stayed under the automatic stay provisions of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code by reason of Hoop's petition for relief filed that same day. On March 2, 2009, the Court granted the plaintiff's motion to dismiss the Company as a defendant and to replace the Company with its subsidiary, The Children's Place Services Company, LLC. On October 8, 2009, the parties reached a tentative settlement in the amount of \$0.3 million, and the parties are negotiating the terms of the settlement agreement. On March 4, 2010, the Court preliminarily approved the settlement, authorized the dissemination of notice of the settlement to the Company's shareholders and scheduled a hearing to consider the fairness and final approval of the settlement. The Company has accrued for the cost of this settlement and the related expense was charged to discontinued operations.

The Company is also involved in various legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, any ultimate liability arising out of these proceedings will not have a material effect on the Company's financial condition.

13. INCOME TAXES

The components of pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations are as follows (in thousands):

	For the Fiscal Year Ended							
	Ja	January 30, 2010		30, January 31, 2009		ebruary 2, 2008		
U.S.	\$	59,052	\$	44,768	\$	(50,308)		
Foreign		65,289		72,690		79,181		
Total	\$	124,341	\$	117,458	\$	28,873		
					_			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The components of the Company's provision (benefit) for income taxes consisted of the following (in thousands):

		For the Fiscal Year Ended						
	Ja	January 30, 2010		anuary 31, 2009	F	ebruary 2, 2008		
Continuing Operations								
Current—								
Federal	\$	(1,915)	\$	(4,536)	\$	37,184		
State		963		(6,064)		14,923		
Foreign		19,107		21,971		21,774		
Total current		18,155		11,371		73,881		
Deferred—								
Federal		11,969		22,859		(46,153)		
State		5,447		9,777		(10,734)		
Foreign		(71)		(484)		1,919		
Total deferred		17,345		32,152		(54,968)		
Tax provision as shown on the consolidated								
statements of operations	\$	35,500	\$	43,523	\$	18,913		
Effective tax rate		28.6%)	37.1%	ó	65.5%		
Discontinued Operations								
Federal	\$	(262)	\$	4,979	\$	(35,667)		
State		(66)		1,287		(10,676)		
Foreign		<u>`</u>		1,006		(1,754)		
Total (benefit) provision	\$	(328)	\$	7,272	\$	(48,097)		

A reconciliation between the calculated tax provision on income based on statutory rates in effect and the effective tax rate for continuing operations is as follows (in thousands):

	For the Fiscal Year Ended						
	Ja			January 31, 2009		bruary 2, 2008	
Calculated income tax provision at federal statutory							
rate	\$	43,519	\$	41,110	\$	10,106	
State income taxes, net of federal benefit		4,167		4,223		2,723	
Foreign tax rate differential		(6,030)		(6,350)		(4,522)	
Stock option related expenses		_		_		27	
Repatriation of foreign income		5,532		4,671		6,122	
Nondeductible expenses		688		2,480		3,518	
Unrecognized tax expense (benefit)		(914)		(1,531)		1,360	
Foreign tax credits		(10,344)		_		_	
Other		(1,118)		(1,080)		(421)	
Total tax provision	\$	35,500	\$	43,523	\$	18,913	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The tax effects of temporary differences which give rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows (in thousands):

	Jai	nuary 30, 2010	Já	anuary 31, 2009
Current—				
Assets				
Inventory	\$	12,184	\$	10,984
Reserves		8,578		13,104
Total current assets		20,762		24,088
Liabilities-prepaid expenses		(3,222)		(4,244)
Total current, net		17,540		19,844
Noncurrent—				
Property and equipment		25,171		27,453
Deferred rent		13,273		14,280
Equity compensation		7,444		7,149
Foreign tax and other tax credits		26,660		15,483
Reserves		6,113		906
Net Operating Loss Carryover		1,273		30,833
Capital loss carryover		1,570		_
Total noncurrent, gross		81,504		96,104
Valuation allowance		(1,570)		_
Net noncurrent		79,934		96,104
Total deferred tax asset, net	\$	97,474	\$	115,948

During 2009, the Company received two cash dividends totaling approximately \$60 million from its Hong Kong subsidiary. The Company has not been permanently reinvested in its Hong Kong subsidiary since Fiscal 2007, therefore there is no incremental tax provision related to these distributions.

During the second quarter of 2009, the Company received distributions from its Canadian subsidiaries of approximately \$32.3 million. These dividends were used to assist in the share buyback transaction described in Note 2 and due to the one time nature of these distributions, they did not affect the Company's status of being permanently reinvested in its Canadian subsidiaries. They also generated foreign tax credits of approximately \$33.8 million. These foreign tax credits can be utilized to reduce U.S. income tax and will expire in fiscal 2019 if unused. The Company's current year provision was reduced by approximately \$10.3 million due to this distribution.

During the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2007, the Company received a cash dividend of approximately \$45 million from its Hong Kong subsidiary. The Company has provided U.S. tax on its foreign earnings associated with the subsidiaries in Hong Kong and Shanghai since it is no longer permanently reinvested in these earnings. The Company's Fiscal 2007 tax provision was increased by approximately \$6.1 million due to this transaction.

As of January 30, 2010, the Company has not provided Federal taxes on approximately \$53.7 million of unremitted earnings of its foreign subsidiaries located in Canada and Barbados. The

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Company intends to reinvest these earnings to fund expansion in these markets. Accordingly, the Company has not provided any provision for income tax expense in excess of foreign jurisdiction income tax requirements relative to such unremitted earnings in the accompanying financial statements.

The Company has estimated a foreign tax credit carryover (FTC) of approximately \$28.3 million which will expire in 2019 if unused. The Company also has a capital loss carryforward (CLC) of approximately \$3.9 million, which will expire in 2015, if unused.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become realizable. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. The Company has concluded that it is more likely than not that certain deferred tax assets can not be used in the foreseeable future, principally the capital loss carryover in the U.S. Accordingly, a valuation allowance has been established for this tax benefit. However, to the extent that tax benefits related to this CLC are realized in the future, the reduction of valuation allowance will reduce income tax expense accordingly.

Deferred tax assets relating to tax benefits of stock-based compensation have been reduced to reflect exercises of stock options and vesting of restricted shares during Fiscal 2009 to the extent recognized for financial statement purposes. Some exercises resulted in tax deductions in excess of previously recorded benefits at the time of grant. Although these additional tax benefits were reflected in the FTC disclosed above, pursuant to the provisions of the "Compensation—Stock Compensation" topic of FASB ASC, they are not recognized in the deferred tax balances until the deductions reduce taxes payable. The windfall deductions do not reduce our current taxes payable in Fiscal 2009 because of the FTC generated in the current year. As such, these windfall tax benefits are not reflected in our FTC included in the deferred tax assets disclosed in the above table. Windfalls included in our FTC balance but not reflected in the deferred tax assets above were approximately \$3.4 million and \$2.6 million for Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008, respectively.

The Company is subject to tax in the United States and in various states and foreign jurisdictions. The Company, joined by its domestic subsidiaries, files a consolidated income tax return for Federal income tax purposes. During Fiscal 2009, the Company completed the U.S. Federal income tax audit for fiscal years 2006 and prior. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to state and local income tax or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for tax years before fiscal 2004.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

A reconciliation of the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits, excluding accrued interest and penalties, is as follows (in thousands):

	Ja	nuary 30, 2010	Ja	nuary 31, 2009
Beginning Balance	\$	15,686	\$	16,491
Additions for current year tax positions		3,295		2,875
Additions for prior year tax positions		303		754
Reductions for prior year tax positions		(6,810)		(4,057)
Settlements		(563)		(63)
Reductions due to a lapse of the applicable statute of limitations		(63)		(314)
	\$	11,848	\$	15,686

Approximately \$10.5 million of unrecognized tax benefits at January 30, 2010 would affect the Company's effective tax rate if recognized. The Company believes it is reasonably possible that there may be a reduction of approximately \$5.3 million of unrecognized tax benefits in the next 12 months as a result of settlements with taxing authorities.

The Company accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as part of the provision for income taxes. At January 30, 2010 and January 31, 2009 accrued interest and penalties included in unrecognized tax benefits were approximately \$3.1 million and \$5.5 million, respectively. Interest, penalties and reversals, thereof, net of taxes, was a benefit of \$1.0 million and \$1.3 million for Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008, respectively, and a charge of \$1.3 million for Fiscal 2007. The Company recorded approximately \$0.9 million of unrecognized tax benefit during Fiscal 2009, which is included in income tax expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

14. SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT PLANS

401(k) Plan

The Company has adopted The Children's Place 401(k) Savings Plan (the "401(k) Plan"), which qualifies under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The 401(k) Plan is a defined contribution plan established to provide retirement benefits for employees. The 401(k) Plan is employee funded up to an elective annual deferral and also provides for the Company to make matching contributions to the 401(k) Plan.

The 401(k) Plan is available for all employees who have completed 90 days of service with the Company. Following guidance in IRS Notice 98-52 related to the design-based alternative, or "safe harbor," 401(k) plan method, the Company has modified its 401(k) Plan regarding future Company match contributions for non-highly compensated associates, as defined in the Code. For non-highly compensated associates, the Company matches the first 3% of the participant's contribution and 50% of the next 2% of the participant's contribution and the Company match contribution vests immediately. For highly compensated associates, the Company matches the lesser of 50% of the participant's contribution or 2.5% of the participant's covered compensation and the Company match contribution vests over five years. The Company's matching contributions were approximately \$2.1 million in each of Fiscal 2009 and Fiscal 2008 and \$2.0 million in Fiscal 2007.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14. SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT PLANS (Continued)

Deferred Compensation Plan

In December 2009, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the adoption of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Deferred Compensation Plan") effective as of January 1, 2010. Under the Deferred Compensation Plan, which is a nonqualified, unfunded plan, each eligible senior level employee of the Company may elect to defer up to 80% of his or her base salary and/or up to 100% of his or her bonus to be earned for the year following the year in which the deferral election is made. The Plan also permits members of the Board of Directors to elect to defer payment of all or a portion of their retainer and other fees to be earned for the year following the year in which a deferral election is made. In addition, eligible employees and directors of the Company may also elect to defer payment of any shares of Company stock that is earned with respect to deferred stock awards. The Company may, but is not required to, credit participants with additional Company contribution amounts. Deferred amounts are not subject to forfeiture and are deemed invested among investment funds offered under the Plan, as directed by each participant. Payments of deferred amounts (as adjusted for earnings and losses) are payable following separation from service or at a date or dates elected by the participant at the time the deferral is elected. Payments of deferred amounts are payable in the form in which they were made; cash deferrals are payable in cash and stock deferrals are payable in stock. Earlier distributions are not permitted except in the case of an unforeseen hardship.

The Company has established a rabbi trust that serves as an investment to shadow the Deferred Compensation Plan liability; however, the assets of the rabbi trust are general assets of the Company and as such, would be subject to the claims of creditors in the event of bankruptcy or insolvency. The investments of the rabbi trust consist of company-owned life insurance policies for which investment income or loss is recognized based upon changes in cash surrender value. Changes in the Deferred Compensation Plan liability are recognized as compensation expense. Stock awards deferred into the Deferred Compensation Plan are recorded at fair market value at the time of deferral and any subsequent changes in fair market value are not recognized. At January 30, 2010, the Deferred Compensation Plan liability and the investment balance of the rabbi trust were not material and included no deferred stock awards.

Other Plans

Under statutory requirements, the Company contributes to retirement plans for its Canadian and Asian operations. Contributions under these plans were approximately \$0.1 million in Fiscal 2009 and \$0.2 million in each of Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007.

15. SEGMENT AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

After the disposal of its Disney Store Business during Fiscal 2008, the Company continued its reassessment of its internal reporting structure. Net sales of Canadian operations had grown by approximately 56% over the three fiscal years ended January 31, 2009, and after the disposal of the Disney business, its percentage of consolidated net sales has grown from approximately 9% to approximately 12%. Further, the fluctuations of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar in recent years have had a significant impact on the Company's Canadian operating results. Beginning in Fiscal 2009, the Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") required, and the Company began reporting, discrete financial information for its Canadian operations.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

15. SEGMENT AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION (Continued)

The "Segment Reporting" topic of the FASB ASC establishes standards for reporting information about a company's operating segments. In accordance with this topic, the Company reports segment data based on management responsibility: The Children's Place U.S. and The Children's Place Canada. Included in The Children's Place U.S. segment is its U.S. based stores, including Puerto Rico, and its e-commerce store, www.childrensplace.com. The Company measures its segment profitability based on operating income, defined by the Company as earnings before interest and taxes. Net sales and direct costs are recorded by each segment. Certain centrally managed inventory procurement functions such as production and design are allocated to each segment based upon usage. Corporate overhead, including executive management, finance, real estate, human resources, legal, and information technology services are allocated to the segments based primarily on net sales. Included in the allocation of corporate overhead is depreciation and amortization expense, however, the related assets are not allocated. The Company periodically reviews these allocations and adjusts them based upon changes in business circumstances. Net sales from customers are derived primarily from merchandise sales and the Company has no major customers that account for more than 10% of its net sales.

The following tables provide Fiscal 2009, Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007 segment level financial information (dollars in thousands):

	For the Fiscal Year Ended						
	January 30, 2010	January 31, 2009	February 2, 2008				
Net sales:							
The Children's Place U.S.	\$ 1,441,562	\$ 1,428,073	\$ 1,325,618				
The Children's Place Canada	202,025	202,250	194,711				
Total net sales	\$ 1,643,587	\$ 1,630,323	\$ 1,520,329				

	For the Fiscal Year Ended							
	January 30, 2010			anuary 31, 2009	F	ebruary 2, 2008		
Operating income (loss):								
The Children's Place U.S.(1)	\$	90,873	\$	85,412	\$	(10,364)		
The Children's Place Canada		39,199		36,985		39,603		
Total operating income	\$	130,072	\$	122,397	\$	29,239		
Operating income (loss) as a percent of net sales								
The Children's Place U.S.		6.3%	6	6.09	6	(0.8)%		
The Children's Place Canada		19.4%	6	18.3%		18.3%		20.3%
Total operating income as a percent of net sales		7.9%	6	7.5%		1.9%		

⁽¹⁾ Included in Fiscal 2009 is approximately \$2.0 million of exit costs related to the relocation of the Company's e-commerce fulfillment center. Included in Fiscal 2007 is approximately \$5.9 million of costs related to the Company's decision to exit its Emerson Lane lease.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

15. SEGMENT AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION (Continued)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended					
	Ja	nuary 30, 2010	Ja	January 31, 2009		bruary 2, 2008
Depreciation and amortization:						
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	64,258	\$	63,665	\$	57,428
The Children's Place Canada		7,189		7,745		7,898
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	71,447	\$	71,410	\$	65,326

	For the Fiscal Year Ended						
	Ja	nuary 30, 2010	Ja	nuary 31, 2009	F	ebruary 2, 2008	
Capital expenditures:							
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	55,965	\$	46,864	\$	160,326	
The Children's Place Canada		6,252		4,829		8,356	
Total capital expenditures	\$	62,217	\$	51,693	\$	168,682	

	Ja	anuary 30, 2010	Já	anuary 31, 2009
Total assets:				
The Children's Place U.S.	\$	752,827	\$	845,701
The Children's Place Canada		101,233		94,056
Total assets	\$	854,060	\$	939,757

Geographic Information

All of the Company's foreign revenues are included in The Children's Place Canada segment as described above.

	Ja	anuary 30, 2010	Ja	nuary 31, 2009
Long-lived assets(1):				
United States	\$	356,780	\$	389,005
Canada		31,013		27,163
Asia		3,469		3,999
Total long-lived assets	\$	391,262	\$	420,167
	_			

⁽¹⁾ The Company's long-lived assets are comprised of net property and equipment, long-term deferred income taxes and other assets.

16. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial statements presented below contain all material adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, necessary to present fairly the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Company's financial position and results of operations and have been prepared in a manner consistent with the audited financial statements contained herein. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, the results of operations in any given interim period are not indicative of operating results for a full fiscal year.

The following tables reflect the quarterly consolidated statements of income for the periods indicated (unaudited):

	Fiscal Year Ended January 30, 2010							
		First		Second				
	_	Quarter	_	Quarter	_	Quarter		Quarter(1)
Net sales	\$	401,901	\$	315,676	\$	463,175	\$	462,835
Gross profit		166,527		105,299		201,827		185,848
Selling, general and administrative expenses		111,893		106,093		118,579		119,217
Asset impairment charges		1,099		315		307		479
Depreciation and amortization		17,524		17,564		18,170		18,189
Operating income (loss)		36,011		(18,673)		64,771		47,963
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		32,743		(20,135)		64,251		47,482
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		9,002		(12,906)		26,079		13,325
Income (loss) from continuing operations		23,741		(7,229)		38,172		34,157
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(229)		178		(389)		(47)
Net income (loss)		23,512		(7,051)		37,783		34,110
Basic earnings (loss) per share amounts								
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.81	\$	(0.24)	\$	1.39	\$	1.24
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes		(0.01)		0.01		(0.01)		(0.00)
Net income (loss)		0.80		(0.24)		1.38		1.24
Basic weighted average common share outstanding		29,475		29,552		27,389		27,436
Diluted earnings (loss) per share amounts								
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.80	\$	(0.24)	\$	1.38	\$	1.23
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes		(0.01)		0.01		(0.01)		(0.00)
Net income (loss)		0.79		(0.24)		1.37		1.23
Diluted weighted average common share outstanding		29,605		29,552		27,622		27,713
Diluted weighted average common share outstanding		29,605		29,552		27,622		27,713

⁽¹⁾ Significant items impacting the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2009 include a \$5.5 million tax benefit related to the utilization of foreign tax credits.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

	Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2009							
		First uarter		Second Quarter	Third Quarter		(Fourth Quarter(1)
Net sales	\$ 4	00,212	\$	338,029	\$	450,623	\$	441,459
Gross profit	1	71,092		128,549		196,384		175,788
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1	19,355		105,741		126,645		119,561
Asset impairment charges				127		954		5,410
Other costs		55		52		71		35
Depreciation and amortization		17,652		17,709		17,791		18,258
Operating income		34,030		4,920		50,923		32,524
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		33,537		4,522		49,011		30,388
Provision for income taxes		14,117		1,786		20,563		7,057
Income from continuing operations		19,420		2,736		28,448		23,331
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		98		(2,725)		(4,391)		15,453
Net income		19,518		11		24,057		38,784
Basic earnings (loss) per share amounts								
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.67	\$	0.09	\$	0.97	\$	0.79
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes		0.00		(0.09)		(0.15)		0.53
Net income		0.67		0.00		0.82		1.32
Basic weighted average common share outstanding		29,182		29,255		29,364		29,428
Diluted earnings (loss) per share amounts								
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.66	\$	0.09	\$	0.96	\$	0.79
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes		0.00		(0.09)		(0.15)		0.52
Net income		0.67		0.00		0.81		1.31
Diluted weighted average common share outstanding		29,275		29,599		29,725		29,575

⁽¹⁾ Significant items impacting the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2008 include \$5.4 million of impairment charges related to 9 underperforming stores, and \$4.5 million of a tax benefit relating the resolution of a state tax issue.

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Merchandise for Re-Sale

Stanley Silverstein, a former member of the Board of Directors who resigned from such position on August 3, 2009 and the father-in-law of Ezra Dabah, also a former member of the Board of Directors who resigned from such position on August 3, 2009, is an owner of Nina Footwear Corporation. During Fiscal 2008 and Fiscal 2007, the Company made purchases from Nina Footwear Corporation of approximately \$0.4 million and \$6.3 million, respectively. No purchases were made during Fiscal 2009.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Employment of Family Members

Nina Miner, who is Mr. Silverstein's daughter and Mr. Dabah's sister-in-law, is employed by the Company and serves as Chief Creative Design Director for The Children's Place business. Gary Flaks is employed by the Company and serves as Vice President of Footwear. He is the brother of Richard Flaks, former Senior Vice President of Planning, Allocation and Information Technology. The aggregate compensation paid to Ms. Miner and Mr. Gary Flaks is as follows (in thousands, except share amounts):

	Ca	sh	Deferred	Performance
Fiscal year ended:	Compe	nsation	Awards	Shares
January 30, 2010	\$	1,522	_	_
January 31, 2009	\$	922	16,928	14,428
February 2, 2008	\$	765	3,000	_

(a)(2) Financial Statement Schedules

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE II VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JANUARY 30, 2010, JANUARY 31, 2009 AND FEBRUARY 2, 2008 (in thousands)

COLUMN A	COLUMN B Balance at beginning of year		Cl	narged to	OLUMN D	_	OLUMN E Balance at end of year
Inventory markdown reserve(1)							
Fiscal year ended January 30, 2010	\$	13,083	\$	3,269	\$ (3,424)	\$	12,928
Fiscal year ended January 31, 2009	\$	11,398	\$	4,443	\$ (2,758)	\$	13,083
Fiscal year ended February 2, 2008	\$	7,854	\$	5,789	\$ (2,245)	\$	11,398

⁽¹⁾ Reflects adjustment of out-of-season merchandise inventories to realizable value. Column C represents increases to the reserve and Column D represents decreases to the reserve based on quarterly assessments of the reserve. Markdowns are taken to sell through out-of-season merchandise inventory.

(a)(3) Exhibits

Exhibit	Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company dated July 29, 2008 filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
3.2	Fourth Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K filed on June 9, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
4.1(1)	Form of Certificate for Common Stock of the Company filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-31535 on Form S-1, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.1(1)(*)	1996 Stock Option Plan of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-31535 on Form S-1, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.2(1)(*)	1997 Stock Option Plan of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-31535 on Form S-1, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.3(*)	Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc.
10.4(1)(*)	The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc.'s Employee Stock Purchase Plan filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-31535 on Form S-1, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.5(*)	The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. 401(k) Plan, as amended filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.6(1)	Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and the members of its Board of Directors filed as Exhibit 10.7 to the registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-31535 on Form S-1, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.7	Lease for a distribution center and corporate headquarters facility (915 Secaucus Road) between the Company and Hartz Mountain Associates, dated June 30, 1998 filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 1, 1998, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.8	Amendment to a lease for a distribution center and corporate headquarters facility (915 Secaucus Road) between the Company and Hartz Mountain Associates, dated November 20, 1998 filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 31, 1998, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.9	Lease Termination Agreement for a distribution center and corporate headquarters facility (915-900 Secaucus Road) between the Company and Hartz Mountain Associates, dated May 3, 2006 filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended July 29, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.10	Rescission of Lease Termination Agreement for a distribution center and corporate headquarters facility (915 Secaucus Road) between the Company and Hartz Mountain Associates, dated November 27, 2006, filed as Exhibit 10.16 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
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Exhibit_	Description
10.11	Lease Agreement between the Company and Haven Gateway LLC (Ontario California Distribution Center), dated as of August 17, 2000, filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 28, 2000, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.12	Notification letter dated April 9, 2007 to Haven Gateway LLC indicating that the Company was exercising its right to extend its lease of the Ontario California distribution center for an additional thirty three (33) months filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated April 12, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.13	Lease Agreement as of August 12, 2003 between Orlando Corporation and The Children's Place (Canada), LP, together with Indemnity Agreement as of August 12, 2003 between the Company and Orlando Corporation, together with Surrender of Lease as of August 12, 2003 between the Company and Orlando Corporation and Orion Properties Ltd. (Canadian Distribution Center) filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending November 1, 2003, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.14	Lease Agreement between the Company and Turnpike Crossing I, LLC (Dayton New Jersey Distribution Center), dated as of July 14, 2004 filed as Exhibit 10.2 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended July 31, 2004, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.15	Lease Agreement between the Company and Hartz Mountain Metropolitan (2 Emerson Corporate Headquarters), dated May 3, 2006 filed as Exhibit 10.1 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended April 29, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.16	Lease Modification Agreement between the Company and Hartz Mountain Metropolitan (2 Emerson Corporate Headquarters) dated November 27, 2006 amended filed as Exhibit 10.16 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.17	Lease Agreement between the Company and 443 South Raymond Owner, LLC (Administrative offices in Pasadena, CA) as of January 21, 2005 amended filed as Exhibit 10.17 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.18	First Amendment to Lease Agreement between the Company and 443 South Raymond Owner, LLC (Administrative offices in Pasadena, CA) as of January 21, 2005 amended filed as Exhibit 10.18 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.19	Acquisition Agreement dated as of October 19, 2004 by and among Disney Enterprises, Inc., Disney Credit Card Services, Inc., Hoop Holdings, LLC and Hoop Canada Holdings, Inc. filed as Exhibit 2.1 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 30, 2004, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.20	License and Conduct of Business Agreement dated as of November 21, 2004 by and among TDS Franchising, LLC, The Disney Store, LLC and The Disney Store (Canada) Ltd. filed as Exhibit 10.4 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 30, 2004, is incorporated by reference herein. This exhibit omits information for which the Commission has granted our request for confidential treatment.

Exhibit	Description
10.21	Guaranty and Commitment dated as of November 21, 2004 by The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Hoop Holdings, LLC in favor of The Disney Store, LLC, The Disney Store (Canada) Ltd. and TDS Franchising, LLC. filed as Exhibit 10.5 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 30, 2004, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.22	Letter Agreement dated April 6, 2006 amending the Internet start date among Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, Hoop Canada, Inc. and TDS Franchising, LLC filed as Exhibit 10.46 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 28, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.23	Letter Agreement dated April 5, 2006 amending the refurbishment commitment among Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, Hoop Canada, Inc. and TDS Franchising, LLC filed as Exhibit 10.49 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 28, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.24	First Amendment to Fifth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated November 2, 2007 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and each of its subsidiaries that are signatories thereto as borrowers, the financial institutions named therein, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent amended filed as Exhibit 10.24 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.25	Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement dated as of October 30, 2004 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and each of its subsidiaries that are signatories thereto, as borrowers, the financial institutions named therein, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent filed as Exhibit 10.3 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 30, 2004, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.26	First Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated December 31, 2004 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and each of its subsidiaries that are signatories thereto, as borrowers, the financial institutions named therein, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent filed as Exhibits 10.41 and 10.42, respectively, to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed April 14, 2005 for the period ended January 29, 2005, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.27	Second Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated April 12, 2005 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and each of its subsidiaries that are signatories, thereto, as borrowers, the financial institutions named therein, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent filed as Exhibit 10.1 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended April 30, 2005, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.28	Third Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated July 29, 2005 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and each of its subsidiaries that are signatories thereto as borrowers, the financial institutions named therein, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent filed as Exhibit 10.01 to registrant's Form 8-K dated July 29, 2005, is incorporated by reference herein.
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Exhibit	Description
10.29	Fourth Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement dated April 11, 2006 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and each of its subsidiaries that are signatories thereto as borrowers, the financial institutions named therein, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent filed as Exhibit 10.47 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 28, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.30	Fifth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated June 28, 2007 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and each of its subsidiaries that are signatories thereto as borrowers, the financial institutions named therein, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent amended filed as Exhibit 10.30 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.31	Letter of Credit Agreement dated June 28, 2007 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and each of its subsidiaries that are signatories thereto as borrowers, the financial institutions named therein, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent amended filed as Exhibit 10.31 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.32	Loan and Security Agreement dated as of November 21, 2004 between The Disney Store, LLC and Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, as borrowers, Hoop Canada Holdings, Inc., as guarantor, Hoop Canada, Inc. and The Disney Store (Canada) Ltd., as secondary guarantors, the financial institutions named therein, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent filed as Exhibit 10.6 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 30, 2004, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.33	First Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement dated as of April 11, 2006 between Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, as borrower; Hoop Canada Holdings, Inc., as guarantor; Hoop Canada, Inc., as secondary guarantor; the financial institutions named therein; and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent filed as Exhibit 10.48 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 28, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.34	Second Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement dated as of June 28, 2007 between Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, as borrower; Hoop Canada Holdings, Inc., as guarantor; Hoop Canada, Inc., as secondary guarantor; the financial institutions named therein; and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent amended filed as Exhibit 10.34 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.35(*)	Offer letter dated September 15, 1995 with Steven Balasiano filed as Exhibit 10.2 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended April 29, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.36(*)	Severance agreement and release dated July 9, 2007 with Steven Balasiano filed as Exhibit 10.36 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.37(*)	Amended and restated employment agreement dated May 12, 2006 with Ezra Dabah filed as Exhibit 10.6 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended April 29, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
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Exhibit	Description
10.38(*)	Amended and restated employment agreement dated May 12, 2006 with Neal Goldberg filed as Exhibit 10.7 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended April 29, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.39(*)	Employment agreement dated July 28, 2006 with Tara Poseley filed as Exhibit 10.5 to registrant's Form 10-Q for the period ended July 29, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.40(*)	Employment Agreement dated April 16, 2007 effective as of February 4, 2007 between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Susan Riley filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Form 8-K dated April 19, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.41	Hardware and Engineering Services Agreement between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and Dematic Corp. (Material Handling System for the Fort Payne Distribution Center), dated September 29, 2006 filed as Exhibit 10.1 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 28, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.42	Mechanical Installation and Electrical Installation Services Agreement between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and Dematic Corp. (Material Handling System for the Fort Payne Distribution Center), dated September 29, 2006 filed as Exhibit 10.2 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 28, 2006, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.43	Standard Form of Agreement between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and Clayco, Inc. (Construction of the Ft. Payne Distribution Center), executed January 18, 2007 filed as Exhibit 10.45 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.44	Third Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement dated as of August 9, 2007 between Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, as borrower; Hoop Canada Holdings, Inc., as guarantor; Hoop Canada, Inc., as secondary guarantor; the financial institutions named therein; and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as agent filed as Exhibit 10.46 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.45	Refurbishment Amendment to License and Conduct of Business Agreement dated as of August 29, 2007 between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., its subsidiaries Hoop Retail Stores, LLC and Hoop Canada, Inc. and TDS Franchising LLC, a subsidiary of The Walt Disney Company. Portions of this exhibit have been redacted and filed separately with the Commission pursuant to a confidential treatment request filed as Exhibit 10.47 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.46	Letter Agreement dated November 12, 2007 amending the Internet start date among Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, Hoop Canada, Inc. and TDS Franchising, LLC filed as Exhibit 10.48 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.47(*)	Employment Agreement Term Sheet dated November 20, 2007 effective as of October 1, 2007 between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Charles Crovitz filed as Exhibit 10.49 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 3, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
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Exhibit	Description
10.48(*)	Offer letter dated October 19, 2007 with Richard Paradise filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Form 8-K filed December 12, 2007, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.49(*)	Form of Amended and Restated Performance Share Award Agreement filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Form 8-K filed January 24, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.50(*)	Form of Amended and Restated Deferred Stock Award Agreement filed as Exhibit 99.2 to Form 8-K filed January 24, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.51(*)	Form of Amended and Restated Change in Control Agreement filed as Exhibit 99.3 to Form 8-K filed January 24, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.52(*)	Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement dated February 27, 2007 with Tara Poseley filed as Exhibit 10.52 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.53(*)	Amendment No. 2 to Employment Agreement dated December 12, 2007 with Tara Poseley filed as Exhibit 10.53 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.54(*)	Amendment No. 3 to Employment Agreement dated January 24, 2008 with Tara Poseley filed as Exhibit 10.54 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.55(*)	Employment Agreement dated September 26, 2007 with Charles Crovitz filed as Exhibit 10.55 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.56(*)	Agreement and General Release, dated January 29, 2008, between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Neal Goldberg filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed February 4, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.57	Notice of Discontinuation of Guaranty and Commitment dated March 26, 2008 filed as Exhibit 10.57 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.58	Letter Agreement dated February 6, 2008 amending the Internet start date among Hoop Retail Stores, LLC, Hoop Canada, Inc. and TDS Franchising, LLC filed as Exhibit 10.58 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended February 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.59	Form of Indemnity Agreement between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and certain members of management and the Board of Directors filed as Exhibit 10.7 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.60	Credit Agreement dated July 31, 2008 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com, Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as lenders, filed as Exhibit 10.8 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.

Exhibit	Description					
10.61	Note Purchase Agreement dated July 31, 2008 by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., and Sankaty Credit Opportunities III, L.P., Sankaty Credit Opportunities IV, L.P., RGIP, LLC, Crystal Capital Fund, L.P., Crystal Capital Onshore Warehouse LLC, 1903 Onshore Funding, LLC, and Bank of America, N.A., the "Note Purchasers", on the other hand, together with Sankaty Advisors, LLC, as Collateral Agent, and Crystal Capital Fund Management, L.P., as Syndication Agent filed as Exhibit 10.8 to registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.					
10.62	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated April 3, 2008, by and among T2 Acquisition, LLC, T1 WDC, Inc., The Children's Place Services, LLC, Hoop Retail Stores, LLC and Hoop Canada, Inc. filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the form 8-K filed on April 7, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.					
10.63(*)	Letter Agreement, dated April 8, 2008, between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Ezra Dabah filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Form 8-K filed on April 10, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.					
10.64(*)	Agreement and General Release, dated May 22, 2008, between the Company and Tara Poseley filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Form 8-K filed on May 20, 2008, is incorporated by reference herein.					
10.65	First Amendment to the Credit Agreement, effective as of March 12, 2009, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com, Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.65 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.					
10.66	First Amendment to the Note Purchase Agreement, effective as of March 12, 2009, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc and certain of its subsidiaries on the one hand., and Sankaty Credit Opportunities III, L.P., Sankaty Credit Opportunities IV, L.P., RGIP, LLC, Crystal Capital Fund, L.P., Crystal Capital Onshore Warehouse LLC, 1903 Onshore Funding, LLC, and Bank of America, N.A., as note purchasers, on the other hand, together with Sankaty Advisors, LLC, as Collateral Agent, and Crystal Capital Fund Management, L.P., as Syndication Agent filed as Exhibit 10.66 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.					
10.67	Lease Agreement between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and 500 Plaza Drive Corp. effective as of March 12, 2009 (500 Plaza Drive), Secaucus, New Jersey filed as Exhibit 10.67 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.					
10.68	Guaranty between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and 500 Plaza Drive Corp. effective as of March 12, 2009 filed as Exhibit 10.68 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.					
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Exhibit	Description
10.69	Lease Termination Agreement between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and Hartz Mountain Metropolitan effective as of March 12, 2009 (Emerson Lane Termination Agreement) filed as Exhibit 10.69 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.70	Lease Termination Agreement between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and Hartz Mountain Associates effective as of March 12, 2009 (Secaucus Road Termination Agreement) filed as Exhibit 10.70 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.71(*)	Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated as of December 31, 2008, by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Charles K. Crovitz filed as Exhibit 10.71 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.72(*)	Second Amendment to the Employment Agreement dated February 5, 2009 between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Charles Crovitz filed as Exhibit 10.72 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.73(*)	Amendment to the Amended and Restated Change in Control Severance, dated as of December 31, 2008, is made by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Susan J. Riley filed as Exhibit 10.73 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.74(*)	Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated as December 31, 2008, is made by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Susan J. Riley filed as Exhibit 10.74 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.75	Second Amendment to the Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2009, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and Sankaty Credit Opportunities III, L.P., Sankaty Credit Opportunities IV, L.P., RGIP, LLC, Crystal Capital Fund, L.P., Crystal Capital Onshore Warehouse LLC, 1903 Onshore Funding, LLC, and Bank of America, N.A., as note purchases, on the other hand, together with Sankaty Advisors, LLC, as Collateral Agent, and Crystal Capital Fund Management, L.P., as Syndication Agent filed as Exhibit 10.75 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended January 31, 2009, is incorporated by reference herein.
10.76	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of May 4, 2009, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com, Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended May 2, 2009 is incorporated by reference herein.
10.77	Securities Purchase Agreement, dated July 29, 2009, between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., Ezra Dabah, Renee Dabah and certain affiliated trusts filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 4, 2009 is incorporated by reference herein.
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Exhibit	Description
10.78	Third Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of July 29, 2009, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com, Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and Swing Line Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 1, 2009 is incorporated by reference herein.
10.79	The First Lease Modification Agreement, dated as of August 27, 2009, between The Children's Place Services Company, LLC and 500 Plaza Drive Corp. filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 1, 2009 is incorporated by reference herein.
10.80	Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated October 5, 2009, by and among The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, as borrowers, The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., The Childrensplace.com Inc. and Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., as guarantors, and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC, as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent, and SwingLine Lender, Bank of America, N.A., HSBC Bank USA, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA, as lenders filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 31, 2009 is incorporated by reference herein.
10.81	Agreement and General Release, dated November 24, 2009, between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Richard Flaks filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 25, 2009 is incorporated by reference herein.
10.82(+)	The Children's Place Retail Stores Inc. Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan effective January 1, 2010.
10.83(+)(*)	Employment Agreement , dated as of December 11, 2009, by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Jane T. Elfers.
10.84(+)(*)	Deferred Stock Award Agreement, dated as of January 4, 2010, by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Jane T. Elfers.
10.85(+)(*)	Performance Stock Award Agreement, dated as of January 4, 2010, by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Jane T. Elfers.
10.86(+)(*)	Letter Agreement, dated February 12, 2010, between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and Susan J. Riley.
21.1(+)	Subsidiaries of the Company
23.1(+)	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
31.1(+)	Certificate of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2(+)	Certificate of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
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Exhibit	Description				
32(+)	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of				
	2002.				

- (1) Exhibit numbers are identical to the exhibit numbers incorporated by reference to such registration statement.
- (*) Compensation Arrangement.
- (+) Filed herewith.
- (b) *Exhibits*. The exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K are filed herewith or incorporated by reference.
- (c) Financial Statement Schedules and Other Financial Statements.

Schedule II—Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

All other financial statement schedules are omitted from this Annual Report on Form 10-K, as they are not required or applicable or the required information is included in the financial statements or notes thereto.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

Ву: -	/s/ JANE T. ELFERS				
	Jane T. Elfers				
	Chief Executive Officer				
	March 25, 2010				

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>	
/s/ NORMAN MATTHEWS	Chairman of the Board	March 25, 2010	
Norman Matthews			
/s/ JANE T. ELFERS	Director, Chief Executive Officer (A Principal - Executive Officer)	March 25, 2010	
Jane T. Elfers	Executive Officer)		
/s/ SUSAN J. RILEY	Executive Vice President, Finance and - Administration (A Principal Executive Officer	March 25, 2010	
Susan J. Riley	and Principal Financial Officer)		
/s/ JOSEPH ALUTTO	Director	March 25, 2010	
Joseph Alutto			
/s/ CHARLES CROVITZ	Director	March 25, 2010	
Charles Crovitz			
/s/ MALCOLM ELVEY	Director	March 25, 2010	
Malcolm Elvey			
/s/ ROBERT FISCH	Director	March 25, 2010	
Robert Fisch			
/s/ LOUIS LIPSCHITZ	Director	March 25, 2010	
Louis Lipschitz			
/s/ SALLY FRAME KASAKS	Director	March 25, 2010	
Sally Frame Kasaks			

The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc.

NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby establishes this Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Plan"), effective January 1, 2010 (the "Effective Date"), for the purpose of attracting and retaining high quality executives and directors and promoting in them increased efficiency and an interest in the successful operation of the Company. A further purpose of the Plan is to provide a means by which certain employees and directors may elect to defer the receipt of a designated amount of their compensation. The Plan is intended to, and shall be interpreted to comply in all respects with Code Section 409A and those provisions of ERISA applicable to an unfunded plan maintained primarily to provide deferred compensation benefits for a select group of "management or highly compensated employees."

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 "Account" or "Accounts" shall mean the bookkeeping account or accounts established under this Plan pursuant to Article 4.
- 1.2 "Base Salary" shall mean a Participant's annual base salary, excluding incentive and discretionary bonuses, commissions, stock options, restricted stock, equity awards, reimbursements and other non-regular remuneration, earned by the Participant for services rendered to the Company prior to reduction for any salary deferrals under benefit plans sponsored by the Company, including but not limited to, plans established pursuant to Code Section 125 or qualified pursuant to Code Section 401(k).
- 1.3 **"Beneficiary"** or **"Beneficiaries"** shall mean the person, persons or entity designated as such pursuant to Section 6.2 entitled to receive benefits under the Plan upon the death of a Participant.
 - 1.4 **"Board**" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Company.
- 1.5 **"Bonus(es)"** shall mean amounts earned by a Participant annually in the form of discretionary or incentive compensation for services rendered to the Company or any other bonus designated by the Committee before reductions for contributions to or deferrals under any pension, deferred compensation or benefit plans sponsored by the Company.
- 1.6 "Code" shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as interpreted by Treasury regulations and applicable authorities promulgated thereunder.
 - 1.7 **"Committee"** shall mean the person or persons appointed by the Board to administer the Plan in accordance with Article 7.
 - 1.8 "Company Contributions" shall mean contributions, if any, made by the Company pursuant to Section 3.3.
- 1.9 **"Company Contribution Account"** shall mean the Account maintained for the benefit of a Participant which is credited with Company Contributions, if any, pursuant to Section 4.2.

- 1.10 **"Compensation**" shall mean all amounts eligible for deferral for a particular Plan Year under Section 3.1(a).
- 1.11 "**Crediting Rate**" shall mean the notional gains and losses credited on the Participant's Account balance which are based on the Participant's choice among the investment alternatives made available by the Committee pursuant to Section 3.4 of the Plan.
- 1.12 **"Deferral Account"** shall mean the Account maintained for each Participant which is credited with Participant deferrals pursuant to Section 4.1
 - 1.13 **"Director"** shall mean a member of the Board.
- 1.14 **"Director Fees"** shall mean retainer and other fees earned by a Director for services as a member of the Board, excluding reimbursement of expenses or other non-regular forms of compensation, before reductions for contributions to or deferrals under any deferred compensation plan sponsored by the Company.
- 1.15 "**Disability**" shall mean (consistent with the requirements of Section 409A) that the Participant (i) is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, or (ii) is, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three months under an accident and health plan covering employees of the Company. The Committee may require that the Participant submit evidence of such qualification for disability benefits in order to determine that the Participant is disabled under this Plan.
 - 1.16 **"Distributable Amount"** shall mean the vested balance in the applicable Account as determined under Article 5.
 - 1.17 **"Eligible Director"** shall mean a Director of the Company, as selected by the Committee in its sole discretion.

- 1.18 **"Eligible Executive**" shall mean an employee of the Company at the level of director or above, as selected by the Committee in its sole discretion.
 - 1.19 "Eligible Individual" means anyone who is an Eligible Executive or an Eligible Director.
- 1.20 "ERISA" shall mean the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, including Department of Labor and Treasury regulations and applicable authorities promulgated thereunder.
- 1.21 "Financial Hardship" shall mean a severe financial hardship to the Participant resulting from an illness or accident of the Participant, the Participant's spouse, or a dependent (as defined in IRC Section 152(a)) of the Participant, loss of the Participant's property due to casualty, or other similar extraordinary and unforeseeable circumstances arising as a result of

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events beyond the control of the Participant, (but shall in all events correspond to the meaning of the term "unforseeable emergency" under Code Section 409A(a)(2)(v)).

- 1.22 **"Fund"** or **"Funds"** shall mean one or more of the investment funds selected by the Committee pursuant to Section 3.4 of the Plan.
- 1.23 **"Hardship Distribution**" shall mean an accelerated distribution of benefits or a reduction or cessation of current deferrals pursuant to Section 6.1(i) to a Participant who has suffered a Financial Hardship.
- 1.24 "**Initial Election Period**" shall mean the period established by the Committee for submission of the Participant Election Forms prior to commencement of participation in the Plan pursuant to Article 2.
 - 1.25 **"Key Employee"** shall mean those employees defined under Section 416(i) of the Code.
 - 1.26 "Participant" shall mean any Eligible Individual who elects to participate in this Plan in accordance with Article 2.
- 1.27 "Participant Election Forms" shall mean the election forms established by the Committee by which a Participant makes elections with respect to (1) voluntary deferrals of his/her Compensation, (2) the investment Funds which shall act as the basis for crediting of interest on Account balances, and (3) the form and timing of distributions from Accounts. The Participant Election Forms may take the form of an electronic communication followed by appropriate written confirmation according to specifications established by the Committee.
- 1.28 "Payment Date" shall mean the date by which a lump sum payment shall be made or the date on which installment payments shall commence. The Payment Date of a Scheduled Distribution shall be a date between February 1 and March 15 of the year following the year in which the Scheduled Distribution date occurs. Subsequent installments shall be made during the same time period (February 1 March 15) of each succeeding Plan Year. Lump sum payments due to Separation from Service will be paid in the month following such Separation from Service. For installment payments due to Separation from Service, the first payment will be paid in the month following Separation from Service, and subsequent installments shall be paid between February 1 and March 15 of each succeeding Plan Year. In the case of death, payments will be made as soon as administratively feasible following confirmation of the Participant's death. The Committee shall be provided with documentation reasonably necessary to establish the fact of the Participant's death. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Payment Date shall not be before the earliest date on which benefits may be distributed under Code Section 409A without violation of the provisions thereof as reasonably determined by the Committee.
 - 1.29 "Plan Year" shall mean the calendar year.
- 1.30 "Restricted Stock Units" shall mean a Deferred Stock Award, including both Employee Deferred Stock Awards and Director Deferred Stock Awards granted under the

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Equity Incentive Plan of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., and any successor plan or similar plan adopted by the Company.

- 1.31 **"Retirement"** shall mean the Separation from Service of an Eligible Executive after having attained a combination of age and Years of Service equal to or greater than fifty five (55).
- 1.32 "**Scheduled Distribution**" shall mean a scheduled distribution date elected by the Participant for distribution of amounts from a specified Deferral Account, including notional earnings thereon, as provided under Section 6.1(h).
- 1.33 **"Separation from Service"** shall mean the date of the cessation of the Participant's provision of services to the Company as defined in the regulations under Code Section 409A.
- 1.34 "Years of Service" A Participant shall be credited with one Year of Service for each 365 days of consecutive employment with the Company, measured, unless otherwise specified by the Board, from his or her date of hire by the Company. A Participant's employment with the Company shall be deemed not to be interrupted by any period of time during which the Participant is on an approved leave of absence; provided that the Participant returns to active work with the Company at the conclusion of such approved leave of absence.

ARTICLE II PARTICIPATION

An Eligible Individual may become a Participant in the Plan on the Effective Date or the January 1 of any Plan Year thereafter, by submitting the Participant Election Forms, including such other documentation and information as the Committee may reasonably request, to the Committee

during the Initial Election Period established by the Committee prior to the beginning of the first Plan Year in which the Eligible Individual shall be eligible to participate in the Plan; provided, however, that the Committee may permit an individual who becomes an Eligible Individual after the first day of a Plan Year, but before July 1 of such Plan Year, (if the Eligible Individual is not already a participant in another plan which is aggregated with this Plan under Code Section 409A) to participate on the July 1 following the date on which he or she becomes an Eligible Individual by filing his or her Participant Election Forms at any time up until the thirtieth (30th) day after such July 1. If an employee is hired as, or promoted to a level of an Eligible Individual after the Initial Election Period for a Plan Year, such individual will not be eligible to participate in the Plan until the July 1 following such date of hire or promotion. In no event, however, shall any deferral election apply to Compensation earned with respect to services performed before his or her Participant Election Forms are filed with the Committee. The Committee shall have discretionary authority and right to revoke a Participant's future participation in the Plan at any time and for any reason. Such Participant shall thereafter have no right to make new deferral or distribution elections, but shall continue to have the right to make investment elections with respect to existing deferral accounts.

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ARTICLE III CONTRIBUTIONS & DEFERRAL ELECTIONS

3.1 <u>Elections to Defer Compensation.</u>

- (a) <u>Form of Elections</u>. A Participant may only elect to defer Compensation attributable to services provided after the time an election is made and in accordance with Section 409A. Elections shall take the form of a whole percentage (less applicable payroll withholding requirements for Social Security and income taxes and employee benefit plans as determined in the sole and absolute discretion of the Committee) of:
 - (1) Up to 80% of Base Salary
 - (2) Up to 100% of Bonuses
 - (3) Up to 100% of Director Fees
 - (4) 100% of Restricted Stock Units

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Committee may further limit the maximum or the minimum amount of deferrals during any Plan Year, by any Participant or group of Participants, in its sole discretion.

- (b) <u>Duration of Compensation Deferral Election</u>. An Eligible Individual's initial election to defer Compensation shall be made during the Initial Election Period established by the Committee prior to the Participant's commencement of participation in the Plan and shall apply only to Compensation for services performed after such deferral election is processed. A Participant may increase, decrease, terminate or recommence a deferral election with respect to Compensation for any subsequent Plan Year by filing a Participant Election Form during the enrollment period established by the Committee prior to the beginning of such Plan Year, which election shall be effective on the first day of the next following Plan Year. In the absence of an affirmative election by the Participant to the contrary, the deferral election for the prior Plan Year shall <u>NOT</u> continue in effect for future Plan Years. After the beginning of the Plan Year, deferral elections with respect to Compensation for services performed during such Plan Year shall be irrevocable except in the event of Disability or Financial Hardship.
- 3.2 <u>Elections to defer Restricted Stock Units</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision set forth in section 3.1 to the contrary, an Eligible Individual may elect to defer any Restricted Stock Units pursuant to procedures established by the Committee, so long as his or her initial deferral election is filed with the Committee no later than thirty (30) days after the date of grant of his or her Restricted Stock Units, as applicable, and the election is made at least twelve (12) months before such Eligible Individual will earn a nonforfeitable right to any portion of such Restricted Stock Units. If a deferral election with respect to Restricted Stock Units is not, or cannot be, made within the foregoing time periods, the time and form of distribution with respect to such Restricted Stock Units shall be the default distribution date set forth in Section 6.1.

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3.3 <u>Company Contributions</u>.

(a) <u>Discretionary Company Contributions</u>. The Company shall have the discretion to make Company Contributions to the Plan at any time on behalf of any Participant. Company Contributions shall be made in the complete and sole discretion of the Company and no Participant shall have the right to receive any Company Contribution in any particular Plan Year regardless of whether Company Contributions are made on behalf of other Participants.

3.4 <u>Investment Elections</u>.

(a) Participant Direction. At the time of entering the Plan and/or of making the deferral election under the Plan, each Participant shall designate, on a Participant Election Form provided by the Committee, the investment Funds in which the Participant's Account or Accounts shall be deemed to be invested for purposes of determining the amount of earnings and losses to be credited to each Account. The Participant may specify that all or any percentage of his or her Account or Accounts shall be deemed to be invested, in whole percentage increments, in one or more of the types of investment Funds selected as alternative investments under the Plan from time to time by the Committee pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section. A Participant may change the designation made under this Section at least daily by filing a revised election by market close (generally 4 p.m. Eastern Time), on a Participant Election Form provided by the Committee. During payout, the Participant's Account shall continue to be credited at the Crediting Rate selected by the Participant from among the investment alternatives or rates made available by the Committee for such purpose until all amounts have been distributed from the Account. If a Participant fails to make an investment election under this Section, the Participant shall be deemed to have elected the default investment Fund selected by the Committee for such purpose.

(b) <u>Investment Alternatives</u>. The Committee shall select from time to time, in its sole and absolute discretion, investment Funds and shall communicate each of the alternative types of investment Funds to Participants pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section. The Participant's choice among investments shall be solely for purposes of calculation of the Crediting Rate on Accounts. The Company shall have no obligation to set aside or invest amounts as directed by the Participant and, if the Company elects to invest amounts as directed by the Participant, the Participant shall have no more right to such investments than any other unsecured general creditor of the Company.

3.5 <u>Distribution Elections</u>.

- (a) <u>Initial Election</u>. At the time of making a deferral election under the Plan, a Participant shall designate the time and form of distribution of deferrals made pursuant to such election (together with any earnings credited thereon) from among the alternatives specified in Section 6.1.
- (b) <u>Initial Election for Restricted Stock Units</u>. If a distribution election with respect to Restricted Stock Units is not made at least twelve (12) months prior to the date an Eligible Individual will earn a nonforfeitable right to any portion of such Restricted Stock Units, the time and form of distribution shall be the default distribution date set forth in Section 6.1.

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- (c) <u>Modification of Election</u>. A new distribution election may be made at the time of subsequent deferral elections with respect to deferrals in Plan Years beginning after the Initial Election Period. However, a distribution election with respect to previously deferred amounts may only be changed under the terms and conditions specified in Code Section 409A. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Participant may only make one change of election for distribution upon Separation from Service with respect to deferrals made for a particular Plan Year. Except as expressly provided in Section 6.1(g), no acceleration of a distribution is permitted. A subsequent election that delays payment or changes the form of payment is permitted if and only if all of the following requirements are met:
 - (1) the new election does not take effect until at least twelve (12) months after the date on which the new election is made;
- in the case of payments made on account of Separation from Service (other than by reason of death or Disability) or a Scheduled Distribution, the new election delays payment for at least five (5) years from the date that payment would otherwise have been made, absent the new election; and
- in the case of payments made according to a Scheduled Distribution, the new election is made not less than twelve (12) months before the date on which payment would have been made (or, in the case of installment payments, the first installment payment would have been made) absent the new election.

For purposes of application of the above change limitations, installment payments shall be treated as a single payment. Election changes made pursuant to this Section shall be made on Participant Elections Forms provided by the Committee, and in accordance with rules established by the Committee, and shall comply with all requirement of Code Section 409A and applicable authorities.

ARTICLE IV DEFERRAL ACCOUNTS

- 4.1 <u>Deferral Accounts</u>. The Committee shall establish and maintain one or more Deferral Account(s) for each Participant under the Plan. Each Participant's Deferral Account shall be further divided into separate subaccounts ("investment fund subaccounts"), each of which corresponds to an investment Fund elected by the Participant pursuant to Section 3.1. A Participant's Deferral Account shall be credited as follows:
- (a) On the business day when amounts are withheld and deferred from a Participant's Compensation, the Committee shall credit the investment fund subaccounts of the Participant's Deferral Account with an amount equal to the Compensation deferred by the Participant in accordance with the Participant's election under Section 3.1; that is, the portion of the Participant's deferred Compensation that the Participant has elected to be deemed to be invested in a certain type of investment Fund shall be credited to the investment fund subaccount to be invested in that Fund;
- (b) Each business day, each investment fund subaccount of a Participant's Deferral Account shall be credited with earnings or losses in an amount equal to that determined

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by multiplying the balance credited to such investment fund subaccount as of the prior day plus contributions credited that day to the investment fund subaccount by the applicable earnings and losses for the corresponding Fund pursuant to procedures set forth by the Committee; and

- (c) In the event that a Participant elects for a given Plan Year's deferral of Compensation a Scheduled Distribution, all amounts attributed to the deferral of Compensation for such Plan Year shall be accounted for in a manner which allows separate accounting for the deferral of Compensation and investment gains and losses associated with amounts allocated to such each separate Scheduled Distribution.
- 4.2 <u>Company Contribution Account.</u> The Committee shall establish and maintain a Company Contribution Account for each Participant under the Plan for whom a Company Contribution is made. Each Participant's Company Contribution Account shall be further divided into separate investment fund subaccounts corresponding to the investment Fund elected by the Participant pursuant to Section 3.4. A Participant's Company Contribution Account shall be credited as follows:
- (a) On the business day when a Company Contribution is made, the Company shall credit the investment fund subaccounts of the Participant's Company Contribution Account with an amount equal to the Company Contributions, if any, made on behalf of that Participant, that is, the proportion of the Company Contributions, if any, which the Participant has elected to be deemed to be invested in a certain investment Fund shall be credited to the investment fund subaccount to be invested in that Fund; and

- (b) Each business day, each investment fund subaccount of a Participant's Company Contribution Account shall be credited with earnings or losses in an amount equal to that determined by multiplying the balance credited to such investment fund subaccount as of the prior day plus contributions credited that day to the investment fund subaccount by the applicable earnings and losses for the corresponding Fund pursuant to procedures set forth by the Committee.
- 4.3 Trust. The Company shall be responsible for the payment of all benefits under the Plan. At its discretion, the Company may establish one or more grantor trusts for the purpose of providing for payment of benefits under the Plan. Such trust or trusts may be irrevocable, but the assets thereof shall be subject to the claims of the Company's creditors. Benefits paid to the Participant from any such trust or trusts shall be considered paid by the Company for purposes of meeting the obligations of the Company under the Plan.
- 4.4 <u>Statement of Accounts</u>. The Committee shall provide each Participant with statements at least annually setting forth the Participant's Account balance as of the end of each year.

ARTICLE V VESTING

5.1 <u>Vesting of Deferral Accounts</u>. A Participant shall be vested 100% at all times in amounts credited to the Participant's Deferral Account or Accounts.

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- 5.2 <u>Vesting of Company Contribution Accounts</u>. The vesting of a Participant's Company Contribution Account, if any, shall be determined by the Committee in its sole discretion and shall be set forth in separate deferral award agreement between the Company and an eligible Participant.
- 5.3 <u>Vesting of Restricted Stock Units</u>. A Participant shall be vested in a grant of Restricted Stock Units in accordance with the vesting schedule set forth in the agreement evidencing the award of such Restricted Stock Units to the Participant by the Company.

ARTICLE VI DISTRIBUTIONS

6.1 <u>Timing and Form of Distributions</u>

- (a) <u>Timing and Form of Deferral Account Distributions for Eligible Executives</u>. Except as otherwise provided herein, in the event of an Eligible Executive's Separation from Service or Disability, his or her Deferral Account(s) shall be paid to him or her in a single lump sum on the Payment Date unless the Participant has made an alternative benefit election on a timely basis pursuant to Section 3.5 to receive the amounts in substantially equal annual installments over a period of up to fifteen (15) years, and the Committee determines that the Eligible Executive meets the Retirement criteria set forth in Section 1.31 of this Plan as of the date of the Separation from Service or Disability.
- (b) <u>Timing and Form of Deferral Account Distributions for Eligible Directors.</u> Except as otherwise provided herein, in the event of a Eligible Director's Separation from Service or Disability, his or her Deferral Account(s) shall be paid to him or her in a single lump sum on the Payment Date unless the Participant has made an alternative benefit election on a timely basis pursuant to Section 3.5 to receive the amounts in the form of a single lump sum or in substantially equal annual installments over a period of up to fifteen (15) years.
- (c) <u>Timing and Form of Restricted Stock Unit Distributions</u>: Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, to the extent that a deferral election with respect to Restricted Stock Units is not, or cannot be, made within the time periods specified in Section 3.2, such Restricted Stock Units shall be paid to the Eligible Individual in a single lump sum on the Payment Date no earlier than two (2) years from the last day of the Plan Year unless the Participant has made an alternative benefit election on a timely basis pursuant to Section 3.5.
- (d) <u>Timing and Form of Deferral Account Distributions for Key Employees.</u> Except as otherwise provided herein, in the event of a Key Employee's Separation from Service, his or her Deferral Account shall be paid to him or her in a single lump sum on the first business day of the seventh (7th) month following his or her Separation from Service unless he or she has made an alternative benefit election on a timely basis pursuant to Section 3.5 to receive the amounts in the form of a single lump sum or in substantially equal annual installments over a period of up to fifteen (15) years beginning on the first business day of the seventh (7th) month following Separation from Service.

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- (e) <u>Distribution of Company Contribution Account</u>. In the event of a Participant's Separation from Service for any reason, the vested portion of the Participant's Company Contribution Account, if any, shall be paid in a single lump sum on the Payment Date following such Separation from Service, subject to the limitations in section (c) above. The unvested portion of such Participant's Company Contribution Account, if any, shall be forfeited upon his or her Separation from Service.
- (f) <u>Cash-out of Small Accounts</u>. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Plan to the contrary (including without limitation Section 6.1(h) below), if the aggregate vested amount of a Participant's Accounts as of his or her Separation from Service is less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), the total balance of such Accounts shall be paid in the form of a single lump sum distribution on the scheduled Payment Date.

(g) <u>Death Benefits</u>.

- 1. <u>Prior to Commencement of Benefits</u>. In the event that a Participant dies prior to the date that his or her Accounts commence to be paid, the Company shall pay to the Participant's Beneficiary a death benefit equal to the balance of such Account in a single lump sum on the Payment Date.
- 2. <u>After Commencement of Benefits</u>. In the event that a Participant dies after payment of his or her Accounts has commenced, the Company shall pay to the Participant's Beneficiary a death benefit equal to the remaining balance of such Account in a single lump sum on

the Payment Date.

(h) Scheduled Distributions.

- 1. Scheduled Distribution Election. In the case of a Participant who has elected to receive a Scheduled Distribution, such Participant shall receive the specified deferrals, including earnings thereon, which have been elected by the Participant to be subject to such Scheduled Distribution election in accordance with Section 3.4 of the Plan. A Participant's Scheduled Distribution commencement date with respect to deferrals of Compensation for a given Plan Year shall be no earlier than two (2) years from the last day of the Plan Year in which the deferrals are credited to the Participant's Account. The Participant may elect to receive the Scheduled Distribution in a single lump sum or in substantially equal annual installments over a period of up to five (5) years. A Participant may delay and change the form of a Scheduled Distribution, provided such delay or change complies with the requirements of Section 3.5.
- 2. <u>Separation from Service</u>. In the event of a Participant's Separation from Service prior to receiving or while receiving a Scheduled Distribution, such Scheduled Distributions (including all such remaining Scheduled Distributions) shall be distributed in a lump sum regardless of the Participant's election.
- (i) <u>Hardship Distribution</u>. Upon a finding that the Participant (or, after the Participant's death, a Beneficiary) has suffered a Financial Hardship, subject to compliance with Code Section 409A the Committee may, at the request of the Participant or Beneficiary, accelerate distribution of benefits or approve cessation of current deferrals under the Plan in the

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amount reasonably necessary to alleviate such Financial Hardship subject to the following conditions:

- 1. The request to take a Hardship Distribution shall be made by filing a form provided by and filed with the Committee prior to the end of any calendar month.
- 2. The amount distributed pursuant to this Section with respect to a Financial Hardship shall not exceed the amount necessary to satisfy such financial emergency plus amounts necessary to pay taxes reasonably anticipated as a result of the distribution, after taking into account the extent to which such hardship is or may be relieved through reimbursement or compensation by insurance or otherwise or by liquidation of the Participant's assets (to the extent the liquidation of such assets would not itself cause severe financial hardship).
- 3. The amount determined by the Committee as a Hardship Distribution shall be paid in a single cash lump sum as soon as practicable after the end of the calendar month in which the Hardship Distribution election is made and approved by the Committee.

PAYEE DESIGNATIONS AND LIMITATIONS

6.2 <u>Beneficiaries</u>.

- (a) <u>Beneficiary Designation</u>. The Participant shall have the right, at any time, to designate any person or persons as Beneficiary (both primary and contingent) to whom payment under the Plan shall be made in the event of the Participant's death. The Beneficiary designation shall be effective when it is submitted in writing to and acknowledged by the Committee during the Participant's lifetime on a form prescribed by the Committee.
- (b) <u>Revision of Designation.</u> The submission of a new Beneficiary designation shall cancel all prior Beneficiary designations. Any finalized divorce or marriage (other than a common law marriage) of a Participant subsequent to the date of a Beneficiary designation shall revoke such designation, unless in the case of divorce the previous spouse was not designated as Beneficiary and unless in the case of marriage the Participant's new spouse has previously been designated as Beneficiary.
- (c) <u>Absence of Valid Designation</u>. If a Participant fails to designate a Beneficiary as provided above, or if the Beneficiary designation is revoked by marriage, divorce, or otherwise without execution of a new designation, or if every person designated as Beneficiary predeceases the Participant or dies prior to complete distribution of the Participant's benefits, then the Committee shall direct the distribution of such benefits to the Participant's estate.
- 6.3 <u>Payments to Minors</u>. In the event any amount is payable under the Plan to a minor, payment shall not be made to the minor, but instead be paid (a) to that person's living parent(s) to act as custodian, (b) if that person's parents are then divorced, and one parent is the sole custodial parent, to such custodial parent, to act as custodian, or (c) if no parent of that

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person is then living, to a custodian selected by the Committee to hold the funds for the minor under the Uniform Transfers or Gifts to Minors Act in effect in the jurisdiction in which the minor resides. If no parent is living and the Committee decides not to select another custodian to hold the funds for the minor, then payment shall be made to the duly appointed and currently acting guardian of the estate for the minor or, if no guardian of the estate for the minor is duly appointed and currently acting within sixty (60) days after the date the amount becomes payable, payment shall be deposited with the court having jurisdiction over the estate of the minor.

- 6.4 <u>Payments on Behalf of Persons Under Incapacity</u>. In the event that any amount becomes payable under the Plan to a person who, in the sole judgment of the Committee, is considered by reason of physical or mental condition to be unable to give a valid receipt therefore, the Committee may direct that such payment be made to any person found by the Committee, in its sole judgment, to have assumed the care of such person. Any payment made pursuant to such determination shall constitute a full release and discharge of any and all liability of the Committee and the Company under the Plan.
- 6.5 <u>Inability to Locate Payee</u>. In the event that the Committee is unable to locate a Participant or Beneficiary within two years following the scheduled Payment Date, the amount allocated to the Participant's Deferral Account shall be forfeited. If, after such forfeiture, the Participant or Beneficiary later claims such benefit, such benefit shall be reinstated without interest or earnings.

ARTICLE VII ADMINISTRATION

- Committee. The Plan shall be administered by a Committee appointed by the Board, which shall have the exclusive right and full discretion (i) to appoint agents to act on its behalf, (ii) to select and establish Funds, (iii) to interpret the Plan, (iv) to decide any and all matters arising hereunder (including the right to remedy possible ambiguities, inconsistencies, or admissions), (v) to make, amend and rescind such rules as it deems necessary for the proper administration of the Plan and (vi) to make all other determinations and resolve all questions of fact necessary or advisable for the administration of the Plan, including determinations regarding eligibility for benefits payable under the Plan. All interpretations of the Committee with respect to any matter hereunder shall be final, conclusive and binding on all persons affected thereby. No member of the Committee or agent thereof shall be liable for any determination, decision, or action made in good faith with respect to the Plan. The Company will indemnify and hold harmless the members of the Committee and its agents from and against any and all liabilities, costs, and expenses incurred by such persons as a result of any act, or omission, in connection with the performance of such persons' duties, responsibilities, and obligations under the Plan, other than such liabilities, costs, and expenses as may result from the bad faith, willful misconduct, or criminal acts of such persons.
- 7.2 <u>Claims Procedure</u>. Any Participant, former Participant or Beneficiary may file a written claim with the Committee setting forth the nature of the benefit claimed, the amount thereof, and the basis for claiming entitlement to such benefit. The Committee shall determine the validity of the claim and communicate a decision to the claimant promptly and, in any

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event, not later than ninety (90) days after the date of the claim. The claim may be deemed by the claimant to have been denied for purposes of further review described below in the event a decision is not furnished to the claimant within such ninety (90) day period. If additional information is necessary to make a determination on a claim, the claimant shall be advised of the need for such additional information within forty-five (45) days after the date of the claim. The claimant shall have up to sixty (60) days to supplement the claim information, and the claimant shall be advised of the decision on the claim within forty-five (45) days after the earlier of the date the supplemental information is supplied or the end of the sixty (60) day period. Every claim for benefits which is denied shall be denied by written notice setting forth in a manner calculated to be understood by the claimant (i) the specific reason or reasons for the denial, (ii) specific reference to any provisions of the Plan (including any internal rules, guidelines, protocols, criteria, etc.) on which the denial is based, (iii) description of any additional material or information that is necessary to process the claim, and (iv) an explanation of the procedure for further reviewing the denial of the claim and shall include an explanation of the claimant's right to pursue legal action in the event of an adverse determination on review.

7.3 Review Procedures. Within sixty (60) days after the receipt of a denial on a claim, a claimant or his/her authorized representative may file a written request for review of such denial. Such review shall be undertaken by the Committee and shall be a full and fair review. The claimant shall have the right to review all pertinent documents. The Committee shall issue a decision not later than sixty (60) days after receipt of a request for review from a claimant unless special circumstances, such as the need to hold a hearing, require a longer period of time, in which case a decision shall be rendered as soon as possible but not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after receipt of the claimant's request for review. The decision on review shall be in writing and shall include specific reasons for the decision written in a manner calculated to be understood by the claimant with specific reference to any provisions of the Plan on which the decision is based and shall include an explanation of the claimant's right to pursue legal action in the event of an adverse determination on review.

ARTICLE VIII MISCELLANEOUS

- 8.1 Amendment or Termination of Plan. The Company may, at any time, direct the Committee to amend or terminate the Plan, except that no such amendment or termination may reduce a Participant's Account balances. If the Company terminates the Plan, no further amounts shall be deferred hereunder, and amounts previously deferred or contributed to the Plan shall be fully vested and shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of the Plan as scheduled prior to the Plan termination. Notwithstanding the forgoing, to the extent permitted under Code Section 409A and applicable authorities, the Company may, in its complete and sole discretion, accelerate distributions under the Plan in the event of a "change in ownership" or "effective control" of the Company or a "change in ownership of a substantial portion of assets" or under such other terms and conditions as may be specifically authorized under Code Section 409A and applicable authorities.
- 8.2 <u>Unsecured General Creditor</u>. The benefits paid under the Plan shall be paid from the general funds of the Company, and the Participant and any Beneficiary or their heirs or successors shall be no more than unsecured general creditors of the Company with no special or

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prior right to any assets of the Company for payment of any obligations hereunder. It is the intention of the Company that this Plan be unfunded for purposes of ERISA and the Code.

- 8.3 Restriction Against Assignment. The Company shall pay all amounts payable hereunder only to the person or persons designated by the Plan and not to any other person or entity. No part of a Participant's Accounts shall be liable for the debts, contracts, or engagements of any Participant, Beneficiary, or their successors in interest, nor shall a Participant's Accounts be subject to execution by levy, attachment, or garnishment or by any other legal or equitable proceeding, nor shall any such person have any right to alienate, anticipate, sell, transfer, commute, pledge, encumber, or assign any benefits or payments hereunder in any manner whatsoever. No part of a Participant's Accounts shall be subject to any right of offset against or reduction for any amount payable by the Participant or Beneficiary, whether to the Company or any other party, under any arrangement other than under the terms of this Plan.
- 8.4 <u>Withholding</u>. The Participant shall make appropriate arrangements with the Company for satisfaction of any federal, state or local income tax withholding requirements, Social Security and other employee tax or other requirements applicable to the granting, crediting, vesting or payment of benefits under the Plan. There shall be deducted from each payment made under the Plan or any other Compensation payable to the Participant (or Beneficiary) all taxes which are required to be withheld by the Company in respect to such payment or this Plan. The Company shall have the right to reduce any payment (or other Compensation) by the amount of cash sufficient to provide the amount of said taxes.

- 8.5 <u>Protective Provisions</u>. The Participant shall cooperate with the Company by furnishing any and all information requested by the Committee, in order to facilitate the payment of benefits hereunder, taking such physical examinations as the Committee may deem necessary for plan purposes and taking such other actions as may be requested by the Committee. If the Participant refuses to so cooperate, the Company shall have no further obligation to the Participant under the Plan.
- 8.6 <u>Receipt or Release</u>. Any payment made in good faith to a Participant or the Participant's Beneficiary shall, to the extent thereof, be in full satisfaction of all claims against the Committee, its members and the Company. The Committee may require such Participant or Beneficiary, as a condition precedent to such payment, to execute a receipt and release to such effect.
- 8.7 Errors in Account Statements, Deferrals or Distributions. In the event an error is made in an Account statement, such error shall be corrected on the next statement following the date such error is discovered. In the event of an error in deferral amount, consistent with and as permitted by any correction procedures established under IRC Section 409A, the error shall be corrected immediately upon discovery by, in the case of an excess deferral, distribution of the excess amount to the Participant, or, in the case of an under deferral, reduction of other compensation payable to the Participant. In the event of an error in a distribution, the over or under payment shall be corrected by payment to or collection from the Participant consistent with any correction procedures established under IRC Section 409A, immediately upon the discovery of such error. In the event of an overpayment, the Company may, at its discretion,

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offset other amounts payable to the Participant from the Company (including but not limited to salary, bonuses, expense reimbursements, severance benefits or other employee compensation benefit arrangements, as allowed by law and subject to compliance with IRC Section 409A) to recoup the amount of such overpayment(s).

- 8.8 <u>Employment Not Guaranteed</u>. Nothing contained in the Plan nor any action taken hereunder shall be construed as a contract of employment or as giving any Participant any right to continue the provision of services in any capacity whatsoever to the Company
- 8.9 <u>Successors of the Company</u>. The rights and obligations of the Company under the Plan shall inure to the benefit of, and shall be binding upon, the successors and assigns of the Company.
- 8.10 Notice. Any notice or filing required or permitted to be given to the Company or the Participant under this Agreement shall be sufficient if in writing and hand-delivered, or sent by registered or certified mail, in the case of the Company, to the principal office of the Company, directed to the attention of the Committee, and in the case of the Participant, to the last known address of the Participant indicated on the employment records of the Company. Such notice shall be deemed given as of the date of delivery or, if delivery is made by mail, as of the date shown on the postmark on the receipt for registration or certification. Notices to the Company may be permitted by electronic communication according to specifications established by the Committee.
- 8.11 <u>Headings</u>. Headings and subheadings in this Plan are inserted for convenience of reference only and are not to be considered in the construction of the provisions hereof.
- 8.12 <u>Gender, Singular and Plural</u>. All pronouns and any variations thereof shall be deemed to refer to the masculine, feminine, or neuter, as the identity of the person or persons may require. As the context may require, the singular may be read as the plural and the plural as the singular.
- 8.13 <u>Governing Law.</u> The Plan is intended to be an unfunded plan maintained primarily to provide deferred compensation benefits for a select group of "management or highly compensated employees" within the meaning of Sections 201, 301 and 401 of ERISA and therefore to be exempt from Parts 2, 3 and 4 of Title I of ERISA. Except to the extent preempted by ERISA, the laws of the State of New Jersey shall govern the Plan.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Board of Directors of the Company has approved the adoption of this Plan, and has caused the Plan to be executed by its duly authorized representative this 22nd day of December, 2009.

The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc.

By: /s/ Susan J. Riley

Susan J. Riley

Executive Vice President, Finance and Administration

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT, dated as of December 11, 2009 (the "Effective Date") is by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Jane T. Elfers (the "Executive").

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive wish to enter into this Employment Agreement on the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing premises, the mutual covenants, terms and conditions set forth herein, and other valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, it is hereby agreed between the Company and the Executive as follows:

- 1. **Employment**. The Company agrees to employ the Executive and the Executive agrees to employment with the Company on the terms and conditions set forth in this agreement (the "Agreement").
- 2. Term. The term of the Executive's employment under this Agreement (the "Term") shall commence on January 4, 2010 (the "Start Date") and, subject to the earlier termination of the Term as provided in Section 5 below, shall continue through the last day of the Company's fiscal year ending immediately following the third (3rd) anniversary of the Start Date (the "Expiration Date"); provided, however, that the Term shall automatically renew for successive one-year terms (each, a "Renewal Period") after the Expiration Date, subject to its nonrenewal if either the Company or the Executive gives the other party hereto written notice at least ninety (90) days' prior to the Expiration Date or the end of the then-current Renewal Period, as applicable (a "Non-Renewal Notice") of its or her intent not to renew the Term, during which 90 day period, the Executive shall, for so long as she is employed by the Company, continue to accrue benefits and entitlements under each employee and welfare benefit plan and program, and shall continue to accrue entitlements and vest, as applicable, under each equity and incentive compensation plan, in each case, in which she participates at the relevant time and to the extent provided by the terms of such plan or program. For purposes of clarification, each Renewal Period shall be subject to earlier termination as provided in Section 5 below.

3. **Positions**; **Duties**.

(a) During the Term, the Executive shall serve as Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company and each of its subsidiaries. The Executive shall be responsible for the general management of the business and affairs of the Company and each of its subsidiaries, shall report solely and directly to the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board"), and shall have all of the authorities, duties and responsibilities customarily exercised by an individual serving as chief executive officer and president of a public company of the size, complexity and nature of the Company and its subsidiaries, as well as such other duties consistent with her position and titles as are

reasonably assigned by the Board. The Executive shall, at the request of the Chair of the Board, meet on a regular basis with the Chair of the Board.

- (b) At the first meeting of the Board following the Effective Date (the "Meeting Date"), the Company shall request the Board to elect the Executive to the Board as a Director. During the Term, at each annual meeting of stockholders at which Directors are to be considered for election, the Company shall nominate the Executive for election as a Director if her term as a Director is expiring.
- During the Term, the Executive shall devote substantially all of her business time and attention to the business and affairs of the Company and other enterprises controlled by the Company and shall use her best efforts, skills and abilities in the diligent and faithful performance of her duties and responsibilities hereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive may (i) engage in personal investment activities for herself and her family, (ii) engage in charitable and civic activities, (iii) serve on the board of directors of the educational institution on which she currently serves, and (iv) serve on one board of directors of another enterprise (whether civic, charitable, educational or for profit) which is not a Competing Business (as defined in Section 7(a) hereof), provided the outside activities set forth in (i), (ii) and (iii) hereof do not interfere or conflict with Executive's performance of her duties and responsibilities hereunder in any material respect.
- (d) During the Term, the Executive's principal office and principal place of employment shall be within a 50 mile radius of midtown Manhattan, New York City or such other place that the Executive consents to in writing; provided that the Executive understands that she shall be required to travel domestically and internationally from time to time for business reasons as the Company may, in its reasonable discretion, require.
- (e) During the Term, Executive will be subject to all of the written policies, rules and regulations of which Executive is given notice applicable to senior executives of the Company and will in good faith attempt to comply with all reasonable directions and instructions of the Board which are consistent with her position and titles.

4. <u>Compensation</u>.

(\$1,000,000) on an annualized basis (the "Base Salary"), which Base Salary shall be payable in equal installments in accordance with the Company's normal payroll procedures for other senior executives, but not less frequently than monthly. The Base Salary shall be reviewed annually by the Board (or an authorized committee thereof) and shall be subject to increase (but not decrease) at the discretion of the Board (or such authorized committee). After any such increase, the term "Base Salary" as used in this Agreement shall thereafter refer to the Base Salary as so increased.

(c) Annual Bonus. For each fiscal year of the Company commencing during the Term, beginning with the Company's fiscal year commencing on January 30, 2010 and ending on January 31, 2011 (the "2010 Fiscal Year"), the Executive shall be eligible to receive an annual performance-based cash bonus award (each, an "Annual Bonus") pursuant to the Company's annual bonus plan. The target amount of each Annual Bonus shall be equal to 100% of the Executive's Base Salary (the "Target Bonus") and the maximum amount of the Annual Bonus shall be 200% of the Executive's Base Salary (the "Maximum Bonus"). The actual Annual Bonus shall be earned and paid based on the achievement of performance measure(s) (each, a "Performance Measure") as described below.

The Performance Measure(s) shall be established by the Compensation Committee of the Board (the "Compensation Committee") no later than the end of the first quarter of each fiscal year commencing during the Term. The Compensation Committee shall establish a Performance Measure for the Target Bonus and a Performance Measure for the Maximum Bonus for each such fiscal year; provided that the Target Bonus for the 2010 Fiscal Year shall be earned if Operating Income (as defined below) for the 2010 Fiscal Year is 110% of the Operating Income achieved for the fiscal year of the Company ending January 29, 2010 (the "Target Operating Income"), and the Maximum Bonus for the 2010 Fiscal Year shall be earned if Operating Income for the 2010 Fiscal Year is 120% of such Target Operating Income; and provided, further, that notwithstanding the foregoing, for the 2010 Fiscal Year, Executive shall receive an Annual Bonus of no less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

The Annual Bonus (whether it is the Target Bonus, the Maximum Bonus or an amount between the Target Bonus and the Maximum Bonus) earned for any fiscal year shall correspond to the Performance Measure(s) achieved for the applicable fiscal year of the Company when compared to the corresponding target Performance Measure(s). Such comparison shall be made on a straight-line interpolated basis and by reference to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the applicable fiscal year.

"Operating Income", for purposes of the foregoing, shall mean the Company's consolidated annual operating income as set forth on the Company's annual audited consolidated statement of operations for the applicable period, adjusted to exclude non-recurring items.

The Executive shall be paid an Annual Bonus for a fiscal year at the same time as other senior executives of the Company receive annual bonuses for such fiscal year, but in no event later than 75 days following the close of the fiscal year of the Company for which the Annual Bonus is earned. Subject to Section 6 below, to receive

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an Annual Bonus with respect to a fiscal year, the Executive must be employed by the Company on the date such bonus is paid.

- (d) <u>Long-Term Incentive Awards</u>. In addition to the Annual Bonuses, for each fiscal year during the Term, the Executive shall be eligible to receive awards under the Company's Long-Term Incentive Plan (or any successor(s) to such Plan) (each, an "LTIP Award"), with the annual performance metrics thereunder to be established during the first quarter of each fiscal year by the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee shall review the achievement of performance targets in respect of LTIP Awards to the Executive on an annual basis.
- (e) Additional Equity. During the Term, the Executive shall be eligible to be granted equity interests in the Company pursuant to the Company's Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Plan (and any successor(s) to such Plan) (the "2005 Equity Plan") and any other equity plan of the Company, in any case, at the same time and on a basis which is no less favorable to the Executive than the most favorable basis on which such equity interests are granted to any other senior executive officer of the Company; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not apply to any equity interests granted to any senior executive officer in connection with his or her initial hire or promotion or other grants not in the regular course.

(f) Executive Benefits, Perquisites and Expenses.

- (i) <u>Benefits and Perquisites</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall be eligible to participate in all employee benefit and all perquisite plans, programs and arrangements offered by the Company (including without limitation, all insurance coverage, vacation, retirement, savings and stock purchase plans and perquisites) as the Company generally makes available to senior executives of the Company from time to time. Except as otherwise specifically provided by a benefit plan or program established by the Company or as provided by separate written agreement with the Company, the Executive's Base Salary shall constitute the compensation on the basis of which the amount of the Executive's benefits under any such plan or program shall be determined.
- (ii) Other Benefits. During the Term, the Executive shall be provided financial planning and tax preparation services (not to exceed \$20,000 annually), payment or reimbursement for the premium cost (not to exceed \$10,000 annually) of supplemental life insurance, and payment or reimbursement for the premium cost (not to exceed \$25,000 per year) of supplemental long-term disability insurance. In addition, during the Term, the Company's most senior executive for her use, at the Company's expense, an automobile commensurate with the Executive's needs and position as the Company's payroll, including benefits, and shall be appropriately insured by the Company. The Company shall be responsible for the cost of insurance, maintenance, gas, parking and other related operating expenses incurred for such automobile during the Term. All payments or reimbursements hereunder shall be made by the Company as soon as practicable following the Executive's presentation of appropriate support therefor

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in accordance with the Company's policies for senior executives in respect thereof provided to the Executive.

(iii) Expenses.

- (x) The Company shall promptly reimburse the Executive for all out-of-pocket business expenses as may be reasonably incurred by her in the performance of her duties hereunder during the Term, subject to the Company's policies for senior executives in respect thereof provided to the Executive.
- (y) The Company shall also promptly reimburse the Executive for, or at the Executive's request pay directly on the Executive's behalf, all legal fees and expenses actually and reasonably incurred by her in entering into this Agreement. In the event of any dispute

between the Company and the Executive regarding Executive's employment hereunder (or the termination thereof), the Company shall also reimburse the Executive for all reasonable legal expenses and all arbitration fees and expenses actually incurred by Executive in connection with such dispute but if and only if (1) Executive is determined by the arbitrator to have prevailed on at least one material issue in dispute, and (2) the arbitration award with respect to such material issue exceeds the amount of any offer of compromise made by the Company.

- (z) All reimbursements and other payments to be made to or on behalf of the Executive pursuant to this subclause (iii) shall be made by the Company as soon as practicable following submission of a request therefor by the Executive, accompanied by appropriate support therefor, in accordance with the Company's policies for senior executives in respect thereof provided to the Executive.
- (v) Additional Provisions. Notwithstanding any other provision herein, the following provisions shall apply to any reimbursement of expenses and to the provision of any in-kind benefits under this Section 4 or under any other provision of this Agreement: (i) the amount of such expenses eligible for reimbursement, or in-kind benefits to be provided, during any one calendar year shall not affect the amount of such expenses eligible for reimbursement, or in-kind benefits to be provided, in any other calendar year; (ii) reimbursement of any such expense shall be made by no later than December 31 of the year following the calendar year in which such expense is incurred; and (iii) the Executive's right to receive such reimbursements or in-kind benefits shall not be subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit.
- 5. **Termination of Employment**. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Agreement to the contrary, subject to Section 5(e) below, the employment of the Executive pursuant to this Agreement (and the Term) may be terminated as follows:

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- (a) Termination by the Company for Cause or Voluntary Termination by the Executive Without Good Reason or Upon

 Expiration of the Term. The Executive's employment (and the Term) may be terminated (i) by the Company for Cause, as defined in Section 13(a) below or (ii) by the Executive without Good Reason, as defined in Section 13(d) below. The Executive's employment (and the Term) shall automatically terminate upon expiration of the Term if either party has given a Non-Renewal Notice to the other and the last day of the Term shall be the Date of Termination for purposes of this Agreement.
- (b) <u>Termination by Either the Company or the Executive due to the Executive's Disability.</u> The Executive's employment (and the Term) may be terminated by the Company or by the Executive upon the Executive's Disability, as defined in Section 13(c) below.
- (c) <u>Termination Due to Death</u>. The Executive's employment (and the Term) shall terminate upon her death and the date of her death shall be the Date of Termination for purposes of this Agreement.
- (d) <u>Termination by the Company Without Cause or by the Executive for Good Reason</u>. The Executive's employment (and the Term) may be terminated (i) by the Company without Cause (other than in the event of the Executive's Disability or death, as to which Sections 5(b) and 5(c) (as applicable) above and Section 6(b) below shall be applicable) or (ii) by the Executive for Good Reason.
- (e) Notice of Termination. Any termination of the Executive's employment (and the Term) hereunder (other than the death of the Executive or as a result of the expiration of the Term if either party has given a Non-Renewal Notice to the other), whether by the Company or by the Executive, shall be communicated by written Notice of Termination to the other party hereto. For purposes of this Agreement, a "Notice of Termination" shall mean a written notice that shall indicate (i) the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon and, other than in the case of a resignation by the Executive without Good Reason, shall set forth in reasonable detail the basis for termination of the Executive's employment under the provision so indicated and (ii) the date of termination (the "Date of Termination"). Executive agrees if she elects to terminate her employment other than for Good Reason, the Notice of Termination shall set forth a Date of Termination that is not less than sixty (60) days after the date of the Notice of Termination; provided, however, that the Company shall have the right to accelerate such notice and make the Date of Termination the date of the Notice of Termination or such other date prior to the Executive's intended Date of Termination as the Company deems appropriate, which acceleration shall in no event be deemed a termination by the Company without Cause or constitute Good Reason.
- (f) <u>Removal from any Boards and Position</u>. Upon the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company for any reason, she shall be deemed to resign (i) from the Board or board of directors of any subsidiary of the Company or any

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other board to which she has been appointed or nominated by or on behalf of the Company, and (ii) from any position with the Company or any subsidiary of the Company, including, but not limited to, as an officer of the Company and any of its subsidiaries.

6. <u>Compensation and Benefits upon Termination, Etc.</u>

- (a) <u>General</u>. In the case of any of the terminations described in Section 5 above, the Executive or her estate or designated beneficiary(s), as the case may be, shall be entitled, in addition to any payments and benefits applicable to the particular termination as set forth in this Section 6 below, to the following (which, in the case of subclauses (i), (ii), and (iii) below shall be paid within thirty (30) days after the Date of Termination):
 - (i) earned, but unpaid, Base Salary through the Date of Termination;
- (ii) except if payable pursuant to, or by reference to, Section 6(b)(i) or Section 6(c)(i) below, if the Executive's employment with the Company and its subsidiaries terminates more than 75 days after the close of a fiscal year of the Company, or if the Executive's employment terminates at the expiration of the term due to the Executive's issuance of a Non-Renewal Notice, any Annual Bonus and other incentive compensation earned with respect to such fiscal year, but not yet paid;
 - (iii) any expense reimbursement due, but not yet paid, to the Executive; and

(iv) to the extent not provided pursuant to applicable specific terminations as set forth above or below in this Section 6, all other payments, deliveries and benefits, if any, in accordance with all applicable plans, programs and other arrangements of the Company.

In the event that the Executive is entitled to benefits under any provision contained in this Section 6, to the extent that the Company's plans, programs and arrangements do not permit a continuation of the Executive's participation in a benefit plan, program or arrangement following her termination of employment for the required period, the Company shall pay the Executive, no less frequently than quarterly in advance, an amount which is sufficient for the Executive and/or her eligible dependents to purchase equivalent benefits for the remaining portion of the required period.

(b) <u>Termination Due to Death or Disability</u>. If the Executive's employment terminates as a result of death or Disability, the Executive (or her estate or designated beneficiary(s) in the event of her death) shall be entitled, subject to Section 6(g) below, in addition to the payments, benefits and entitlements provided in Section 6(a) above, to the following (which in the case of subclause (i) below shall be paid within thirty (30) days following the Date of Termination):

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- (i) payment in cash in a lump sum of any Annual Bonus earned for the most recent fiscal year ended prior to the Date of Termination, but not paid as of the Date of Termination;
- (ii) continued healthcare coverage under the Company's group health plan until the earlier of (x) the expiration of twelve months after the Date of Termination and (y) the date that the Executive receives health care coverage under a plan or program of a subsequent employer. Such healthcare coverage shall be provided pursuant to COBRA and the Company shall promptly reimburse the Executive (or her eligible beneficiaries in the event of the Executive's death) for the applicable COBRA premiums under the Company's group health plan.
- (c) <u>Termination by the Company Without Cause or by the Executive for Good Reason or Due to Non-Renewal by the Company.</u> In the event that (x) the Company terminates the Executive's employment without Cause (other than in the case of her Disability or death, as to which Section 6(b) above shall apply), (y) the Executive terminates her employment for Good Reason, or (z) the Executive's employment terminates at the expiration of the Term due to the Company's issuance of a Non-Renewal Notice, then, unless Section 6(d) below applies, the Executive shall, subject to Section 6(g) below, be entitled, in addition to the payments, benefits and entitlements provided in Section 6(a) above, to the following (which, in the case of subclauses (i) and (iii) below shall be paid within thirty (30) days following the Date of Termination):
- (i) payment in cash in a lump sum of any Annual Bonus earned for the most recent fiscal year ended prior to the Date of Termination, but not paid as of the Date of Termination;
- (ii) payment of a cash amount equal to the sum of (a) two (2) times the Executive's then current Base Salary (not taking into account any reduction therein that is a basis for a termination for Good Reason) and (b) the greater of two (2) times (x) the Target Bonus or (y) the average of the immediately preceding two year's Annual Bonuses earned by the Executive (the greater of clause (x) or (y), the "Bonus Amount") over a period of twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination (the "Severance Period"). Such amount shall be paid ratably in equal installments over the Severance Period in accordance with the Company's customary payroll practices, commencing on the next regular pay date following the date that the Release becomes effective and is no longer subject to revocation;
- (iii) payment in cash in a lump sum of a pro-rata portion (based on the number of days elapsed in the applicable fiscal year of the Company until the Date of Termination divided by 365) of the Target Bonus for the fiscal year in which her employment terminates payable on the next regular pay date following the date the Release becomes effective and is no longer subject to revocation; and
- (iv) continued healthcare coverage under the Company's group health plan until the earlier of (x) the expiration of the Severance Period, (y) the date that

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the Executive's COBRA coverage expires, and (z) the date that the Executive receives health care coverage under a plan or program of a subsequent employer. Such healthcare coverage shall be provided pursuant to COBRA and the Company shall promptly reimburse the Executive for her COBRA premiums under the Company's group health plan. To the extent that Executive's coverage under the Company's group health plan expires (other than for the reason set forth in clause (z) above) before the expiration of the Severance Period, the Company shall promptly reimburse the Executive for the cost of comparable replacement coverage for the balance of the Severance Period.

(d) <u>Termination Following a Change in Control</u>,

- (i) If, within two (2) years following the occurrence of a Change in Control (as defined in Section 13(b) below) which constitutes a "change in control event" within the meaning of Treas. Reg. §1.409A- 3(i)(5)(i), the Company terminates the Executive's employment without Cause or the Executive terminates her employment for Good Reason or the Executive's employment terminates due to the Company's issuance of a Non-Renewal Notice, the Executive shall be entitled, in addition to the benefits provided in Sections 6(a), 6(c)(ii) and 6(c)(iii) above (and in lieu of the benefits provided in 6(c) (ii) and 6(c)(iv) above), to the following:
 - (A) a lump sum cash severance payment in an amount equal to three (3) times the sum of Executive's Base Salary and the Bonus Amount. Such amount shall be paid to the Executive within ten (10) business days following the Executive's Date of Termination (or, if later, upon the expiration of the revocation period, if applicable, under the release required by Section 6(g) below); and
 - (B) continued healthcare coverage under the Company's group health plan until the earlier of (x) the expiration of the 36-month period following the Date of Termination, (y) the date that the Executive's COBRA coverage expires, and (z) the date that the Executive receives health care coverage under a plan or program of a subsequent employer. Such healthcare coverage shall be provided pursuant to COBRA and the Company shall promptly reimburse the Executive for her COBRA premiums under the Company's group health plan. To the extent that Executive's coverage under the Company's group health plan expires (other than for the reason set forth in clause (z) above) earlier than 36

months after the Date of Termination, the Company shall promptly reimburse the Executive for the cost of comparable replacement coverage for the balance of such 36-month period in the manner provided in the last paragraph of Section 6(a) above.

(ii) If, within two (2) years following the occurrence of a Change in Control which does not constitute a "change in control event" within the meaning of Treas. Reg. §1.409A- 3(i)(5)(i), the Company terminates the Executive's employment without Cause or the Executive terminates her employment for Good Reason or the Executive's employment terminates due to the Company's issuance of a Non-Renewal Notice, the Executive shall be entitled, in addition to the benefits provided

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in Sections 6(a), 6(c)(ii) and 6(c)(iii) above (and in lieu of the benefits provided in 6(c)(ii) and 6(c)(iv) above), to the following:

- (A) The Executive shall be entitled to receive the same benefits that she would have been entitled to receive under Section 6 (c)(ii) upon such termination of her employment if no Change in Control had occurred, with such benefits payable at the same times and in the same form as therein provided, except that (1) the amount of the payments that would have been so paid to the Executive under Section 6(c) (ii) from her Date of Termination through March 15 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which her Date of Termination occurs shall not be paid to her in such form but shall be paid to her instead in the form of an immediate cash lump sum; (2) the amount of the additional payments that would have been so paid to the Executive under Section 6(c)(ii) during the period from March 15 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which her Date of Termination occurs until such time thereafter during the Severance Period therein specified as the aggregate amount of such additional payments would have equaled but not exceeded the maximum amount qualifying for exemption from the requirements of Section 409A (as defined in Section 25 below) pursuant to Treas. Reg. 1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii), shall not be paid to her in the form of periodic payments but shall be paid to her instead in the form of an immediate cash lump sum; and (3) the amount of the payments that would have been paid to the Executive under Section 6(c)(i) during the remaining portion of the Severance Period therein specified shall be paid to her during such period in the form of periodic payments as provided in Section 6(c)(ii).
- (B) The Executive shall also be entitled to receive an additional amount equal to the sum of (1) her Base Salary as in effect immediately prior to her Date of Termination (not taking into account any reduction therein that is a basis for a termination for Good Reason), plus (2) her Bonus Amount, as determined in the manner provided in Section 6(c)(ii). The additional amount so payable to the Executive shall be paid to her in the form of an immediate cash lump sum.
- (C) The lump sum cash payments to be made to the Executive pursuant to Section 6(d)(ii)(A)(1) and (2) and Section 6(d)(ii)(B) above shall be made within ten (10) business days following the Executive's Date of Termination (or, if later, upon the expiration of the revocation period, if applicable, under the release required by Section 6(g) below).
- (D) The Executive shall also be entitled to receive continued healthcare coverage under the Company's group health plan until the earlier of (x) the expiration of the 36-month period following the Date of Termination, (y) the date that the Executive's COBRA coverage expires, and (z) the date that the Executive receives health care coverage under a plan or program of a subsequent employer. Such healthcare coverage shall be provided pursuant to COBRA and the Company shall promptly reimburse the Executive for her

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COBRA premiums under the Company's group health plan. To the extent that Executive's coverage under the Company's group health plan expires (other than for the reason set forth in clause (z) above) earlier than 36 months after the Date of Termination, the Company shall promptly reimburse the Executive for the cost of comparable replacement coverage for the balance of such 36-month period in the manner provided in the last paragraph of Section 6(a) above.

- (iii) If a Potential Change in Control (as defined in Section 13(e) below) has occurred and either (x) the Executive's employment is terminated by the Company without Cause at the direction of a Person (as such term is defined in Sections 3(a)(9) and 13(d)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) who is involved in the Potential Change in Control, or (y) the Executive terminates her employment for Good Reason and the circumstance or event which constitutes Good Reason occurs at the direction of such Person, then, in either case, Executive's termination of employment shall be deemed to have occurred following a Change in Control and shall qualify for the compensation and benefits specified in this subsection (d).
- (e) <u>Equity Awards Upon Termination</u>. Upon any termination of Executive's employment hereunder, Executive shall be entitled to such rights in respect of any equity awards (including, without limitation, awards of stock options, restricted shares, performance shares and any other award under the 2005 Equity Plan or any future equity incentive plan or program of the Company) theretofore made to Executive, and to only such rights, as are provided by the plan or the award agreement pursuant to which such equity awards have been granted to Executive or other written agreement between Executive and the Company (in any case, in the event of a conflict, the rights most favorable to the Executive shall apply).
- (f) <u>No Mitigation or Offset</u>. In the event of termination of the Executive's employment for any reason, the Executive shall be under no obligation to seek other employment and there shall be no offset against amounts due to her on account of any remuneration or benefits from any subsequent employment that she may obtain.
- Release. As a condition to the payments and other benefits pursuant to Section 6(b) (other than payments and benefits due arising out of a termination due to Executive's death), 6(c) or Section 6(d) above, the Executive must execute and deliver within 21 days (or 45 days in the case of a group termination) following receipt by Executive and not revoke a release of claims in substantially the form of Exhibit C hereto (the "Release"). The Release will be delivered to Executive within ten (10) business days following the Date of Termination. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, in the event that any payment hereunder is contingent upon Executive's execution and delivery of the Release and the 21 (or 45 day) period covers more than one calendar year, the payment shall be paid or commence (as applicable) in the second calendar year (on the first regular pay date of such calendar year following the date that the Release becomes effective and is no longer subject to revocation, unless a later date is required by Section 25 below), regardless of whether the Executive executes and delivers the Release in the first or the second calendar year encompassed in such 21 (or 45) day period.

- 7. Noncompetition and Nonsolicitation. The Executive agrees that her services hereunder are of a special, unique, extraordinary and intellectual character, and her position with the Company places her in a position of confidence and trust with employees, customers, and suppliers of the Company. The Executive further agrees and acknowledges that in the course of the Executive's employment with the Company, the Executive has been and will be privy to confidential information of the Company. The Executive consequently agrees that it is reasonable and necessary for the protection of the trade secrets, goodwill and business of the Company that the Executive make the covenants contained herein. Accordingly, the Executive agrees as follows:
- (a) Noncompete Restrictions. The Executive agrees that during the Term and for a period of twelve (12) months following the Date of Termination (regardless of the reason therefore), the Executive shall not, anywhere within the United States of America or any other country or territory in which the Company or its subsidiaries then conducts or proposes to conduct business, either directly or indirectly, whether alone or as an owner, shareholder, partner, member, joint venturer, officer, director, consultant, independent contractor agent, employee or otherwise of any company or other business enterprise, or in any other individual or representative capacity, assist in, engage in, participate in, or otherwise be connected to or benefit from any "Competing Business". For purposes of this Agreement, "Competing Business" shall mean (i) any entity or business enterprise that derived twenty percent (20%) or more of its annual gross revenue (measured by the most recent trailing twelve month period) from the marketing, sale or distribution of children's apparel and/or accessories, or (ii) any entity or business' annual gross revenue (determined as aforesaid) from marketing, sale or distribution of children's apparel and/or accessories. Without limitation of the foregoing, the following entities shall be deemed to be Competing Businesses: Gymboree, Gap Kids, Aero PS, 77 Kids, Stride Rite, and Crew Cuts.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Section 7(a) shall be deemed to prohibit Executive from becoming an owner, shareholder, partner, member, joint venturer, officer, director, consultant, independent contractor agent, employee or otherwise being associated with (i) a department store (such as, for example, Macy's), a mass merchandiser (such as, for example, WalMart or Target) or a discounter (such as, for example, TJ Maxx) that sells childrens' clothing and/or accessories, or (ii) a subsidiary, affiliate, division or business segment of a Competing Business (but not the direct or indirect controlling entity of a Competing Business) provided that the Executive does not, directly or indirectly, provide any services to, or otherwise participate in, any business activities of the Competing Business (e.g., the Executive may be employed by a sister company or subsidiary of a Competing Business, provided that she does not provided any services to, or participate in, any business activities of the Competing Business and does not provide services to a controlling organization of the Competing Business with respect to such Competing Business). In addition, anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the Executive shall not be deemed to be engaged in a Competing Business if she provides services to or has a financial interest in (A) a private equity firm, hedge fund or other investor or (B) a consulting or other advisory firm

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notwithstanding that such a firm, described in either clause (A) or clause (B) above, (x) owns an interest in or operates a Competing Business, (y) is engaged in the evaluation or execution of a transaction which would result in the ownership or operation of a Competing Business, or (z) is engaged in the provision of consulting or other advisory services to a Competing Business, so long as in each case of (x), (y) and (z) above, the Executive has no direct or indirect involvement in the management or operation of such Competing Business, or in connection with any such transaction or the provision of any such consulting or other advisory services.

Finally, notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall be deemed to prohibit the Executive's ownership of less than 1% of the outstanding shares of any publicly traded corporation that conducts a business competitive with that of the Company.

- (b) Nonsolicitation of Vendors, Employees and Others. The Executive agrees that during the Term and for a period of eighteen (18) months following the Date of Termination (regardless of the reason therefor), she will not, without the express prior written consent of the Company, directly or indirectly: (i) for or on behalf of a Competing Business, solicit, transact business with or perform services for (or assist any third party in contacting, communicating, soliciting, transacting business with or performing any services for) any person that is or was (at any time within six (6) months prior to the contact, communication, solicitation, transaction of business, or performance of services), a vendor of the Company; (ii) solicit, recruit, hire, engage or refer (or assist any third party in soliciting, recruiting, hiring, engaging or referring) any person who is, or during six (6) months immediately preceding the termination of her employment was, an employee, agent, consultant or independent contractor of the Company; or (iii) interfere with, disrupt or attempt to interfere with or disrupt the relationship, contractual or otherwise, between the Company and any of its vendors, distributors, manufacturers, lessors, independent contractors, agents or employees.
- 8. Work Product. The Executive agrees that all copyrights, patents, trade secrets or other intellectual property rights associated with any ideas, concepts, techniques, inventions, processes, or works of authorship developed or created by her during her employment by the Company, that (i) relate, directly or indirectly, to the Company's actual or actively planned business, research or development or (ii) are derived from any work performed by the Executive on the Company's behalf, shall, to the extent possible, be considered works made for hire within the meaning of the Copyright Act (17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.) (the "Work Product"). All Work Product shall be and remain the sole and exclusive property of the Company. To the extent that any such Work Product may not, under applicable law, be considered works made for hire, the Executive hereby grants, transfers, assigns, conveys and relinquishes, and agrees to grant, transfer, assign, convey and relinquish from time to time, on an exclusive basis, all of her right, title and interest in and to the Work Product to the Company in perpetuity or for the longest period otherwise permitted by law. Consistent with her recognition of the Company's absolute ownership of all Work Product, the Executive agrees that she shall (i) not use any Work Product for the benefit of any party other than the Company and (ii) at the Company's expense, perform such acts and execute such documents and

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instruments as the Company may now or hereafter reasonably deem necessary or desirable to evidence the transfer of absolute ownership of all Work Product to the Company; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, if following ten (10) business days' written notice from the Company, the Executive refuses, or is unable, due to disability, incapacity, or death, to execute such documents relating to the Work Product, she hereby appoints any of the Company's officers as her attorney-infact to execute such documents on her behalf. This agency is coupled with an interest and is irrevocable without the Company's prior written consent.

On the Effective Date, the Executive represents and warrants to the Company that to the best of her knowledge, (i) there are no claims that would adversely affect her ability to assign all of her right, title and interest in and to the Work Product to the Company; (ii) the Executive has the legal right to grant the Company the assignment of her interest in the Work Product as set forth in this Agreement; and (iii) she will not bring to her employment hereunder, or use in connection with such employment, any trade secret, confidential or proprietary information of another, or computer software, except for trade secrets, information or software that she has a right to use for the purpose for which it shall be used, in her employment hereunder.

9. <u>Nondisclosure of Trade Secrets; Company Property; Nondisparagement.</u>

(a) Executive acknowledges and agrees that during the Term, the Executive shall have access to and become familiar with various trade secrets and proprietary and confidential information of the Company and its subsidiaries as well as their respective predecessors, successors and assigns (collectively, the "Protected Parties") regularly used in the operation of its or their business, including, but not limited to, processes, computer programs, compilations of information, records, sales procedures, customer requirements, pricing techniques, customer lists and methods of doing business (collectively, referred to as "Confidential Information"). The Executive shall not, at any time during or after the Term, use or disclose any of the Confidential Information, directly or indirectly, except (i) in the course of performing her duties under this Agreement, (ii) if such Confidential Information has become public knowledge or known in the relevant trade or industry other than as a result of an unauthorized disclosure by the Executive, (iii) to enforce any rights or defend any claims hereunder or under any other agreement to which the Executive is a party, provided that such disclosure is relevant to the enforcement of such rights or defense of such claims and is only disclosed to the extent necessary in the formal proceedings related thereto, or (iv) when required to do so by a court of law, by any governmental agency having jurisdiction or by any administrative or legislative body (including a committee thereof) with jurisdiction to order her to divulge, disclose or make accessible such information, provided that the Executive shall give prompt written notice to the Company of such requirement, disclose no more information than is so required, and reasonably cooperate at the Company's expense with any attempt by the Company to obtain a protective order or similar treatment. The Executive shall take all reasonable steps to safeguard the Confidential Information in her possession or control and to protect it against disc

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espionage, loss and theft. The Executive understands and agrees that the Executive shall acquire no ownership rights to any such Confidential Information.

- (b) All files, records, documents, drawings, specifications, data, computer programs, evaluation mechanisms and analytics and similar items relating thereto or to the Protected Parties, as well as all customer lists, specific customer information, compilations of product research and marketing techniques of the Protected Parties, whether prepared by the Executive or otherwise coming into the Executive's possession, shall remain the exclusive property of the Company. The Executive shall deliver any such material then in her possession promptly to the Company upon termination of her employment with the Company. Anything to the contrary notwithstanding, the Executive shall be entitled to retain (i) papers and other materials of a personal nature, including, but not limited to, photographs, correspondence, personal diaries, calendars and rolodexes, files of personal materials and phone books, (ii) information showing her compensation and benefits or relating to reimbursement of expenses, (iii) information that she reasonably believes may be needed for her own personal tax purposes, and (iv) copies of employee benefit and compensation plans, programs, agreements and other arrangements of the Company in which she was a participant or covered.
- (c) The Executive agrees that she will not at any time (whether during or after the Term) make any public (or that would reasonably be expected to become public) Disparaging (as defined below) remarks, comments or statements concerning the Company and its respective parents and subsidiaries and their respective present and former members, partners, directors, officers, shareholders, employees, agents, attorneys, successors and assigns. The Company shall not at any time (whether during or after the Term) for itself or permit any of its subsidiaries or its and their respective officers or directors to make public (or that would reasonably be expected to become public) Disparaging remarks, comments or statements concerning the Executive.

 "Disparaging" remarks, comments or statements are those that impugn the character, honesty, integrity or morality of the individual or entity being disparaged. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Section 9(c) shall prevent any person from (x) responding publicly to incorrect, disparaging or derogatory public statements to the extent reasonably necessary to correct or refute any such public statement or (y) making any truthful statement to the extent (i) necessary with respect to any litigation, arbitration or mediation involving this Agreement, including, but not limited to, the enforcement of this Agreement or (ii) required by law or by any court, arbitrator, mediator or administrative or legislative body (including any committee thereof) with jurisdiction over such person.

10. **Indemnification**.

(a) The Company agrees that if the Executive is made a party or subject to, or is threatened to be made a party or subject to, or receives any legal process in, or receives any discovery request or request for information in connection with, any claim, action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (a "Proceeding"), by reason of the fact that she is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or is or was serving at the written request

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of, or on behalf of, the Company as a director, officer, member, employee or agent of another corporation, limited liability corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other person or entity, including service with respect to employee benefit plans, whether or not the basis of such Proceeding is the Executive's alleged action in an official capacity while serving as a director, officer, member, employee, consultant or agent of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or other person or entity, the Executive shall be indemnified, held harmless and advanced expenses by the Company to the fullest extent permitted or authorized by the Company's certificate of incorporation or, if greater, by the Delaware General Corporation Law, against any and all costs, expenses, liabilities and losses (including, without limitation, attorneys' fees reasonably incurred, judgments, fines, excise taxes or penalties and amounts paid or to be paid in settlement and any reasonable costs and fees incurred in enforcing her rights to indemnification or contribution) incurred or suffered by the Executive in connection therewith, and such indemnification shall continue as to the Executive even though she has ceased to be a director, officer, member, employee or agent of the Company or other entity and shall inure to the benefit of the Executive's heirs, executors and administrators. The Company shall reimburse the Executive for all costs and expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees) incurred by her in connection with any Proceeding within thirty (30) days after receipt by the Company of a written request for such reimbursement and appropriate documentation associated with these expenses. Such request shall include an undertaking by the Executive to repay the amount of such obligation to repay, shall be limited to the after-tax amount

of such advance except to the extent that the Executive is able to offset the taxes incurred on the advance by tax benefits, if any, attributable to a deduction for repayment.

- (b) The Company agrees to continue and maintain a directors' and officers' liability insurance policy covering the Executive in an amount, and on terms and conditions (including without limitation, with respect to scope, exclusions, sub-amounts and deductibles), no less favorable to her than (x) the coverage the Company provides other senior executives and directors from time to time or, if greater, (y) the coverage provided to senior executives and directors on the Effective Date.
- (c) Nothing in this Section 10 shall be construed as reducing or waiving any right to indemnification, or advancement of expenses, the Executive would otherwise have under any separate agreement with the Company.

11. **Arbitration**.

(a) Any controversy, dispute or claim between the Executive and the Company, or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, arising out of or relating to this Agreement, any other agreement or arrangement between the Executive and the Company or any of its subsidiaries, the Executive's employment with the Company, or the termination thereof, including, without limitation, any claims for discrimination under applicable federal, state or local law or regulation, but other than matters subject to Section 12 below (collectively, the "Covered Claims") shall be resolved by binding arbitration, to be held in New York, New York (or such other location as shall be agreed

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in writing by the parties hereto). The arbitration shall be held before a single arbitrator. Any arbitration may be initiated by either party by written notice ("Arbitration Notice") to the other party specifying the subject of the requested arbitration.

- (b) The arbitration proceeding shall be conducted in accordance with the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA"). The single arbitrator shall be appointed from the AAA's list of arbitrators by the mutual consent of the parties or, in the absence of such consent, by application of any party to the AAA. The determination of the arbitrator shall be set forth in writing and shall be final and binding upon the parties hereto (without the right to an appeal, unless such appeal is based on fraud by the other party in connection with the arbitration process). Judgment upon any arbitration award may be entered and enforced in any court of competent jurisdiction.
- (c) The parties agree that this Section 11 shall be grounds for dismissal of any court action commenced by either party with respect to the Covered Claims, other than (i) post-arbitration actions seeking to enforce an arbitration award and (ii) actions seeking appropriate equitable or injunctive relief, including, without limitation, pursuant to Section 12 below.
- (d) The arbitrator's remedial authority shall be equal to the remedial power that a court of competent jurisdiction over the parties and their dispute would have.
- (e) Subject to Section 4(f)(iii)(y) above, the Company shall pay the fees of the arbitrator and each party shall be responsible for her or its own legal fees, costs of her or its experts and expenses of witnesses.
- 12. <u>Injunctive Relief.</u> Without limiting the remedies available to the parties and notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of Section 11, the Executive and the Company acknowledge that any breach of any of the covenants or provisions contained in Sections 7, 8 or 9 above could result in irreparable injury to the nonbreaching party for which there might be no adequate remedy at law, and that, in the event of such a breach or threat thereof, the nonbreaching party may seek a temporary restraining order, a preliminary injunction or a permanent injunction from a court of competent jurisdiction, upon sustaining the burden of showing the necessity therefor, restraining the other party hereto from engaging in any activities prohibited by any covenant or provision in Sections 7, 8 or 9 above or such other equitable relief as may be required to enforce specifically any of the covenants or provisions of Sections 7, 8 or 9 above.

13. **Definitions**.

- (a) "Cause" (meaning a termination by the Company of the Executive's employment for Cause) shall mean:
- (i) in connection with the Executive's employment by the Company, the commission by the Executive of any act involving intentional dishonesty of a material nature or fraud; or

- (ii) a material breach by Executive of her fiduciary duties as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction or pursuant to a binding arbitration; or
- (iii) any material breach of a material provision of this Agreement by the Executive that the Executive fails to remedy to the reasonable satisfaction of the Company within thirty (30) days after notice to the Executive of such breach setting forth with reasonable detail the basis of the breach; or
- (iv) any conduct, action or behavior by Executive involving moral turpitude, gross negligence or willful misconduct, that has or may reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the reputation or interests of the Company; or
- (v) Executive shall have been barred by a court order issued under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") from serving as a director or officer of a company registered under Section 12 or filing reports under Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act (including an order issued upon consent without any admission of the charge) or shall have been convicted of, or have entered a plea of nolo contendere or the equivalent in respect of a charge of, any criminal act constituting a felony under the laws of the United States or any state or political subdivision thereof.

For purposes hereof, an act or omission shall not be deemed to be willful if taken or omitted in the good faith belief that such was in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Company. Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the Executive's employment shall not be terminated for Cause, within the meaning of clauses (i) — (iv) above unless written notice stating the basis for the termination is provided to the Executive and the Executive (together with her own counsel) has an opportunity to be heard before the Board and, after such hearing, a majority of the Board (excluding the Executive) duly votes to terminate her for Cause.

(b) "Change in Control" shall mean and shall be deemed to have occurred:

(i) upon a transaction or series of related transactions pursuant to which a person or entity ("<u>Person</u>") or Persons "acting as a group" (as defined in the regulations to Section 409A of the Code) (i) acquires all or substantially all of the assets of the Company, (ii) acquires the beneficial ownership (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) of securities representing more than fifty percent (50%) of the securities of the Company entitled to vote generally in the election of directors of the Company (other than through merger, consolidation or other business combination), or (iii) consummates a merger, consolidation or other business combination with the Company the result of which is that the shareholders of the Company prior to such merger, consolidation or other business combination own less than fifty percent (50%) of the securities

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entitled to vote generally in the election of directors of the surviving entity after the consummation of such merger, consolidation or other business combination;

(ii) if the individuals (i) who, as of the Effective Date, constitute the Board (the "<u>Original Directors</u>") and (ii) who thereafter are elected to the Board and whose election, or nomination for election, to the Board was approved by a vote of a majority of the Original Directors then still in office (such directors being called "<u>Additional Original Directors</u>") and (iii) who thereafter are elected to the Board and whose election or nomination for election to the Board was approved by a vote of a majority of the Original Directors and Additional Original Directors then still in office, cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the members of the Board; or

(iii) the Company adopts a plan of liquidation providing for the distribution of all or substantially all of its assets (unless such distribution is to a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, in no event shall a Change in Control occur solely as a result of a recapitalization or reclassification of the Company's outstanding equity interests. In addition, a transaction shall not constitute a Change in Control if its sole purpose is to create a holding company that will be owned in substantially the same proportions by the Persons who held the Company's equity interests immediately before such transaction.

- (c) "Disability" shall mean the Executive's inability, due to physical or mental incapacity, to substantially perform her duties and responsibilities for a period of 180 consecutive days or for a period of 240 days in any consecutive 12-month period as determined by a medical doctor selected by the Executive and approved by the Company (which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld). If the parties cannot agree on a medical doctor, each party shall select a medical doctor and the two doctors shall select a third who shall be the approved medical doctor for this purpose. In no event shall any termination of the Executive's employment for Disability occur until the party terminating her employment gives written notice to the other party in accordance with Section 5(e) above.
 - (d) "Good Reason" shall mean the occurrence of any of the following without the Executive's prior written consent:
- (i) a material reduction in the Executive's then current Base Salary, the Target Bonus or the Maximum Bonus, or the failure to pay any Base Salary, Annual Bonus, or any other amount or award, including an equity award, when such payment is due;
- (ii) the taking of any action by the Company that would diminish the aggregate value of all employee benefits provided to the Executive in a material respect, or that results in the diminution or reduction of all perquisites enjoyed by the Executive in any material respect;

- (iii) a material diminution of the Executive's duties or responsibilities as set forth herein;
- (iv) the failure of the Executive to be a member of the Board following the Meeting Date (and prior to the first meeting of shareholders after the Effective Date at which her class of directors is to stand for election), the failure to nominate the Executive to be, or to continue to be, a member of the Board, or the removal of the Executive from the position of Chief Executive Officer or President of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
- (v) a material interference with the Executive's carrying out of her duties so that she is unable to carry out her material duties and responsibilities hereunder;
- (vi) the assignment to the Executive of duties which are materially inconsistent with her duties or which materially impair the Executive's ability to function as the Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries;
- (vii) a change in the reporting structure so that (A) the Executive does not report solely and directly to the Board or (B) any employee of the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries does not report directly or indirectly to the Executive;
- (viii) relocation of the Company's headquarters office, or the Executive's own principal office, to a location more than 50 miles from midtown Manhattan, New York City;

(ix) any material breach (not otherwise included in this Section 13(d)) by the Company of any material provision of this Agreement, including without limitation Sections 10 or 15 hereof.

Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the Executive's employment shall not be terminated for Good Reason unless (i) the Executive provides written notice to the Company within sixty (60) days after the Executive obtains knowledge of the event or condition alleged to constitute Good Reason first occurs stating the basis of such termination and the Company is given thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice to cure the action that is the basis of such claim, and if the Company fails to cure such action within such thirty (30) day period the Executive actually terminates her employment within two (2) business days following such thirty (30) day period.

(e) **"Potential Change in Control"** shall mean the earliest to occur of any of the following events: (i) the Company enters into an agreement or letter of intent (or similar document), the consummation of which would constitute a Change in Control; (ii) any person or entity publicly announces an intention to take or to consider taking actions which, if consummated, would constitute a Change in Control; or (iii) any other event occurs which is deemed to be a Potential Change in Control by the Board and the Board adopts a resolution to the effect that a Potential Change in Control has occurred.

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14. **Interpretation of Restrictive Covenant; Severability**. In the event that any provision of Section 7, 8 or 9 above shall be determined to be invalid or unenforceable, in whole or in part, for any reason, the remaining provisions of the applicable Section shall remain in full force and effect to the fullest extent permitted by law and any such invalid or unenforceable provision shall be reformed, to the extent permitted by law, so as to give it legal effect to the fullest extent permitted by law.

15. Successors and Assigns.

- (a) This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns, and, in the case of the Executive, her heirs and legal representatives. No rights or obligations of the Company under this Agreement may be assigned or transferred by the Company without the Executive's prior written consent, except that such rights or obligations may be assigned or transferred pursuant to a merger or consolidation in which the Company is not the continuing entity, or a sale, liquidation or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and assumes the liabilities, obligations and duties of the Company under this Agreement, either contractually or as a matter of law. The Company further agrees that, in the event of any disposition of its business and assets described in the preceding sentence, it shall cause such assignee or transferee expressly to assume the liabilities, obligations and duties of the Company hereunder. No rights or obligations of the Executive under this Agreement may be assigned or transferred by the Executive, without the Company's prior written consent, other than her rights to compensation, benefits and other entitlements, which may be transferred only by will or operation of law or by designating a beneficiary in accordance with the rules of the applicable plans and programs of the Company.
- (b) The Executive shall be entitled, to the extent permitted under applicable law, to select and change a beneficiary or beneficiaries to receive any compensation, benefit or entitlement hereunder following the Executive's death by giving the Company written notice thereof. In the event of the Executive's death or a judicial determination of her incompetence, references in this Agreement to the Executive shall be deemed to refer, where appropriate, to her legal representative, or, where appropriate, to her beneficiary or beneficiaries.
- 16. **Number and Gender**. Where the context requires, the singular shall include the plural, the plural shall include the singular, and any gender shall include all other genders.
- 17. <u>Section Headings</u>. The headings of the sections of this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be deemed to control or affect the meaning or construction of any provision of this Agreement.
- 18. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement (and the Exhibits hereto) constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof (and thereof) and shall supersede all prior agreements, whether written or oral, with respect thereto. In

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the event of any inconsistency between the terms of this Agreement and the terms of any Company plan, policy, arrangement or agreement with the Executive, the provisions most favorable to the Executive shall govern.

- 19. Amendments and Waivers. No provision in this Agreement may be amended unless such amendment is agreed to in writing and signed by the Executive and an authorized officer of the Company (other than the Executive). No waiver by either party of compliance by the other party of any condition or provision contained in this Agreement to be performed by such other party shall be deemed a waiver of a similar or dissimilar condition or provision at the same or any prior or subsequent time. Any waiver must be in writing and signed by the party to be charged.
- 20. <u>Survivorship</u>. Except as otherwise expressly set forth in this Agreement, upon the expiration or termination of the Term, the respective rights and obligations of the parties shall survive such expiration or termination to the extent necessary to carry out the intentions of the parties as embodied in the rights (such as vested or accrued rights) and obligations of the parties under this Agreement. This Agreement shall continue in effect until there are no further rights or obligations of the parties outstanding hereunder and shall not be terminated by either party without the express prior written consent of both parties.
- 21. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original as against any party whose signature appears thereon, and all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument. This Agreement shall become binding when one or more counterparts hereof, individually or taken together, shall bear the signatures of all of the parties reflected hereon as the signatories. Photographic, faxed or PDF copies of such signed counterparts may be used in lieu of the originals for any purpose.

22. Representations.

(a) The Company represents and warrants to the Executive that (i) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement (and the
Exhibits hereto) by the Company has been fully and validly authorized by all necessary corporate action, (ii) the officer signing this Agreement (and the
Exhibits hereto) on behalf of the Company is duly authorized to do so, (iii) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement (and the Exhibits
hereto) does not violate any applicable law, regulation, order, judgment or decree or any agreement, plan or corporate governance document to which the
Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which it or such subsidiary is bound and (iv) upon execution and delivery of this Agreement (and the
Exhibits hereto) by the parties hereto, each shall be a valid, and binding obligation of the Company enforceable against it in accordance with its respective
terms, except to the extent that enforceability may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors'
rights generally.

(b) The Executive represents and warrants to the Company that she is under no contractual or other binding legal restriction which would prohibit her from

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entering into and performing under this Agreement or, except for normal and customary confidentiality provisions, that would limit the performance her duties under this Agreement.

- 23. Non-Exclusivity of Rights. Nothing in the Agreement shall prevent or limit the Executive's continuing or future participation in, or entitlements under, any benefit, bonus, incentive or other plan or program of the Company for which Executive may qualify, nor shall anything herein limit or reduce such rights as the Executive may have under any other agreement with the Company. In the event of any conflict between the terms and conditions hereof and those of any plan, program or arrangement of the Company in which the Executive participates, the terms and conditions more favorable to the Executive shall prevail.
- 24. **Withholding Taxes**. The Company may withhold from any amounts or benefits payable under this Agreement income taxes that are required to be withheld pursuant to any applicable law or regulation.
- 25. <u>Internal Revenue Code Section 409A</u>. The parties hereto intend that all payments and benefits to be made or provided to the Executive hereunder and under any Plan (as defined in clause (f) below) will be paid or provided in compliance with all applicable requirements of Section 409A (as defined in clause (f) below), and the provisions of this Agreement and of each Plan (to they extent they relate to the Executive's entitlements under such Plan) shall be construed and administered in accordance with such intent. In furtherance of the foregoing, the provisions set forth below shall apply notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement, or (where applicable) any provision in any Plan, to the contrary.
- (a) All payments to be made to the Executive hereunder or under any Plan, to the extent they constitute a deferral of compensation subject to the requirements of Section 409A (after taking into account all exclusions applicable to such payments under Section 409A), shall be made no later, and shall not be made any earlier, than at the time or times specified herein or in any Plan for such payments to be made, except as otherwise permitted or required under Section 409A.
- (b) The date of the Executive's "separation from service", as defined in Section 409A (and as determined by applying the default presumptions in Treas. Reg. $\S1.409A-1(h)(1)(ii)$), shall be treated as the date of her termination of employment for purposes of determining the time of payment of any amount that becomes payable to the Executive hereunder and under any Plan upon her termination of employment and that is properly treated as a deferral of compensation subject to Section 409A after taking into account all exclusions applicable to such payment under Section 409A .
- (c) To the extent any payment or delivery otherwise required to be made to the Executive hereunder or under any Plan on account of her separation from service is properly treated as a deferral of compensation subject to Section 409A after taking into account all exclusions applicable to such payment and delivery under Section 409A, and if the Executive is a "specified employee" under Section 409A at the time of

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her separation from service, then such payment and delivery shall not be made until the first business day after the earlier of (i) the expiration of six months from the date of the Executive's separation from service, or (ii) the date of her death (such first business day, the "Delayed Payment Date"). On the Delayed Payment Date, there shall be paid or delivered to the Executive or, if she has died, to her estate, in a single payment or delivery (as applicable) all entitlements so delayed, and in the case of cash payments, in a single cash lump sum, an amount equal to aggregate amount of all payments delayed pursuant to the preceding sentence, plus interest thereon at the Delayed Payment Interest Rate (as defined below) computed from the date on which each such delayed payment otherwise would have been made to the Executive until the Delayed Payment Date. For purposes of the foregoing, the "Delayed Payment Interest Rate" shall mean the national average annual rate of interest payable on jumbo six-month bank certificates of deposit, as quoted in the business section of the most recently published Sunday edition of The New York Times preceding the Executive's Date of Termination.

- (d) In the case of any amounts payable to the Executive under this Agreement, or under any Plan, that may be treated as payable in the form of "a series of installment payments", as defined in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-2(b)(2)(iii), (A) the Executive's right to receive such payments shall be treated as a right to receive a series of separate payments for purposes of Treas. Reg. §1.409A-2(b)(2)(iii), and (B) to the extent any such existing Plan does not already so provide, it is hereby amended to so provide, with respect to amounts that may become payable to the Executive thereunder.
- (e) The Company agrees that at all times during the Term, it will use its reasonable best efforts to maintain each Plan in documentary and operational compliance with all requirements under Section 409A, in so far as such requirements are applicable to the payments or benefits to be made or provided to the Executive under such Plan. The Company further agrees that to the extent permitted under 409A, this Agreement, and the terms of any Plan (to they extent they relate to the Executive's entitlements under such Plan) shall be modified, as reasonably requested by the Executive, to the extent necessary to comply with all applicable requirements of, and to avoid the imposition of any additional tax, interest and penalties under, Section 409A in connection with, the benefits and payments to be provided or paid to the Executive hereunder or under such Plan. Any such modification shall maintain the original intent and economic benefit to the Executive of the applicable provision of this Agreement or such Plan, to the maximum extent possible without violating any applicable requirement of Section 409A. Any such modification to the terms of any Plan may be made by means of a separate written agreement between the Company and the Executive so as to limit the applicability of such modification to just the payments or benefits to be provided to the Executive under such Plan.

(f) For purposes of the foregoing, the following terms shall have the following meanings: "Plan" shall mean any plan, program, agreement (other than this Agreement, but including the Exhibits hereto) or other arrangement maintained by the Company or any of its affiliates that is a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" within the meaning of Section 409A and under which any payments or benefits are to be made or provided to the Executive, to the extent they constitute a deferral of compensation subject to the requirements of Section 409A after taking into account all exclusions applicable to such payments under Section 409A. (2) "Section 409A" shall mean section 409A of the Code, the regulations issued thereunder and all notices, rulings and other guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service interpreting same. The Executive acknowledges and agrees that, while this Agreement is intended to comply with Section 409A, any tax liability incurred by the Executive under Section 409A is solely the responsibility of the Executive provided that the Company complies with its obligations as set forth herein. The Company shall be deemed to have complied with its obligations for purposes of this Section 25(g) if it has made a good faith attempt to comply with Section 409A, and the Company shall be deemed to have acted in good faith for such purpose if it reasonably relies upon the advice of tax counsel. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed, construed, performed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without reference to principles of conflict of laws. 27. Notices. Any notice, consent, demand, request, or other communication given to a party in connection with this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given to such party (a) when delivered personally to such party, (b) three (3) business days after being sent by prepaid certified or registered mail provided that a written acknowledgment of receipt is obtained, or (c) two (2) business days after being sent by an internationally recognized overnight courier, in any instance to the address specified below for such party (or to such other address as such party shall have specified by ten (10) days' advance notice given in accordance with this Section 27). If to the Company: 500 Plaza Drive Secaucus, New Jersey 07094 Attention of Both: Chief Financial Officer and Director of Human Resources If to the Executive: The address of her principal residence as it appears in the Company's records, with a copy to her (during the Term) at her office in Secaucus, New Jersey or such other location to which such office may have been relocated. If to the estate or a beneficiary of the Executive: The address most recently specified by the Executive, or her estate or beneficiary. [Signature Page Follows] 25 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have duly executed this Agreement as of the date first above written. /s/ Jane T. Elfers Jane T. Elfers THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. /s/ Norman L. Matthews

Exhibit A

DEFERRED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT

Bv:

Its:

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Norman L. Matthews

Chairman of the Board

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

This Deferred Stock Award Agreement (the "Agreement") is entered into on the 4th day of January 2010 (the "Award Date") by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Jane T. Elfers (the "Awardee").

WHEREAS, the Company has retained Awardee as its President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to the Employment Agreement dated as of the date hereof between the Company and the Awardee (the "Employment Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Company desires to provide the Awardee an incentive to participate in the success and growth of the Company through the opportunity to earn a proprietary interest in the Company; and

WHEREAS, to give effect to the foregoing intentions, the Company desires to grant the Awardee an award of Deferred Stock with respect to the Company's common stock, par value \$.10 per share (the "Common Stock") pursuant to Section 15 of the Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "Plan");

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth and for other good and valuable consideration, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Award. Subject to Sections 2 and 3 hereof, the Company shall issue and deliver to the Awardee (i) (1) shares of Common Stock on or within 10 days after the first anniversary of the Award Date (the "First Vesting Date"), (ii) (2) shares of Common Stock on or within 10 days after the second anniversary of the Award Date (the "Second Vesting Date"), and (ii) (3) shares of Common Stock within 10 days following the third anniversary of the Award Date (the "Third Vesting Date"); provided, however, that, except as provided Sections 2 and 3 hereof, the shares of Common Stock deliverable in accordance with the foregoing following each of the First Vesting Date, the Second Vesting Date and the Third Vesting Date, respectively, shall not be so delivered unless the Awardee is in the employ of the Company or a Subsidiary on such respective First Vesting Date, Second Vesting Date and Third

(1) Number to be calculated by dividing \$3 million by the closing price of the Company's common stock on the Award Date, divided by three.

(2) Same number as calculated in footnote 1.

(3) Same number as calculated in footnote 1.

Vesting Date. The total number of shares of Common Stock that may be earned if Awardee remains employed by the Company or a Subsidiary through the Third Vesting Date is shares (the "Deferred Shares"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings as set forth in the Plan.

- 2. Accelerated Vesting in the Event of Termination Due to Death, Disability, Termination Without Cause or Resignation Due to Good Reason. In the event that the Awardee's employment with the Company terminates in accordance with Sections 5(b), 5(c) or 5(d) of the Employment Agreement, or under the circumstances set forth in Section 6(d)(iii) of the Employment Agreement, all of the Deferred Shares, to the extent not previously issued and delivered, shall be issued and delivered to Awardee's estate, in the event of Awardee's death) within 10 days after Awardee's Date of Termination (as defined in the Employment Agreement).
- 3. Accelerated Vesting in the Event of a Change in Control. In the event that a "Change in Control" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) occurs before the Awardee's employment with the Company terminates, all of the Deferred Shares, to the extent not previously issued and delivered, shall be issued and delivered to Awardee immediately prior to such Change in Control.
- 4. <u>Transfer Restrictions.</u> Prior to delivery of any Common Stock with respect to the Deferred Shares, the Awardee shall not be deemed to have any ownership or shareholder rights (including without limitation dividend and voting rights) with respect to such shares, nor may the Awardee sell, assign, pledge or otherwise transfer (voluntarily or involuntarily) any of the Deferred Shares prior to delivery thereof.
- 5. <u>Adjustment of Shares</u>. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, in the event of any change in Common Stock resulting from a corporate transaction including, but not limited to, a subdivision or consolidation, reorganization, recapitalization, merger, share split, reverse share split, share distribution, combination of shares or the payment of a share dividend, the Deferred Shares shall be treated in the same manner in any such transaction as other Common Stock.
- 6. <u>Government Regulations</u>. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the Company's obligation to issue or deliver certificates evidencing the Deferred Shares shall be subject to the terms of all applicable laws, rules and regulations and to such approvals by any governmental agencies or national securities exchanges as may be required; provided that the Company shall use commercially reasonable best efforts to ensure that the terms of all applicable laws, rules and regulations and approvals by any governmental agencies or national securities exchanges as may be required are timely satisfied or obtained, as applicable.
- 7. <u>Transferable Shares</u>. All shares of Common Stock delivered by the Company to the Awardee hereunder shall (i) not contain any legends and (ii) shall be freely transferable (including in publicly traded open market transactions) by the Awardee upon receipt.

- 8. <u>Withholding Taxes</u>. The Company shall have the right to withhold from amounts payable to the Awardee, as compensation or otherwise, or alternatively, to require the Awardee to remit to the Company, an amount sufficient to satisfy all federal, state and local withholding tax requirements. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company shall provide for such withholding through sale of the Deferred Shares through a broker or such other arrangement as is reasonably acceptable to the Company.
- 9. <u>Awardee Representations</u>. The Awardee has reviewed with her own tax advisors the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Awardee is relying solely on such advisors and not on any statements or representations of the Company or any of its agents, if any, made to the Awardee. The Awardee understands that the Awardee (and, subject to Section 8 above, not the Company) shall be responsible for the Awardee's own tax liability arising as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

- 10. <u>Employment</u>. Neither this Agreement nor any action taken hereunder shall be construed as giving the Awardee any right of continuing employment by the Company.
- 11. Notices. Notices or communications to be made hereunder shall be in writing and shall be made in accordance with the Employment Agreement.
- 12. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement shall be construed under the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to conflict of laws principles.
- 13. Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings relating to the subject matter of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement and the award made hereby shall be subject to the terms of the Plan. However, in the event of a conflict between this Agreement and the terms of the Plan, the terms and conditions most favorable to the Awardee shall control. To the extent that there is any conflict between the terms and provisions of this Agreement and/or the Employment Agreement and any other agreement between the Awardee and the Company, the terms and provisions most favorable to the Awardee shall control.
- 14. <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company and the Awardee and their respective permitted successors, assigns, heirs, beneficiaries and representatives. This Agreement is personal to the Awardee and may not be assigned by the Awardee without the prior consent of the Company. Any attempted assignment in violation of this Section shall be null and void.
- 15. <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written instrument executed by both the Company and the Awardee.

[Signature Page Follows]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement or caused their duly authorized officer to execute this Agreement on the date first written above.

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

Ву:	
Name:	
Title:	
Date:	
AWARDEE	
Name: Jane T. Elfers	
Date:	

Exhibit B

PERFORMANCE STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

This Performance Stock Award Agreement (the "Agreement") is entered into on the 4th day of January 2010 (the "Award Date") by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Jane T. Elfers (the "Awardee").

WHEREAS, the Company has retained Awardee as its President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to the Employment Agreement dated as of the date hereof between the Company and the Awardee (the "Employment Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Company desires to provide the Awardee an incentive to participate in the success and growth of the Company through the opportunity to earn a proprietary interest in the Company; and

WHEREAS, to give effect to the foregoing intentions, the Company desires to grant the Awardee a performance stock award with respect to the Company's common stock, par value \$.10 per share (the "Common Stock") pursuant to the Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "Plan");

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth and for other good and valuable consideration, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. <u>Award</u>. Subject to Sections 2, 3 and 4 hereof, the Company shall issue and deliver to the Awardee the number of shares of Common Stock determined in accordance with Exhibit A (the "Performance Shares") within 10 days following a determination by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof that the performance target(s) set forth on Exhibit A have been achieved, but in no event later than March 15, 2012; provided

that, subject to Sections 2, 3 and 4 hereof, the Awardee is in the employ of the Company or a Subsidiary on the last day of the Performance Period set forth in Exhibit A. Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings as set forth in the Plan.

- 2. <u>Termination of Employment Due to Death or Disability</u>. If Awardee's employment with the Company terminates before the end of the Performance Period in accordance with Section 5(b) or 5(c) of the Employment Agreement, the Awardee (or Awardee's estate) shall, if the Target Performance Goal set forth in Exhibit A is achieved, be entitled to the number of Initial Performance Shares set forth in Exhibit A multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days the Awardee was employed by the Company during the Performance Period and the denominator of which is 365. Such Initial Performance Shares, if any, shall be issued and delivered to the Awardee (or Awardee's estate, as applicable) within 10 days following a determination by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof that the performance target(s) set forth on Exhibit A have been achieved, but in no event later than March 15, 2012.
- 3. Accelerated Vesting in the Event of Termination Without Cause or Resignation Due to Good Reason. In the event that the Awardee's employment with the Company terminates before the end of the Performance Period pursuant to Section 5(d) the Employment Agreement or under the circumstances set forth in Section 6(d)(iii) of the Employment Agreement, the Awardee shall, if the Target Performance Goal set forth in Exhibit A is achieved, be entitled to the number of Initial Performance Shares set forth in Exhibit A). Such Initial Performance Shares shall be issued and delivered to the Awardee within 10 days following a determination by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof that the performance target(s) set forth on Exhibit A have been achieved, but in no event later than March 15, 2012; provided, however, that if a "Change in Control" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) occurs after a termination of the Awardee's employment under the circumstances set forth in Sections 5(d) or 6(d)(iii) of the Employment Agreement but before such a determination has been made by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof, then the Initial Performance Shares shall be issued and delivered to Awardee immediately prior to such Change in Control.
- 4. <u>Acceleration of Initial Performance Shares Upon a Change in Control</u>. In the event that a "Change in Control" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) occurs prior to a determination by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof as to whether the performance target(s) set forth on Exhibit A have been achieved and Awardee is then employed by the Company, the Awardee shall be entitled to receive the number of Initial Performance Shares set forth in Exhibit A. Such Initial Performance Shares shall be issued and delivered to Awardee immediately prior to such Change in Control.
- 5. <u>Transfer Restrictions.</u> Prior to vesting of any Performance Shares, the Awardee shall not be deemed to have any ownership or shareholder rights (including without limitation dividend and voting rights) with respect to such shares, nor may the Awardee sell, assign, pledge or otherwise transfer (voluntarily or involuntarily) any of the Performance Shares prior to delivery thereof.
- 6. <u>Adjustment of Shares</u>. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, in the event of any change in Common Stock resulting from a corporate transaction including, but not limited to, a subdivision or consolidation, reorganization, recapitalization, merger, share split, reverse share split, share distribution, combination of shares or the payment of a share dividend, the Performance Shares shall be treated in the same manner in any such transaction as other Common Stock.
- 7. Government Regulations. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the Company's obligation to issue or deliver certificates evidencing the Performance Shares shall be subject to the terms of all applicable laws, rules and regulations and to such approvals by any governmental agencies or national securities exchanges as may be required; provided that the Company shall use commercially reasonable best efforts to ensure that the terms of all applicable laws, rules and regulations and approvals by any governmental agencies or national securities exchanges as may be required are timely satisfied or obtained, as applicable.

- 8. <u>Transferable Shares</u>. All shares of Common Stock delivered by the Company to the Awardee hereunder shall (i) not contain any legends and (ii) shall be freely transferable (including in publicly traded open market transactions) by the Awardee upon receipt.
- 9. <u>Withholding Taxes</u>. The Company shall have the right to withhold from amounts payable to the Awardee, as compensation or otherwise, or alternatively, to require the Awardee to remit to the Company, an amount sufficient to satisfy all federal, state and local withholding tax requirements. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company shall provide for such withholding through sale of the Performance Shares through a broker or such other arrangement as is reasonably acceptable to the Company.
- 10. <u>Awardee Representations</u>. The Awardee has reviewed with her own tax advisors the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Awardee is relying solely on such advisors and not on any statements or representations of the Company or any of its agents, if any, made to the Awardee. The Awardee understands that the Awardee (and, subject to Section 9 above, not the Company) shall be responsible for the Awardee's own tax liability arising as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 11. <u>Employment</u>. Neither this Agreement nor any action taken hereunder shall be construed as giving the Awardee any right of continuing employment by the Company.
- 12. <u>Notices</u>. Notices or communications to be made hereunder shall be in writing and shall be made in accordance with the Employment Agreement.
- 13. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement shall be construed under the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to conflict of laws principles.
- 14. Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings relating to the subject matter of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement and the award made hereby shall be subject to the terms of the Plan. However, in the event of a conflict between this Agreement and the terms of the Plan, the terms and conditions most favorable to the Awardee shall control. To the extent that there is any conflict between the terms and provisions of this Agreement and/or the Employment Agreement and any other agreement between the Awardee and the Company, the terms and provisions most favorable to the Awardee shall control.

15.	Binding Effect.	This Agreement shall be binding upo	n and inure to the benefit of th	e Company and the Awardee and their
respective permitted suc	cessors, assigns, he	eirs, beneficiaries and representatives.	This Agreement is personal to	o the Awardee and may not be assigned by the
Awardee without the pri-	or consent of the C	ompany. Any attempted assignment i	n violation of this Section shall	ll be null and void.

16. <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written instrument executed by both the Company and the Awardee.

[Signature Page Follows]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement or caused their duly authorized officer to execute this Agreement on the date first written above.

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

By:	
Name:	
Title:	
Date:	
AWARDEE	
Name: Jane T. Elfers	
Date:	
5	

EXHIBIT A

- 1. (a). **Awardee's Name**: Jane T. Elfers
 - (b). Award Date: January 4, 2010
 - (c). **Performance Period**: The Company's fiscal year ending January 31, 2011
 - (d). Performance Shares available to be earned ("Initial Performance Shares")(1):
 - (e) Additional Performance Shares available to be earned ("Additional Performance Shares")(2):
 - (f). **Performance Requirements**:

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Performance Stock Award Agreement, Awardee shall earn and receive the number of Performance Shares set forth above if the Company's "Operating Income" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) for the Performance Period set forth above equals or exceeds the "Target Operating Income" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) (the "Target Performance Goal") and Awardee shall earn and receive the number of Additional Performance Shares set forth above if the Company's Operating Income for the Performance Period set forth above equals or exceeds 120% of the Target Performance Goal. The number of Performance Shares to be issued to Awardee between the number of Performance Shares and the number of Additional Performance Shares shall be determined on a straight line interpolated basis. The determination of whether the Target Performance Goal or the 120% of the Target Performance Goal is achieved shall be made by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof.

For clarity, "Target Operating Income" under the Employment Agreement means 110% of "Operating Income" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) for the fiscal year of the Company ending January 29, 2010.

(Initial	s)
Jane Elfers	
(Initial	s)
Company Signatory	

(1) Number to be calculated by dividing \$2 million by the closing price of the Company's common stock on the Award Date.

Exhibit C

Release of Claims

RELEASE

WHEREAS, Jane T. Elfers (the "<u>Executive</u>") and The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "<u>Company</u>") are parties to an Employment Agreement, dated as of December , 2009 (the "<u>Employment Agreement</u>"), which provided for the Executive's employment on the terms and conditions specified therein; and

WHEREAS, capitalized terms used in this Release and not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Employment Agreement;

WHEREAS, Executive's employment with the Company and the Employment Agreement has been terminated [by the Executive for Good Reason] [by the Company without Cause (other than as a result of the Executive's death or Disability)] [by the Company as a result of Executive's Disability] [as a result of the expiration of the Term due to the Company's issuance of a Non-Renewal Notice]

WHEREAS, this Release is the "Release" referred to in Section 6(g) of the Employment Agreement; and

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and for other good and valuable consideration received or to be received in accordance with the terms of the Employment Agreement, it is agreed as follows:

1. Without prejudice to enforcement of the covenants, promises and/or rights reserved herein, the Executive (on her own behalf and on behalf of her heirs and legal representatives) hereby irrevocably and unconditionally releases, acquits and forever discharges the Company, each of its past, present, and future direct and indirect affiliated entities, subsidiaries, related companies and divisions and each of their respective past, present and future stockholders, trustees, members, partners, employee benefit plans (and such plans' fiduciaries, agents, administrators and insurers), directors, officers employees, agents and attorney (individually and in their official capacities), as well as any predecessors, future successors and assigns or estates of any of the foregoing (collectively, "Releasees"), or any of them, from any and all charges, complaints, claims, liabilities, obligations, promises, agreements, controversies, damages, actions, causes of action, suits, rights, demands, costs, losses, debts and expenses (including attorneys' fees and costs actually incurred) of any nature whatsoever, known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, arising out of the Employment Agreement or the termination of the Term thereunder or Executive's employment by the Company or the termination thereof, including, without limitation, under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, the Equal Pay Act, the Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009, the Federal Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 ("ADEA"), as amended, the Employee

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Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA"), as amended, the Civil Rights Act of 1991, as amended, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act ("OWBPA"), as amended, the Worker Adjustment Retraining and Notification Act ("WARN"), as amended, the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), as amended, the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 ("OSHA"), and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Executive now has, or has ever had, or ever will have, against each or any of the Releasees, by reason of any and all acts, omissions, events, circumstances or facts existing or occurring up through the date of the Executive's execution and delivery hereof. Anything to the contrary notwithstanding, nothing herein shall release the Company or any other Releasees from any claims or damages based on (i) any right the Executive may have to enforce this Release or the provisions of the Employment Agreement which survive a termination of employment, (ii) any right or claim that arises after the date this Release is executed, (iii) any right the Executive may have to vested or accrued benefits or entitlements under any applicable plan, agreement, program, award, policy or arrangement of the Company, (iv) the Executive's right to indemnification and advancement of expenses in accordance with applicable laws and/or the certificate of incorporation and by-laws of the Company or Section 10 of the Employment Agreement, or any applicable insurance policy or (v) any right the Executive may have to obtain contribution as permitted by law in the event of entry of judgment against the Executive as a result of any act or failure to act for which the Executive, on the one hand, and the Company or any other Releasees, on the other hand, are jointly liable.

2. Subject to Executive's execution, delivery within 21 days(1) of the date of delivery and non-revocation of this Agreement, in accordance with Section [6(b)] [6(c)] [6(d)] [6(e)] of the Employment Agreement the Company shall make the following payments and provide the following benefits to Executive:

[Enumerate amounts and benefits set forth in the applicable subsection of Section 6 of the Employment Agreement]

- 3. The Executive understands that she has been given a period of 21 days to review and consider this Release before signing it pursuant to ADEA. The Executive further understands that she may use as much of this 21-day period as the Executive wishes prior to signing.
- 4. The Executive acknowledges and represents that she understands that she may revoke this Release within 7 days of signing this Release. Revocation can be made by delivering a written notice of revocation to []. For this revocation to be effective, written notice must be received no later than the close of business on the seventh day after the Executive signs this Release. If the Executive revokes this Release, the Company shall have no obligations to the Executive under Section 6 of the Employment Agreement.

⁽¹⁾ Substitute 45 days for 21 days if applicable in accordance with the ADEA or OWBPA. Corresponding change to paragraph 3 to be made and applicable schedule(s) of other terminated employees to be included if applicable.

- 5. The Executive represents and acknowledges that in executing this Release she is not relying upon, and has not relied upon, any representation or statement not set forth herein made by any of the agents, representatives or attorneys of the Company with regard to the subject matter of this Release.
- 6. This Release shall not in any way be construed as an admission by the Company or any of the Releasees that it or they have acted wrongfully.
- 7. Should any provision hereof be invalid or otherwise unenforceable under any law, such provision affected will be curtailed and limited to the extent necessary to bring it within the requirements of law, and the remaining provisions of this Release will remain in full force and effect and be fully valid and enforceable.
- 8. The Executive represents and agrees (a) that the Executive has, to the extent she desires, discussed all aspects of this Release with her attorney, (b) that the Executive has carefully read and fully understands all of the provisions of this Release, and (c) that the Executive is voluntarily entering into this Release.
- 9. This Release shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to the conflict of laws principles thereof.

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY. THIS RELEASE INCLUDES A RELEASE OF CERTAIN KNOWN AND UNKNOWN CLAIMS.

This Release is executed as of the day of , 20 .

Jane T. Elfers

DEFERRED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

This Deferred Stock Award Agreement (the "Agreement") is entered into on the 4th day of January 2010 (the "Award Date") by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Jane T. Elfers (the "Awardee").

WHEREAS, the Company has retained Awardee as its President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to the Employment Agreement dated as of December 11, 2009 between the Company and the Awardee (the "Employment Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Company desires to provide the Awardee an incentive to participate in the success and growth of the Company through the opportunity to earn a proprietary interest in the Company; and

WHEREAS, to give effect to the foregoing intentions, the Company desires to grant the Awardee an award of Deferred Stock with respect to the Company's common stock, par value \$.10 per share (the "Common Stock") pursuant to Section 15 of the Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "Plan");

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth and for other good and valuable consideration, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. Award. Subject to Sections 2 and 3 hereof, the Company shall issue and deliver to the Awardee (i) 31,085 shares of Common Stock on or within 10 days after the first anniversary of the Award Date (the "First Vesting Date"), (ii) 31,085 shares of Common Stock on or within 10 days after the second anniversary of the Award Date (the "Second Vesting Date"), and (ii) 31,085 shares of Common Stock within 10 days following the third anniversary of the Award Date (the "Third Vesting Date"); provided, however, that, except as provided Sections 2 and 3 hereof, the shares of Common Stock deliverable in accordance with the foregoing following each of the First Vesting Date, the Second Vesting Date and the Third Vesting Date, respectively, shall not be so delivered unless the Awardee is in the employ of the Company or a Subsidiary on such respective First Vesting Date, Second Vesting Date and Third Vesting Date. The total number of shares of Common Stock that may be earned if Awardee remains employed by the Company or a Subsidiary through the Third Vesting Date is 93,255 shares (the "Deferred Shares"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings as set forth in the Plan.
- 2. Accelerated Vesting in the Event of Termination Due to Death, Disability, Termination Without Cause or Resignation Due to Good Reason. In the event that the Awardee's employment with the Company terminates in accordance with Sections 5(b), 5(c) or 5(d) of the Employment Agreement, or under the circumstances set forth in Section 6(d)(iii) of the Employment Agreement, all of the Deferred Shares, to the extent not previously issued and delivered, shall be issued and delivered to Awardee's estate, in the event of

Awardee's death) within 10 days after Awardee's Date of Termination (as defined in the Employment Agreement).

- 3. <u>Accelerated Vesting in the Event of a Change in Control</u>. In the event that a "Change in Control" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) occurs before the Awardee's employment with the Company terminates, all of the Deferred Shares, to the extent not previously issued and delivered, shall be issued and delivered to Awardee immediately prior to such Change in Control.
- 4. <u>Transfer Restrictions</u>. Prior to delivery of any Common Stock with respect to the Deferred Shares, the Awardee shall not be deemed to have any ownership or shareholder rights (including without limitation dividend and voting rights) with respect to such shares, nor may the Awardee sell, assign, pledge or otherwise transfer (voluntarily or involuntarily) any of the Deferred Shares prior to delivery thereof.
- 5. <u>Adjustment of Shares</u>. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, in the event of any change in Common Stock resulting from a corporate transaction including, but not limited to, a subdivision or consolidation, reorganization, recapitalization, merger, share split, reverse share split, share distribution, combination of shares or the payment of a share dividend, the Deferred Shares shall be treated in the same manner in any such transaction as other Common Stock.
- 6. <u>Government Regulations</u>. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the Company's obligation to issue or deliver certificates evidencing the Deferred Shares shall be subject to the terms of all applicable laws, rules and regulations and to such approvals by any governmental agencies or national securities exchanges as may be required; provided that the Company shall use commercially reasonable best efforts to ensure that the terms of all applicable laws, rules and regulations and approvals by any governmental agencies or national securities exchanges as may be required are timely satisfied or obtained, as applicable.
- 7. <u>Transferable Shares</u>. All shares of Common Stock delivered by the Company to the Awardee hereunder shall (i) not contain any legends and (ii) shall be freely transferable (including in publicly traded open market transactions) by the Awardee upon receipt.
- 8. <u>Withholding Taxes</u>. The Company shall have the right to withhold from amounts payable to the Awardee, as compensation or otherwise, or alternatively, to require the Awardee to remit to the Company, an amount sufficient to satisfy all federal, state and local withholding tax requirements. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company shall provide for such withholding through sale of the Deferred Shares through a broker or such other arrangement as is reasonably acceptable to the Company.
- 9. <u>Awardee Representations</u>. The Awardee has reviewed with her own tax advisors the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Awardee is relying solely on such advisors and not on any statements or

representations of the Company or any of its agents, if any, made to the Awardee. The Awardee understands that the Awardee (and, subject to Section 8 above, not the Company) shall be responsible for the Awardee's own tax liability arising as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

- 10. <u>Employment</u>. Neither this Agreement nor any action taken hereunder shall be construed as giving the Awardee any right of continuing employment by the Company.
- 11. Notices. Notices or communications to be made hereunder shall be in writing and shall be made in accordance with the Employment Agreement.
- 12. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement shall be construed under the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to conflict of laws principles.
- 13. Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings relating to the subject matter of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement and the award made hereby shall be subject to the terms of the Plan. However, in the event of a conflict between this Agreement and the terms of the Plan, the terms and conditions most favorable to the Awardee shall control. To the extent that there is any conflict between the terms and provisions of this Agreement and/or the Employment Agreement and any other agreement between the Awardee and the Company, the terms and provisions most favorable to the Awardee shall control.
- 14. <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company and the Awardee and their respective permitted successors, assigns, heirs, beneficiaries and representatives. This Agreement is personal to the Awardee and may not be assigned by the Awardee without the prior consent of the Company. Any attempted assignment in violation of this Section shall be null and void.
- 15. <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written instrument executed by both the Company and the Awardee.

[Signature Page Follows]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement or caused their duly authorized officer to execute this Agreement on the date first written above.

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

By: /s/ Norman L. Matthews

Name: Norman L. Matthews
Title: Chairman of the Board
Date: January 5, 2010

AWARDEE

/s/ Jane T. Elfers

Name: Jane T. Elfers
Date: January 5, 2010

PERFORMANCE STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

This Performance Stock Award Agreement (the "Agreement") is entered into on the 4th day of January 2010 (the "Award Date") by and between The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Jane T. Elfers (the "Awardee").

WHEREAS, the Company has retained Awardee as its President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to the Employment Agreement dated as of December 11, 2009 between the Company and the Awardee (the "Employment Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Company desires to provide the Awardee an incentive to participate in the success and growth of the Company through the opportunity to earn a proprietary interest in the Company; and

WHEREAS, to give effect to the foregoing intentions, the Company desires to grant the Awardee a performance stock award with respect to the Company's common stock, par value \$.10 per share (the "Common Stock") pursuant to the Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "Plan");

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth and for other good and valuable consideration, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. Award. Subject to Sections 2, 3 and 4 hereof, the Company shall issue and deliver to the Awardee the number of shares of Common Stock determined in accordance with Exhibit A (the "Performance Shares") within 10 days following a determination by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof that the performance target(s) set forth on Exhibit A have been achieved, but in no event later than March 15, 2012; provided that, subject to Sections 2, 3 and 4 hereof, the Awardee is in the employ of the Company or a Subsidiary on the last day of the Performance Period set forth in Exhibit A. Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings as set forth in the Plan.
- 2. <u>Termination of Employment Due to Death or Disability</u>. If Awardee's employment with the Company terminates before the end of the Performance Period in accordance with Section 5(b) or 5(c) of the Employment Agreement, the Awardee (or Awardee's estate) shall, if the Target Performance Goal set forth in Exhibit A is achieved, be entitled to the number of Initial Performance Shares set forth in Exhibit A multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days the Awardee was employed by the Company during the Performance Period and the denominator of which is 365. Such Initial Performance Shares, if any, shall be issued and delivered to the Awardee (or Awardee's estate, as applicable) within 10 days following a determination by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof that the performance target(s) set forth on Exhibit A have been achieved, but in no event later than March 15, 2012.
- 3. Accelerated Vesting in the Event of Termination Without Cause or Resignation Due to Good Reason. In the event that the Awardee's employment with the Company terminates before the end of the Performance Period pursuant to Section 5(d) the Employment Agreement or under the circumstances set forth in Section 6(d)(iii) of the Employment Agreement, the Awardee shall, if the Target Performance Goal set forth in Exhibit A is achieved, be entitled to the number of Initial Performance Shares set forth in Exhibit A). Such Initial Performance Shares shall be issued and delivered to the Awardee within 10 days following a determination by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof that the performance target(s) set forth on Exhibit A have been achieved, but in no event later than March 15, 2012; provided, however, that if a "Change in Control" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) occurs after a termination of the Awardee's employment under the circumstances set forth in Sections 5(d) or 6(d)(iii) of the Employment Agreement but before such a determination has been made by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof, then the Initial Performance Shares shall be issued and delivered to Awardee immediately prior to such Change in Control.
- 4. <u>Acceleration of Initial Performance Shares Upon a Change in Control</u>. In the event that a "Change in Control" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) occurs prior to a determination by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof as to whether the performance target(s) set forth on Exhibit A have been achieved and Awardee is then employed by the Company, the Awardee shall be entitled to receive the number of Initial Performance Shares set forth in Exhibit A. Such Initial Performance Shares shall be issued and delivered to Awardee immediately prior to such Change in Control.
- 5. <u>Transfer Restrictions.</u> Prior to vesting of any Performance Shares, the Awardee shall not be deemed to have any ownership or shareholder rights (including without limitation dividend and voting rights) with respect to such shares, nor may the Awardee sell, assign, pledge or otherwise transfer (voluntarily or involuntarily) any of the Performance Shares prior to delivery thereof.
- 6. <u>Adjustment of Shares</u>. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, in the event of any change in Common Stock resulting from a corporate transaction including, but not limited to, a subdivision or consolidation, reorganization, recapitalization, merger, share split, reverse share split, share distribution, combination of shares or the payment of a share dividend, the Performance Shares shall be treated in the same manner in any such transaction as other Common Stock.
- 7. Government Regulations. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the Company's obligation to issue or deliver certificates evidencing the Performance Shares shall be subject to the terms of all applicable laws, rules and regulations and to such approvals by any governmental agencies or national securities exchanges as may be required; provided that the Company shall use commercially reasonable best efforts to ensure that the terms of all applicable laws, rules and regulations and approvals by any governmental agencies or national securities exchanges as may be required are timely satisfied or obtained, as applicable.

- 8. <u>Transferable Shares</u>. All shares of Common Stock delivered by the Company to the Awardee hereunder shall (i) not contain any legends and (ii) shall be freely transferable (including in publicly traded open market transactions) by the Awardee upon receipt.
- 9. <u>Withholding Taxes</u>. The Company shall have the right to withhold from amounts payable to the Awardee, as compensation or otherwise, or alternatively, to require the Awardee to remit to the Company, an amount sufficient to satisfy all federal, state and local withholding tax requirements. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company shall provide for such withholding through sale of the Performance Shares through a broker or such other arrangement as is reasonably acceptable to the Company.
- 10. <u>Awardee Representations</u>. The Awardee has reviewed with her own tax advisors the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Awardee is relying solely on such advisors and not on any statements or representations of the Company or any of its agents, if any, made to the Awardee. The Awardee understands that the Awardee (and, subject to Section 9 above, not the Company) shall be responsible for the Awardee's own tax liability arising as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 11. <u>Employment</u>. Neither this Agreement nor any action taken hereunder shall be construed as giving the Awardee any right of continuing employment by the Company.
- 12. <u>Notices</u>. Notices or communications to be made hereunder shall be in writing and shall be made in accordance with the Employment Agreement.
- 13. <u>Governing Law.</u> This Agreement shall be construed under the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to conflict of laws principles.
- 14. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings relating to the subject matter of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement and the award made hereby shall be subject to the terms of the Plan. However, in the event of a conflict between this Agreement and the terms of the Plan, the terms and conditions most favorable to the Awardee shall control. To the extent that there is any conflict between the terms and provisions of this Agreement and/or the Employment Agreement and any other agreement between the Awardee and the Company, the terms and provisions most favorable to the Awardee shall control.
- 15. <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company and the Awardee and their respective permitted successors, assigns, heirs, beneficiaries and representatives. This Agreement is personal to the Awardee and may not be assigned by the Awardee without the prior consent of the Company. Any attempted assignment in violation of this Section shall be null and void.

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16. <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written instrument executed by both the Company and the Awardee.

[Signature Page Follows]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement or caused their duly authorized officer to execute this Agreement on the date first written above.

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

By: /s/ Norman L. Matthews

Name: Norman L. Matthews
Title: Chairman of the Board
Date: January 5, 2010

AWARDEE

/s/ Jane T. Elfers

Name: Jane T. Elfers
Date: January 5, 2010

5

EXHIBIT A

1. (a). **Awardee's Name**: Jane T. Elfers

(b). Award Date: January 4, 2010

(c). **Performance Period**: The Company's fiscal year ending January 31, 2011

- (d). Performance Shares available to be earned ("Initial Performance Shares") 62,170
- (e) Additional Performance Shares available to be earned ("Additional Performance Shares"): 62,170
- (f). **Performance Requirements**:

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Performance Stock Award Agreement, Awardee shall earn and receive the number of Performance Shares set forth above if the Company's "Operating Income" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) for the Performance Period set forth above equals or exceeds the "Target Operating Income" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) (the "Target Performance Goal") and Awardee shall earn and receive the number of Additional Performance Shares set forth above if the Company's Operating Income for the Performance Period set forth above equals or exceeds 120% of the Target Performance Goal. The number of Performance Shares to be issued to Awardee between the number of Performance Shares and the number of Additional Performance Shares shall be determined on a straight line interpolated basis. The determination of whether the Target Performance Goal or the 120% of the Target Performance Goal is achieved shall be made by the Board or an appropriate committee thereof.

For clarity, "Target Operating Income" under the Employment Agreement means 110% of "Operating Income" (as defined in the Employment Agreement) for the fiscal year of the Company ending January 29, 2010.

/s/ JE	(Initials)
Jane Elfers	
/s/ NM	(Initials)
Company Signatory	

February 12, 2010

Susan J. Riley 424 East 52nd Street New York, New York 10022

Dear Ms. Riley:

Reference is made to your Employment Agreement with The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "<u>Company</u>") dated as of February 4, 2007, as amended by that certain Amendment to Employment Agreement dated as of the 31st day of December, 2008 (the "<u>Employment Agreement</u>"). All terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have that meaning set forth in the Employment Agreement.

Please be advised that if you are employed by the Company through March 31, 2010, then you will be entitled to receive from the Company a lump sum payment of \$1,000,000. If you are employed by the Company through March 31, 2011, then you will be entitled to receive from the Company an additional lump sum payment of \$1,000,000. Each such payment shall be made within two days following March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2011, respectively.

If, on or before March 31, 2010, your employment with the Company terminates under the circumstances set forth in Section 6.01 of your Employment Agreement, then you shall be entitled to receive from the Company a lump sum payment of \$2,000,000 in lieu of the payments set forth in Section 6.01 of your Employment Agreement (but not in lieu of any amounts or benefits under Sections 6.03 or 6.04 of your Employment Agreement). Such payment shall be made within two days following March 31, 2010.

If, subsequent to March 31, 2010 but on or before March 31, 2011, your employment with the Company terminates under the circumstances set forth in Section 6.01 of your Employment Agreement, then you shall be entitled to receive from the Company the sum of \$1,000,000 in lieu of the payments set forth in Section 6.01 of your Employment Agreement (but not in lieu of any amounts or benefits under Sections 6.03 or 6.04 of your Employment Agreement). To the extent such amount does not exceed the amount of continued Base Salary that would have been payable under clause (1) of Section 6.01 of your Employment Agreement, such amount

Susan J. Riley February 12, 2010 Page 2 of 3

shall be payable in accordance with the Company's normal payroll practices over a period of 12 months from the effectiveness of your general release of claims, as set forth below. To the extent such amount exceeds the cumulative amount of continued Base Salary that would have been payable under clause (1) of Section 6.01 of your Employment Agreement, such amount shall be payable in a lump sum at the same time as the payment in respect of the Performance Bonus as set forth in Section 6.01 of your Employment Agreement would have been paid.

If, subsequent to March 31, 2011, your employment with the Company terminates under the circumstances set forth in Section 6.01 of your Employment Agreement, then you shall be entitled to receive from the Company the payments set forth in Section 6.01 of your Employment Agreement in accordance with the terms thereof.

All payments to be made pursuant to this Letter Agreement shall be made in such matter as is contemplated in your Employment Agreement. This Letter Agreement is intended to comply with Section 409A of the Code and the regulations thereunder such that no payment made, or benefit provided, to you hereunder shall be subject to an "additional tax" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code. The Company is authorized to withhold from any payment to be made hereunder to you such amounts for income tax, social security, unemployment compensation, excise taxes and other taxes and penalties as in the Company's judgment is required to comply with applicable laws and regulations.

Notwithstanding anything in this Letter Agreement to the contrary, if you are a "specified employee" (determined in accordance with Section 409A of the Code and Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(i)(2)) as of the termination of your employment with the Company, and if any payment, benefit or entitlement provided for in this Letter Agreement or otherwise both (i) constitutes a "deferral of compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code and (ii) cannot be paid or provided in a manner otherwise provided herein or otherwise without subjecting you to additional tax, interest and/or penalties under Section 409A of the Code, then any such payment, benefit or entitlement that is payable during the first six months following the date of your termination of employment shall be paid or provided to you (or your estate, if applicable) in a lump sum cash payment (together with interest on such amount during the period of such restriction at a rate, per annum, equal to the applicable federal short-term rate (compounded monthly) in effect under Section 1274(d) of the Code on the date of termination) on the earlier of (x) your death or (y) the first business day of the seventh calendar month immediately following the month in which your termination of employment occurs.

Payments of the amounts specified in this Letter Agreement are subject to your execution of a general release in the form attached as Exhibit B to your Employment Agreement (the "Release") within 21 days following your termination of employment (or such longer period if and to the extent required under applicable law). For purposes of this Letter Agreement and any other amounts payable under your Employment Agreement that are subject to your

Susan J. Riley February 12, 2010 Page 3 of 3

execution of a Release, if the maximum applicable review and revocation period of the Release commences in one calendar year and expires in the subsequent year, the commencement of such payments shall in any event occur immediately following the later of January 1 of such subsequent year or the

effective date of the Release.
Other than as amended by this letter agreement, the terms of the Employment Agreement remain unchanged. This agreement shall be effective for all purposes as of January 20, 2010.
Very truly yours,
THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC.

By: /s/ Jane T. Elfers
Jane T. Elfers, President and Chief Executive Officer

Agreed to and acknowledged on this 12th day of February, 2010

/s/ Susan J. Riley Susan J. Riley

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. has the following direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries:

The Children's Place (Hong Kong) Limited, a Hong Kong corporation.

thechildrensplace.com, inc. a Delaware corporation.

The Children's Place (Virginia), LLC, a Virginia limited liability company.

TCP Canada, Inc., a Nova Scotia limited liability company.

The Children's Place Canada Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation.

TCP Investment Canada I Corp., a Nova Scotia unlimited liability company.

TCP Investment Canada II Corp., a Nova Scotia unlimited liability company.

The Children's Place (Canada), LP, an Ontario limited partnership.

The Children's Place Charitable Foundation, Inc., a New York not-for-profit corporation.

The Children's Place (Barbados) Inc., a Barbados corporation.

Twin Brook Insurance Company, Inc., an inactive New York insurance captive corporation.

The Children's Place Services Company, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

The Children's Place International Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a company incorporated organized under the laws of the Peoples Republic of China.

The Children's Place Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a wholly foreign owned trading company incorporated under the laws of the Peoples Republic of China.

The Children's Place Asia Holdings Limited, a Hong Kong corporation.

The Children's Place Hong Kong Holdings Limited, a Hong Kong corporation.

The Children's Place Mauritius Holdings Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Mauritius.

EXHIBIT 21.1

THE CHILDREN'S PLACE RETAIL STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

EXHIBIT 23.1

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. Secaucus, New Jersey:

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-3 (No. 333-88378) and Form S-8 (No. 333-47065, 333-135211 and 333-85834) of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries of our reports dated March 25, 2010, relating to the consolidated financial statements, financial statement schedule and the effectiveness of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting, which appear in this Form 10-K.

/s/ BDO Seidman, LLP BDO Seidman, LLP New York, NY

March 25, 2010

EXHIBIT 23.1

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Certificate of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Jane T. Elfers, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting to the registrant's auditors and the Audit Committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 25, 2010

By: /s/ JANE T. ELFERS

Chief Executive Officer (A Principal Executive Officer)

EXHIBIT 31.1

Certificate of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Certificate of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Susan J. Riley, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting to the registrant's auditors and the Audit Committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 25, 2010

By: /s/ SUSAN J. RILEY

Executive Vice President, Finance and Administration (A Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT 31.2

Certificate of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Certification pursuant to U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Jane T. Elfers, Chief Executive Officer of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "Company"), pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, do hereby certify that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Annual Report of the Company on Form 10-K for the year ended January 30, 2010 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in such annual report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have executed this Certification this 25th day of March, 2010.

By: /s/ JANE T. ELFERS

Chief Executive Officer
(A Principal Executive Officer)

I, Susan J. Riley, Executive Vice President of Finance and Administration of The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc. (the "Company"), pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, do hereby certify that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Annual Report of the Company on Form 10-K for the year ended January 30, 2010 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in such annual report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have executed this Certification this 25th day of March, 2010.

By: /s/ SUSAN J. RILEY

Executive Vice President, Finance and Administration (A Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

This certification accompanies the Form 10-K pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

A signed original copy of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission and its staff upon request.

EXHIBIT 32

Certification pursuant to U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002